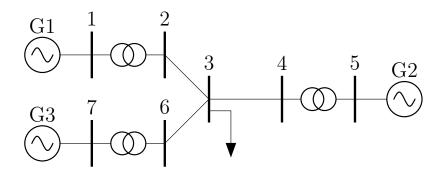
**Test System** A simple 3 machine system was used for 'un-trip' testing. All machines were modeled with governors, exciters, and PSS. Most model parameters are the same, with the exception of MVA base. Generators 1, 2, and 3, have an  $M_{base}$  of 500, 200, and 100 MVA respectively.

The experimental goal was to trip Generator 3 off-line, and then 'nicely' re-connect it. This is different from the previous test in that ramps of  $P_{ref}$  and  $\omega_{ref}$  happen concurrently, an extra initialization of the governor was removed, and instead of using  $tg\_sig$ , governor  $P_{ref}$  is ramped directly.

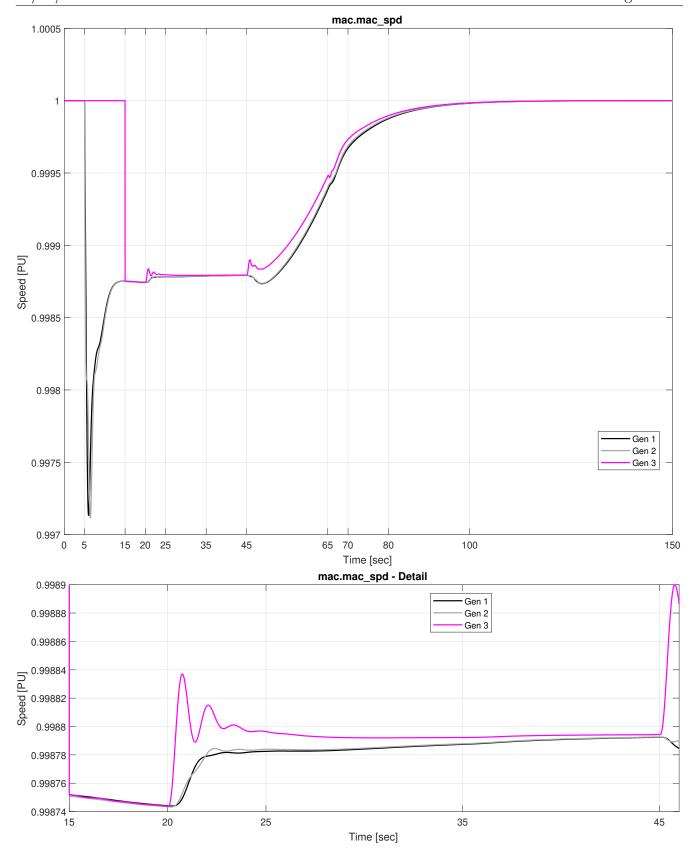


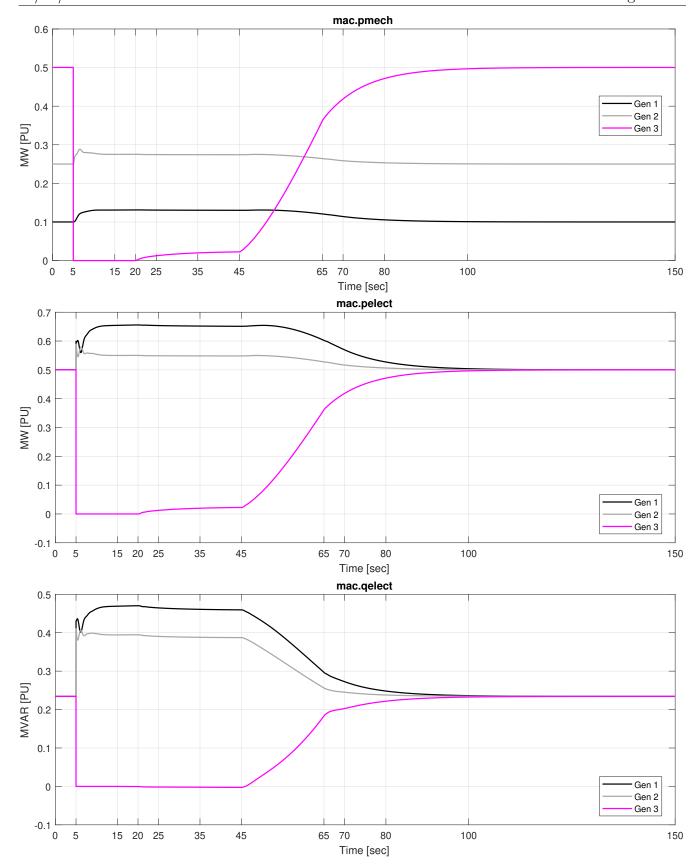
## Test Event Time Line:

