

# Long-Term Power System Dynamic Simulation using Time Sequenced Power Flows

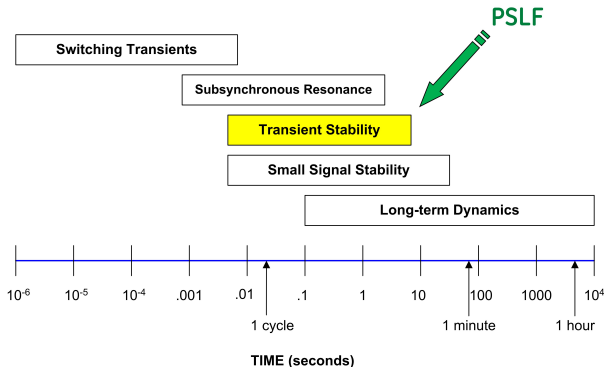
Thad Haines

Montana Tech - Master's Thesis Research Project

February 1st, 2019

# What are long-term dynamics (LTD)? [1]

## Power System Dynamic Time Scales



This simulation assumes:

1. Time steps of 0.5 to 1 second.
2. Fast dynamics are 'mostly' ignored.
3. System remains stable.
4. System frequency is described by the combined PU swing equation:

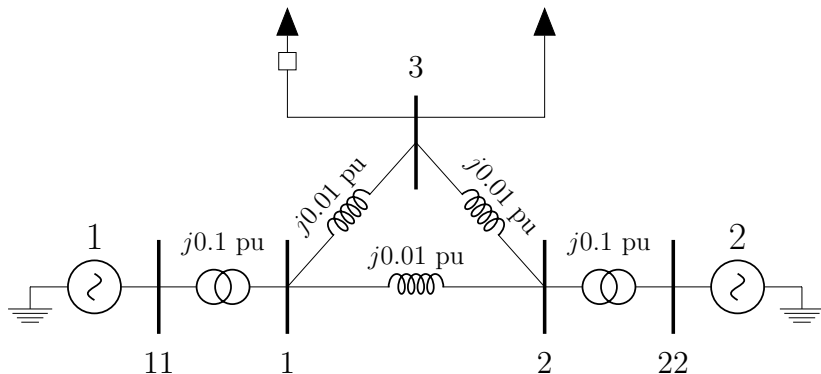
$$\dot{\omega}_{sys} = \frac{1}{2H_{sys}} \left( \frac{P_{acc,sys}}{\omega_{sys}(t)} - D_{sys} \Delta \omega_{sys}(t) \right)$$

5. No system damping ( $D_{sys} = 0$ ).

## Project Goals:

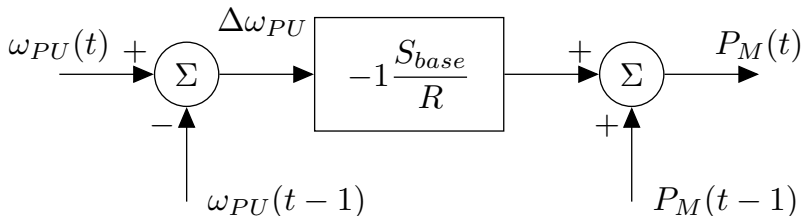
- ▶ Develop computer software for LTD simulations using PSLF systems (*.sav*), dynamic data (*.dyd*), and customized dynamic models.
- ▶ Use software to investigate system reactions that may be impractical to simulate using other approaches.
- ▶ Write a master's thesis about it.

## PSLF test system:



Generators are identical genrou models.  
Gen 1 has a tgov1 governor.

## pgov1 : Proportional gain control of $P_M$



Entered into system via parsed text file:

```
# model busnum busnam basekv id : #9 mwcap droop
#!pgov1 11 "11" 22.00 "1 " : #9 mwcap=100.0 0.05
```

Model adapted from [3]

Dynamic model 'pgov1' experiment: +1 MW  $t=2$ , -1 MW  $t=30$

## pgov1 on Gen 1, $t_{\text{step}} = 0.5$ second

