

smartlabs



Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	1
INSTEON Modem Chips	1
The SmartLabs Powerline Modem (PLM)	2
Comparing the Powerline Modem (PLM) to the PowerLinc Controller (PL	.C)
	-
Other Documents Included by Reference	4
INSTEON Developer's Guide	4
INSTEON Conformance Specification	
INSTEON Command Tables Document	
INSTEON Device Categories and Product Keys Document	4
INSTEON Modem Spec Sheets	5
IN2680A INSTEON Direct Powerline Modem Interface	
IN2682A INSTEON Direct RF Modem Interface	5
INSTEON MODEM REFERENCE	6
Software Reference	6
IM Serial Communication Protocol and Settings	
IM Serial Communication Protocol	
IM RS232 Port Settings	
How to Quickly Start Communicating with an IM	
IM Power-up and Reset States	
IM Power-up Behavior	
IM Factory Reset State	10
IM Serial Commands	
IM Serial Command Summary Table	
IM Serial Command Charts	
INSTEON Message Handling	
Send INSTEON Standard or Extended Message	
INSTEON Standard Message Received	
INSTEON Extended Message Received	
Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte	
Set INSTEON NAK Message Two Bytes	
Set INSTEON NAK Message ByteX10 Message Handling	
Send X10	
X10 Received	
INSTEON ALL-Link Commands	
Send ALL-Link Command	
ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report	
ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report	
ALL-Linking Session Management	
Start ALL-Linking	
Cancel ALL-Linking	
ALL-Linking Completed	
ALL-Link Database Management	
Get First ALL-Link Record	
Get Next ALL-Link Record	
Get ALL-Link Record for Sender	37



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page ii

ALL-Link Record Response	38
Manage ALL-Link Record	
IM Status Management	41
Reset the IM	
User Reset Detected	42
Get IM Configuration	43
Set IM Configuration	44
Get IM Info	46
Set Host Device Category	47
RF Sleep	48
IM Input/Output	49
Button Event Report	
LED On	50
LED Off	51
Hardware Reference	52
INSTEON Powerline Modem (PLM) Main Board	
INSTEON PLM Main Board Schematic	
INSTEON PLM Main Board Bill of Materials	
INSTEON PLM Serial (RS232) Daughter Board	57
INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Schematic	
INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Bill of Materials	
INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board	
INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Schematic	
INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Bill of Materials	

Revision History

Release Date	Author	Description
01-30-07	PVD	Abstracted from INSTEON Developers Guide.
02-12-07	PVD	Added daughter card sections.
02-14-07	PVD	Released for proofreading.
03-01-07	PVD	More information on the PLM, comparison to PLC.
03-27-07	PVD	Fixed bytecount in IM Command 0x62 Send INSTEON Standard or Extended Message.
03-28-07	PVD	Added IM Command 0x58 ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report.
03-29-07	PVD	Updated explanation of IM Command Ox6F Manage ALL-Link Record.
04-02-07	PVD	Updated explanation of IM Commands 0x61 Send ALL-Link Command, 0x56 ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report, and 0x58 ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report.
04-06-07	PVD	IM Command 0x58 <i>ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report</i> also sent when IM interrupts its own Cleanup sequence.
04-17-07	PVD	Corrected <x10 flag=""> value in IM Commands 0x63 Send X10 and 0x52 X10 Received.</x10>
04-19-07	PVD	Added page number subscripts to links.

INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page iii

Legal Information

Terms of Use

This INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide is supplied to you by SmartLabs, Inc. (SmartLabs) in consideration of your agreement to the following terms. Your use or installation of this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide constitutes acceptance of these terms. If you do not agree with these terms, please do not use or install this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide.

In consideration of your agreement to abide by the following terms, and subject to these terms, SmartLabs grants you a personal, non-exclusive license, under SmartLabs' intellectual property rights in this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide, to use this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide; provided that no license is granted herein under any patents that may be infringed by your works, modifications of works, derivative works or by other works in which the information in this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide may be incorporated. No names, trademarks, service marks or logos of SmartLabs, Inc. or INSTEON may be used to endorse or promote products derived from the INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide without specific prior written permission from SmartLabs, Inc. Except as expressly stated herein, no other rights or licenses, express or implied, are granted by SmartLabs and nothing herein grants any license under any patents except claims of SmartLabs patents that cover this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide as originally provided by SmartLabs, and only to the extent necessary to use this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide as originally provided by SmartLabs. SmartLabs provides this INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide on an "AS IS" basis.

SMARTLABS MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, REGARDING THIS INSTEON MODEM DEVELOPER'S GUIDE OR ITS USE, ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ANY PRODUCT.

IN NO EVENT SHALL SMARTLABS BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE, REPRODUCTION, MODIFICATION AND/OR DISTRIBUTION OF THIS INSTEON MODEM DEVELOPER'S GUIDE, HOWEVER CAUSED AND WHETHER UNDER THEORY OF CONTRACT, TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, EVEN IF SMARTLABS HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

Trademarks and Patents

SmartLabs, Smarthome, INSTEON, Dual Mesh, BiPHY, ALL-Link, Powerline Modem, PowerLinc, ControLinc, LampLinc, SwitchLinc, RemoteLinc, Electronic Home Improvement, SmartLabs Device Manager, Home Network Language, and Plug-n-Tap are trademarks of SmartLabs, Inc.

INSTEON networking technology is covered by pending U.S. and foreign patents.

Copyright

© Copyright 2005, 2007 SmartLabs, Inc. 16542 Millikan Ave., Irvine, CA 92606-5027; 800-SMARTHOME (800-762-7846), 949-221-9200, www.smartlabsinc.com. All rights reserved.

N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 1

INTRODUCTION



This INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide is for users of INSTEON Modem chips, such as the IN2680A Powerline Modem Interface or the IN2682A RF Modem Interface, and also for purchasers of the SmartLabs PowerLine Modem™ (PLM) module.

The information in this document is excepted from the INSTEON Developer's Guide4, which purchasers of an INSTEON Software Development Kit may download from www.insteon.net.

INSTEON Modem Chips

INSTEON Modems (IMs) are single chips available from SmartLabs that use simple ASCII commands over a serial port to interface to an INSTEON network. The IN2680A INSTEON Direct Powerline Modem Interface, chip connects to an INSTEON network via the house wiring and the IN2682A INSTEON Direct RF Modern Interfaces connects via radio. A BiPHY™ Modem that interfaces to both the powerline and radio is under development.

Developers can create INSTEON applications that run on whatever host device they choose, as long as the host can communicate serially with the IM using the RS232 serial protocol at TTL levels. A microcontroller chip is the most common choice for a host device in standalone INSTEON modules, although virtually any hardware capable of executing applications and communicating serially can use an IM to interface with an INSTEON network.

Perhaps the greatest advantage of using an IM is that you can create applications in a development environment that you are already comfortable with. The ASCII IM Serial Commands₁₁ are relatively few in number and easy to learn, so development cycles can be short.

As an added bonus, the easiest way to achieve INSTEON conformance for your product is to build it around an INSTEON modem, because an IM automatically handles most of the details of the INSTEON protocol for you. See the INSTEON Conformance Specification₄ document for the full conformance requirements.



N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 2

The main functions of an INSTEON Modem are:

- Interfacing to a host via an RS232 serial port at TTL levels.
- Interfacing to the powerline or an FSK 915 MHz radio.
- Sending and receiving INSTEON messages.
- Sending and receiving X10 messages.
- ALL-Linking to other INSTEON devices and managing an ALL-Link Database.
- Sending ALL-Link Commands and transparently handling ALL-Link Cleanups.
- Managing a SET Button and LED.

The SmartLabs Powerline Modem (PLM)

The SmartLabs Powerline Modem (PLM) is an INSTEON-to-Serial Bridge module that plugs into a power outlet and also has a serial port that you connect to your PC (an Ethernet interface is under development). It uses an IN2680A Powerline Modem chip that offers a simple set of ASCII IM Serial Commands₁₁ for interacting with INSTEON devices.

The PLM uses a daughter board to implement serial communications with the host. Daughter boards interface to the PLM's main board via an 8-pin connector using TTLlevel serial communications. PLMs with RS232 daughter boards are currently available, with USB and Ethernet versions under development.

You may communicate to an RS232 PLM via USB by using a USB-to-Serial adapter. SmartLabs has found that Keyspan brand adapters, models USA-49WLC and USA-19HS, provide excellent protocol translation and PLM compatibility.

If you wish, you may create a custom daughter board that fits within a PLM module. You can find hardware reference designs for such custom devices in the Hardware Reference₅₂ section below. To support custom daughter boards, SmartLabs offers a special version of the PLM with the following features:

- Uses the same case as the current PLM/PLC modules.
- Has no labeling on the front cover or rear UL label.
- Does not have UL approval.
- Does not include a daughter board.
- Includes the plastic insert for a RJ-45 jack or a blank cover.
- Uses PLM firmware with auto EEPROM detection. When no external EEPROM is detected, the PLM is limited to 31 ALL-Links.

Comparing the Powerline Modem (PLM) to the PowerLinc Controller (PLC)

The SmartLabs PowerLinc controller (PLC) module runs a downloadable SALad application that implements an interface between a host device and an INSTEON network on the powerline. SALad is a language developed specially for the PLC and other SALad-enabled INSTEON devices. If desired, the SALad application can be designed to run in standalone mode without any connection to a host.



Unlike the PLC, a PLM cannot operate in standalone mode because it cannot run application programs by itself. External applications designed to work with a PLC, such as SmartLabs Device Manager (SDM), will not work with a PLM.

In summary, these are the main differences between the PLC and the PLM:

- The PLM has a simplified command set compared to the PLC.
- The PLM does not support SmartLabs Device Manager (SDM) running on a host computer.
- The PLC runs a downloadable SALad application, such as the SALad *coreApp* program, but the PLM cannot run applications of any kind. An embedded host on a daughter card or else an always-on external host must be available full time to run applications and manage the PLM.
- The PLM does not have an internal realtime clock.
- If fewer than 32 ALL-Links need to be supported, the PLM can run without external EEPROM. The PLC must have external EEPROM to store a downloadable SALad program.



Other Documents Included by Reference

This INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide contains information abstracted from the comprehensive INSTEON Developer's Guide, 2nd Edition.

Although the full INSTEON Developer's Guide is largely self-contained, there are aspects of INSTEON technology, such as listings of INSTEON Commands, INSTEON Device Categories, and INSTEON Product Keys, that require continuous updating as developers create new INSTEON products. Accordingly, SmartLabs maintains separate documents for that kind of information.

All of the documents listed in this section are available for downloading at www.insteon.net.

INSTEON Developer's Guide

The book-length INSTEON Developer's Guide, 2nd Edition is the primary source for the information contained in this (much shorter) INSTEON Modem Developer's Guide. Some links in this document refer to information found there. Developers who purchase an INSTEON Software Developer's Kit may download the INSTEON Developer's Guide from www.insteon.net.

INSTEON Conformance Specification

The INSTEON Conformance Specification identifies those aspects of INSTEON that assure interoperability with other INSTEON products. The Conformance Spec assumes that readers have already gained familiarity with INSTEON technology by reading the INSTEON Developer's Guide.

INSTEON Command Tables Document

The current tables of INSTEON Commands are contained in a separate document titled INSTEON Command Tables, which is integral to both the INSTEON Conformance Specification and the INSTEON Developer's Guide.

The filename for that document is INSTEON Command Tables yyyymmddx.doc, where yyyy is the year, mm is the month, dd is the day, and x is a daily version letter beginning with a. Be sure to refer to the document with the latest date.

INSTEON Device Categories and Product **Keys Document**

The current table of INSTEON Device Categories (DevCats), Subcategories (SubCats), and INSTEON Product Keys (IPKs) is contained in a separate document titled INSTEON Device Categories and Product Keys, which is also integral to both the INSTEON Conformance Specification and the INSTEON Developer's Guide.

The filename for that document is INSTEON DevCats and Product Keys yyyymmdx.doc, where yyyy is the year, mm is the month, dd is the day, and x is a daily version letter beginning with a. Be sure to refer to the document with the latest date.

INSTEON Modem Spec Sheets

Developers will find the latest specifications for INSTEON modem ICs at www.insteon.net.

IN2680A INSTEON Direct Powerline Modem Interface

The IN2680A is a one-chip solution that uses the simple ASCII serial interface documented here (see $\underline{\textit{IM Serial Commands}}_{11}$) to connect a host device or system to an INSTEON network via the powerline.

