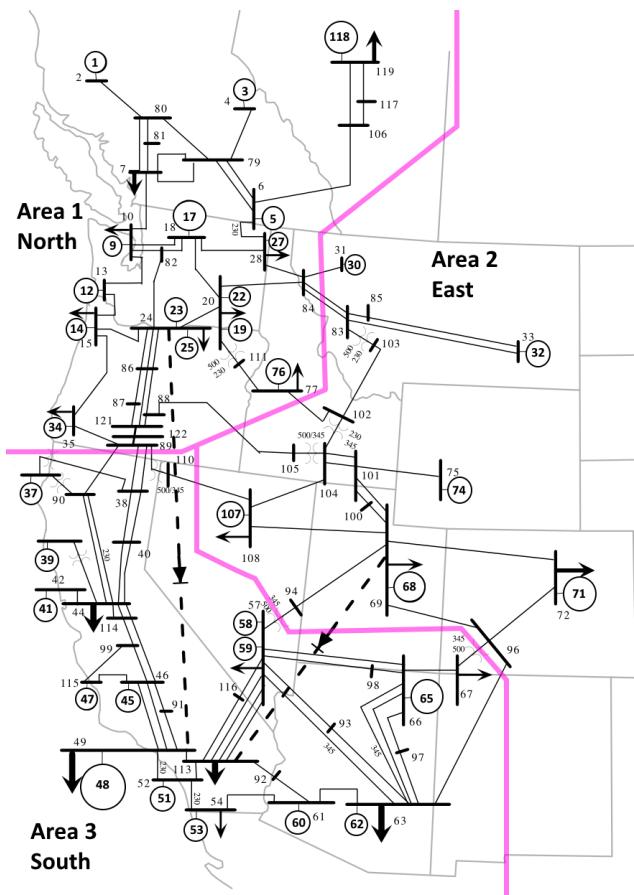


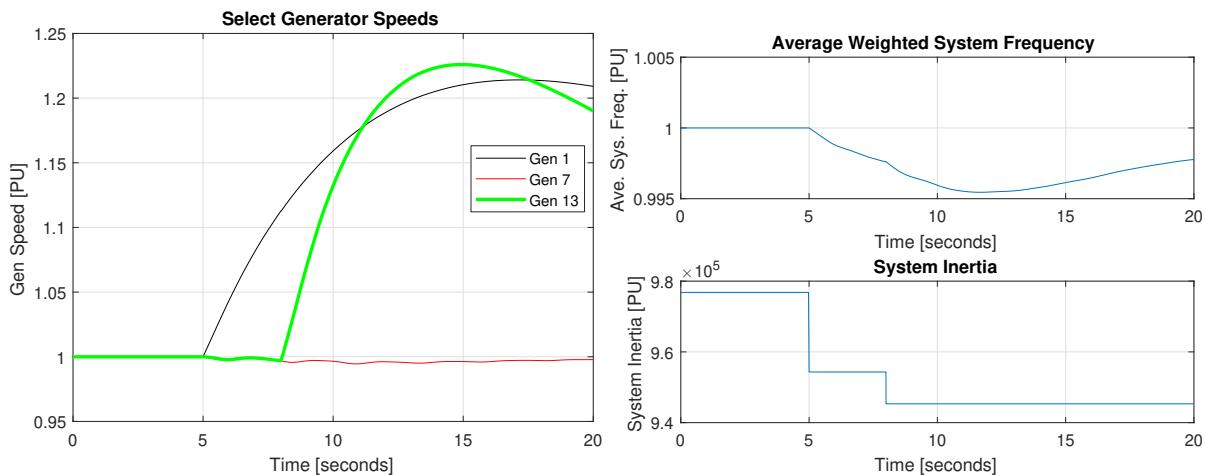
10 Minute AGC recovery of Mini WECC after generator trips

- Mini WECC system:
 - Buses: 122
 - Lines: 171
 - Loads: 88
 - Machines: 34
 - States: 623
- Events: Trip of Gen on Bus 1 at t = 5
Trip of Gen on Bus 30 at t = 8
- Each area has identical conditional AGC that acts at t=40 and again when t=160, 280, 400, 520 (i.e. 2 minute action time).
- ODE solver tolerances:
 - Relative: 1e-5
 - Absolute: 1e-7

