Spark Widget Stock

1. Create the following list and then convert the list to a dataframe with a single partition and with six columns named:

```
'supplier', 'part', 'description', 'price', 'qty', 'dt'
```

```
widget = [
    ('ACI','41002','Size 2 Widget',76.00,167,'2020-01-22')
,('ACI','41003','Size 3 Widget',110.00,207,'2020-01-11')
,('ACI','41004','Size 4 Widget',117.00,139,'2019-12-27')
,('ACI','4100X','Widget Adjuster',25.00,37,'2020-02-18')
,('ACI','4100Y','Widget Remover',2750.00,25,'2019-12-31')
,('ACI','4100Z','Size 1 Widget',55.00,277,'2020-01-30')
,('ACI','41001','Widget Installer',2500.00,28,'2019-12-10')
,('BIC','41089','Retainer',225.00,78,'2020-01-10')
,('BIC','41675','Plate',180.00,0,'2019-12-18')]
```

2. Display the result using show().

- 3. Use printSchema() to examine the schema of the dataframe you just created. You should see that the qty column is a long and the dt column is a string.
- 4. Create a new dataframe with the column **qty** converted to an integer and **dt** converted to a date. The cast() function on the

column class is used to convert the type: p.dt.cast('date'). You can examine the schema of your new dataframe using printSchema.

5. Define a new dataframe that only includes rows where the supplier is ACI and with an extra column that multiplies quantity with price (price x qty). The result should be:

+	+	+	-+	+
supplier part			•	(price * qty)
+	+	+	-+	+
ACI 41002	Size 2 Widget	76.0 16	7 2020-01-22	12692.0
ACI 41003	Size 3 Widget	110.0 20	7 2020-01-11	22770.0
ACI 41004	Size 4 Widget	117.0 13	9 2019-12-27	16263.0
ACI 4100X			•	•
ACI 4100Y	Widget Remover	2750.0 2	5 2019-12-31	68750.0
	Size 1 Widget		•	
•	 Widget Installer		•	•
+	+		- 1	+