IN2682A INSTEON Direct RF Modem Interface

The IN2682A is similar to the IN2680A Powerline Modem except that it connects to an INSTEON network via radio.



INSTEON MODEM REFERENCE

Software Reference

INSTEON Modem (IM) chips and the SmartLabs PowerLine Modem™ (PLM) module offer developers a simple, robust interface to an INSTEON network. There are currently two kinds of IM chip, the IN2680A INSTEON Direct Powerline Modem *Interface*₅ and the *IN2682A INSTEON Direct RF Modem Interface*₅. A BiPHY[™] Modem that interfaces to both the powerline and radio is under development.

INSTEON Modems provide a simpler interface to many of the low-level IBIOS Serial Commands implemented in the SmartLabs PowerLinc Controller™ (PLC) described in the INSTEON Developer's Guide, but they also handle ALL-Linking, ALL-Link Database management, ALL-Link Cleanup messages, X10 powerline interfacing, and message acknowledgement. The RS232 serial interface to the host is similar to that of the PLC.

In This Section

IM Serial Communication Protocol and Settings7

Describes the serial communication protocol, the port settings for an RS232 link, and a recommended terminal program.

IM Power-up and Reset States₁₀

Explains what happens when you power up the IM or reset it.

IM Serial Commands₁₁

Lists the IM Serial Commands and describes what they do, in a single table and individual charts grouped by functionality.



IM Serial Communication Protocol and Settings

In This Section

IM Serial Communication Protocol₈

Gives the protocol for communicating serially with an INSTEON Modem.

IM RS232 Port Settings₈

Shows how to set up your PC's COM (RS232) port to talk to an INSTEON Modem.

How to Quickly Start Communicating with an IM9

Gives a recommendation for a terminal program for communicating with an INSTEON Modem.

N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 8

IM Serial Communication Protocol

All INSTEON Modem (IM) Serial Commands start with ASCII 0x02 (STX, Start-of-Text) followed by the Serial Command Number (see IM Serial Commands 11). What data follows the Command depends on the Command syntax (see IM Serial <u>Command Summary Table₁₂ and <u>IM Serial Command Charts</u>₁₆).</u>

When you send a message to the IM, it will respond with an echo of the 0x02 and the IM Command Number followed by any data that the Command returns (often just an echo of what you sent to it). The last byte it sends back will be ASCII 0x06 (ACK, Acknowledge).

(S: and R: denote serial data you Send to or Receive from the IM, respectively.)

S:	0x02 <command number=""/> <parameters></parameters>
R:	0x02 <command number=""/> <any data="" returned=""> 0x06 (ACK)</any>

If the IM is not ready, it will respond with an echo of the 0×02 and the IM Command Number followed by ASCII 0x15 (NAK, Negative Acknowledge).

S:	0x02 <command number=""/> <parameters></parameters>
R:	0x15 (NAK)

If you receive 0x15 (NAK), resend your Serial Command.

IM RS232 Port Settings

To communicate to an RS232 IM, set your PC's COM port as follows:

Setting	Value
Baud Rate	19,200
Data Bits	8
Parity	N
Stop Bits	1
Hardware Flow Control	None
Software Flow Control	IM echoes bytes received from host

The IM buffers IM Commands as it receives them, so you can send a complete IM Command without pause. To maintain compatibility with earlier IM versions, the IM will echo each byte that it receives (earlier versions of the IM used byte echoing for flow control). You can now ignore the byte echos, but in order to avoid overrunning the IM's receive buffer, you must wait for the IM to send its response to your current IM Command before sending a new one.

Note that there is a maximum time between IM Command bytes that you send to the IM. If you do not send the next expected byte of an IM Command within 240 milliseconds after sending the previous one, the IM will reset its message parser and you will have to resend the message from the beginning. You can disable this Deadman feature by setting a configuration bit (see <u>Set IM Configuration</u>₄₄ below).

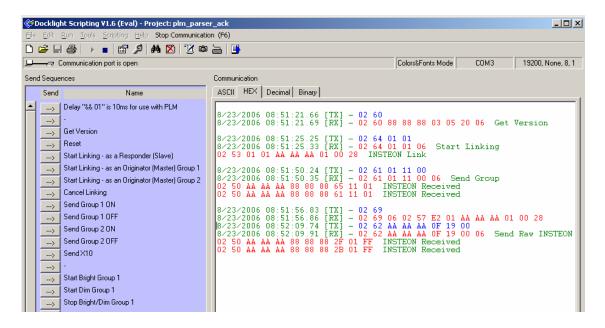
There is no flow control when the IM sends data *to* the host—the IM will transfer data to the host as fast as it can send it.

How to Quickly Start Communicating with an IM

No matter how your application intends to use the IM, it is important to gain a basic understanding of how it operates. SmartLabs suggests that developers use a terminal communications program and a serial connection to an IM to get started.

While there are many terminal programs for computers, SmartLabs has found good results with Docklight Scripting. An evaluation copy may be downloaded from http://www.docklight.de/.

Docklight Scripting allows you to set up test macros and label received <u>IM Serial</u> <u>Commands</u>₁₁ for easy identification, as suggested in the following screenshot:





IM Power-up and Reset States

This section describes the <u>IM Power-up Behavior_10</u> and the <u>IM Factory Reset State_10</u>.

IM Power-up Behavior

The table below shows the state of the IM when it powers up. Holding down the SET Button while powering up will cause a factory reset.

LED Indication	Meaning
LED on steadily	The IM detected an external EEPROM (up to 32 KB) for storage of database links.
LED blinks six times	The IM did not detect an external EEPROM, so it will use the internal EEPROM in the processor chip. A maximum of 31 ALL-Links are permitted. An attempt to add a 32^{nd} ALL-Link will result in the 31^{st} being erased.
LED off	The user pressed and held the IM's SET button for 10 seconds while powering up, causing the IM to perform a factory reset and go into the <u>IM Factory Reset</u> <u>State_10</u> . At the conclusion of the reset, the IM's LED will give one of the two indications above. You will also receive a <u>User Reset Detected_42</u> message from the IM.

IM Factory Reset State

Resetting the IM to its factory default condition by holding down the SET Button for ten seconds while powering it up or by sending it a Reset the IM41 Command puts it into the following state:

IM Resource	Factory Reset State
ALL-Link Database	Erased (set to all zeros).
Host Device Category, Device Subcategory, Firmware Version	Set to the original DevCat (0x03), SubCat (0x05), and firmware version hard-coded into the IM's firmware at the factory.
IM Configuration Flags	Cleared (set to all zeros).

N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 11

IM Serial Commands

The IM Serial Command set is a simple but complete interface between a host application and an INSTEON network. For example, a microcontroller in a thermostat could use an INSTEON Powerline Modem to send and receive messages to other INSTEON or X10 devices on the home's powerline.

In this section, the IM Serial Commands are presented twice, once as a summary table, and again as a series of charts grouped by functionality.

In This Section

IM Serial Command Summary Table₁₂

Describes all of the IM Serial Commands in table form ordered by Command Number.

IM Serial Command Charts₁₆

Describes all of the IM Serial Commands using individual charts for each Command, grouped by functionality.



N S T E 😊 N | Modem Developer's Guide Page 12

IM Serial Command Summary Table

This table lists all of the Modem Serial Commands supported by INSTEON powerline or RF modem chips.

Code

Gives the hexadecimal number of the IM Serial Command. Note that IM Commands sent by an IM to the host begin at 0x50 and IM Commands sent by the host to an IM begin at **0x60**.

Command

Gives the name of the IM Serial Command as a link to the complete explanation of the Command in the *IM Serial Command Charts*₁₆.

Format

Gives the syntax of the IM Serial Command, including any parameters.

S: and R: denote serial data you Send to or Receive from the IM, respectively. See *IM Serial Communication Protocol*₈ for more information.

All IM Serial Commands start with ASCII 0x02 (STX, Start-of-Text) followed by the Serial Command Number.

All fields in this table contain only one byte, except as noted.

INSTEON Modem Serial Commands			
	Commands Sent from an IM to the Host		
Code	Command	Format	
0x50	INSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀	R: 0x02 0x50 <insteon (9="" bytes)="" message="" standard=""></insteon>	
0x51	INSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁	R: 0x02 0x51 <insteon (23="" bytes)="" extended="" message=""></insteon>	
0x52	X10 Received ₂₇	R: 0x02 0x52 <raw x10=""> <x10 flag=""></x10></raw>	
0x53	ALL-Linking Completed ₃₄	R: 0x02 0x53 <0x00 (IM is Responder) 0x01 (IM is Controller 0xFF Link Deleted)> <all-link group=""> <id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""> <device category=""> <device subcategory=""> <0xFF Firmware Revision></device></device></id></id></id></all-link>	
0x54	Button Event Report ₄₉	R: 0x02 0x54 <0x02> IM's SET Button tapped R: 0x02 0x54 <0x03> IM's SET Button held R: 0x02 0x54 <0x04> IM's SET Button released after hold R: 0x02 0x54 <0x12> IM's Button 2 tapped R: 0x02 0x54 <0x13> IM's Button 2 held R: 0x02 0x54 <0x14> IM's Button 2 released after hold R: 0x02 0x54 <0x14> IM's Button 3 tapped	



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 13

INSTEON Modem Serial Commands		
Commands Sent from an IM to the Host		
Code	Command	Format
		R: 0x02 0x54 <0x23> IM's Button 3 held
		R: 0x02 0x54 <0x24>
		IM's Button 3 released after hold
0x55	User Reset Detected ₄₂	R: 0x02 0x55
		User pushed and held IM's SET Button on power up
0x56	ALL-Link Cleanup Failure	R : 0x02 0x56 <0x01>
	Report ₃₀	<all-link group=""></all-link>
		<id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""></id></id></id>
0x57	ALL-Link Record Response ₃₈	R: 0x02 0x57
	Kesponse ₃₈	<all-link flags="" record=""> <all-link group=""></all-link></all-link>
		<id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""></id></id></id>
		<link 1="" data=""/> <link 2="" data=""/> <link 3="" data=""/>
0x58	ALL-Link Cleanup Status	R : 0x02 0x58 < 0x06>
	Report ₃₁	ALL-Link Cleanup sequence completed
		R : 0x02 0x58 <0x15>
		ALL-Link Cleanup sequence aborted due to INSTEON traffic
	Co	ommands Sent from the Host to an IM
0x60	Get IM Info ₄₆	S: 0x02 0x60
		R: 0x02 0x60
		<id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""></id></id></id>
		<device category=""> <device subcategory=""> < Firmware Revision> <0x06></device></device>
0x61	Send ALL-Link	S: 0x02 0x61
OXO.	Command ₂₈	<all-link group=""></all-link>
		<all-link command=""></all-link>
		<0xFF 0x00>
		R: 0x02 0x61
		<all-link group=""></all-link>
		<all-link command=""></all-link>
		<0xFF 0x00> <0x06>
0x62	Send INSTEON Standard	S: 0x02 0x62
0.02	or Extended Message ₁₇	INSTEON Standard message (6 bytes, excludes From Address)
		INSTEON Extended message (20 bytes, excludes From Address)>
		R: 0x02 0x62
		<insteon (6="" address)="" bytes,="" excludes="" from="" message="" standard="" th="" <=""></insteon>
		INSTEON Extended message (20 bytes, excludes <i>From Address</i>)>
012	Cand V10	<0x06>
0x63	Send X10 ₂₆	S: 0x02 0x63
		<raw x10=""> <x10 flag=""> R: 0x02 0x63</x10></raw>
		<pre><r: 0x02="" 0x03="" <raw="" x10=""> <x10 flag=""></x10></r:></pre>
		<0x06>
0x64	Start ALL-Linking ₃₂	S: 0x02 0x64
		<0x00 (IM is Responder) 0x01 (IM is Controller)
		0x03 (IM is either) 0xFF (Link Deleted)>
		<all-link group=""></all-link>



