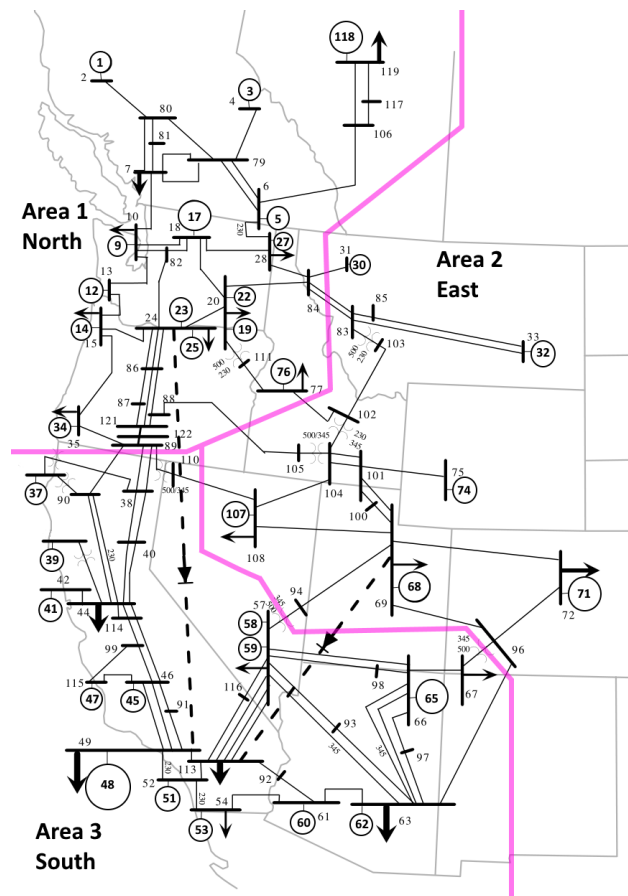


## 10 Minute AGC recovery of Mini WECC after 435 MW load Step

- Mini WECC system:
  - Buses: 122
  - Lines: 171
  - Loads: 88
  - Machines: 34
  - States: 623
- Event: +435 MW load step on Bus 2 in Area 1 at  $t=1$ .
- Each area has identical conditional AGC that acts at  $t=40$  and again when  $t=160, 280, 400, 520$  (i.e. 2 minute action time).
