



Game Brigade

Ben Stevens, Brittney McFarlane, Omar Abdelaziz,
Dashiell Brown, Mauricio Moreyra, Theodore Billings

Architecture Specification

Class Responsibility Collaboration Tables

Controllers

GDXRoot

Description: GDX Root is the cross-platform compatible root of the game.

Justification: As the root class, GDXRoot is essential for the game to exist.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Initialize the game controller	DownstreamController
Initialize screen and canvas settings	GameCanvas

WorldController

Description: This is the World Controller from Lab 4 and is largely unchanged. Initializes the world and updates states such as complete and failure. It adds and removes objects and references the canvas. Its update method is abstract and we overwrite its draw method in Downstream Controller.

Justification: We need a high level world controller so we can extend it with our own significantly more specific game controller.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Initialize the world	GameCanvas
Add and remove objects	Physics Objects
Get and set canvas and debug	Game Canvas
Get and set complete and failure	

DownstreamController

Description: This is the main controller for Downstream and is a subclass of World Controller. It loads assets and a level from LevelEditor. It updates the player by applying forces to control the koi fish. This controller also updates the game state and the camera state and movement.

Justification: We need a way to receive and process these inputs. The game state should be in respect to the fish (e.g. dead fish, alive fish) and the level.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Initialize the level and controllers	LevelEditor, CameraController, InputController, AIController
Update objects and camera	Physics objects, CameraController, GameCanvas, CollisionController
Load assets and level geometry	LevelEditor
Get and Set game state (i.e. goal, death)	Physics objects

LevelEditor

Description: This controller reads from a JSON file storing a level and places the corresponding objects into the game world. In addition, it saves a level to a JSON upon player request.

Justification: Levels are saved in JSON format, and we need a way to translate that information into the game world. Because this class is working with JSON files and building levels, it also makes sense for it to control saving and loading, which are also done by interacting with JSON files. The external GSON library is used for these operations and is described at the end of this document.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Load game world from .json file	LevelModel, TetherModel, EnemyModel, TerrainModel, WhirlpoolModel
Save game state	
Load game from save state	

AIController

Description: This controls the Enemy Fish AI. It uses a state machine to update an enemy's chasing state, and uses A* to set its path.

Justification: We need to create more complex challenges. This will mainly change the gameplay depending on the conditions for when to follow the player fish or not, which gets harder on different levels.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set the state of the enemy AI	EnemyModel
Set search path of AI	

InputController

Description: The input controller detects input from the player and sets flags based on the actions the player takes.

Justification: This controller is needed for the player to be able to interact with the game.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Read player input	
Return current input state	

CollisionController

Description: This controller updates object states based on collisions between the player and other objects. Currently, contact with an enemy or terrain model is a death condition while a tether is either orbited or passed. Whirlpools redirect a player's direction.

Justification: We will have several different kinds of collisions between different objects, so we should have our own controller to handle these cases.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Update player and tether	PlayerModel, TetherModel
Update player and enemy	PlayerModel, EnemyModel
Update player and terrain	PlayerModel, TerrainModel
Update player and whirlpool	PlayerModel, WhirlpoolModel
Update player and rocks	PlayerModel, RockModel

LoadingMode

Description: Loading mode creates a loading screen while minimally pre-loading assets.

Justification: Loading assets beforehand, rather than in game, prevents major loading times between levels.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Draw loading screen	GameCanvas
Load all game assets	

CameraController

Description: The camera controller updates camera movement and is responsible for ensuring that the camera follows the player and feels natural. For example, when the player is tethered, the camera centers on the tether and zooms out. When the player is moving between tethers the camera follows the player.

Justification: Based on the current game state, the camera will do different things, so a class needs to be responsible for updating it.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Translate the camera	GameCanvas
Zoom in and out	GameCanvas

Models

PlayerModel

Description: An instance of PlayerModel gets and sets player states.