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 14

	INSTEON Modem Serial Commands		
	Commands Sent from an IM to the Host		
Code	Command	Format	
		R: 0x02 0x64 <0x00 (IM is Responder) 0x01 (IM is Controller) 0x03 (IM is either) 0xFF (Link Deleted)> <all-link group=""> <0x06></all-link>	
0x65	Cancel ALL-Linking ₃₃	S: 0x02 0x65 R: 0x02 0x65 <0x06>	
0x66	Set Host Device Category ₄₇	S: 0x02 0x66 <device category=""> <device subcategory=""> <0xFF Firmware Revision> R: 0x02 0x66 <device category=""> <device subcategory=""> <0xFF Firmware Revision> <0x06></device></device></device></device>	
0x67	Reset the IM ₄₁	S: 0x02 0x67 R: 0x02 0x67 <0x06>	
0x68	Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte ₂₃	S: 0x02 0x68 <command 2="" data=""/> R: 0x02 0x68 <command 2="" data=""/> <0x06>	
0x69	Get First ALL-Link Record ₃₅	S: 0x02 0x69 R: 0x02 0x69 <0x06>	
0x6A	Get Next ALL-Link Record ₃₆	S: 0x02 0x6A R: 0x02 0x6A <0x06>	
0x6B	Set IM Configuration ₄₄	S: 0x02 0x6B <im configuration="" flags=""> R: 0x02 0x6B <im configuration="" flags=""> <0x06></im></im>	
0x6C	Get ALL-Link Record for Sender ₃₇	S: 0x02 0x6C R: 0x02 0x6C <0x06>	
0x6D	LED On ₅₀	S: 0x02 0x6D R: 0x02 0x6D <0x06>	
0x6E	LED Off ₅₁	S: 0x02 0x6E R: 0x02 0x6E <0x06>	
0x6F	Manage ALL-Link Record ₃₉	S: 0x02 0x6F <control flags=""> <all-link flags="" record=""> <all-link group=""> <id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""> <link 1="" data=""/> <link 2="" data=""/> <link 3="" data=""/></id></id></id></all-link></all-link></control>	



INSTEUN Modem Developer's Guide Page 15

	INSTEON Modem Serial Commands		
	Commands Sent from an IM to the Host		
Code	Command	Format	
		R: 0x02 0x6F <control flags=""> <all-link flags="" record=""> <all-link group=""> <id byte="" high=""> <id byte="" middle=""> <id byte="" low=""> <link 1="" data=""/> <link 2="" data=""/> <link 3="" data=""/> <0x06></id></id></id></all-link></all-link></control>	
0x70	Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte ₂₅	S: 0x02 0x70 <command 2="" data=""/> R: 0x02 0x70 <command 2="" data=""/> <0x06>	
0x71	Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes ₂₄	S: 0x02 0x71 <command 1="" data=""/> <command 2="" data=""/> R: 0x02 0x71 <command 1="" data=""/> <command 2="" data=""/> <0x06>	
0x72	RF Sleep ₄₈	S: 0x02 0x72 R: 0x02 0x72 <0x06>	
0x73	Get IM Configuration ₄₃	S: 0x02 0x73 R: 0x02 0x73 <im configuration="" flags=""> <spare 1=""> <spare 2=""> <0x06></spare></spare></im>	

N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 16

IM Serial Command Charts

The following charts describe the IM Commands individually in a chart format, grouped by functionality. These are the same IM Commands as in the IM Serial <u>Command Summary Table</u>₁₂, which is ordered by Command Number.

Note that IM Commands sent by an IM to the host begin at 0x50 and IM Commands sent by the host to an IM begin at **0x60**. When the host sends an IM Command to an IM, the IM will respond with a message according to the IM Serial Communication Protocols.

In This Section

INSTEON Message Handling 17

Commands for sending and receiving INSTEON messages.

X10 Message Handling₂₆

Commands for sending and receiving X10 messages.

INSTEON ALL-Link Commands₂₈

Commands for sending ALL-Link Commands with automatic handling of ALL-Link Cleanup Commands.

ALL-Linking Session Management₃₂

Commands for creating ALL-Links between an IM and other INSTEON devices.

ALL-Link Database Management₃₅

Commands for managing ALL-Link Records in the IM's ALL-Link Database.

IM Status Management₄₁

Commands for resetting and configuring the IM.

IM Input/Output₄₉

Commands for managing the IM's SET Button and LED.

INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 17

INSTEON Message Handling

Send INSTEON Standard or Extended Message

This Command lets you send either a Standard-length or an Extended-length INSTEON message, depending only on what kind of INSTEON message you include in the body of the Command.

Send INSTEON Standard-length Message

	Sen	nd INSTEON Standard-length Message (0x62)
What i	it does	Allows you to send a raw Standard-length INSTEON message.
What you send 8 bytes.		8 bytes.
What	you'll get	9 bytes.
LED in	dication	None.
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀
		IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁
		Command Sent from Host to IM
Byte	Value	Meaning
1	0x02	Start of IM Command
2	0x62	IM Command Number
3	<to address="" hig<="" td=""><td>gh> The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.</td></to>	gh> The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.
4	<to address="" mi<="" td=""><td>ddle> The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.</td></to>	ddle> The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.
5	<to address="" low<="" td=""><td>The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.</td></to>	The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.
6	<message flags<="" td=""><td>The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops. Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 0</td></message>	The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops. Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 0
7	<command 1=""/>	INSTEON Command 1 for the addressee to execute
8	<command 2=""/>	INSTEON Command 2 for the addressee to execute
		Message Returned by IM to Host
Byte	Value	Meaning
1	0x02	Echoed Start of IM Command
2	0x62	Echoed IM Command Number
3	<to address="" hig<="" td=""><td>gh> Echoed <to address="" high=""></to></td></to>	gh> Echoed <to address="" high=""></to>
4	<to address="" mi<="" td=""><td>ddle> Echoed <to address="" middle=""></to></td></to>	ddle> Echoed <to address="" middle=""></to>
5	<to address="" lov<="" td=""><td>w> Echoed <to address="" low=""></to></td></to>	w> Echoed <to address="" low=""></to>
6	<message flags<="" td=""><td>Echoed <message flags=""> Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 0</message></td></message>	Echoed <message flags=""> Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 0</message>
7	<command 1=""/>	Echoed <command 1=""/>
8	<command 2=""/>	Echoed <command 2=""/>
9	<ack nak=""></ack>	0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred
		Notes
The From		required because the IM will automatically insert its own INSTEON ID into the

For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current INSTEON Command Tables Document₄ from www.insteon.net.



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 18

Send INSTEON Extended-length Message

	Send	INSTEON Extended-length Message (0x62)
What	it does	Allows you to send a raw Extended-length INSTEON message.
What	you send	22 bytes.
	_	23 bytes.
LED in	ndication	None.
Relate		IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀
		IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁
		Command Sent from Host to IM
Byte	Value	Meaning
1	0x02	Start of IM Command
2	0x62	IM Command Number
3	<to address="" high:<="" td=""><td>> The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.</td></to>	> The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee.
4	<to address="" midd<="" td=""><td></td></to>	
5	<to address="" low=""></to>	
6	<message flags=""></message>	The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops.
		Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 1
7	<command 1=""/>	INSTEON Command 1 for the addressee to execute
8	<command 2=""/>	INSTEON Command 2 for the addressee to execute
9	<user 1="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
10	<user 2="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
11	<user 3="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
12	<user 4="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
13	<user 5="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
14	<user 6="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
15	<user 7="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
16	<user 8="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
17	<user 9="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
18	<user 10="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
19	<user 11="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
20	<user 12="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
21	<user 13="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
22	<user 14="" data=""></user>	Extended message data
		Message Returned by IM to Host
Byte	Value	Meaning
1	0x02	Echoed Start of IM Command
2	0x62	Echoed IM Command Number
3	<to address="" high:<="" td=""><td>> Echoed <to address="" high=""></to></td></to>	> Echoed <to address="" high=""></to>
4	<to address="" midd<="" td=""><td></td></to>	
5	<to address="" low=""></to>	Echoed <to address="" low=""></to>
5	<message flags=""></message>	Echoed <message flags=""> Extended Message Flag (bit 4) is 1</message>
7	<command 1=""/>	Echoed <command 1=""/>
8	<command 2=""/>	Echoed <command 2=""/>
9	<user 1="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data
	<user 2="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data
	1 7 7 7	
10 11	<user 3="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data
10 11	<user 3="" data=""> <user 4="" data=""></user></user>	Echoed Extended message data Echoed Extended message data
10		Echoed Extended message data Echoed Extended message data Echoed Extended message data



	Send INSTEON Extended-length Message (0x62)			
15	<user 7="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
16	<user 8="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
17	<user 9="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
18	<user 10="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
19	<user 11="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
20	<user 12="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
21	<user 13="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
22	<user 14="" data=""></user>	Echoed Extended message data		
23	<ack nak=""></ack>	0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred		
	Notes			

Notes

The From Address is not required because the IM will automatically insert its own INSTEON ID into the message.

For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current INSTEON Command Tables Document₄ from www.insteon.net.



INSTEON Standard Message Received

	INSTEON Standard Message Received (0x50)				
What it does Informs		Informs y	ou of an incoming Standard-length INSTEON message.		
When you'll get this			d-length INSTEON message is received from either a Controller or r that you are ALL-Linked to.		
What	you'll get	11 bytes.			
LED in	dication	The LED v	vill blink during INSTEON reception.		
Relate	ed Commands		NSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁ (<u>10 Received₂₇</u>		
		Me	essage Sent from IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Start of IM Command		
2	0x50		IM Command Number		
3	<from address<="" td=""><td>high></td><td>The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	high>	The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
4	<from address<="" td=""><td>middle></td><td>The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	middle>	The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
5	<from address<="" td=""><td>low></td><td>The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	low>	The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
6	<to address="" hig<="" td=""><td>Jh></td><td>The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the Message Flags> byte are set) then this will be 0.</td></to>	Jh>	The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the Message Flags> byte are set) then this will be 0.		
7	<to address="" mi<="" td=""><td>ddle></td><td>The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the Message Flags> byte are set) then this will be 0.</td></to>	ddle>	The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the Message Flags> byte are set) then this will be 0.		
8	<to address="" low=""></to>		The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the <message flags=""> byte are set) then this will indicate the ALL-Link Group Number.</message>		
9	<message flags=""></message>		The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops.		
10	<command 1=""/>		INSTEON Command 1 field of the message.		
11	<command 2=""/>		INSTEON Command 2 field of the message. This byte contains the ALL-Link Group Number of the ALL-Link Broadcast when either bit 6 of the <message flags=""> byte is set (ALL-Link Cleanup) or bits 6 and 5 of the <message flags=""> byte are set (ALL-Link Cleanup ACK).</message></message>		

Notes

This is the same as IM 0x51 <u>INSTEON Extended Message Received</u>, except that there is no <User Data>. Normally, the IM will only send the host INSTEON messages that are explicitly addressed to the IM or that are from devices that the IM is ALL-Linked to. This behavior can be modified—see the <u>About Monitor Mode</u>₄₅ note in the <u>Set IM Configuration</u>₄₄ chart for more information.

For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current <u>INSTEON Command Tables Document</u>₄ from <u>www.insteon.net</u>.



INSTEUN Modem Developer's Guide Page 21

INSTEON Extended Message Received

	INSTEON Extended Message Received (0x51)				
What it does		Informs you of an incoming Extended-length INSTEON message.			
When you'll get this		An Extended-length INSTEON message is received from either a Controller or Responder that you are ALL-Linked to.			
What	you'll get	25 bytes.			
LED in	ndication	The LED v	will blink during INSTEON reception.		
Relate	ed Commands	_	NSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀		
		IM 0x52	K10 Received ₂₇		
		M	essage Sent from IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Start of IM Command		
2	0x51		IM Command Number		
3	<from address<="" td=""><td>high></td><td>The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	high>	The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
4	<from address<="" td=""><td>middle></td><td>The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	middle>	The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
5	<from address<="" td=""><td>low></td><td>The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.</td></from>	low>	The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message originator.		
6	<to address="" hig<="" td=""><td>ıh></td><td>The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the <message flags=""> byte are set) then this will be 0.</message></td></to>	ıh>	The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the <message flags=""> byte are set) then this will be 0.</message>		
7	<to address="" middle=""></to>		The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the <message flags=""> byte are set) then this will be 0.</message>		
8	<to address="" low=""></to>		The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the message addressee. If the message is an ALL-Link Broadcast (bits 7 and 6 of the <message flags=""> byte are set) then this will indicate the ALL-Link Group Number.</message>		
9	<message flags<="" td=""><td>></td><td>The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops.</td></message>	>	The INSTEON message flags indicating message type and hops.		
10	<command 1=""/>		INSTEON Command 1 field of the message.		
11	<command 2=""/>		INSTEON Command 2 field of the message. This byte contains the ALL-Link Group Number of the ALL-Link Broadcast when either bit 6 of the <message flags=""> byte is set (ALL-Link Cleanup) or bits 6 and 5 of the <message flags=""> byte are set (ALL-Link Cleanup ACK).</message></message>		
12	<user 1="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
13	<user 2="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
14	<user 3="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
15	<user 4="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
16	<user 5="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
17	<user 6="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
18	<user 7="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
19	<user 8="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
20	<user 9="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
21	<user 10="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
22	<user 11="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
23	<user 12="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
24	<user 13="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		
25	<user 14="" data=""></user>		Extended message data		



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 22

INSTEON Extended Message Received (0x51)

Notes

This is the same as IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received₂₀, except that there are 14 bytes of

Normally, the IM will only send the host INSTEON messages that are explicitly addressed to the IM or that are from devices that the IM is ALL-Linked to. This behavior can be modified—see the About Monitor $\underline{\textit{Mode}}_{45}$ note in the $\underline{\textit{Set IM Configuration}}_{44}$ chart for more information.

