

Installing the Tiebreaker software

ONTAP MetroCluster

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Installing the Tiebreaker software

The Tiebreaker software provides monitoring capabilities for a clustered storage environment. It also sends SNMP notifications in the event of node connectivity issues and site disasters.

The MetroCluster software must be installed and configured.

System requirements for installing or upgrading Tiebreaker software

The Tiebreaker software is installed on a third site, which allows the software to distinguish between an Inter-Switch Link (ISL) failure (when inter-site links are down) and a site failure. Your host system must meet certain requirements before you can install or upgrade the Tiebreaker software on your local computer to monitor the MetroCluster configuration.

The MetroCluster Tiebreaker software has the following monitoring capabilities and requirements:

- No requirement for a special configuration for the different MetroCluster configurations.
- Monitoring capabilities for up to 15 MetroCluster configurations simultaneously.



You should have only one MetroCluster Tiebreaker monitor per MetroCluster configuration to avoid any conflict with multiple Tiebreaker monitors.

- Support for a combination of MetroCluster IP, MetroCluster FC, and stretch MetroCluster configurations.
- · Hardware and software:
 - ONTAP 8.3.x, 9.0, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6, 9.7 and 9.8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 to 7.6 or CentOS 7 to 7.6 64-bit (physical installation or virtual machine)
 - MariaDB 5.5.52.x
 - · 4 GB RAM
 - Open Java Runtime Environment 8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.4 to 6.10 or CentOS 6.4 to 6.10 64-bit (physical installation or virtual machine)
 - MySQL Server 5.6.x
 - · 2 GB RAM
 - Open Java Runtime Environment 8
- Disk capacity: 8 GB
- · User: Root access
- Firewall:
 - Direct access for setting up AutoSupport messages
 - SSH (port 22/TCP), HTTPS (port 443/TCP), and ping (ICMP)
- Installation on FIPS-enabled hosts is not supported.

Installing MetroCluster Tiebreaker dependencies

You must install a MySQL or MariaDB server depending on the Linux operating system that is your host before installing or upgrading the Tiebreaker software.

Steps

1. Install Java Runtime Environment.

Installing Java Runtime Environment 1.8

2. Install MySQL or MariaDB server:

If the Linux host is	Then
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6/CentOS 6	a. Install MySQL Installing MySQL Server 5.5.30 or later and 5.6.x versions on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 or CentOS 6
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7/CentOS 7	a. Install MariaDB Installing MariaDB server on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 or CentOS 7

Installing Java Runtime Environment 1.8

You must install Java Runtime Environment 1.8 on your host system before installing or upgrading the Tiebreaker software.

Steps

1. Log in as root to the host system.

```
login as: root
root@mcctb's password:
Last login: Fri Jan 8 21:33:00 2017 from host.domain.com
```

2. Install Java Runtime Environment 1.8: [root@mcctb ~]# yum install java-1.8.0openjdk.x86_64

```
[root@mcctb ~] # yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk.x86 64
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
... shortened....
Dependencies Resolved
Arch Version
Package
                                            Repository
Size
Installing:
java-1.8.0-openjdk x86 64 1:1.8.0.144-0.b01.el7 4 updates
. .
Transaction Summary
______
______
Install 1 Package (+ 4 Dependent packages)
Total download size: 34 M
Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
Installed:
java-1.8.0-openjdk.x86 64 1:1.8.0.144-0.b01.el7 4
Complete!
```

Installing MySQL Server 5.5.30 or later and 5.6.x versions on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 or CentOS 6

You must install MySQL Server 5.5.30 or later and 5.6.x version on your host system before installing or upgrading the Tiebreaker software.

