

# Untitled

## R Cheatsheet

### Load libraries

```
if (!require(testthat)) install.packages('testthat')
library(testthat)
```

### Self learning

```
library("swirl")
```

### Vectors

```
rep(c(0, 1, 2), each = 10)
```

```
## [1] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
```

```
rep(c(0, 1, 2), times = 10)
```

```
## [1] 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2
```

### Memory management

```
# Sample dataset of 1000 rows
some_df <- data.frame(rep(1:100, 10),
                      rep(101:200, 10),
                      rep(201:300, 10))

object.size(some_df) # Reports the memory size allocated to the object
```

```
## 13040 bytes
```

```
rm("some_df") # Removes only the object itself and not necessarily the memory allotted to it
gc() # Force R to release memory it is no longer using
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells 485999 26.0   1057271 56.5   662594 35.4
## Vcells 898784  6.9    8388608 64.0  1802053 13.8
```

```
ls() # Lists all the objects in your current workspace
```

```
## character(0)
```

```
rm(list = ls()) # If you want to delete all the objects in the workspace and start with a clean slate
```

### Apply functions

```
# https://purrr.tidyverse.org/reference/map.html
```

```
library(dplyr)
myList <- mtcars[1:20,] %>%
  split(.$cyl) %>%
  map(~ lm(mpg ~ wt, data = .x)) %>%
  map_dfr(~ as.data.frame(t(as.matrix(coef(.))))))
```

## Standard Evaluation (SE) vs. Non Standard Evaluation (NSE)

```
df[x<10] #Standard Evaluation (SE)
df[get('x')<10] #Non Standard Evaluation (NSE)

df %>% dplyr::filter(x < 10) #Standard Evaluation (SE)
df %>% dplyr::filter(!rlang::sym("x")<10) #Non Standard Evaluation (NSE)
#https://www.r-bloggers.com/2020/03/variable-name-in-functions-its-easy-with-datatable/
```

## testthat

### Prepare package

```
install.packages("testthat")

usethis::create_package("myPackageName")
usethis::use_test("myPackageName") # creates tests/testthat/test-mypackage.R
usethis::use_description(
  fields = list(Package = "myPackageName"),
  check_name = TRUE,
  roxygen = TRUE
)

usethis::use_package("zip", min_version = "1.0.0") # adds "Imports: zip (>= 1.0.0)" to DESCRIPTION file
```

### Run tests

```
library(testthat)
test_that("multiplication works", {
  expect_equal(2 * 2, 4)
})
```

### Run test coverage

```
library(covr)
devtools::load_all(".")
covr <- file_coverage("R/fahrenheit_to_celsius.R", "tests/testthat/test-myPackageName.R")
covr
report(covr)
```

### Automate project setup

```
library(usethis)

# Create a new package -----
path <- file.path(tempdir(), "mypkg")
create_package(path)

proj_activate(path)
```

```

# Modify the description -----
use_mit_license("My Name")

use_package("ggplot2", "Suggests")

# Set up other files -----
use_readme_md()

use_news_md()

use_test("my-test")

x <- 1
y <- 2
use_data(x, y)

# Use git -----
use_git()

# Call function multiple times -----

## Single parameter
lapply(format_vec, function(f)
  write_dataset(
    dataset = mtcars,
    path = output_folder,
    format = f,
    partitioning = "cyl"
  ))

write_dataset_preset <- function(f) {
  write_dataset(
    dataset = mtcars,
    path = output_folder,
    format = f,
    partitioning = "cyl"
  )
}
lapply(format_vec, write_dataset_preset)
purrr::walk(format_vec, write_dataset_preset)

## Multiple parameter
write_dataset_preset_multiple <- function(data, formating, partition_by=dplyr::group_vars(data)) {
  write_dataset(
    dataset = data,
    path = output_folder,
    format = formating,
    partitioning = partition_by
  )
}

lapply(X=format_vec, FUN=write_dataset_preset_multiple, data=mtcars)
purrr::walk(.x=format_vec, .f=write_dataset_preset_multiple, data=mtcars)

```