For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current INSTEON Command Tables Document₄ from www.insteon.net.



Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte

this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.							
ACK message that the INSTEON Engine automatically sends after it receives an INSTEON Direct message. What you'll get 4 bytes. LED indication None. Related Commands IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received20 IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received21 IM 0x71 Set INSTEON Extended Message Received21 IM 0x71 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes24 IM 0x70 Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte25 Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed Command 2 Data> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>		Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte (0x68)					
What you'll get 4 bytes. LED indication None. Related Commands IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received₂₀ IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received₂₁ IM 0x71 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes₂₄ IM 0x70 Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte₂₅ Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed Start of IM Command 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed Start of IM Command 4 ○ 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 ○ 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 ○ 0x68 Echoed IM Command 2 Data> 4 ○ 0x68 Echoed Start of IM Executed the Command Correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.	ACK		ACK mess	age that the INSTEON Engine automatically sends after it receives an			
None	What	you send	3 bytes.				
Related Commands IM 0x50 INSTEON Standard Message Received20 IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received21 IM 0x71 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes24 IM 0x70 Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte25 Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Wessage Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>	What	you'll get	4 bytes.				
IM 0x51 INSTEON Extended Message Received21 IM 0x71 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes24 IM 0x70 Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte25 Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed IM Command 4 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 5 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 6 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.	LED in	dication	None.				
IM 0x71 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes24 IM 0x70 Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte25 Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed Start of IM Command 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>	Relate	d Commands	IM 0x50 <u>II</u>	NSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀			
Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Wessage Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed Start of IM Command 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed Start of IM Command 4 COmmand 2 Data> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 CACK/NAK> Ox06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.							
Command Sent from Host to IM Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>							
Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Wessage Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>			IM 0x70 <u>S</u>	et INSTEON NAK Message Byte ₂₅			
1 0x02 Start of IM Command 2 0x68 IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response. Message Returned by IM to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>		Command Sent from Host to IM					
2	Byte	Value		Meaning			
3	1	0x02		Start of IM Command			
Message Returned by I M to Host Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>	2	0x68		IM Command Number			
Byte Value Meaning 1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>	3	<command 2="" data=""/>		Data byte to place into the Command 2 field of the ACK response.			
1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM Command 2 0x68 Echoed IM Command Number 3 <command 2="" data=""/> Echoed <command 2="" data=""/> 4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>		Message Returned by IM to Host					
2	Byte	Value		Meaning			
3	1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command			
4 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.</ack>	2	0x68		Echoed IM Command Number			
Ox15 (NAK) if an error occurred. Notes You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.	3	<command 2="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Echoed <command 2="" data=""/></td>	ata>	Echoed <command 2="" data=""/>			
You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.	4	<ack nak=""></ack>					
this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.		Notes					
	Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.						

Use <u>Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes₂₄</u> when you need to return two bytes of data in an ACK message.

Use <u>Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte</u>25 when you need to return one byte of data in a NAK message.

Certain INSTEON Direct Commands require returned data in the Acknowledgement message. For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current <u>INSTEON</u> <u>Command Tables Document</u>, from <u>www.insteon.net</u>.



Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes

	Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes (0x71)				
Com		Command	ows you to put two bytes of data into the combined <i>Command 1</i> and <i>mmand 2</i> fields of the INSTEON ACK message that the INSTEON Engine comatically sends after it receives an INSTEON Direct message.		
What	you send	4 bytes.			
What	you'll get	5 bytes.			
LED in	dication	None.			
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x50 I	NSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀		
		IM 0x51 <u>I</u>	NSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁		
		_	et INSTEON ACK Message Byte ₂₃		
		IM 0x70 S	et INSTEON NAK Message Byte ₂₅		
	Command Sent from Host to IM				
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Start of IM Command		
2	0x71		IM Command Number		
3	<command 1="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Data byte to place into the Command 1 field 2 of the ACK response.</td>	ata>	Data byte to place into the Command 1 field 2 of the ACK response.		
4	<command 2="" data=""/>		Data byte to place into the Command 2 field 2 of the ACK response.		
		Mes	sage Returned by IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command		
2	0x71		Echoed IM Command Number		
3	<command 1="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Echoed <command 1="" data=""/></td>	ata>	Echoed <command 1="" data=""/>		
4	<command 2="" data=""/>		Echoed <command 2="" data=""/>		
5	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly.		
			0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred.		
	Notes				
this Co	You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.				

Use <u>Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte</u>₂₃ when you only need to return one byte of data in an ACK message.

Use <u>Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte</u>₂₅ when you need to return one byte of data in a NAK message.

Certain INSTEON Direct Commands require returned data in the Acknowledgement message. For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current <u>INSTEON Command Tables Document</u>, from <u>www.insteon.net</u>.



Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte

Set INSTEON NAK Message Byte (0x70)				
automatic			to change the INSTEON ACK message that the INSTEON Engine lly sends after it receives an INSTEON Direct message into a NAK and to put one byte of data into the <i>Command 2</i> field of that	
What	you send	3 bytes.		
What	you'll get	4 bytes.		
LED in	dication	None.		
IM 0x51 IM 0x68		IM 0x51 <u>IN</u> IM 0x68 <u>Se</u>	50 INSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀ 51 INSTEON Extended Message Received ₂₁ 68 Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte ₂₃ 70 Set INSTEON ACK Message Two Bytes ₂₄	
		Com	nmand Sent from Host to IM	
Byte	Value		Meaning	
1	0x02		Start of IM Command	
2	0x70		IM Command Number	
3	<command 2="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Data byte to place into the <i>Command 2</i> field of the ACK response.</td>	ata>	Data byte to place into the <i>Command 2</i> field of the ACK response.	
		Mess	sage Returned by IM to Host	
Byte	Value		Meaning	
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command	
2	0x70		Echoed IM Command Number	
3	<command 2="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Echoed <command 2="" data=""/></td>	ata>	Echoed <command 2="" data=""/>	
4	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred.	
	Notes			

Notes

You have only about 15 milliseconds after the receipt of an INSTEON Direct message from the IM to send this Command to the IM. The reason is that the INSTEON Engine in the IM automatically sends Acknowledgement messages in assigned timeslots.

Use Set INSTEON ACK Message Byte23 or Set INSTEON ACK Message Two ByteS24 when you need to return one or two bytes of data in an ACK message.

NAK messages report certain error conditions in a receiving device. See NAK Error Codes in the INSTEON <u>Developer's Guide</u>₄ for more information.



INSTEUN Modem Developer's Guide Page 26

X10 Message Handling

Send X10

			Send X10 (0x63)				
What	What it does Allows you		ı to send a raw X10 Address o	or X10 Command.			
What	What you send 4 bytes.						
What	you'll get	5 bytes.					
LED in	dication	None.					
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x52 X	10 Received ₂₇				
	Command Sent from Host to IM						
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Start of IM Command				
2	0x63		IM Command Number				
3	<raw x10=""></raw>		The four most significant bit The four least significant bit	s contain the X10 House Code. s contain the X10 Key Code.			
4	<x10 flag=""></x10>		0x00 indicates that the X10	Key Code is an X10 Unit Code.			
			0x80 indicates that the X10	Key Code is an X10 Command.			
		Mes	sage Returned by IM	to Host			
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Comman	d			
2	0x63		Echoed IM Command Numb	er			
3	<raw x10=""></raw>		Echoed <raw x10=""></raw>				
4	<x10 flag=""></x10>		Echoed <x10 flag=""></x10>				
5	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred				
			X10 Translation Tak	ole			
	4 MSBs of <ra< th=""><th>w X10></th><th>4 LSI</th><th>Bs of <raw x10=""></raw></th></ra<>	w X10>	4 LSI	Bs of <raw x10=""></raw>			
4-bit Code	X10 House Cod	de	X10 Unit Code <x10 flag=""> = 0x00</x10>	X10 Command <x10 flag=""> = 0x80</x10>			
0x6	Α		1	All Lights Off			
0xE	В		2	Status = Off			
0x2	С		3	On			
0xA	D		4	Preset Dim			
0x1	Е		5	All Lights On			
0x9	F		6	Hail Acknowledge			
0x5	G		7	Bright			
0xD	Н		8	Status = On			
0x7	I		9	Extended Code			
0xF	J		10	Status Request			
0x3	К		11	Off			
0xB	L		12	Preset Dim			
0x0	М		13	All Units Off			
0x8	N		14	Hail Request			
0x4	0		15	Dim			
0xC	Р		16	Extended Data (analog)			



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 27

X10 Received

	io Received					
	X10 Received (0x52)					
What it does Informs yo		Informs yo	ou of an X10 byte detected on the powerline.			
When	-		raffic is detected on the powerline.			
What	you'll get	4 bytes.				
LED in	dication	The LED w	vill blink during X10 reception.			
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x63 S				
			NSTEON Standard Message Receive			
		IM 0x51 <u>I</u>	NSTEON Extended Message Receive	<u>ed</u> ₂₁		
		Me	essage Sent from IM to Ho	ost		
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02		Start of IM Command			
2	0x52		IM Command Number			
3	<raw x10=""></raw>		The four most significant bits cont			
			The four least significant bits cont			
4	<x10 flag=""></x10>		0x00 indicates that the X10 Key (
			0x80 indicates that the X10 Key C	Loue is an ATO Command.		
			X10 Translation Table			
	4 MSBs of <ra< th=""><th><raw x10=""></raw></th></ra<>	<raw x10=""></raw>				
4-bit	X10 House Code		X10 Unit Code	X10 Command		
Code			<x10 flag=""> = 0x00</x10>	<x10 flag=""> = 0x80</x10>		
0x6	Α		1	All Lights Off		
0xE	В		2	Status = Off		
0x2	С		3	On		
0xA	D		4	Preset Dim		
0x1	E		5	All Lights On		
0x9	F		6	Hail Acknowledge		
0x5	G		7	Bright		
0xD	Н		8	Status = On		
0x7	I		9	Extended Code		
0xF	OxF J		10	Status Request		
0x3	K		11	Off		
0xB	L		12	Preset Dim		
0x0	М		13	All Units Off		
0x8	N		14	Hail Request		
0x4	0		15	Dim		
0xC	Р		16	Extended Data (analog)		



N S T E U N Modem Developer's Guide Page 28

INSTEON ALL-Link Commands

Send ALL-Link Command

	Send ALL-Link Command (0x61)				
			ALL-Link Command to an ALL-Link Group of one or more Responders Y is ALL-Linked to.		
\//bat \	vou cond	5 bytes.	VIS ALL-LIIIKed to.		
-	you send		who cake of the Command and then an additional 11 hyter in an		
wnat	What you'll get		6 bytes for the echo of the Command and then an additional 11 bytes in an INSTEON Standard Message Received ₂₀ message for each device in the group that acknowledges ALL-Link Cleanup, or 7 bytes in an		

The IM automatically sends ALL-Link Cleanup messages to each member of an ALL-Link Group following an ALL-Link Broadcast message. If the IM detects other INSTEON traffic during this process, it will abort the ALL-Link Cleanup sequence and send you an ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report31 with a Status Byte of 0x15 (NAK). The Cleanup sequence proceeds in the order in which the devices in the ALL-Link Group were added to the ALL-Link Database. If the IM finishes sending all of the Cleanup messages, it will send you an ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report with a Status Byte of 0x06 (ACK).