Steps

1. Log in as root to the host system.

```
login as: root
root@mcctb's password:
Last login: Fri Jan 8 21:33:00 2016 from host.domain.com
```

2. Add the MySQL repository to your host system: [root@mcctb ~]# yum localinstall https://dev.mysql.com/get/mysql57-community-release-el6-11.noarch.rpm

```
Loaded plugins: product-id, refresh-packagekit, security, subscription-
manager
Setting up Local Package Process
Examining /var/tmp/yum-root-LLUw0r/mysql-community-release-el6-
5.noarch.rpm: mysql-community-release-el6-5.noarch
Marking /var/tmp/yum-root-LLUw0r/mysql-community-release-el6-
5.noarch.rpm to be installed
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package mysql-community-release.noarch 0:el6-5 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution
Dependencies Resolved
______
=======
                 Arch Version
Package
                             Repository
Size
______
Installing:
mysql-community-release
                   noarch el6-5 /mysql-community-release-el6-
5.noarch 4.3 k
Transaction Summary
______
Install 1 Package(s)
Total size: 4.3 k
Installed size: 4.3 k
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
Running rpm check debug
Running Transaction Test
Transaction Test Succeeded
Running Transaction
 Installing : mysql-community-release-el6-5.noarch
1/1
 Verifying : mysql-community-release-el6-5.noarch
1/1
 mysql-community-release.noarch 0:e16-5
Complete!
```

3. Disable the mysql 57 repository: [root@mcctb ~]# yum-config-manager --disable mysql57-community

- 4. Enable the mysql 56 repository: [root@mcctb ~]# yum-config-manager --enable mysql56-community
- 5. Enable the repository: [root@mcctb ~]# yum repolist enabled | grep "mysql.-community."

```
mysql-connectors-community

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mysql-tools-community

MySQL Connectors Community

MySQL Tools Community

MySQL Tools Community

MySQL 5.6 Community Server

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```

6. Install the MySQL Community server: [root@mcctb ~] # yum install mysql-community-server

```
Loaded plugins: product-id, refresh-packagekit, security, subscription-
manager
This system is not registered to Red Hat Subscription Management. You
can use subscription-manager
to register.
Setting up Install Process
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
....Output truncated....
---> Package mysql-community-libs-compat.x86 64 0:5.6.29-2.el6 will be
obsoleting
--> Finished Dependency Resolution
Dependencies Resolved
______
_____
                                  Arch Version
Package
Repository
          Size
______
Installing:
mysql-community-client
                                   x86 64 5.6.29-2.el6
mysql56-community 18 M
    replacing mysql.x86 64 5.1.71-1.el6
mysql-community-libs
                                              5.6.29-2.el6
                                   x86 64
mysql56-community 1.9 M
    replacing mysql-libs.x86 64 5.1.71-1.el6
mysql-community-libs-compat
                                    x86 64
                                              5.6.29-2.el6
mysql56-community 1.6 M
    replacing mysql-libs.x86 64 5.1.71-1.el6
mysql-community-server
                                    x86 64
                                              5.6.29-2.el6
mysql56-community 53 M
```

```
replacing mysql-server.x86 64 5.1.71-1.el6
Installing for dependencies:
mysql-community-common
                                       x86 64 5.6.29-2.el6
mysql56-community 308 k
Transaction Summary
______
Install 5 Package(s)
Total download size: 74 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
(1/5): mysql-community-client-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64.rpm
| 18 MB 00:28
(2/5): mysql-community-common-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64.rpm
| 308 kB 00:01
(3/5): mysql-community-libs-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64.rpm
| 1.9 MB 00:05
(4/5): mysql-community-libs-compat-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64.rpm
| 1.6 MB 00:05
(5/5): mysql-community-server-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64.rpm
| 53 MB 03:42
______
Total
289 kB/s | 74 MB 04:24
warning: rpmts HdrFromFdno: Header V3 DSA/SHA1 Signature, key ID
5072e1f5: NOKEY
Retrieving key from file:/etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-mysql
Importing GPG key 0x5072E1F5:
Userid : MySQL Release Engineering <mysql-build@oss.oracle.com>
Package: mysql-community-release-el6-5.noarch (@/mysql-community-
release-el6-5.noarch)
From : file:/etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-mysql
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Running rpm check debug
Running Transaction Test
Transaction Test Succeeded
Running Transaction
 Installing : mysql-community-common-5.6.29-2.el6.x86 64
....Output truncated....
1.el6.x86 64
7/8
 Verifying : mysql-5.1.71-1.el6.x86 64
8/8
Installed:
```

