

Unit 7: Data Annotation

Human coding

Lesson 50

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Overview of unit

Objectives:

- Understand how to approach data annotation (whether automated or manual)
- Know how to run a small human annotation task

1. Typologies
2. Building a typology
3. Applying a typology – human coding
4. Confirming an annotation
5. Applying a typology – classifier

Lesson overview

Objectives

- Understand how to obtain human-provided annotations
- Understand design pitfalls when using human coding

Outline

- What is human coding?
- Human coding approaches
- Ethics approval
- Training

What is human coding?

Approaches to human coding

Expert coding

- You and your collaborators
- A small group of trained participants (paid or unpaid)

Crowd sourcing

- Amazon Mechanical Turk

← mostly strangers, little quality control
cheaper

higher fees
for better coding

how to we design
coding to get high
quality results

Number of annotators?

- One annotator... can make mistakes

↳ one person \Rightarrow no one can check their work if

- Two or more annotators ... will inevitably disagree. What to do with disagreements?

- Code them yourself?
- Have more coders annotate them?
- Have another category?

- Score by proportion
- Score by majority

category/task
issue

- review and decide
for yourself
(most labor intensive)

- throw datapoint out
(cheap + undesirable)

- throw data out + note⁶
it but not super
compelling

- * do no harm
- * if there is risk, the benefits must outweigh them

Ethics approval

what is the impact

- ↳ on the people doing the annotating
- ↳ people who see the end result
- ↳ the researchers

content moderation is a form of annotation

-after project decided, taxonomy defined, and # coders picked

Training

Help coders understand the concepts and how they apply at a deep level.

- Prepare a **code book** (an extension to the typology definition document)
- Prepare challenging examples
- Run group sessions with ample time to **code content and discuss codings**

Often training can help refine the typology.

The human coding process

① Preparation phase

- Decide on human coding group (experts, small team, crowd)
- Develop code book/training materials
- Develop annotation software (if needed)

② Annotation phase

- Recruit coders
- Run training session
- Run coding exercise (often spans days, sometimes weeks)

③ Validation phase

- Throughout, assess the quality and level of agreement among coders

Lesson wrap-up

Takeaways

- Human coding is a lot of work
- It's also often the only way to get good annotations

Up next

- Confirmation annotation quality