- ODE solver tolerances:
  - Relative:  $1e-5$
  - Absolute:  $1e-7$

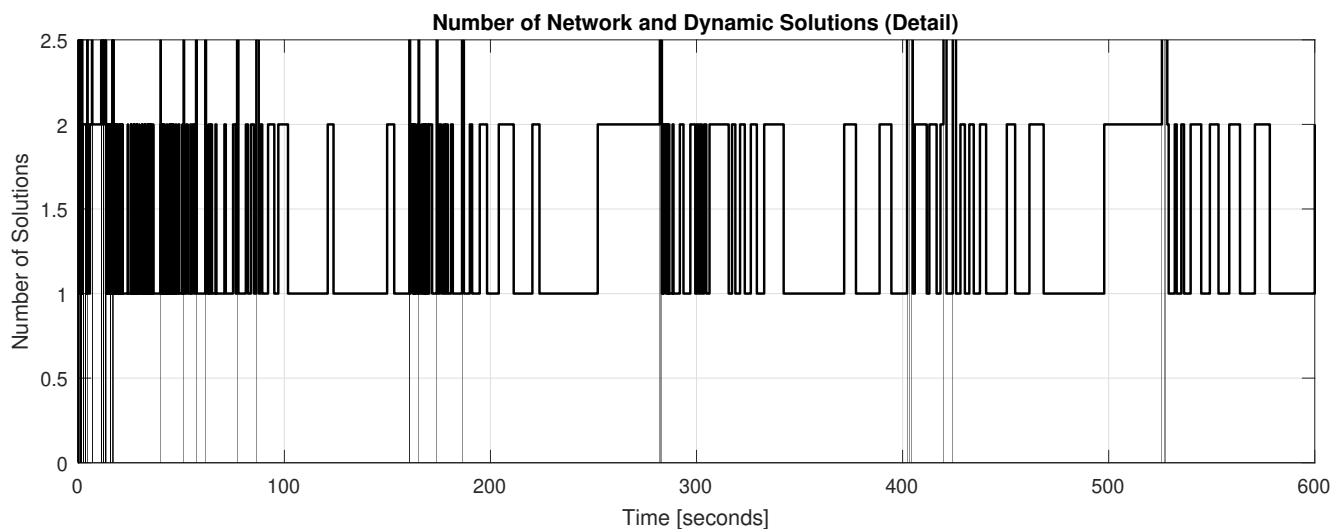
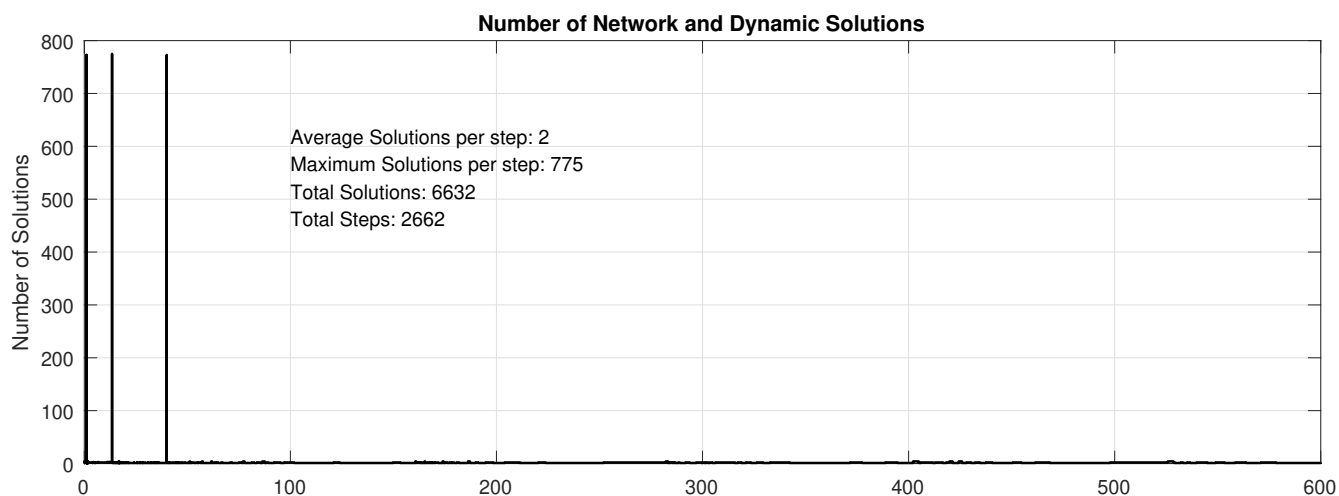
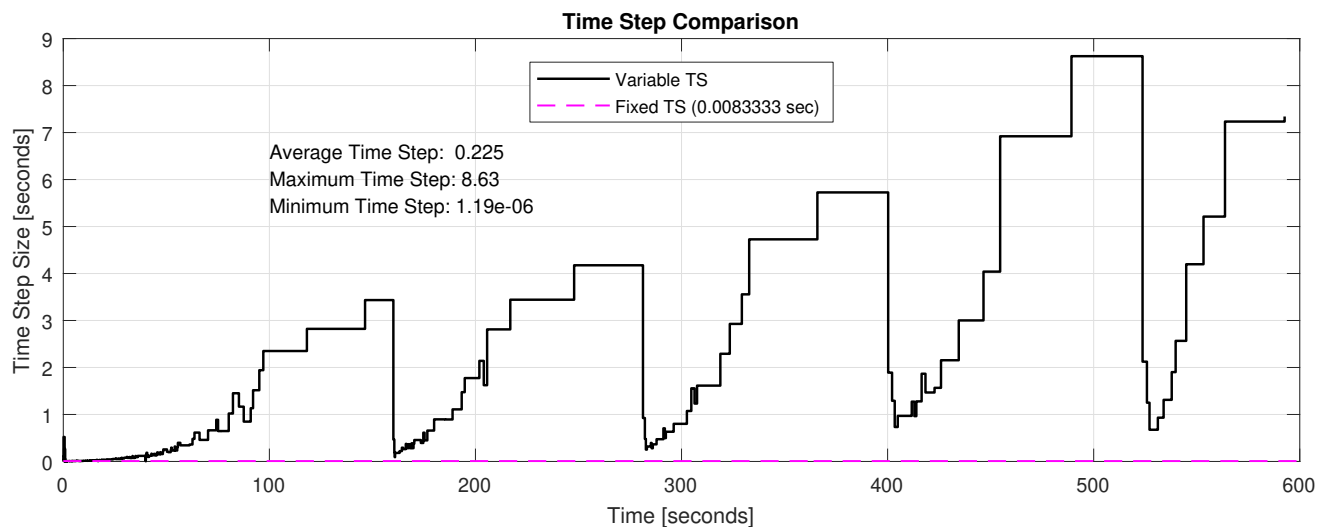


### Result Summary:

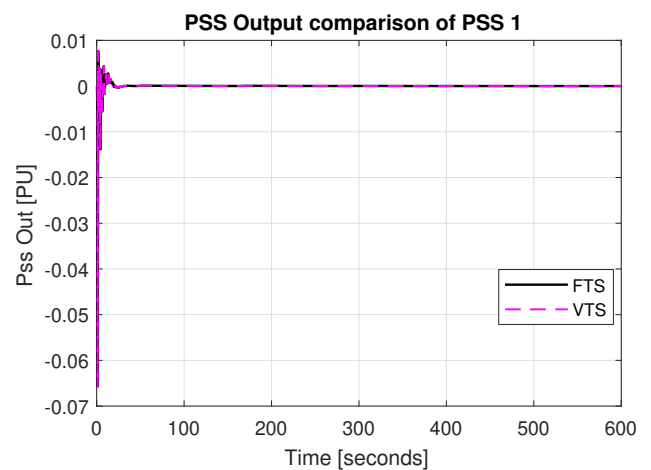
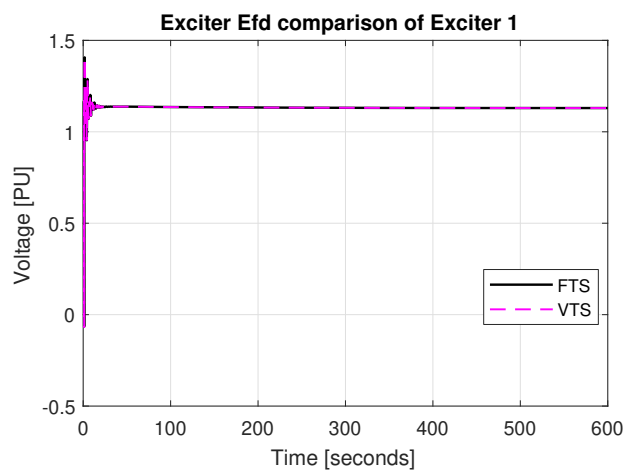