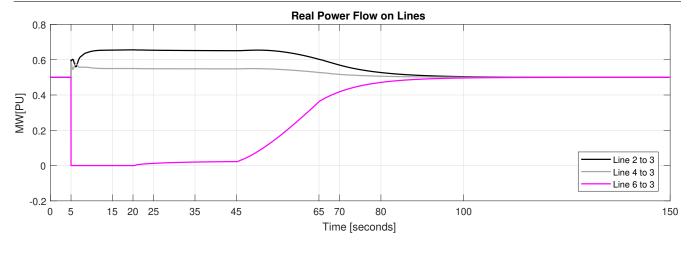
- t = 0 System initialized
- t=5 Generator 3 trips off. Associated derivatives,  $P_{mech}$ , and governor  $P_{ref}$  set to zero.
- t=15 Generator 3 re-synced to system and infinite reactance reset to original value.
- t = 20 25 The governor attached to Generator 3 is reinitialized and the  $\omega_{ref}$  value is ramped to its original value. This causes mechanical power to be generated by Generator 3 which causes minor transients in system machine speed.
- t = 35 The exciter and PSS on generator 3 is re-initialized and the exciter bypass is removed.
- t = 45 65 Ramping the governor  $P_{ref}$  to the original value increases system speed and real power flow from Generator 3 while the ramping of exciter reference voltage to original its value decreases system speed and increases reactive power flow from generator 3.
- t = 150 Simulation End

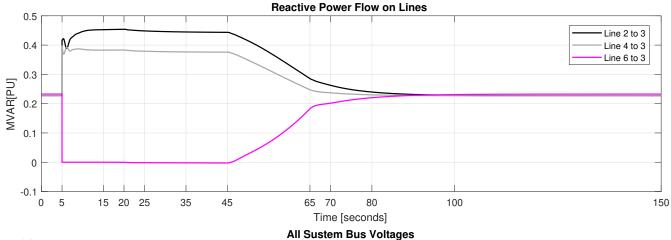
## Observations of Note:

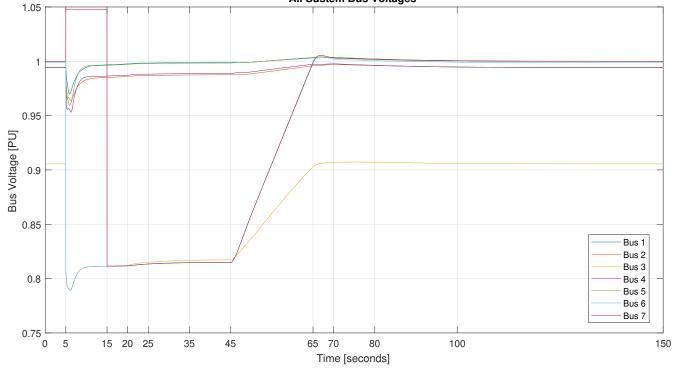
- Nicely 'un-tripping' a generator seems pretty possible.
- Generator 3 power returns  $P_{ref}$  value of 0.5 PU.
- System essentially returns to original state.
- Scenario development using FTS as VTS will likely present additional reinitialization issues.











## Machine Trip Logic Code

Most 'un-trip' action takes place in the mac trip logic file. Such actions include:

- Trip generator 3
- Set mechanical power to zero and bypass governor
- Bypass exciter
- Un-trip generator 3
- Re-initialize machine
- Re-init governor
- Ramp governor  $\omega_{ref}$
- Re-init and remove bypass on exciter
- Ramp exciter reference