For each ALL-Link Cleanup message that the IM sends, you will either receive an INSTEON Standard Message Received on when the Responder answers with a Cleanup acknowledgement message, or else you will receive an ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report30 if the Responder fails to answer with a Cleanup acknowledgement message. The IM will send you an ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report31 whether or not every ALL-Link Group member acknowledges the Cleanup Command that the IM sends to it.

You can cause the IM to cancel its own Cleanup sequence by sending it a new Send ALL-Link Command₂₈ or <u>Send INSTEON Standard or Extended Message</u>₁₇ during the time that it is sending a Cleanup sequence (i.e. after it has finished sending an ALL-Link Broadcast message). The IM will send you an ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report₃₁ in those cases.

The IM first sends an ALL-Link Broadcast message with Max Hops set to 3. When it sends the ensuing ALL-Link Cleanup messages, it sets Max Hops to 1. If the IM's INSTEON Engine needs to retry a Cleanup message, it will automatically increment Max Hops for each retry, up to a maximum of value of 3.



Send ALL-Link Command (0x61)

The IM sends the ALL-Link Broadcast message immediately if there is no other INSTEON traffic. If there is other INSTEON traffic, the IM will wait for one silent powerline zero crossing following a completed INSTEON message. The IM will send the first ALL-Link Cleanup message after a delay of 7 zero crossings. Subsequent Cleanups will go out with a delay of 2 zero crossings.

Do not use this command to control light levels with the *Light Start Manual Change* INSTEON Command **SA 0x17**. Use <u>Send INSTEON Standard-length Message</u>₁₇ to send INSTEON Command **SD 0x17** instead.

For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current INSTEON Command Tables Document₄ from www.insteon.net.



ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report

		ALL-Lin	k Cleanup Failure Report (0x56)	
What	it does	Reports th Cleanup Co	at an ALL-Link Group member did not acknowledge an ALL-Link ommand.	
When	you'll get this		nk Group member that you are trying to control did not acknowledge nk Cleanup Command sent by the IM.	
What	you'll get	7 bytes.		
LED in	ndication	None.		
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x58 A	LL-Link Cleanup Status Report ₃₁	
		Ме	essage Sent from IM to Host	
Byte	Value		Meaning	
1	0x02		Start of IM Command	
2	0x56		IM Command Number	
3	0x01		Indicates that this ALL-Link Group member did not acknowledge an ALL-Link Cleanup Command.	
4 <all-link group=""></all-link>		p>	Indicates the ALL-Link Group Number that was sent in the ALL-Link Cleanup Command.	
5	<id byte="" high=""></id>		The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that did not respond.	
6	<id byte="" middle=""></id>		The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that did not respond.	
7	<id byte="" low=""></id>		The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that did not respond.	

Notes

The IM automatically sends ALL-Link Cleanup messages to each member of an ALL-Link Group following an ALL-Link Broadcast message. If the IM detects other INSTEON traffic during this process, it will abort the ALL-Link Cleanup sequence. If the Cleanup sequence is aborted, you will not receive this message nor will you receive a Cleanup acknowldgement message for any subsequent devices in the ALL-Link Group. The Cleanup sequence proceeds in the order in which the devices in the ALL-Link Group were added to the ALL-Link Database.

For each ALL-Link Cleanup message the IM sends, you will either receive an <u>INSTEON Standard Message</u> <u>Received</u>₂₀ when the Responder sends you an ACK, or you will receive this message. However, it can take awhile before you receive this message. Worst case, if the IM has to wait for a clear line and then retries the Cleanup message for the maximum of five times, the wait will be 2.150 seconds after sending the ALL-Link Broadcast message, or 1.550 seconds after receiving the first Cleanup acknowledgement or this message. If the Cleanup sequence was aborted due to other INSTEON traffic, you will not get this message even then. However, you will receive <u>ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report</u>₃₁ with a <u>Status Byte</u> of 0x15 (NAK) indicating that the Cleanup sequence was aborted.

It is possible that this ALL-Link Group member did in fact properly receive the ALL-Link Broadcast message that preceded the ALL-Link Cleanup message.



ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report

ALL-Link Cleanup Status Report (0x58)					
What it does	Notifies you if a <u>Send ALL-Link Command</u> ₂₈ completed with all Cleanup messages sent, or else if Cleanups were interrupted due to other INSTEON traffic.				
When you'll get this	After you issue a <u>Send ALL-Link Command</u> ₂₈ and the IM finishes sending Cleanups to all members of the ALL-Link Group, or else when the Cleanup sequence is aborted due to other INSTEON traffic.				
What you'll get	3 bytes.				
LED indication	None.				
Related Commands	IM 0x61 <u>Send ALL-Link Command</u> ₂₈ IM 0x56 ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report ₃₀				
Message Sent from IM to Host					

Byte	Value	Meaning		
1	0x02	Start of IM Command		
2	0x58	IM Command Number		
3	<status byte=""></status>	<0x06> (ASCII ACK) The ALL-Link Command sequence initiated previously using <u>Send ALL-Link Command</u> ₂₈ completed. The IM first sent an ALL-Link Broadcast message, followed by ALL-Link Cleanup messages sent to all members of the specified ALL-Link Group. If any member of the ALL-Link Group does not return a Cleanup acknowledgement, you will receive an <u>ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report</u> ₃₀ from that member.		
		<0x15> (ASCII NAK) The ALL-Link Command sequence initiated previously using <u>Send ALL-Link Command</u> ₂₈ terminated before the IM sent ALL-Link Cleanup messages to all members of the specified ALL-Link Group. This is normal behavior when the IM detects INSTEON traffic from other devices.		

Notes

The IM automatically sends ALL-Link Cleanup messages to each member of an ALL-Link Group following an ALL-Link Broadcast message. If the IM detects other INSTEON traffic during this process, it will abort the ALL-Link Cleanup sequence and send you this message with a Status Byte of 0x15 (NAK). The Cleanup sequence proceeds in the order in which the devices in the ALL-Link Group were added to the ALL-Link Database. If the IM finishes sending all of the Cleanup messages, it will send you this message with a Status Byte of 0x06 (ACK).

For each ALL-Link Cleanup message that the IM sends, you will either receive an INSTEON Standard Message Received₂₀ when the Responder answers with a Cleanup acknowledgement message, or else you will receive an ALL-Link Cleanup Failure Report30 if the Responder fails to answer with a Cleanup acknowledgement message. The IM will send you this message whether or not every ALL-Link Group member acknowledges the Cleanup Command that the IM sends to it.

You can cause the IM to cancel its own Cleanup sequence by sending it a new Send ALL-Link Command₂₈ or Send INSTEON Standard or Extended Message₁₇ during the time that it is sending a Cleanup sequence (i.e. after it has finished sending an ALL-Link Broadcast message). The IM will send you this message in those cases.



INSTE UN Modem Developer's Guide Page 32

ALL-Linking Session Management

Start ALL-Linking

Start ALL-Linking (0x64)							
What it does Puts the If			M into AL	I into ALL-Linking mode without using the SET Button.			
What you send 4 byt		4 bytes.					
			for this Command response and then an additional 10 bytes in an <u>ALL-Completed</u> ₃₄ message once a successful ALL-Link has been established.				
		will blink continuously at a rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ second on and $\frac{1}{2}$ second off until ink is completed or canceled.					
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x53 A	ALL-Linking Completed ₃₄				
		IM 0x65 C	IM 0x65 Cancel ALL-Linking ₃₃				
Command Sent from Host to IM							
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Start of IM Command				
2	0x64		IM Command Number				
3	<link code=""/>		The type of ALL-Link to establish.				
			0x00	ALL-Links the IM as a Responder (slave).			
			0x01	ALL-Links the IM as a Controller (master).			
			0x03	ALL-Links the IM as a Controller when the IM initiates ALL- Linking, or as a Responder when another device initiates ALL-Linking.			
			0xFF	Deletes the ALL-Link.			
4	<all-link group=""></all-link>		The ALI	L-Link Group Number to be linked to or deleted.			
Message Returned by IM to Host							
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command				
2	0x64		Echoed IM Command Number				
3	<code></code>		Echoed <code></code>				
4	<all-link group=""></all-link>		Echoed <all-link group=""></all-link>				
5	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred				



Cancel ALL-Linking

	Cancel ALL-Linking (0x65)				
What it does		Cancels the ALL-Linking process that was started either by holding down the IM's SET Button or by sending a <u>Start ALL-Linking</u> ₃₂ Command to the IM.			
What	you send	2 bytes.			
What	you'll get	3 bytes.			
LED in	dication	The LED will stop blinking.			
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x64 Start ALL-Linking ₃₂			
		IM 0x54 Button Event Report ₄₉			
Command Sent from Host to IM					
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1	0x02	Start of IM Command			
2	0x65	IM Command Number			
Message Returned by IM to Host					
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1 0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command			
2	0x65	Echoed IM Command Number			
3 <ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred			



ALL-Linking Completed

	iking com					
	ALL-Linking Completed (0x53)					
What it does Informs yo		Informs y	ou of a successful ALL-Linking procedure.			
			n ALL-Linking procedure has been completed between the IM and either a Controller or Responder.			
What	you'll get	10 bytes.				
LED in	dication	None.				
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x64 S	Start ALL-Linking ₃₂			
		IM 0x65 C	Cancel ALL-Linking ₃₃			
		Me	essage Sent from IM to Host			
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02		Start of IM Command			
2	0x53		IM Command Number			
3	<link code=""/>		Indicates the type of link made. 0x00 means the IM is a Responder (slave) to this device 0x01 means the IM is a Controller (master) of this device 0xFF means the ALL-Link to the device was deleted If done manually (by pushing the SET Button) the Controller / Responder relationship between the IM and the device is determined automatically. You can assign the Controller / Responder relationship unconditionally by using the Start ALL-Linking ₃₂ Command.			
4	<all-link group=""></all-link>		Indicates the ALL-Link Group Number that was assigned to this link. If done manually (by pushing the SET Button) the ALL-Link Group Number is automatically assigned by the IM. You can assign ALL-Link Group Numbers unconditionally by using the Start ALL-Linking32 Command.			
5	<id byte="" high=""></id>		The high byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that was ALL-Linked.			
6	<id byte="" middle=""></id>		The middle byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that was ALL-Linked.			
7	<id byte="" low=""></id>		The low byte of the INSTEON ID of the device that was ALL-Linked.			
8	<device category=""></device>		The Device Category (DevCat) of the Responder device that was ALL-Linked. (Only valid when the IM is a Controller)			
9	<device subcategory=""></device>		The Device Subcategory (SubCat) of the Responder device that was ALL-Linked. (Only valid when the IM is a Controller)			
10	<0xFF Firmware Version>		0xFF for newer devices. For legacy devices this is the firmware version of the Responder device that was ALL-Linked. (Only valid when the IM is a Controller)			



ALL-Link Database Management

Get First ALL-Link Record

	Get First ALL-Link Record (0x69)				
What i	t does	Returns the first record in the IM's ALL-Link Database. The data will follow in an ALL-Link Record Response ₃₈ message.			
What	ou send	2 bytes.			
What	ou'll get	3 bytes.			
LED in	dication	None.			
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x57 ALL-Link Record Response ₃₈			
		IM 0x6A Get Next ALL-Link Record₃6			
		IM 0x6C Get ALL-Link Record for Sender ₃₇			
	Command Sent from Host to IM				
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1	0x02	Start of IM Command			
2	0x69	IM Command Number			
		Message Returned by IM to Host			
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1	0x02	Echoed Start of IM Command			
2	0x69	Echoed IM Command Number			
3	<ack nak=""></ack>	0x06 (ACK) if an ALL-Link Record Response ₃₈ follows			
		0x15 (NAK) if the database is empty.			
	Note				
	Use this to begin scanning the IM's ALL-Link Database. Follow up with <u>Get Next ALL-Link Record</u> ₃₆ Commands until you receive a NAK.				
In the	In the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ the ALL-Link Database will be cleared, so you will receive a NAK.				