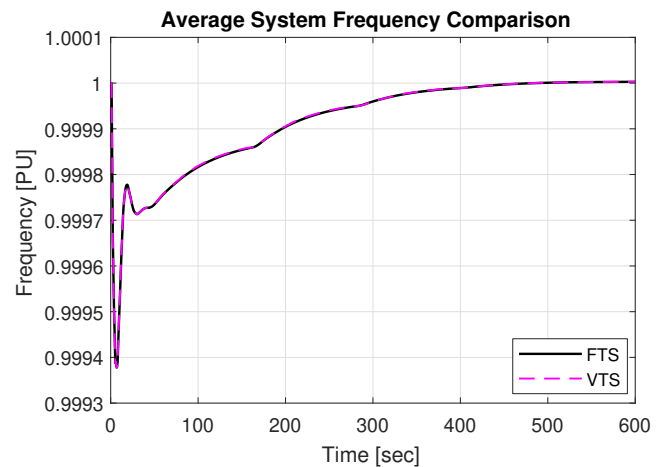
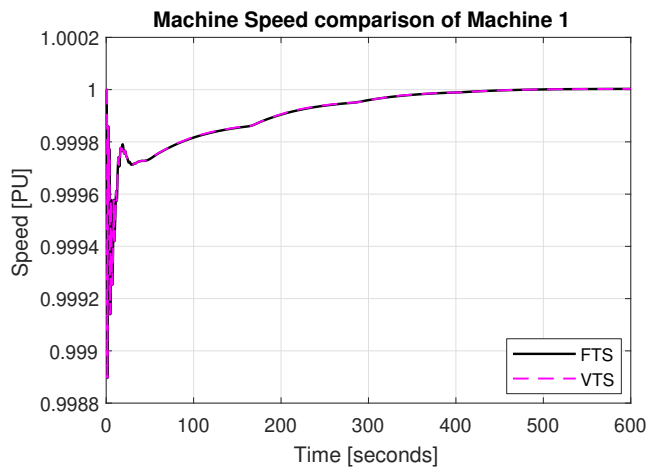
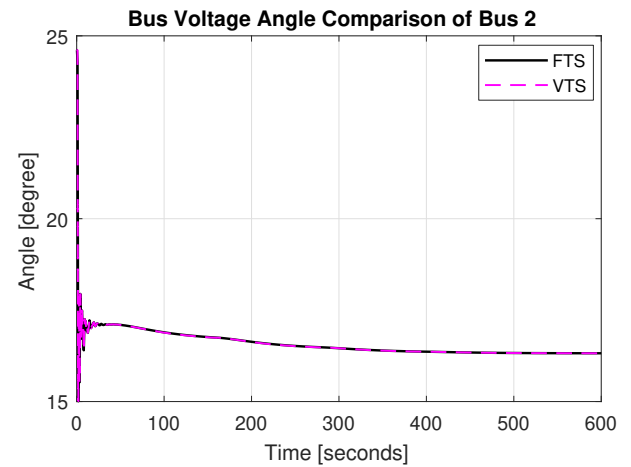
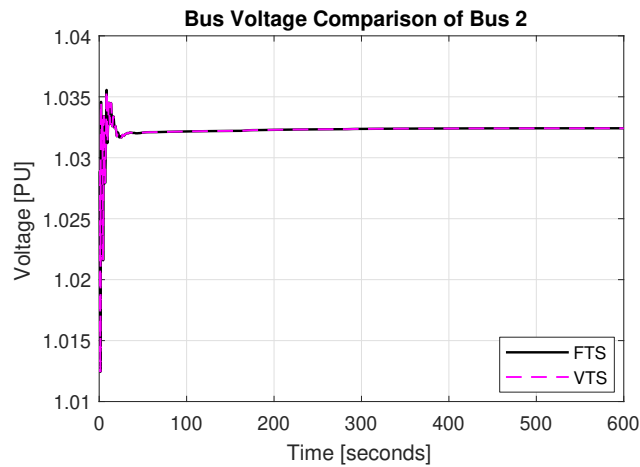
- Using the ode23/ode23t methods provided a 9.06x speed up over Huen's 'fixed step' method.
- Recorded data is approximately 23.75 times smaller when using VTS.  
(778,259,381 bytes versus 32,772,591 bytes)
- Variable time step (VTS) methods appeared to capture fast dynamics well.
- VTS and fixed time step results may 'drift' slightly when time steps become large.  
Effect can be reduced via ODE solver tolerance settings.

Method	Step Size [seconds]			Total Steps	Solutions Per Step		Total Slns.	Sim. Time	Speed Up
	Max.	Min.	Ave.		Ave.	Max.			
