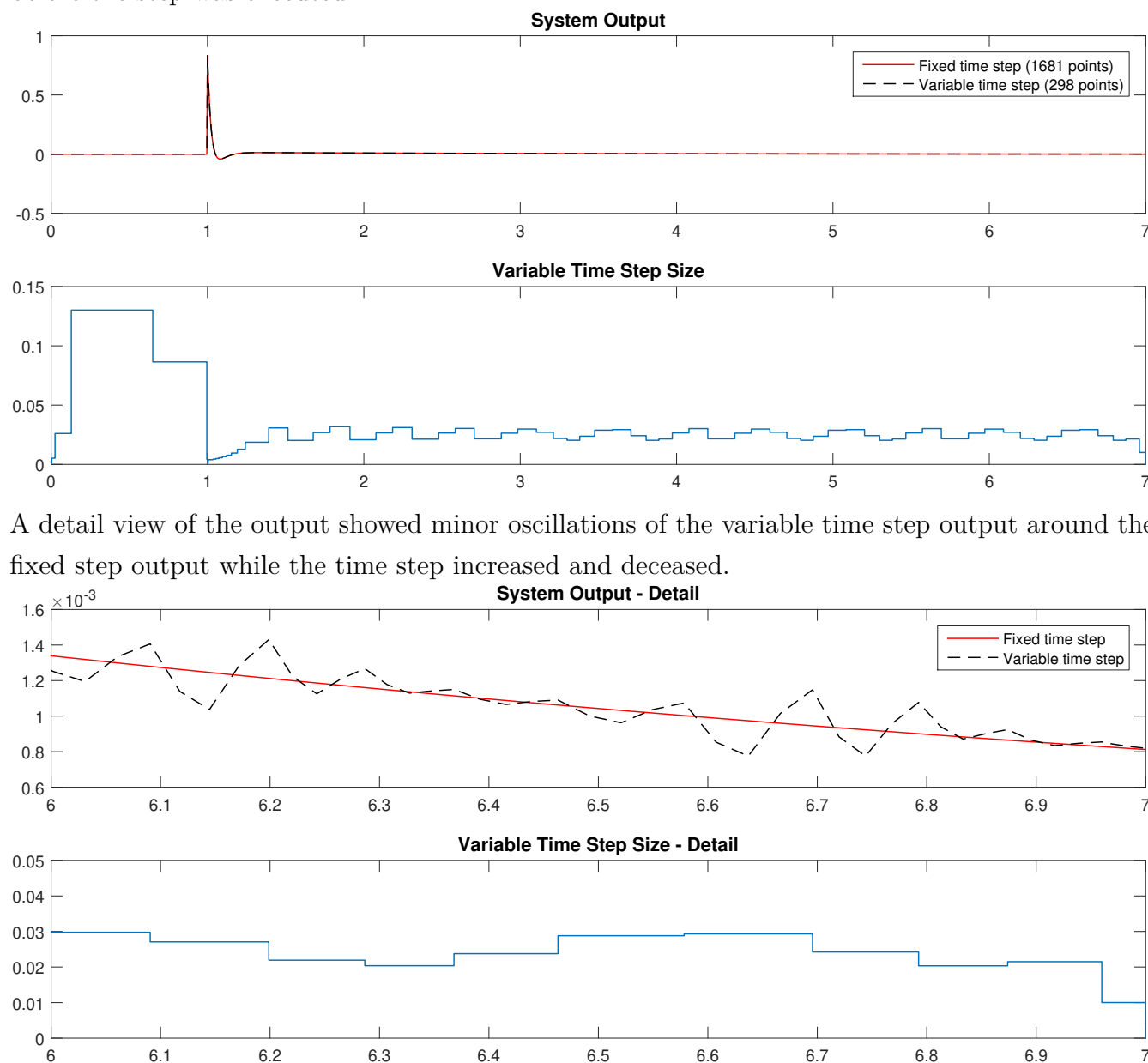


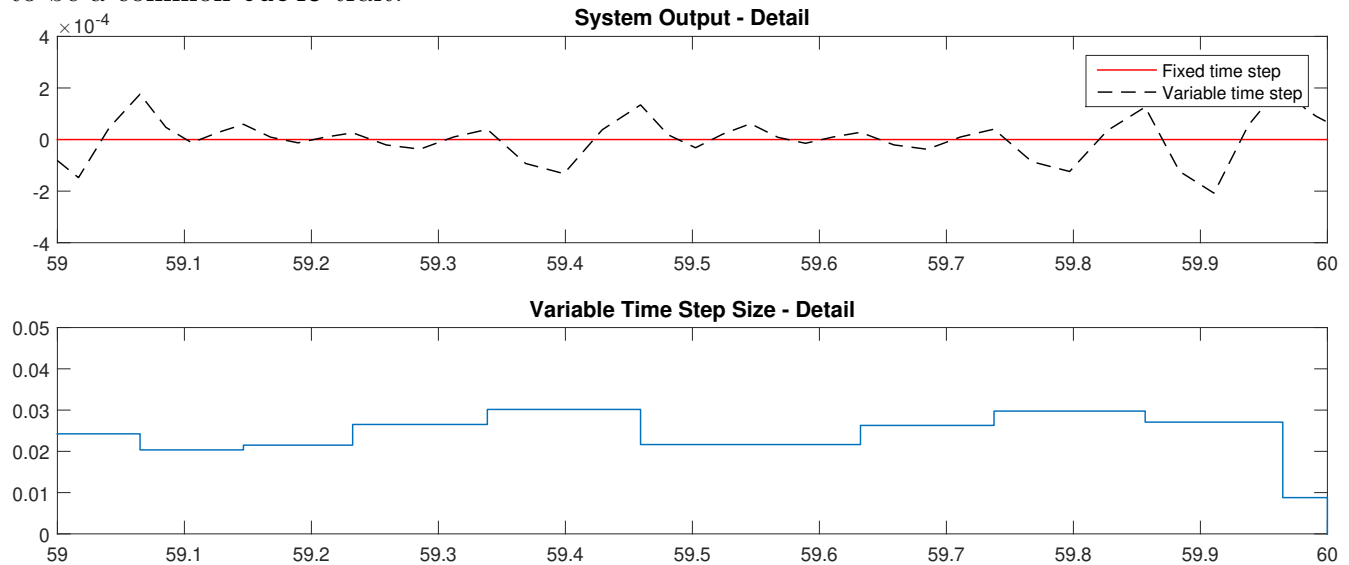
Step Results of a 3rd Order State Space System

A fixed time step of 1/4 cycle (≈ 4.2 seconds) using `lsim` was compared to a variable time step `ode45` solution. The default ODE tolerance settings were altered to produce an acceptable match in output (code line 23).

The variable time step method required fewer steps ($\approx 5.5\times$ less in this example) for very similar output. Time step size oscillated around 0.026 seconds post-event, but was as large as 0.13 seconds before the step was executed.



Running the simulation out to 60 seconds showed that this *time step oscillation* occurs continuously after an event. The large decrease in time step size near the end of a calculated time interval appears to be a common `ode45` trait.



MATLAB Code

The `ode45` function required a passed in function of `t` and `x` that returns derivatives. A simple `getXdot` function was written that performs such an action. Note that the time variable `t` was not actually used and most variables are global. This was done to mimic PST methods.

```
function [ xdot ] = getXdot( t, x)
%getXdot return xdot from statespace for ODE45 use
% t = filler variable
% A = A matrix from system
% x = initial state vector
% B = B matrix from system
% U = Input to system
global A B U
    xdot = A*x + B*U;
end
```

A PSS model from the miniWECC case was used as the test system. Manipulation of `ode45` output was required for correct state operation and model output handling (lines 36 and 41).