Justification: This model allows us to adjust the state of the fish, whether or not it reached the goal, and its force that is applied with respect to the tether.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set all state information about the player fish	
Get and set tether forces	
Apply forces to the fish	
Gets tangent and intersection information	
Draw the player to the screen	GameCanvas

EnemyModel

Description: An instance of EnemyModel gets and sets enemy states.

Justification: We need a model that is responsible for getting and setting the enemy fish state to add challenges to our game.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set the patrol path and the current location of the enemy	
Draw the enemy to the screen	GameCanvas

TetherModel

Description: This model gets and sets all tether states.

Justification: Different tethers can contain different properties. For example, we need to be able to adjust the progress a fish has made when circling a tether. It is easiest to update whether or not a tether has been orbited through this model.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set the location and orbital radius	
Draw the tether to the screen	GameCanvas

WhirlpoolModel

Description: This model gets and sets whirlpool states.

Justification: Forces applied to the player will need to be updated depending on different properties of the whirlpool.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set the location and the spinning force of the whirlpool	
Draw the whirlpool to the screen	GameCanvas

TerrainModel

Description: This model gets and sets states of land masses and other impassable terrain.

Justification: Players can collide with land, so there needs to be a class to store information about it.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Get and set the location and shape of the terrain	
Draw the terrain to the screen	GameCanvas

LevelModel

Description: This model stores information about a level; i.e. where are tethers, the player, enemies, terrain, etc.

Justification: We need to store all of the information taken from a JSON file and eventually turn it into a Java class for ease of use and modifiability.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Store tethers, player, enemies, terrain	TetherModel, PlayerModel, EnemyModel, TerrainModel, WhirlpoolModel