Huen's	0.0083	8.33e-3	0.0083	72,001	2	2	144,002	483.64	1.00
ode23 / ode23t	8.6300	1.19e-6	0.0570	2,662	2	775	6,632	53.40	9.06

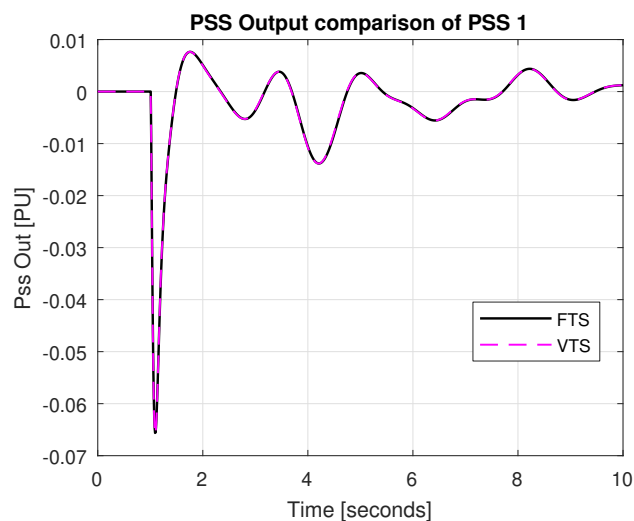
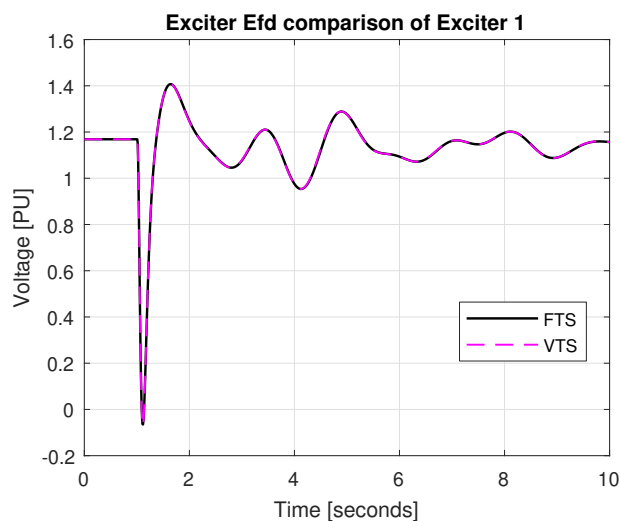
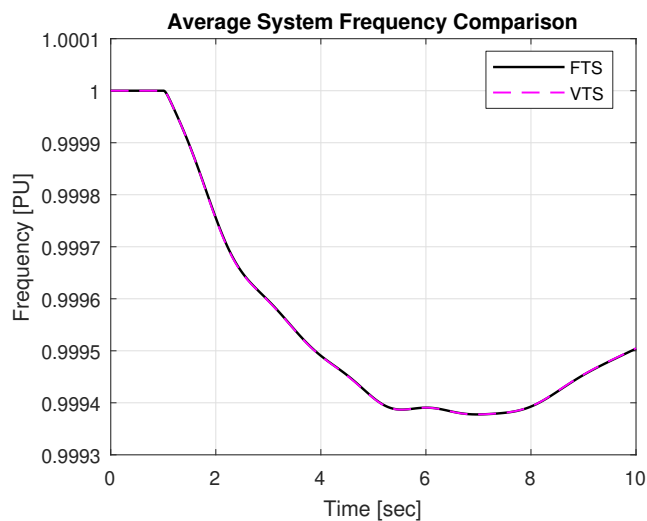
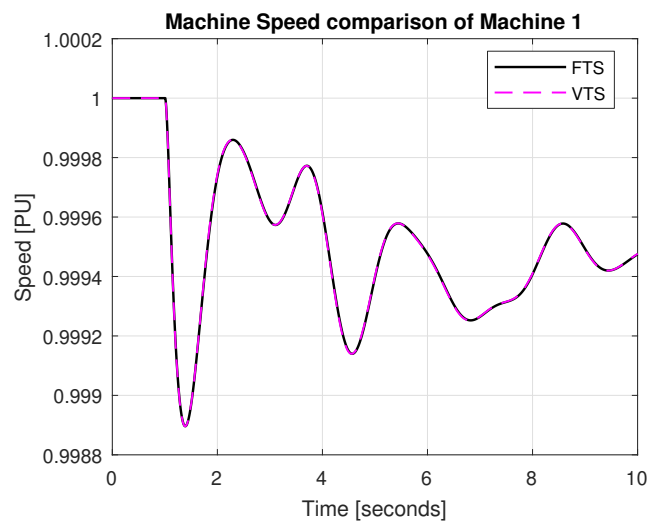