```
mysql-community-client.x86_64 0:5.6.29-2.el6 mysql-community-libs.x86_64 0:5.6.29-2.el6 mysql-community-libs-compat.x86_64 0:5.6.29-2.el6 mysql-community-server.x86_64 0:5.6.29-2.el6

Dependency Installed:
   mysql-community-common.x86_64 0:5.6.29-2.el6

Replaced:
   mysql.x86_64 0:5.1.71-1.el6 mysql-libs.x86_64 0:5.1.71-1.el6 mysql-server.x86_64 0:5.1.71-1.el6 complete!
```

7. Start MySQL server: [root@mcctb ~] # service mysqld start

```
Initializing MySQL database: 2016-04-05 19:44:38 0 [Warning] TIMESTAMP
with implicit DEFAULT
value is deprecated. Please use --explicit defaults for timestamp server
option (see documentation
for more details).
2016-04-05 19:44:38 0 [Note] /usr/sbin/mysqld (mysqld 5.6.29) starting
as process 2487 ...
2016-04-05 19:44:38 2487 [Note] InnoDB: Using atomics to ref count
buffer pool pages
2016-04-05 19:44:38 2487 [Note] InnoDB: The InnoDB memory heap is
disabled
....Output truncated....
2016-04-05 19:44:42 2509 [Note] InnoDB: Shutdown completed; log sequence
number 1625987
PLEASE REMEMBER TO SET A PASSWORD FOR THE MySQL root USER!
To do so, start the server, then issue the following commands:
  /usr/bin/mysqladmin -u root password 'new-password'
  /usr/bin/mysqladmin -u root -h mcctb password 'new-password'
Alternatively, you can run:
  /usr/bin/mysql secure installation
which will also give you the option of removing the test
databases and anonymous user created by default. This is
strongly recommended for production servers.
....Output truncated....
WARNING: Default config file /etc/my.cnf exists on the system
This file will be read by default by the MySQL server
If you do not want to use this, either remove it, or use the
--defaults-file argument to mysqld safe when starting the server
                                                            [ OK ]
Starting mysqld:
                                                            [ OK ]
```

8. Confirm that MySQL server is running: [root@mcctb ~] # service mysqld status

```
mysqld (pid 2739) is running...
```

9. Configure security and password settings: [root@mcctb ~] # mysql secure installation

NOTE: RUNNING ALL PARTS OF THIS SCRIPT IS RECOMMENDED FOR ALL MySQL SERVERS IN PRODUCTION USE! PLEASE READ EACH STEP CAREFULLY!

In order to log into MySQL to secure it, we'll need the current password for the root user. If you've just installed MySQL, and you haven't set the root password yet, the password will be blank, so you should just press enter here.

Enter current password for root (enter for none): <== on default

install hit enter here

OK, successfully used password, moving on...

Setting the root password ensures that nobody can log into the MySQL root user without the proper authorisation.

Set root password? [Y/n] y
New password:
Re-enter new password:
Password updated successfully!
Reloading privilege tables..
... Success!

By default, a MySQL installation has an anonymous user, allowing anyone to log into MySQL without having to have a user account created for them. This is intended only for testing, and to make the installation go a bit smoother. You should remove them before moving into a production environment.

Remove anonymous users? [Y/n] y
... Success!

Normally, root should only be allowed to connect from 'localhost'. This

ensures that someone cannot guess at the root password from the network.

Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n] y ... Success!

By default, MySQL comes with a database named 'test' that anyone can access. This is also intended only for testing, and should be removed before moving into a production environment.

Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n] y
- Dropping test database...

ERROR 1008 (HY000) at line 1: Can't drop database 'test'; database doesn't exist

... Failed! Not critical, keep moving...

```
- Removing privileges on test database...
... Success!

Reloading the privilege tables will ensure that all changes made so far will take effect immediately.

Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n] y
... Success!

All done! If you've completed all of the above steps, your MySQL installation should now be secure.

Thanks for using MySQL!