View

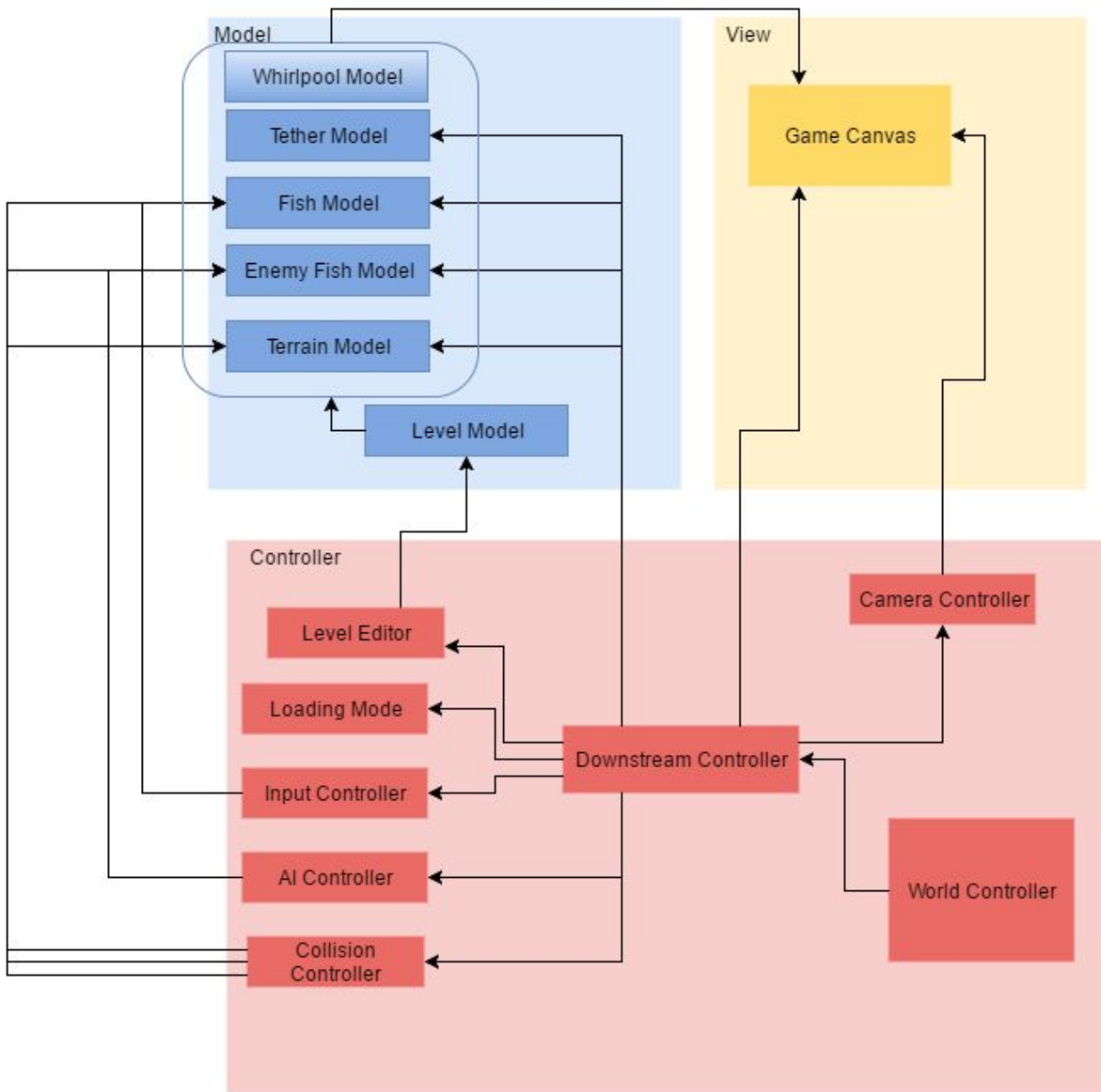
GameCanvas

Description: This is the canvas for the game. It draws all textures.

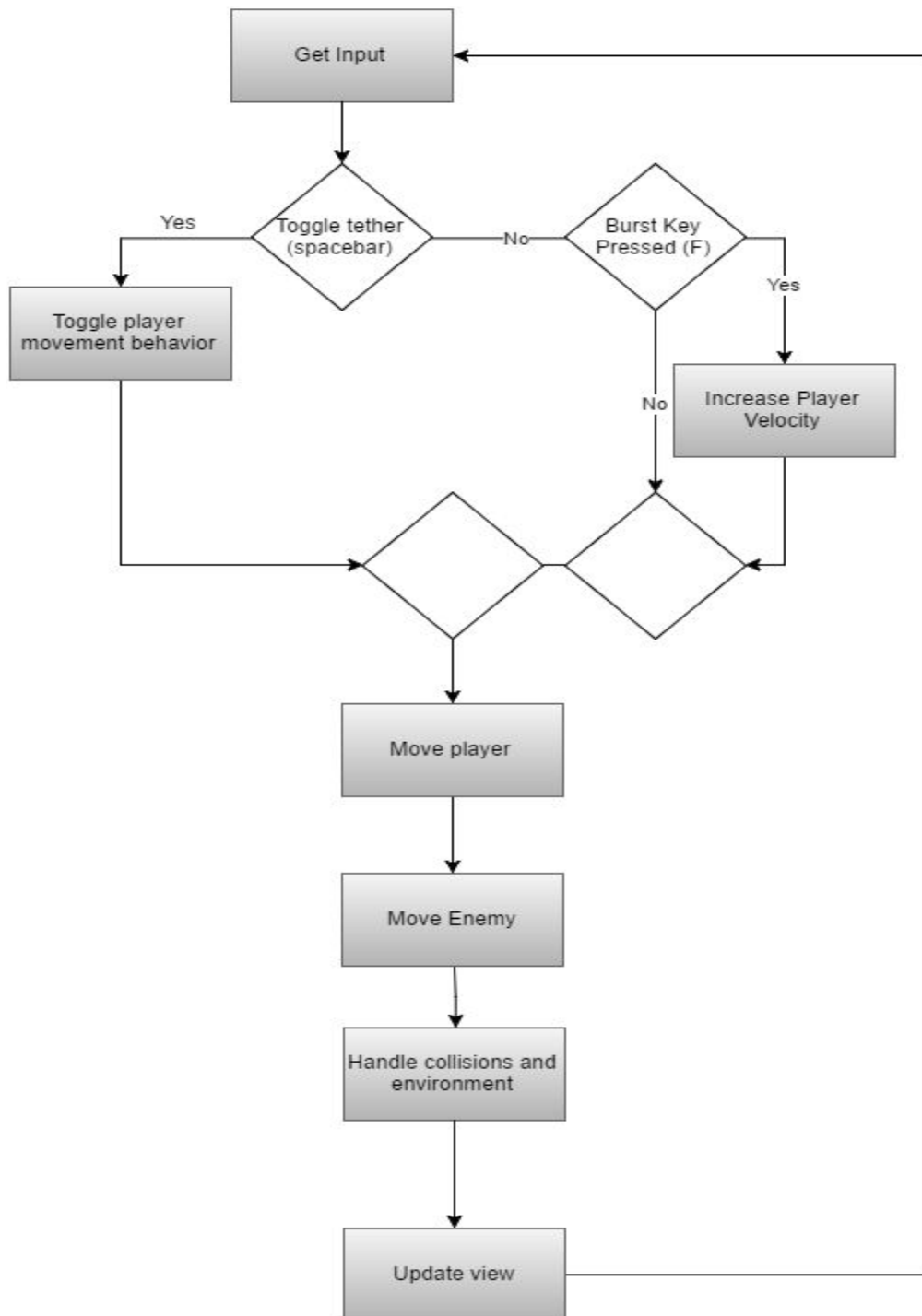
Justification: All other information about levels is elsewhere. We only need to consolidate drawing textures to this class.