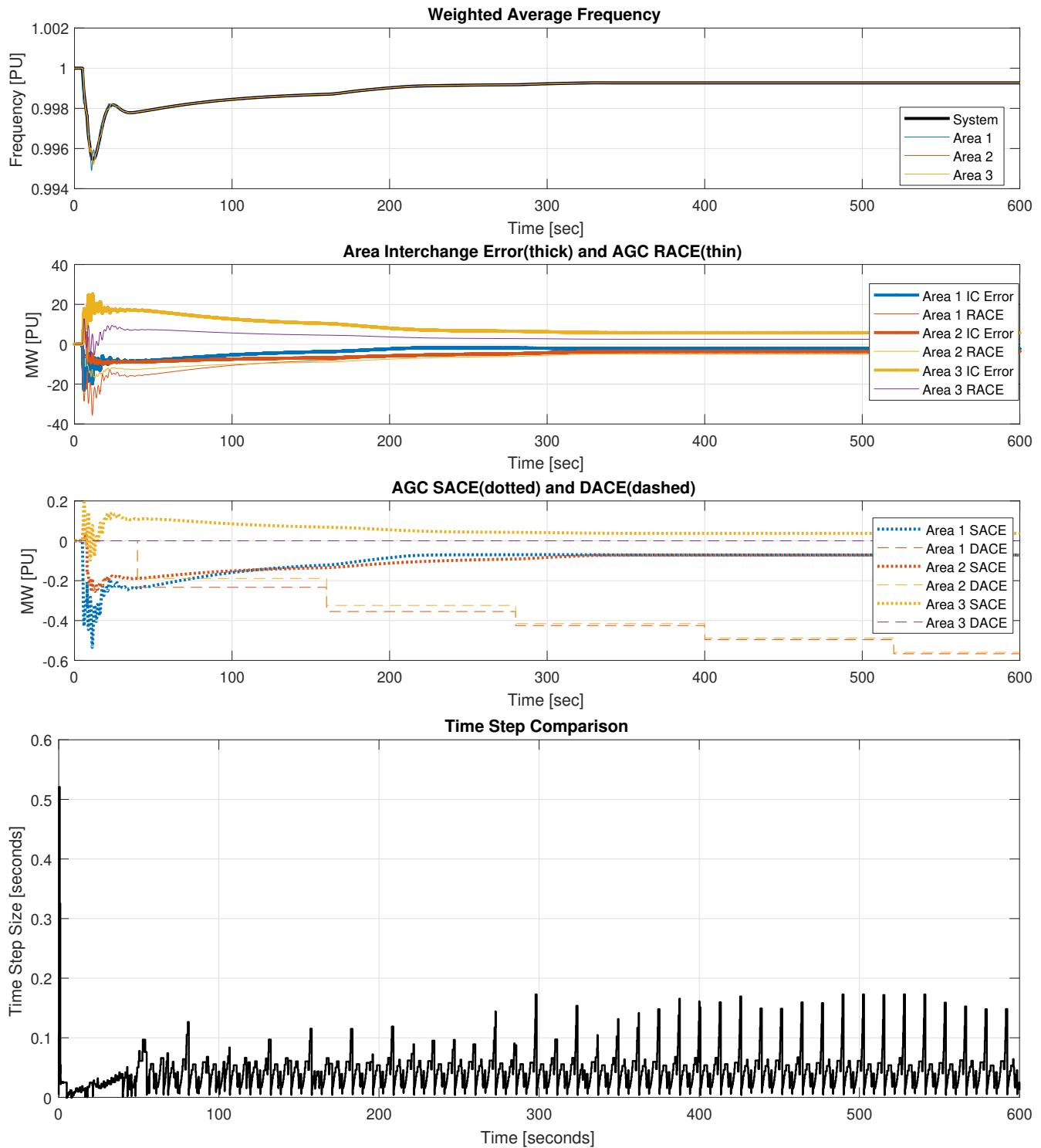


Result Summary:

- Generators trip successfully, average system frequency and system inertia calculated correctly.
- Case needs minor adjustment as AGC controlled machines hit generation limits.
- Tripped generator models are still calculated and effect size of time step.

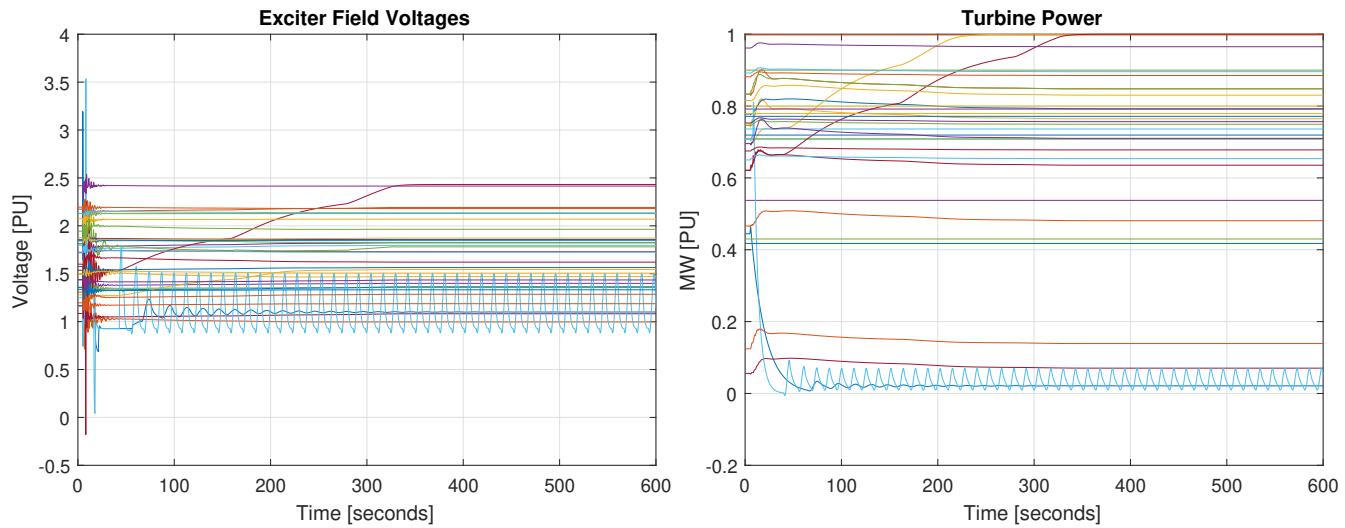


Select Comparisons: $t = 0:600$ (full simulation)



EFD and Mechanical Power

The oscillations of tripped generators affect the size of the variable time step.



A solution would be to zero out the associated derivatives of tripped machines.

Something along the lines of:

```
if ~all(~g.mac.mac_trip_flags)
    g.mac.dXXX1 = g.mac.dXXX1 .* ~g.mac.mac_trip_flags
    g.mac.dXXX2 = g.mac.dXXX2 .* ~g.mac.mac_trip_flags
    ...
end
```

Placed in the `handleStDx` function and called if the field is `mac`.

This would prevent any associated states from changing, which may be confusing to some during data analysis.