Cleaning up...
```

10. Verify that the MySQL login is working: [root@mcctb ~] # mysql -u root -p

```
Enter password: <configured_password>
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 17
Server version: 5.6.29 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql>
```

If the MySQL login is working, the output will end at the mysql> prompt.

Enabling the MySQL autostart setting

You should ensure that the autostart feature is turned on for the MySQL deamon. Turning on the MySQL daemon automatically restarts MySQL if the system on which the MetroCluster Tiebreaker software resides reboots. If the MySQL daemon is not running, the Tiebreaker software continues running, but it cannot be restarted and configuration changes cannot be made.

See the MySQL documentation to enable autostart on your installation.

Installing MariaDB server on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 or CentOS 7

You must install MariaDB server on your host system before installing or upgrading the Tiebreaker software.

Your host system must be running on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 7 or CentOS 7.

Steps

1. Log in as root to the host system.

```
login as: root
root@mcctb's password:
Last login: Fri Jan 8 21:33:00 2017 from host.domain.com
```

2. Install MariaDB server: [root@mcctb ~] # yum install mariadb-server.x86 64

```
[root@mcctb ~]# yum install mariadb-server.x86 64
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
. . .
______
===========
Package
                    Arch Version Repository
______
===========
Installing:
mariadb-server
              x86 64 1:5.5.56-2.el7 base
11 M
Installing for dependencies:
Transaction Summary
______
==========
Install 1 Package (+8 Dependent packages)
              ( 1 Dependent package)
Upgrade
Total download size: 22 M
Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
Downloading packages:
No Presto metadata available for base
warning: /var/cache/yum/x86 64/7/base/packages/mariadb-libs-5.5.56-
2.el7.x86 64.rpm:
Header V3 RSA/SHA256 Signature, key ID f4a80eb5: NOKEY] 1.4 MB/s | 3.3
```

```
MB 00:00:13 ETA
Public key for mariadb-libs-5.5.56-2.el7.x86 64.rpm is not installed
(1/10): mariadb-libs-5.5.56-2.el7.x86 64.rpm | 757 kB 00:00:01
(10/10): perl-Net-Daemon-0.48-5.el7.noarch.rpm| 51 kB 00:00:01
Installed:
 mariadb-server.x86 64 1:5.5.56-2.el7
Dependency Installed:
mariadb.x86 64 1:5.5.56-2.el7 perl-Compress-Raw-Bzip2.x86 64
0:2.061-3.el7
perl-Compress-Raw-Zlib.x86 64 1:2.061-4.el7 perl-DBD-MySQL.x86 64
0:4.023-5.el7
perl-DBI.x86_64 0:1.627-4.el7 perl-IO-Compress.noarch 0:2.061-2.el7
perl-Net-Daemon.noarch 0:0.48-5.el7 perl-PlRPC.noarch 0:0.2020-
14.el7
Dependency Updated:
 mariadb-libs.x86 64 1:5.5.56-2.el7
Complete!
```

3. Start MariaDB server: [root@mcctb ~] # systemctl start mariadb

```
[root@mcctb ~]# systemctl start mariadb
```

4. Verify MariaDB server has started: [root@mcctb ~] # systemctl status mariadb

```
[root@mcctb ~]# systemctl status mariadb
mariadb.service - MariaDB database server
...
Nov 08 21:28:59 mcctb systemd[1]: Starting MariaDB database server...
...
Nov 08 21:29:01 scspr0523972001 systemd[1]: Started MariaDB database server.
```

- Ensure that the enable autostart setting is turned on for MariaDB.
- 5. Configure the security and password settings: [root@mcctb ~] # mysql secure installation

