chapter 5 Performance Analysis

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Regret Analysis

- \bullet A player chooses an action $\theta^{(t)} \in K$ every t period. K is a feasible set of actions.
- ullet The cost function $f^{(t)}$ determines the cost $f^{(t)}(\theta^{(t)})$ for action $\theta^{(t)}$.
- The player decides his action based on the strategy.

Regret Analysis

- How does the player choose an action which minimizes a total cost $\Sigma f^{(t)}(\theta^{(t)})$?
- Can the cost function be minimized even if it is not unknown?
- We introduce a regret about the strategy.

definition (Regret)

The difference between the total cost of an action based on a strategy A and the total cost of the optimal strategy θ^* is defined as the regret Regret(A) of strategy A.

$$Regret(A) = \Sigma_{t=1}^T f^{(t)}(\theta^{(t)}) - \Sigma_{t=1}^T f^{(t)}(\theta^*)$$