It should be noted that the mac\_trip\_logic routine usage was created 'pre-global g', and as a result, passes variables in and out that are essentially globals. Realistically, only a data index would need to be passed into the function, and any action can take place directly on the associated g.mac.mac trip states vector or other required global.

```
function [tripOut,mac_trip_states] = mac_trip_logic(tripStatus,mac_trip_states,t,kT)
    % Purpose: trip generators.
2
    %
3
    % Inputs:
4
    %
         tripStatus = n\_mac \ x \ 1 \ bool \ vector \ of \ current \ trip \ status. If
5
    %
             tripStatus(n) is true, then the generator corresponding to the nth
6
    %
             row of mac_con is already tripped. Else, it is false.
7
    %
         mac_trip_states = storage matrix defined by user.
    %
         t = vector \ of \ simulation \ time \ (sec.).
9
    %
         kT = current integer time (sample). Corresponds to t(kT)
10
    %
11
    % Output:
12
         tripOut = n_mac \ x \ 1 \ bool \ vector \ of \ desired \ trips. If
13
    %
             tripOut(n) == 1, then the generator corresponding to the nth
14
             row of mac_con is will be tripped. Note that each element of
15
             tripOut must be either 0 or 1.
16
17
    % Version 1.0
18
    % Author: Dan Trudnowski
19
    % Date: Jan 2017
20
21
    % 08/28/20 12:35
                          Thad Haines
                                           Trip a generator, then bring it back online
```

```
% exciter and governor ramp at same time
23
24
    %% define global variables
25
    global g
26
27
    persistent excVrefNEW excVrefOLD % variables for exciter ramping
28
    persistent wRef0 wRef1 wDelta r0 % variables for governor ramping
29
30
    if kT<2
31
         tripOut = false(g.mac.n_mac,1);
32
         mac_trip_states = [0 0;0 0]; % to store two generators trip data...
33
34
    else
        tripOut = tripStatus;
35
36
         %% Trip generator
37
         if abs(t(kT)-5)<1e-5
38
             tripOut(3) = true; %trip gen 1 at t=5 sec.
39
             mac_trip_states(3,:) = [3; t(kT)]; %keep track of when things trip
40
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: Tripping gen 3 at t = ' num2str(t(kT))])
             for n=0:1
42
                 g.mac.pmech(3,kT+n) = 0; % set pmech to zero
43
             end
44
45
             % bypass governor
46
             g.tg.tg_pot(3,5) = 0.0;
                                          % set Pref to zero
47
             r0 = g.tg.tg_con(3,4);
                                          % store orginal 1/R
48
             g.tg.tg_con(3,4) = 0.0;
                                          % set 1/R = 0
49
             reInitGov(3,kT)
                                          % reset governor states
50
         end
51
52
         %% untrip gen
53
         if abs(t(kT)-15.0)<1e-5 %
54
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: "Un-Tripping" gen 3 at t = ' num2str(t(kT))])
55
             tripOut(3) = false;
56
             mac_trip_states(3,:) = [3; t(kT)]; % keep track of when things trip
57
             g.mac.mac_trip_flags(3) = 0;
                                                   % set global flag to zero.
58
59
             % bypass exciter (and pss)
60
             g.exc.exc_bypass(3) = 1;
                                                   % set bypass flag
61
             excVrefOLD = g.exc.exc_pot(3,3);
                                                          % save initial voltage reference
62
             reInitSub(3,kT)
                                                   % init machine states and voltage to connected bus
63
             \rightarrow at index kT
         end
64
65
         %% ramp wref to wref0
66
         if abs(g.sys.t(kT)-20) < 1e-5
67
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: reinit gov, start ramping wref at t = ', num2str(t(kT))])
68
             g.tg.tg\_con(3,4) = r0;
                                           % restore original 1/R value
69
```

```
reInitGov(3,kT)
                                            % re-init gov states
70
             wRef0 = g.tg.tg_con(3,3);
                                           % wref0
71
             wRef1 = g.mac.mac_spd(3,kT); % current machine speed
72
                                         % set reference to current speed
             g.tg.tg\_con(3,3) = wRef1;
73
             wDelta = wRef0 - wRef1;
                                          % amount to ramp in
74
         end
75
76
         if g.sys.t(kT)>= 20 && g.sys.t(kT)< 35
                                                       % ramp w ref to original value
77
             g.tg.tg_con(3,3) = wRef1+ wDelta*(1 - exp( 20-g.sys.t(kT) ) ); % concave down
78
79
         end
80
         if abs(t(kT)-35.0)<1e-5 % Reset governor w ref
81
             g.tg.tg\_con(3,3) = wRef0;
82
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: wref ramp in complete at t = ', num2str(t(kT)) ])
83
         end
84
85
         %% Re-connect exciter
86
         if abs(t(kT)-35.0)<1e-5
                                      % remove bypass on exciter
87
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: connecting exciter at t = ', num2str(t(kT))])
             reInitSmpExc(3,kT)
                                      % re-init single exciter
89
             pss(3,kT,0)
                                      % re-init pss
90
             g.exc.exc_bypass(3) = 0;% remove exciter bypass
91
         end
92
93
         %% Ramp exciter
94
         if abs(t(kT)-45.0)<1e-5 % ramp exciter reference voltage
95
             disp(['MAC_TRIP_LOGIC: ramping exciter to original Vref at t = ', num2str(t(kT))])
96
             excVrefNEW = excVrefOLD - g.exc.exc_pot(3,3); % calculate difference to make up
97
             excVrefOLD = g.exc.exc_pot(3,3);
98
         end
99
         if t(kT)>=45 && t(kT) <65
100
             g.exc.exc_pot(3,3) = excVrefOLD + (t(kT)-45)*excVrefNEW/20;
101
102
         end
103
104
     end
     end
105
```

## Turbine Governor Modulation Code

The mtg\_sig file was used to ramp the governors  $P_{ref}$  back to the original value.

```
function mtg_sig(k)
1
    % MTG_SIG Defines modulation signal for turbine power reference
2
    % Syntax: mtg_sig(k)
3
    %
4
    global g
5
    % actions to return a generator back on line
6
    % ramp pref instead of tg sig
8
    %% ramp Pref near to original value
9
    if abs(g.sys.t(k)-45) < 1e-6
10
        disp(['MTG_SIG: ramping gov Pref at t = ', num2str(g.sys.t(k))])
11
    end
12
    if g.sys.t(k)>= 45 && g.sys.t(k)< 65 %
13
        g.tg.tg.pot(3,5) = (g.sys.t(k)-45)*(0.5003)/20; % ramp reference
14
15
16
    %% set signal near to pref,
17
    if abs(g.sys.t(k)-65) < 1e-6
18
        disp(['MTG_SIG: Pref ramp done, setting Pref at t = ', num2str(g.sys.t(k))])
19
        g.tg.tg_pot(3,5) = (0.5003);
20
21
    end
22
    end% end function
23
```