Get Next ALL-Link Record

What it does Returns the next record in the II ALL-Link Record Response ₃₈ mes	1's ALL-Link Database. The data will follow in an			
	sage.			
What you send 2 bytes.				
What you'll get 3 bytes.				
LED indication None.				
Related Commands IM 0x57 ALL-Link Record Respon	1 <u>Se</u> ₃₈			
IM 0x69 Get First ALL-Link Reco	<u>rd</u> ₃₅			
IM 0x6C Get ALL-Link Record for	· <u>Sender</u> ₃₇			
Command Sent from Host to IM				
Byte Value Meaning				
1 0x02 Start of IM Comman	i			
2 Ox6A IM Command Number	r			
Message Returned I	by IM to Host			
Byte Value Meaning				
1 0x02 Echoed Start of IM C	ommand			
2 Ox6A Echoed IM Command	Number			
3 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if an <u>ALL</u></ack>	-Link Record Response ₃₈ follows			
0x15 (NAK) if there a	0x15 (NAK) if there are no more records.			
Note				
Use this to continue scanning the IM's ALL-Link Database until you receive a NAK. Begin the scan up with a <i>Get First ALL-Link Record</i> ₃₅ Command.				
In the IM Factory Reset State ₁₀ the ALL-Link Database will be cleared, so you will receive a NAK.				



Get ALL-Link Record for Sender

	Get ALL-Link Record for Sender (0x6C)				
What	it does	This gets the record from the IM's ALL-Link Database for the last INSTEON message received from an INSTEON device that is in the IM's ALL-Link Database. The data will follow in an <u>ALL-Link Record Response</u> ₃₈ message.			
What	you send	2 bytes.			
What	you'll get	3 bytes.			
LED in	dication	None.			
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x57 <u>ALL-Link Record Response</u> ₃₈			
		IM 0x69 Get First ALL-Link Record ₃₅			
		IM 0x6A Get Next ALL-Link Record ₃₆			
	Command Sent from Host to IM				
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1	0x02	Start of IM Command			
2	0x6C	IM Command Number			
		Message Returned by IM to Host			
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1	0x02	Echoed Start of IM Command			
2	0x6C	Echoed IM Command Number			
3	<ack nak=""></ack>	0x06 (ACK) if an <u>ALL-Link Record Response</u> ₃₈ follows			
		0x15 (NAK) if the last INSTEON message received had a <i>From Address</i> not in the IM's ALL-Link Database.			
Note					
If you send this after receiving an INSTEON message from an INSTEON device that is not in the IM's ALL- Link Database, you will receive a NAK in response.					
Sending a <u>Get Next ALL-Link Record</u> ₃₆ Command after this will return the ALL-Link Record that follows this					

one, but your actual position within the ALL-Link Database will be unknown (unless you are at the end).

In the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u>₁₀ the ALL-Link Database will be cleared, so you will receive a NAK.



ALL-Link Record Response

		ALL-	Link Record Response (0x57)		
What it does		Provides a	record from the IM's ALL-Link Database.		
When you'll get this		You get this when you have requested it, in response to a <u>Get First ALL-Link Record</u> ₃₅ a <u>Get Next ALL-Link Record</u> ₃₆ , or a <u>Get ALL-Link Record for Sender</u> ₃₇ Command.			
What	you'll get	10 bytes.			
LED in	dication	None.			
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x69 G	Get First ALL-Link Record ₃₅		
			Get Next ALL-Link Record ₃₆		
		IM 0x6C	Set ALL-Link Record for Sender ₃₇		
Me			essage Sent from IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Start of IM Command		
2	0x57		IM Command Number		
3	<all-link reco<="" td=""><td>rd Flags></td><td>ALL-Link Database control flags for this ALL-Link Record</td></all-link>	rd Flags>	ALL-Link Database control flags for this ALL-Link Record		
4	<all-link grou<="" td=""><td>p></td><td>ALL-Link Group Number for this ALL-Link Record</td></all-link>	p>	ALL-Link Group Number for this ALL-Link Record		
5	<id byte="" high=""></id>		INSTEON ID high byte for device ALL-Linked to		
6	6 <id byte="" middle=""></id>		INSTEON ID middle byte for device ALL-Linked to		
7	7 <id byte="" low=""></id>		INSTEON ID low byte for device ALL-Linked to		
8	<link 1="" data=""/>		Link Information (varies by device ALL-Linked to)		
9	<link 2="" data=""/>		Link Information (varies by device ALL-Linked to)		
10	10 <link 3="" data=""/>		Link Information (varies by device ALL-Linked to)		
	Note				

See the section INSTEON All-Link Database in the INSTEON Developer's Guide4 for details about the contents of an ALL-Link Record.



Manage ALL-Link Record

	Manage ALL-Link Record (0x6F)					
S		Updates the IM's ALL-Link Database with the ALL-Link Record information you send. Use caution with this Command—the IM does not check the validity of the data.				
What	What you send					
What	you'll get	12 bytes.				
LED in	dication	None.				
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x57 A	LL-Link F	Record Response ₃₈		
Coi				Sent from Host to IM		
Byte	Value		Meanir	-		
1	0x02			f IM Command		
2	0x6F			nmand Number		
3	<control code=""></control>			o do with the ALL-Link Record		
			0x00	Does an ALL-Link Record exist for this ID + ALL-Link Group? You will receive an ACK at the end of the returned message if the ALL-Link Record exists, or else a NAK if it doesn't. If the record exists, the IM will return it in an <u>ALL-Link Record Response</u> ₃₈ message.		
			0x01	Search for the next ALL-Link Record following the one found using Control Code 0x00 above. This allows you to find both Controller and Responder records for a given ID + ALL-Link Group. Be sure to use the same ID + ALL-Link Group (bytes $5-8$) as you used for Control Code 0x00.		
				You will receive an ACK at the end of the returned message if the ALL-Link Record exists, or else a NAK if it doesn't. If the record exists, the IM will return it in an <u>ALL-Link Record Response</u> ₃₈ message.		
			0x20	Update existing or else add new ALL-Link Record		
			0x40	Update existing or else add new Controller (master) ALL- Link Record		
			0x41	Update existing or else add new Responder (slave) ALL-Link Record		
			0x80	Delete ALL-Link Record		
4	<all-link recor<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td>k Database control flags for this ALL-Link Record</td></all-link>			k Database control flags for this ALL-Link Record		
5	<all-link group<="" td=""><td>0></td><td colspan="3">ALL-Link Group Number for this ALL-Link Record</td></all-link>	0>	ALL-Link Group Number for this ALL-Link Record			
6	<id byte="" high=""></id>		INSTEON ID high byte for device ALL-Linked to			
7	<id byte<="" middle="" td=""><td>!></td><td></td><td>ON ID middle byte for device ALL-Linked to</td></id>	!>		ON ID middle byte for device ALL-Linked to		
8	<id byte="" low=""></id>		INSTEON ID low byte for device ALL-Linked to			
9	<link 1="" data=""/>			formation: varies by device ALL-Linked to		
10	<link 2="" data=""/>		1	formation: varies by device ALL-Linked to		
11	<link 3="" data=""/>	Mes		formation: varies by device ALL-Linked to Returned by IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meanir			
1	0x02			Start of IM Command		
2	0x6F		1	IM Command Number		
3	<control code=""></control>			<control code=""></control>		
4	<all-link reco<="" td=""><td>rd Flags</td><td></td><td><all-link flags="" record=""></all-link></td></all-link>	rd Flags		<all-link flags="" record=""></all-link>		
5	<all-link group<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td><alt-time record="" riags=""> <alt-time record="" riags=""></alt-time></alt-time></td></all-link>			<alt-time record="" riags=""> <alt-time record="" riags=""></alt-time></alt-time>		
6		<i></i>				
7	<id byte="" high=""></id>			Echoed <id byte="" middle=""></id>		
	<id byte="" middle=""></id>		Echoed <id byte="" middle=""> Echoed <id byte="" low=""></id></id>			
8	<id byte="" low=""></id>		Echoed	VID IOM DYLE>		



	Manage ALL-Link Record (0x6F)				
9	<link 1="" data=""/>	Echoed <link 1="" data=""/>			
10	<link 2="" data=""/>	Echoed <link 2="" data=""/>			
11	<link 3="" data=""/>	Echoed <link 3="" data=""/>			
12	12 <ack nak=""> 0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred or the ALL-Link Record doesn't exist.</ack>				

Notes

See the section $\it INSTEON All-Link Database$ in the $\it INSTEON Developer's Guide_4$ for details about the contents of an ALL-Link Record.

Please be aware that you can damage the IM's ALL-Link Database if you misuse this Command. For instance, if you zero the <ALL-Link Record Flags> byte in the first ALL-Link Record, the ALL-Link Database will then appear empty.



IM Status Management

Reset the IM

	Reset the IM (0x67)				
What it does		Puts the IM into the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ , which clears the entire ALL-Link Database.			
What	you send	2 bytes.			
What	you'll get	3 bytes.			
LED in	dication		reset procedure is being processed, the Status LED will turn off. At sion of the reset procedure, the Status LED will illuminate steadily.		
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x55 <u>U</u>	ser Reset Detected ₄₂		
		Cor	mmand Sent from Host to IM		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Start of IM Command		
2	2 0x67		IM Command Number		
		Mes	sage Returned by IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning		
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command		
2	0x67		Echoed IM Command Number		
3 <ack nak=""></ack>			0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred		
Notes					
~20	The IM will send the <ack nak=""> byte after it erases the EEPROM. ~20 seconds for models with external EEPROM ~2 seconds for models with no external EEPROM</ack>				
See the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ section for complete information on the state of the IM after sending this					

Command.



User Reset Detected

	User Reset Detected (0x55)				
What it does Reports that the user manually put the IM into the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ .					
When	you'll get this	The user held down the IM's SET Button for at least 10 seconds when power was first applied.			
What	you'll get	2 bytes (not until about 20 seconds after applying power to the IM with the SET Button held down).			
LED indication		The LED will turn off for about 20 seconds. Once the LED turns back on the reset is complete.			
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x67 Reset the IM ₄₁			
	Message Sent from IM to Host				
Byte	Value	Meaning			
1 0x02		Start of IM Command			
2 0x55		IM Command Number			
	Notes				

The IM will send this message after it erases the EEPROM.

See the $\underline{\it IM Factory Reset State}_{10}$ section for complete information on the state of the IM after receiving this message.

^{~20} seconds for models with external EEPROM

^{~2} seconds for models with no external EEPROM



Get IM Configuration

	Get IM Configuration (0x73)			
What it does		Returns the IM's Configuration Flags byte. Also returns two spare bytes of data reserved for future use.		
What	you send	2 bytes.		
What	you'll get	6 bytes.		
LED in	dication	None.		
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x6B S	Set IM Configuration ₄₄	
		Cor	mmand Sent from Host to IM	
Byte	Value		Meaning	
1	0x02		Start of IM Command	
2	0x73		IM Command Number	
		Mes	ssage Returned by IM to Host	
Byte	Value		Meaning	
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command	
2	0x73		Echoed IM Command Number	
3	3 <im configuration="" flags=""></im>		IM's Configuration Flags. See <u>Set IM Configuration</u> ₄₄ for bit definitions.	
4	<spare 1=""></spare>		0x00, reserved for future use	
5	<spare 2=""></spare>		0x00, reserved for future use	
6 <ack nak=""></ack>			0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred	
Note				
			all of the <im configuration="" flags=""> at once, to change an individual mine the current state of all of the <im configuration="" flags="">.</im></im>	



Set IM Configuration

	et IM Configuration					
	Set IM Configuration (0x6B)					
What it does Allows you			ı change ope	rating parameters of the IM.		
What	you send	3 bytes.				
What	you'll get	4 bytes.				
LED in	dication	None.				
Relate	ed Commands	_	Get IM Configu			
			IM 0x54 <u>Button Event Report</u> ₄₉			
				dard Message Received₂0 nded Message Received₂1		
		IM 0x51 I		nded Message Received ₂₁		
		IM 0x6E L				
				ent from Host to IM		
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02		Start of IM	Command		
2	0x6B		IM Commar			
3	<im configuration="" flags=""></im>		Flag byte containing Configuration Flags that affect IM operation. These all default to 0.			
			Bit 7 = 1	Disables automatic linking when the user pushes and holds the SET Button (see <u>Button Event Report</u> ₄₉).		
			Bit 6 = 1	Puts the IM into <i>Monitor Mode</i> (see <u>About Monitor Mode</u> ₄₅ in the Notes below).		
			Bit 5 = 1	Disables automatic LED operation by the IM. The host must now control the IM's LED using $\underline{\textit{LED On}}_{50}$ and $\underline{\textit{LED}}$ $\underline{\textit{Off}}_{51}$.		
			Bit 4 = 1	Disable host communications <i>Deadman</i> feature (i.e. allow host to delay more than 240 milliseconds between sending bytes to the IM). See <i>IM RS232 Port Settings</i> ₈ .		
			Bits 3 - 0	Reserved for internal use. Set these bits to 0.		
		Mes	sage Reti	urned by IM to Host		
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02			rt of IM Command		
2	0x6B	Ox6B Echoed IM Command Number				
3	<im configuration<="" td=""><td colspan="3"></td></im>					
4	4 <ack nak=""></ack>			0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred.		
Notes						
When the IM is in the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ , the <im configuration="" flags=""> will all be set to zero.</im>						
This Command sets all of the <im configuration="" flags=""> at once. To change an individual bit, first use <u>Get IM Configuration</u>₄₃ to determine the current state of all of the <im configuration="" flags="">.</im></im>						



Set IM Configuration (0x6B)

About Monitor Mode

Normally, the IM will only send the host an $\underline{INSTEON\ Standard\ Message\ Received_{20}}$ or $\underline{INSTEON\ Extended\ Message\ Received_{21}}$ notification when it receives an INSTEON messages directed specifically to the IM. There are three possibilities:

- 1. The IM received a Direct message with a To Address matching the IM's INSTEON ID,
- 2. The IM received an ALL-Link Broadcast message sent to an ALL-Link Group that the IM belongs to as a Responder (i.e. the message's *From Address* and ALL-Link Group Number match a Responder entry in the IM's ALL-Link Database), or
- 3. The IM received an ALL-Link Cleanup message with a *To Address* matching the IM's INSTEON ID and the message's *From Address* and ALL-Link Group Number match a Responder entry in the IM's ALL-Link Database.