Responsibility	Collaboration
Draw all object textures	

Dependency Diagram



Activity Diagram



Data Representation Model

Save Game File

File Format: JSON format will be the data format for our Save Game File.

Information: The following information will be contained within the Save Game File as a JSON object under a top level: the level name; if the level was completed; if the level was unlocked.

Storage Format:

```
{
  levels:[
    {
      levelname: "level1"
      complete: false
      unlocked: true
    }
    {
      levelname: "level2"
      complete: false
      unlocked: true
    }
    {
      levelname: "level3"
      complete: false
      unlocked: true
    }
  ]
}
```

Level File

File Format: JSON format will be the data format for our Level File.

Information: The following information will be contained within the Level File: the vector starting position of the player fish model; Enemy Fish starting position, and an arrayList of vector positions that the Enemy fish travels; all tether Vector positions; a list of wall positions; game size.

Storage Format:

```
{
  dimensions:{
    x: 10
    y: 10
  }
  fish:{
    x: 10
    y: 10
  }
  tethers:[
```

```

        {
            type: lilypad
            position: {
                x: 10
                y: 10
            }
        },
        {
            type: lantern
            position: {
                x: 10
                y: 10
            }
        }
    ]
    enemies:[
        {
            type: fast
            position: {
                x: 10
                y: 10
            }
            state: rest
        },
        {
            type: slow
            position: {
                x: 10
                y: 10
            }
            state: attack
        }
    ]
    walls:[
        {
            coordinates: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
            texture: "wall.jpg"
        }
        {
            coordinates: [20, 30, 40, 50]
            texture: "wall1.jpg"
        }
    ]
}

```

Third Party Libraries

Third Party Libraries

Box2D

Box2D will serve as Downstream's physics engine. Box2D allows us to use pre-defined physics objects to simplify the movement system in our game. By using Box2D's structures, we have access to sensor and object collisions.

GSON

This library is used for converting back and forth between JSON files and Java objects. We use its `fromJson()` and `toJson()` methods.