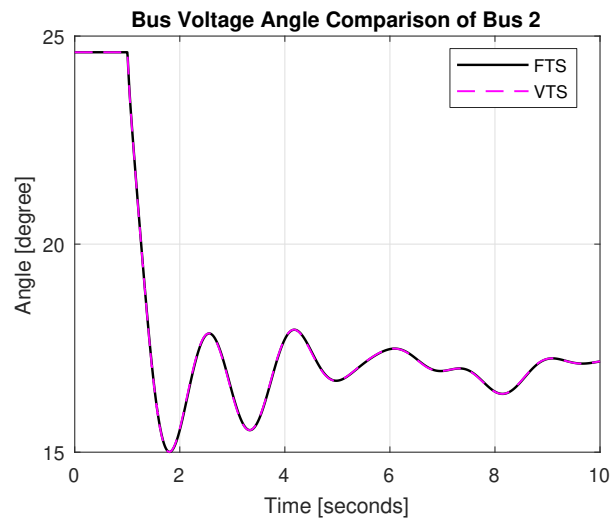
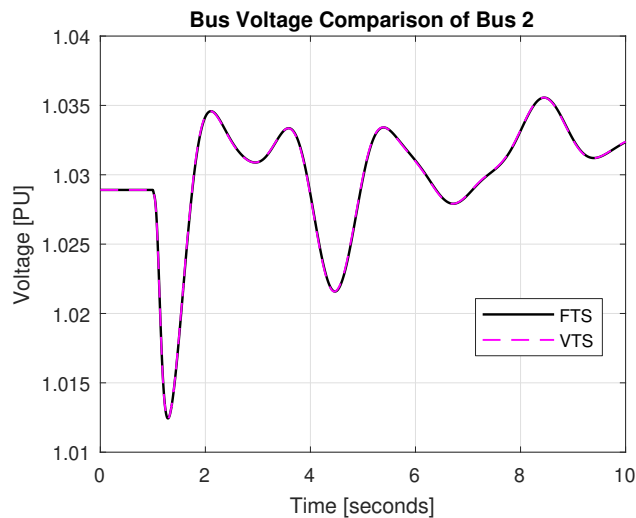
## Step Size and Solution Count Data



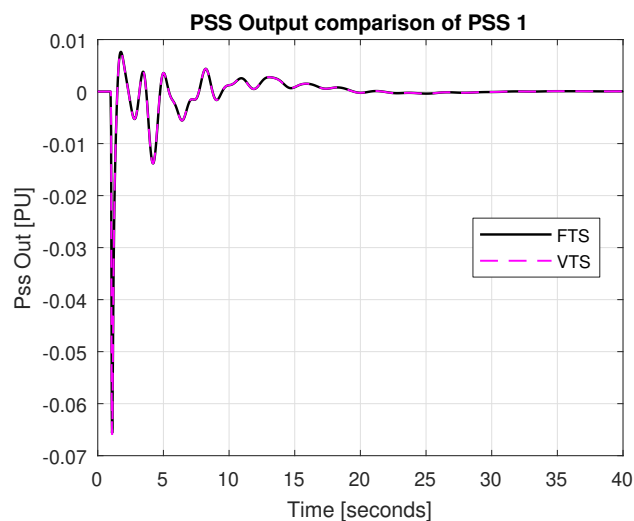
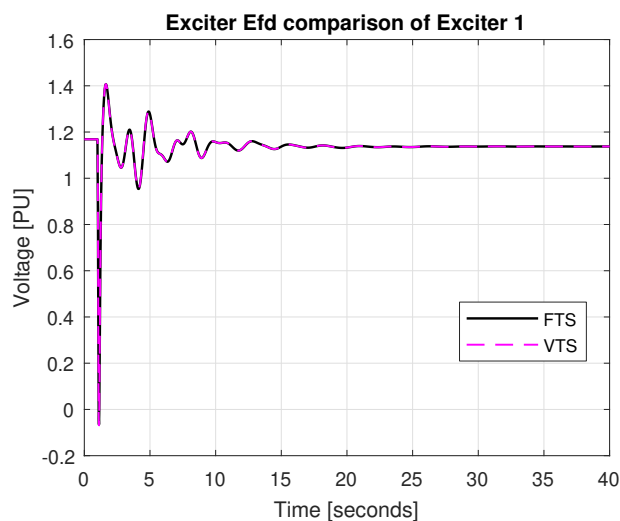
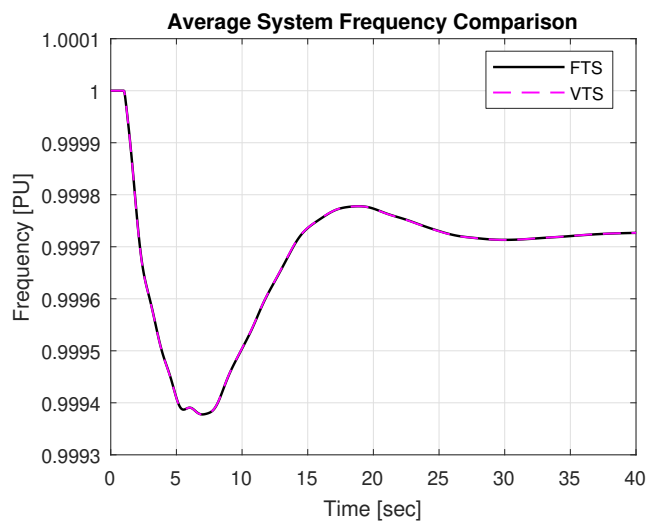
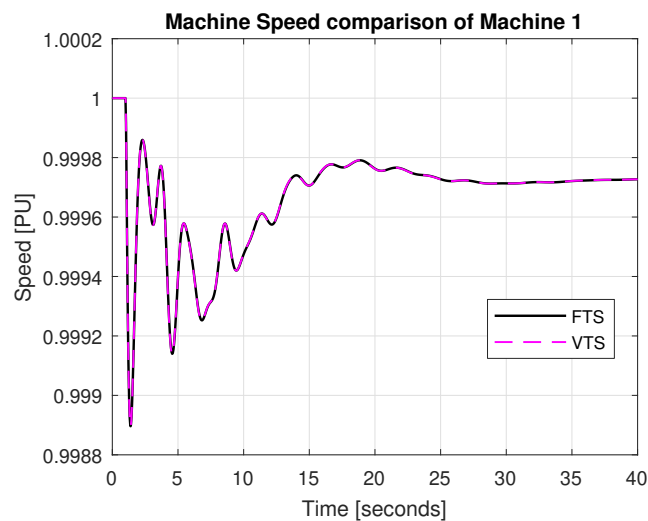