In *Monitor Mode*, the IM will also notify the host of received INSTEON messages that contain a *From Address* matching *any* INSTEON ID in the IM's ALL-Link Database, even if the *To Address* does not match the IM's INSTEON ID or the IM does not belong to an ALL-Link Group associated with the message. In other words, if the message originator is in the IM's ALL-Link Database as either a Controller or Responder, the IM will pass the message to the host even if it is not specifically directed to the IM. In this way you can monitor messages between other INSTEON devices as long as the sender is in the IM's ALL-Link Database.

Please be aware that the IM may not always detect this traffic. If the message originator and addressee are close to one another and the IM is farther away, the message originator may not cause the message to hop enough times for the IM to hear it. To know for sure what an INSTEON device's status is, you can usually query it directly using an appropriate INSTEON Direct Command. For more information on INSTEON Commands and the latest Command set, please download the current INSTEON Command Tables Document from www.insteon.net.



Get IM Info

Get IM Info (0x60)						
			ne IM's 3 byte INSTEON ID, Device Category (DevCat), Device y (SubCat), and firmware version.			
What	you send	2 bytes.				
What	you'll get	9 bytes.				
LED in	ndication	None.				
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x66 S	Set Host Device Category ₄₇			
			<u>Get IM Configuration₄</u> ₃			
		IM 0x6B S	Set IM Configuration ₄₄			
	Command Sent from Host to IM					
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02		Start of IM Command			
2	0x60		IM Command Number			
		Mes	ssage Returned by IM to Host			
Byte	Value		Meaning			
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command			
2	0x60		Echoed IM Command Number			
3	<id byte="" high=""></id>		IM's INSTEON ID high byte			
4	<id byte<="" middle="" td=""><td><u>:</u>></td><td>IM's INSTEON ID middle byte</td></id>	<u>:</u> >	IM's INSTEON ID middle byte			
5	<id byte="" low=""></id>		IM's INSTEON ID low byte			
6	<device category=""></device>		IM's Device Category			
7	<device subcat<="" td=""><td>egory></td><td>IM's Device Subcategory</td></device>	egory>	IM's Device Subcategory			
8	<firmware td="" vers<=""><td>ion></td><td>IM's Firmware Version</td></firmware>	ion>	IM's Firmware Version			
9 <ack nak=""></ack>			0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred			
Note						

Note

Using the <u>Set Host Device Category</u>₄₇ Command to change the host's DevCat and SubCat will only affect the data transmitted by the IM to other INSTEON devices during ALL-Linking.

When the host sends this Command to the IM, the IM will return the original DevCat, SubCat and firmware version hard-coded into the IM's firmware at the factory.



Set Host Device Category

	3 3						
	Set Host Device Category (0x66)						
What			Lets you set the Device Category (DevCat) and Device Subcategory (SubCat) of the host device connected to the IM.				
What	you send	5 bytes.					
What	you'll get	6 bytes.					
LED in	ndication	None.					
Relate	ed Commands	IM 0x60 C	et IM Info ₄₆				
		Coi	mmand Sent from Host to IM				
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Start of IM Command				
2	0x66		IM Command Number				
3	<device catego<="" td=""><td>ry></td><td>INSTEON Device Category (DevCat) of the host device connected to the IM.</td></device>	ry>	INSTEON Device Category (DevCat) of the host device connected to the IM.				
4	<device subcat<="" td=""><td>egory></td><td>INSTEON Device Subcategory (SubCat) of the host device connected to the IM.</td></device>	egory>	INSTEON Device Subcategory (SubCat) of the host device connected to the IM.				
5	<0xFF Firmware Version>		OxFF In legacy devices this byte represented a BCD-encoded firmware version. The high nibble (4 bits) gave the major revision number and the low nibble gave the minor revision. In current devices use the INSTEON <i>Product Data Request</i> and <i>Product Data Response</i> Commands to retrieve the firmware version as user-defined data.				
		Mes	ssage Returned by IM to Host				
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command				
2	0x66		Echoed IM Command Number				
3	<device catego<="" td=""><td>ry></td><td>Echoed <device category=""></device></td></device>	ry>	Echoed <device category=""></device>				
4	<device subcat<="" td=""><td>egory></td><td>Echoed <device subcategory=""></device></td></device>	egory>	Echoed <device subcategory=""></device>				
5	<0xFF Firmwa Version>	re	Echoed <0xFF> or <firmware version=""></firmware>				
6	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred				
Notes							
	For INSTEON compliance, you must obtain an approved DevCat and SubCat assignment for your host product from SmartLabs.						
The IM stores these values in EEPROM so they will not be erased if power is lost.							
When the IM is in the <u>IM Factory Reset State</u> ₁₀ , these values will be set to those hard-coded into the IM's firmware at the factory.							
Using this Command to change the host's DevCat and SubCat will only affect the data transmitted by the							

Using this Command to change the host's DevCat and SubCat will only affect the data transmitted by the IM to other INSTEON devices during ALL-Linking.

When the host sends a <u>Get IM Info</u>46 Command to the IM, the IM will return the original DevCat, SubCat and firmware version hard-coded into the IM's firmware at the factory.

For the latest list of assigned INSTEON DevCats, please download the INSTEON Device Categories and Product Keys Document4 from www.insteon.net.



RF Sleep

Sicep							
	RF Sleep (0x72)						
			irects an RF IM to go into power saving sleep mode. To wake up the RF IM, and it one byte of serial data.				
What	you send	2 bytes.					
What	you'll get	3 bytes.	tes.				
LED in	dication	None.	None.				
Relate	d Commands	None.					
		Cor	mmand Sent from Host to IM				
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Start of IM Command				
2	0x71		IM Command Number				
3	<command 1="" data=""/>		Data byte to place into the Command 1 field 2 of the ACK response.				
4	<command 2="" d<="" th=""/> <th>ata></th> <th colspan="2">Data byte to place into the Command 2 field 2 of the ACK response.</th>	ata>	Data byte to place into the Command 2 field 2 of the ACK response.				
		Mes	sage Returned by IM to Host				
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command				
2	0x71		Echoed IM Command Number				
3	<command 1="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td colspan="3">Echoed <command 1="" data=""/></td>	ata>	Echoed <command 1="" data=""/>				
4	<command 2="" d<="" td=""/> <td>ata></td> <td>Echoed <command 2="" data=""/></td>	ata>	Echoed <command 2="" data=""/>				
5	<ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly.				
			0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred.				
Notes							
It does not matter what byte you send serially to wake up the RF IM.							
When the RF IM wakes up, it will reinitialize, but memory will not be altered as it would be in the <u>IM</u> <u>Factory Reset State_10</u> . Wait a minimum of 40 milliseconds before sending any further IM Serial Commands.							



IM Input/Output

Button Event Report

	attori Event Report						
	Button Event Report (0x54)						
What i	t does	Reports us	ser SET Button events.				
When you'll get this The user			perates	the SET Button, or if they exist, Button 2 or Button 3.			
What y	you'll get	3 bytes.					
LED in	LED indication		If the event is SET Button Press and Hold the IM will automatically go into ALL-Linking mode which will cause the LED to blink continuously at a rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ second on and $\frac{1}{2}$ second off. Automatic linking may be turned off by setting IM Configuration Flags bit 7 (see <u>Set IM Configuration</u> ₄₄).				
Relate	Related Commands		IM 0x53 <u>ALL-Linking Completed</u> ₃₄ IM 0x64 <u>Start ALL-Linking</u> ₃₂ IM 0x65 <u>Cancel ALL-Linking</u> ₃₃				
Message Sent from IM to Host				Sent from IM to Host			
Byte	Value		Meanir	ng			
1	0x02		Start of	of IM Command			
2	0x54		IM Command Number				
3	<button event=""></button>		Indicates the type of SET Button event that occurred.				
			0x02	The SET Button was <i>Tapped</i>			
			0x03	There was a SET Button <i>Press and Hold</i> for more than three seconds.			
				This automatically puts the IM into ALL-Linking mode unless <i>IM Configuration Flags</i> bit 7 is set.			
			0x04	The SET Button was released after a SET Button <i>Press and Hold</i> event was recorded.			
			0x12	Button 2 was <i>Tapped</i>			
			0x13	There was a Button 2 <i>Press and Hold</i> for more than three seconds.			
			0x14	Button 2 was released after a Button 2 <i>Press and Hold</i> event was recorded.			
			0x22	Button 3 was <i>Tapped</i>			
			0x23	There was a Button 3 <i>Press and Hold</i> for more than three seconds.			
		0x24 Button 3 was released after a Button 3 <i>Press and F</i> was recorded.		Button 3 was released after a Button 3 <i>Press and Hold</i> event was recorded.			



LED On

	LED On (0x6D)						
What it does Turns on the IM's LED if <i>IM Configuration Flags</i> bit 5 = 1.							
What	you send	2 bytes.					
What	you'll get	3 bytes.					
LED in	dication	The LED w	ill go on.				
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x6B Se	et IM Configuration ₄₄				
		IM 0x6E LE	ED Off ₅₁				
	Command Sent from Host to IM						
Byte	Value		Meaning				
1	0x02		Start of IM Command				
2	0x6D		IM Command Number				
		Mes	sage Returned by IM to Host				
Byte	Byte Value Meaning						
1 0x02			Echoed Start of IM Command				
2	0x6D		Echoed IM Command Number				
3	3 <ack nak=""></ack>		0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred or <i>IM Configuration Flags</i> bit 5 = 0.				



LED Off

	LED Off (0x6E)						
What	it does	Turns off the IM's LED if <i>IM Configuration Flags</i> bit 5 = 1.					
What	you send	2 bytes.					
What	you'll get	3 bytes.					
LED in	dication	The LED will go off.					
Relate	d Commands	IM 0x6B Set IM Configuration ₄₄					
		IM 0x6D <u>LED On₅₀</u>					
	Command Sent from Host to IM						
Byte	Value	Meaning					
1	0x02	Start of IM Command					
2	0x6E	IM Command Number					
		Message Returned by IM to Host					
Byte	Byte Value Meaning						
1 0x02		Echoed Start of IM Command					
2	0x6E	Echoed IM Command Number					
3	<ack nak=""></ack>	0x06 (ACK) if the IM executed the Command correctly. 0x15 (NAK) if an error occurred or <i>IM Configuration Flags</i> bit 5 = 0.					

Hardware Reference

This section gives a reference design for using the IN2680A Powerline Modem chip in a module connected both to the powerline and to a host device. The design uses a main board for the modem chip, power supply, INSTEON powerline interface, and TTL-level serial communications, and a daughter board for interfacing to a host.

Two different daughter board designs are included. One is for an RS232 interface, and the other is for an IP (Ethernet) interface. A USB interface is under development. Developers may create their own daughter cards to implement custom interfaces.

The reference design presented here is the same one that SmartLabs uses for its Powerline Modem (PLM) module.

In This Section

INSTEON Powerline Modem (PLM) Main Board₅₃

Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the PLM Main Board.

