## CHO6 - Data Architecture



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#### **AGENDA**

- Introduction to Data Architecture
- History and Evolution of Data Architecture
- Types of Data Architecture
- Key Components of Analytical Data Architecture
- Data Workflows and Management
- Operational Data Stores (ODS)

- Hybrid Dimensional-Normalized Model
- Master Data Management (MDM)
- Balancing Data Warehousing and Application-Specific Reporting

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#### Introduction to Data Architecture

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- **Definition**: Data architecture serves as a blueprint for aligning an organization's data assets with its business strategy.
- **Purpose**: Ensures effective data management practices to support business goals and decision-making.

#### History and Evolution of Data Architecture

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- Historical Perspective: Understanding the evolution of data architecture helps appreciate modern practices and their importance in Bl.
- **Development Over Time**: From simple data storage solutions to complex, integrated systems.

#### Types of Data Architecture

#### **Types of Data Architecture**

- Analytical Data Architecture: Focuses on organizing data to support business analysis and decision-making.
- Operational Data Stores (ODS): Used for routine tasks and reporting, storing operational data temporarily.

#### Key Components of Analytical Data Architecture

## **Key Components of Analytical Data Architecture**

- Data Warehouses: Central repositories for integrated data from multiple sources.
- Data Marts: Subsets of data warehouses tailored for specific business lines or departments.
- Bl and Analytics: Tools and applications for data analysis, reporting, and visualization.

#### Data Workflows and Management

#### **Data Workflows and Management**

- Data Flow: From source systems to transformation processes, storage in data warehouses, and consumption in BI applications.
- Workflow Types: Different workflows manage how data is processed, transferred, and utilized within the architecture.
- Workflow Optimization: Techniques for improving efficiency and accuracy in data workflows.

#### Operational Data Stores (ODS)

## **Operational Data Stores (ODS)**

- Definition: Databases designed for integrating and consolidating data from multiple sources for operational use.
- Functionality: Supports real-time data integration and routine operational reporting.

#### Hybrid Dimensional-Normalized Model

#### **Hybrid Dimensional-Normalized Model**

- Concept: Combines elements of both dimensional and normalized models to leverage the strengths of each.
- Advantages: Offers flexibility, supports complex queries, and enhances data integrity.

## Master Data Management (MDM)

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- Role of MDM: Ensures consistency and accuracy of key business entities across the enterprise.
- Benefits: Maintains data quality and provides a single view of critical data.

#### Balancing Data Warehousing and Application-Specific Reporting

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- Approach: A balanced approach that blends data warehousing and application-specific BI environments.
- **Objective**: Ensures consistent information and avoids redundant data sourcing, providing accurate and comprehensive business insights.

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