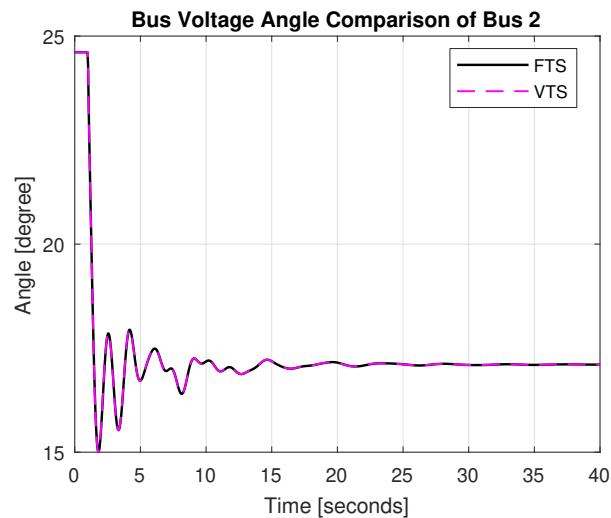
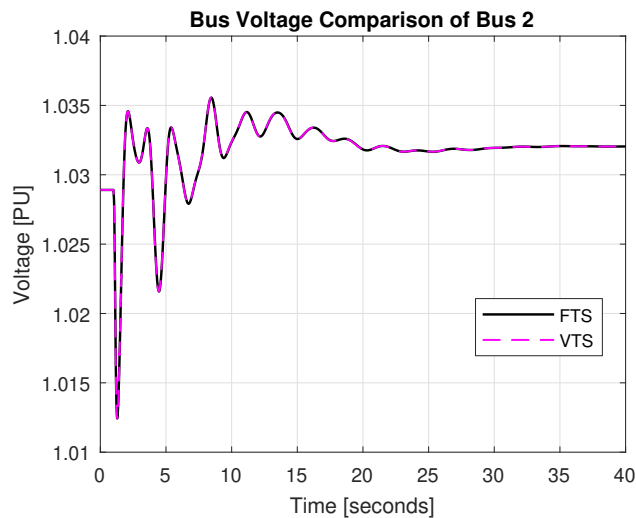
Select Comparisons:  $t = 0:600$  (full simulation)



Select Comparisons:  $t = 0:10$



Select Comparisons:  $t = 0:40$



Select Comparisons:  $t = 260:360$  (Result 'Drift' - Scale should be noted)