INSTEON PLM Serial (RS232) Daughter Board₅₇

Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the Serial (RS232) Daughter Board.

INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board₆₀

Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board.

INSTEON Powerline Modem (PLM) Main Board

The Powerline Moded (PLM) main board includes the IN2680A Powerline Modem chip, a transformer-isolated power supply with a 30-volt charge pump booster, a transformer-coupled powerline signal transponder, an optically-isolated zero crossing detector, and an 8-pin daughter board connector for TTL-level host communications.

In This Section

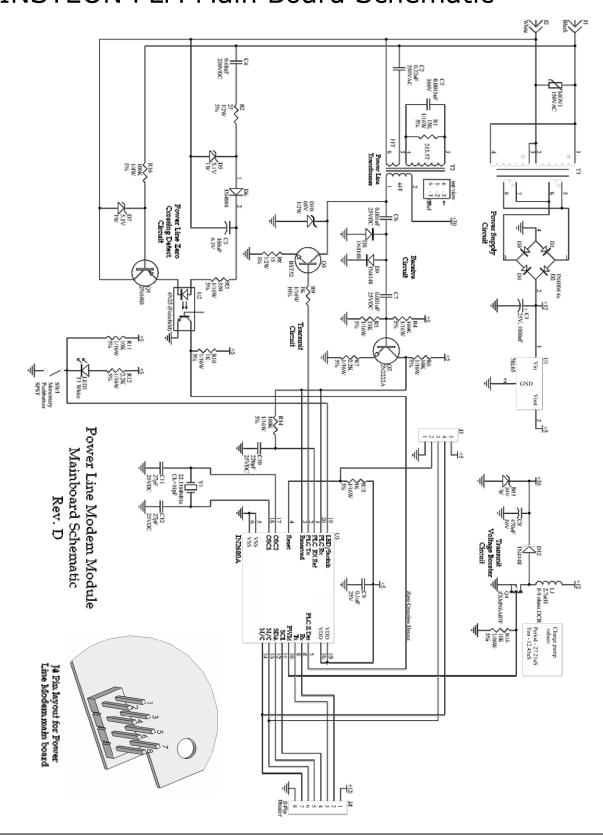
INSTEON PLM Main Board Schematic₅₄

Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the PLM main board.

INSTEON PLM Main Board Bill of Materials₅₅

Specifies the parts used in the main board.

INSTEON PLM Main Board Schematic



INSTEON PLM Main Board Bill of Materials

Description	Part Type	Desig-	Footprint	Remark
Description	raitiype	nator	ι σοιριπι	Kemark
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 1000uF, 25V	C1	Through-hole, 0.2"	
Capacitor	Metal Polyester, 0.22uF, 250VDC	C2	Through-hole, 0.3"	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.0015uF, 100V	C3	SMT, 0805	
Capacitor	Metal Polyester, 0.68uF, 250VDC	C4	Through-hole, 0.4"	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 100uF, 6.3V	C5	Through-hole, 0.1"	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.001uF, 25V	C6	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.001uF, 25V	C7	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 470uF, 50V	C8	Through-hole, 0.2"	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF,25V	C9	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 220pF, 25V	C10	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 27pF, 25V	C11	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 27pF, 25V	C12	SMT, 0603	
Crystal	22.1184MHz, 18pF Load	Y1	Through-hole	Recommended: Citizen model CMR309T22.1184MABJTR
Diode	DL4004	D1	SMT, MELF	
Diode	DL4004	D2	SMT, MELF	
Diode	DL4004	D3	SMT, MELF	
Diode	DL4004	D4	SMT, MELF	
Diode	Zener, 5.1V, 1W	D5	SMT, MELF	
Diode	DL4004	D6	SMT, MELF	
Diode	Zener, 5.1V, 1W	D7	SMT, MELF	
Diode	1N4148	D8	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Diode	1N4148	D9	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Diode	Zener, 68V, 1/2W	D10	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Diode	Zener, 39V, 1W	D11	SMT, MELF	
Diode	1N4148	D12	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Header	5-Pin male	J3	Through-hole, 0.1" ctr	For in-circuit programming
Header	2X4 male	J4	Through-hole, 0.1" ctr	Used to connect to daughter boards
Inductor	2.7mH, 8-9 ohms DCR, 100mA DCI	L1	Through-hole, 0.2"	
LED	Any single color is acceptable	LED1	Through-hole, T1	
MCU	INSTEON IN2680A	U3	SMT, SSOP20	
MOSFET	N-Channel, Zetex ZXMN6A07F	Q4	SMT, SOT-23	
Optocoupler	Fairchild 4N25SM or 4N25S	U2	SMT	100% Transfer ration @ 8mA If and 5mA Ic
Regulator	78L05 Positive 5V regulator	U1	Through-hole, TO-92	
Resistor	15KW, 1/16W, 5%	R1	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	27W, 1/2W, 5%	R2	SMT, 1210	Recommended: Panasonic ERJ-P14J27OU Anti-Surge
Resistor	330W, 1/10W, 5%	R3	SMT, 0805	, and Surge



Description	Part Type	Desig- nator	Footprint	Remark
Resistor	100KW, 1/16W, 5%	R4	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	33KW, 1/16W, 5%	R5	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	10KW, 1/16W, 5%	R6	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	2.2KW, 1/16W, 5%	R7	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	15W, 1/2W, 5%	R8	SMT, 2010	
Resistor	1KW, 1/16W, 5%	R9	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	1K, 1/16W, 5%	R10	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	10KW, 1/16W, 5%	R11	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	2.2KW, 1/16W, 5%	R12	SMT, 0603	May be changed to control LED brightness
Resistor	10KW, 1/16W, 5%	R13	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	100KW, 1/16W, 5%	R14	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	1KW, 1/16W, 5%	R15	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	100KW, 1/4W, 5%	R16	SMT, 1206	
Switch	Tact Switch	SW1	Through-hole	
Transformer	Power Transformer, model 710-2000512	T1	Through-hole	Custom made, available from SmartLabs
Transformer	Power line transformer coil	T2	Through-hole	Abracon AIRV-111 PLC
Transistor	2N4403 PNP	Q1	SMT, SOT-23	
Transistor	2N2222A NPN	Q2	SMT, SOT-23	
Transistor	BST-52 Darlington NPN	Q3	SMT, SOT-89	Recommended brand: Zetex
Varistor	150VAC Metal Oxide Varistor	MOV1	Through-hole, 0.2"	
Wire	Hot wire, black, 16AWG, 300V, 105°C, VW-1	J1	Through-hole	In from power prong
Wire	Neutral wire, white, 16AWG, 300V, 105°C, VW-1	J2	Through-hole	In from power prong



INSTEON PLM Serial (RS232) Daughter Board

The Serial Daughter Board attaches to the Powerline Modem (PLM) Main Board using an 8-pin connector, and to a host device using an RJ-45 jack. Host communications uses the RS232 protocol at TTL signal levels.

In This Section

INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Schematic₅₈

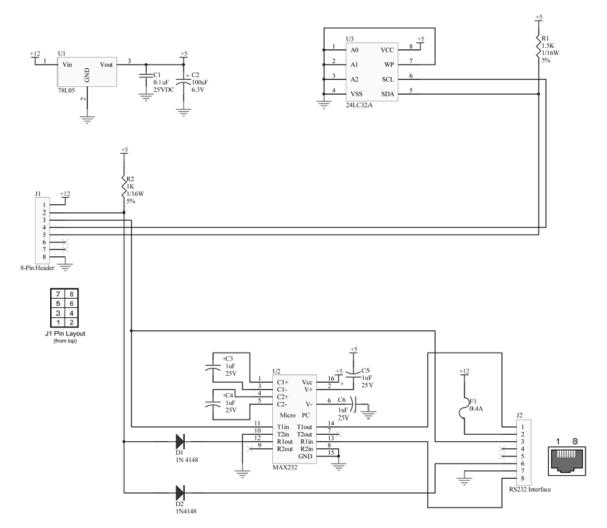
Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the serial (RS232) Daughter Board.

INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Bill of Materials 59

Specifies the parts used in the Serial Daughter Board.



INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Schematic



Serial & TTL Daughter Card Schematic Rev. A



INSTEON PLM Serial Daughter Board Bill of **Materials**

Description	Part Type	Desig- nator	Footprint	Remark
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C1	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 100uF, 6.3V	C2	Through-hole	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 1uF, 25V	C3	Through-hole	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 1uF, 25V	C4	Through-hole	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 1uF, 25V	C5	Through-hole	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 1uF, 25V	C6	Through-hole	
Diode	1N4148	D1	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Diode	1N4148	D2	SMT, Mini-MELF	
Driver / Receiver	MAX232 Multichannel RS- 232 ST232BDR	U2	SMT, SOIC16	
EEPROM	24LC32A	U3	SMT, SOIC8	
Fuse	250V, 0.4A	F1	Through-hole	
Header	Female 2x4, 2x4PIN, 2.54mm, 2185-20	J1	Through-hole, 0.1" ctr	
Jack	Female RJ45	J2	SMT	
Resistor	1.5KΩ, 1/16W, 5%	R1	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	1KΩ, 1/16W, 5%	R2	SMT, 0603	
Voltage Regulator	5V Zetex ZSR500G	U1	SMT, SOT223	



INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board

The IP (Ethernet) Daughter Board attaches to the Powerline Modem (PLM) Main Board using an 8-pin connector, and to an Ethernet LAN using an RJ-45 jack.

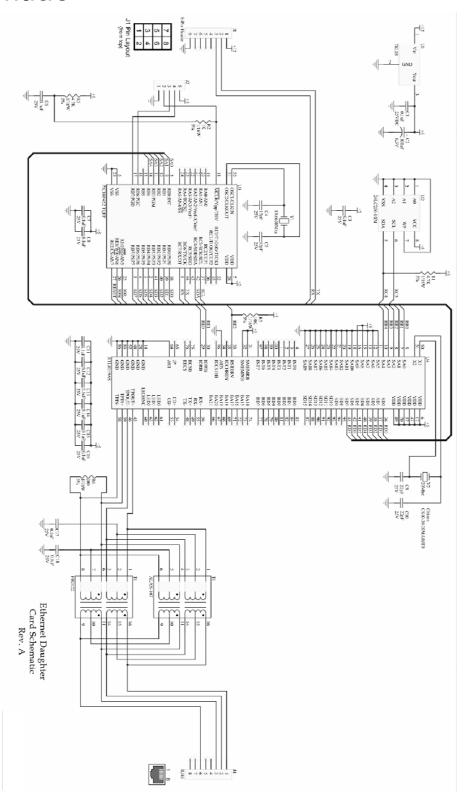
In This Section

INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Schematic₆₁ Gives the schematic and bill of materials for the IP (Ethernet) Daughter Board.

INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Bill of Materials₆₂ Specifies the parts used in the IP Daughter Board.



INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Schematic





INSTEON PLM Ethernet (IP) Daughter Board Bill of Materials

Description	Part Type	Desig- nator	Footprint	Remark
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C1	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Electrolytic, 100uF, 6.3V	C2	Through-hole, 0.1"	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C3	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 15pF, 25V	C4	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 15pF, 25V	C5	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C6	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C7	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C8	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 22pF, 25V	C9	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 22pF, 25V	C10	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C11	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C12	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C13	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C14	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C15	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C16	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C17	SMT, 0603	
Capacitor	Ceramic, 0.1uF, 25V	C18	SMT, 0603	
Controller	Ethernet controller, Realtek RTL8019AS	U4	SMT, QFP-100	
Crystal	19.6608MHz Crystal, 18pF Load	Y1	Through-hole	
Crystal	20MHz Crystal, 18pF Load	Y2	SMT	
Header	5-Pin Male	J2	Through-hole, 0.1" ctr	For in-circuit programming
Jack	RJ45 Female jack	J4	SMT	
MCU	PIC18F452-I/PT	U3	SMT, TQFP-44	
Memory	24LC256-I/SN	U2	SMT, SOP-8	
Regulator	78L05 5V Voltage regulator	U1	SMT, SOT-223	
Resistor	4.7KW, 1/16W, 5%	R1	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	1KW, 1/16W, 5%	R2	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	4.7KW, 1/16W, 5%	R3	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	10KW, 1/16W, 5%	R5	SMT, 0603	
Resistor	200W, 1/16W, 5%	R6	SMT, 0603	
Transformer	Ethernet transformer, Abracon ALAN-107	T1	SMT	