`ode45` has a 'OutputFcn' option that may be useful in indexing, time advancement, required state/output handling, and/or network solution calls. Other `ode45` options exist that may also be useful in future development.

```
1  %% test to use ode solver to step PST-esq model
2  close all;clear;format compact;clc
3
4  %% pss model definition (miniWECC)
5  %           1   2   3   4           5   6   7           8           9           10
6  pss_con = [ 1           1   20   2           0.25 0.04 0.2   0.03           1.0   -1.0];
7
8  %% MATLAB model
9  tend = 60;
10 block1 = tf([pss_con(3)*pss_con(4), 0],[pss_con(4), 1]);
11 block2 = tf([pss_con(5), 1],[pss_con(6), 1]);
12 block3 = tf([pss_con(7), 1],[pss_con(8), 1]);
13
14 G= block1*block2*block3;
15 tL = 0:1/60/4:tend; % quarter cycle steps
16 modSig = zeros(size(tL,1),1);
17 modSig(tL>=1) = .001; % very small input to avoid limiter
18 yL = lsim(G,modSig,tL);
19
20 %% ODE45 attempt with statespace
21 % Configure ODE settings
22 %options = odeset('RelTol',1e-3,'AbsTol',1e-6); % default settings
23 options = odeset('RelTol',1e-5,'AbsTol',1e-8,'InitialStep', 1/60/4, 'MaxStep',20);
24
25 % manipulate test sytem to statespace
26 [num,den] = tfdata(G);
27 global A B U
28 [A,B,C,D] = tf2ss(num{1},den{1});
29 % initial conditions
30 x = zeros(size(A,1),1);
31 y0 = x;
32 U = 0;
33
34 % Pre-perturbance
35 [t1,y1] = ode45(@getXdot, [0,1-1/60/4],y0, options);
36 yOut1 = C*y1'+D*U;
37
38 % Step input
39 U = modSig(end);
40 [t2,y2] = ode45(@getXdot, [1,tend],y1(end,:), options);
41 yOut2 = C*y2'+D*U;
42
43 % combining output
44 tCombined = [t1;t2];
45 yCombined = [yOut1, yOut2];
```