```
[root@mcctb ~]# mysql secure installation
NOTE: RUNNING ALL PARTS OF THIS SCRIPT IS RECOMMENDED FOR ALL MariaDB
SERVERS IN PRODUCTION USE! PLEASE READ EACH STEP CAREFULLY!
Set root password? [Y/n] y
New password:
Re-enter new password:
Password updated successfully!
Remove anonymous users? [Y/n] y
... Success!
Normally, root should only be allowed to connect from 'localhost'. This
ensures that someone cannot guess at the root password from the network.
Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n] y
... Success!
Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n] y
- Dropping test database...
... Success!
- Removing privileges on test database...
... Success!
Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n]
... Success!
Cleaning up...
All done! If you've completed all of the above steps, your MariaDB
installation should now be secure.
Thanks for using MariaDB!
```

Installing or upgrading the software package

You must install or upgrade the MetroCluster Tiebreaker software on your local computer to monitor MetroCluster configurations.

- Your storage system must be running ONTAP 8.3.x or later.
- You must have installed OpenJDK by using the yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk command.

Steps

1. Download the NetApp-MetroCluster-Tiebreaker-Software-1.21P3-1.x86 64.rpm file.

NetApp Support

- Log in to the host as the root user.
- 3. Install or upgrade the Tiebreaker software:

If you are	Issue this command
Performing a new installation	rpm -ivh NetApp-MetroCluster-Tiebreaker-Software-1.21P3-1.x86_64.rpm
	The system displays the following output for a successful installation:
	[root@scspr0523972001 mcctb]# rpm -ivh NetApp-MetroCluster- Tiebreaker-Software-1.21P3- 1.x86_64.rpm Preparing ##################################

If you are	Issue this command
Upgrading an existing installation	rpm -Uvh NetApp-MetroCluster-Tiebreaker- Software-1.21P3-1.x86_64.rpm
	The system displays the following output for a successful upgrade:
	[root@scspr0523972001 mcctb]# rpm -Uvh NetApp-MetroCluster- Tiebreaker-Software-1.21P3- 1.x86_64.rpm Preparing ##################################

If you enter the wrong MySQL root password, the Tiebreaker software indicates that it was installed successfully, but displays Access denied messages. To resolve the issue, you must uninstall the Tiebreaker software by using the rpm -e command, and then reinstall the software by using the correct MySQL root password.

Steps

1. Verify the Tiebreaker connectivity to the MetroCluster software by opening an SSH connection from the Tiebreaker host to each of the node management LIFs and cluster management LIFs.

Related information

NetApp Support

Upgrading the host where the Tiebreaker monitor is running

You can upgrade the host where the Tiebreaker monitor is running with minimal disruption if you place the monitors in observer mode before the upgrade.

Steps

1. Verify the monitors are in observer mode: monitor show -status

```
NetApp MetroCluster Tiebreaker:> monitor show -status
MetroCluster: cluster A
    Disaster: false
    Monitor State: Normal
    Observer Mode: true
    Silent Period: 15
    Override Vetoes: false
    Cluster: cluster Ba(UUID:4d9ccf24-080f-11e4-9df2-00a098168e7c)
        Reachable: true
        All-Links-Severed: FALSE
            Node: mcc5-a1(UUID:78b44707-0809-11e4-9be1-e50dab9e83e1)
                Reachable: true
                All-Links-Severed: FALSE
                State: normal
            Node: mcc5-a2(UUID:9a8b1059-0809-11e4-9f5e-8d97cdec7102)
                Reachable: true
                All-Links-Severed: FALSE
                State: normal
    Cluster: cluster B(UUID:70dacd3b-0823-11e4-a7b9-00a0981693c4)
        Reachable: true
        All-Links-Severed: FALSE
            Node: mcc5-b1(UUID:961fce7d-081d-11e4-9ebf-2f295df8fcb3)
                Reachable: true
                All-Links-Severed: FALSE
                State: normal
            Node: mcc5-b2(UUID:9393262d-081d-11e4-80d5-6b30884058dc)
                Reachable: true
                All-Links-Severed: FALSE
                State: normal
```

2. Change all of the monitors to observer mode.

```
NetApp MetroCluster Tiebreaker :> monitor modify -monitor-name
monitor_name -observer-mode true
```

3. To upgrade the Tiebreaker host, follow all of the steps in the following procedure:

Installing or upgrading the software package

4. Disable observer mode to move all the of the monitors back to online mode.

```
NetApp MetroCluster Tiebreaker :> monitor modify -monitor-name
monitor_name -observer-mode false
```

Selecting the NTP source for the Tiebreaker software

You should use a local Network Time Protocol (NTP) source for the Tiebreaker software. It should not use the same source as the MetroCluster sites that the Tiebreaker software monitors.

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