Code Template for ACM-ICPC

P_Not_Equal_NP

November 14, 2018

Code Template for ACM-ICPC, P_Not_Equal_NP

${\bf Contents}$

1	AhoCorasick	1
	1.1 AhoCorasick	1
2	\mathbf{FFT}	1
	2.1 FFT	1
3	HungarianAlgorithm	2
	3.1 HungarianAlgorithm	2
4	JavaFastIO	3
	4.1 JavaFastIO	3
5	SuffixArray	3
	SuffixArray 5.1 SuffixArray	3
6	SuffixAutomaton	3
	6.1 SuffixAutomaton	3
7	Treap	4
	7.1 Treap	4

1 AhoCorasick

1.1 AhoCorasick

```
// Aho-Corasick
struct AhoCorasick
   struct Node
   {
       int cnt;
       vector<int> id;
       Node *nextNode, *nextPatternNode,
           *child[ALPHABET_SIZE];
       Node()
       {
           cnt = 0;
           id = vector<int>();
           nextNode = nextPatternNode = NULL;
           FOR(i, 0, ALPHABET_SIZE - 1)
               child[i] = NULL;
       }
   } root;
   void insertString(const string &s, int id)
       Node *p = &root;
       FOR(i, 0, int(s.size()) - 1)
           int z = encode(s[i]);
           if (p->child[z] == NULL)
              p->child[z] = new Node();
           p = p \rightarrow child[z];
       p->id.pb(id);
   }
   queue<Node*> q;
   void calculateNode()
       q.push(&root);
       while(!q.empty())
           Node *p = q.front();
           q.pop();
           FOR(i, 0, ALPHABET_SIZE - 1)
           if (p->child[i] != NULL)
               Node *c = p->child[i];
               Node *f = p->nextNode;
               while(true)
               {
                  if (f == NULL)
                  {
                      c->nextNode = &root;
                      break;
                  if (f->child[i] != NULL)
                      c->nextNode = f->child[i];
                      break:
                  f = f->nextNode;
               }
               if (c->nextNode->id.empty())
```

```
c->nextPatternNode =
                       c->nextNode->nextPatternNode;
               else
                   c->nextPatternNode = c->nextNode;
               q.push(p->child[i]);
           }
       }
   }
    void query(const string &s)
       Node *p = &root;
       FOR(i, 0, int(s.size()) - 1)
           int z = encode(s[i]);
           while(p != NULL && p->child[z] == NULL)
               p = p->nextNode;
           if (p == NULL)
              p = &root;
           else
           {
               p = p \rightarrow child[z];
               p->cnt ++;
           }
       }
   }
    stack<Node*> st;
   void pushAnswer(int *ans)
       q.push(&root);
       while(!q.empty())
           Node *p = q.front();
           q.pop();
           st.push(p);
           FOR(i, 0, ALPHABET_SIZE - 1)
           if (p->child[i] != NULL)
               q.push(p->child[i]);
       }
       while(!st.empty())
           Node *p = st.top();
           st.pop();
           FOR(i, 0, int(p->id.size()) - 1)
               ans[p->id[i]] += p->cnt;
           if (p->nextNode != NULL)
               p->nextNode->cnt += p->cnt;
       }
   }
};
```

2 FFT

2.1 FFT

```
// FFT
const int NBIT = 18;
const int DEGREE = 1 << NBIT;
const double PI = acos(-1);
typedef complex<double> cplx;
cplx W[DEGREE];
int reverseBit(int mask)
```

```
{
   for(int i = 0, j = NBIT - 1; i < j; i ++, j --)</pre>
   if (((mask >> i) & 1) != ((mask >> j) & 1))
       mask ^= 1 << i;
       mask ^= 1 << j;
   return mask;
void fft(vector<cplx>& v, bool invert = false)
   v.resize(DEGREE);
   FOR(i, 0, DEGREE - 1)
       int j = reverseBit(i);
       if (i < j)</pre>
           swap(v[i], v[j]);
   vector<cplx> newV = vector<cplx>(DEGREE);
   for(int step = 1; step < DEGREE; step <<= 1)</pre>
       double angle = PI / step;
       if (invert)
           angle = -angle;
       W[0] = cplx(1);
       cplx wn = cplx(cos(angle), sin(angle));
       FOR(i, 1, step - 1)
           W[i] = W[i - 1] * wn;
       int startEven = 0;
       int startOdd = step;
       while(startEven < DEGREE)</pre>
           FOR(i, 0, step - 1)
               newV[startEven + i] = v[startEven + i] +
                   W[i] * v[startOdd + i];
               newV[startOdd + i] = v[startEven + i] -
                   W[i] * v[startOdd + i];
           startEven += (step << 1);</pre>
           startOdd = startEven + step;
       FOR(i, 0, DEGREE - 1)
           v[i] = newV[i];
   if (invert)
       FOR(i, 0, DEGREE - 1)
           v[i] /= DEGREE;
```

3 HungarianAlgorithm

3.1 HungarianAlgorithm

```
// Hungarian Algorithm
int n, c[mn] [mn], fx[mn], fy[mn];
int matchX[mn], matchY[mn], Queue[mn];
int reachX[mn], reachY[mn], inReachY[mn];
int trace[mn], numX, numY, co = 0, ans = 0;
void setup()
{
```

```
cin >> n;
   FOR(x, 1, n)
   FOR(y, 1, n)
       c[x][y] = maxC;
    int u, v;
   while(cin >> u)
    ₹
       cin >> v;
       cin >> c[u][v];
   }
}
int findArgumentPath(int s)
    co ++;
   numX = numY = 0;
   int 1 = 1, r = 1;
    Queue[1] = s;
   while(1 \le r)
    {
       int x = Queue[1 ++];
       reachX[++ numX] = x;
       FOR(y, 1, n)
       if (inReachY[y] != co \&\& C(x, y) == 0)
           inReachY[y] = co;
           reachY[++ numY] = y;
           trace[y] = x;
           if (!matchY[y])
               return y;
           Queue[++ r] = matchY[y];
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
void changeEdge()
   int delta = maxC;
   FOR(i, 1, numX)
       int x = reachX[i];
       FOR(y, 1, n)
       if (inReachY[y] != co)
           delta = min(delta, C(x, y));
   FOR(i, 1, numX)
       fx[reachX[i]] += delta;
   FOR(i, 1, numY)
       fy[reachY[i]] -= delta;
}
void argumenting(int y)
    while(inReachY[y] == co)
       int x = trace[y];
       int nex = matchX[x];
       matchX[x] = y;
       matchY[y] = x;
       y = nex;
}
void xuly()
   FOR(x, 1, n)
```

```
while(true)
{
    int y = findArgumentPath(x);
    if (y)
    {
        argumenting(y);
        break;
    }
    changeEdge();
}
FOR(x, 1, n)
    ans += c[x][matchX[x]];
cout << ans << '\n';
FOR(x, 1, n)
    cout << x << '\ ' ' << matchX[x] << '\n';</pre>
```

4 JavaFastIO

}

4.1 JavaFastIO

```
// Fast IO class in Java
static class FastReader
   final BufferedReader br;
   StringTokenizer st;
   FastReader()
       br = new BufferedReader(new
              InputStreamReader(System.in));
   }
   String next()
       while (st == null || !st.hasMoreElements())
       {
           try
           {
              st = new StringTokenizer(br.readLine());
           }
           catch (IOException e)
               e.printStackTrace();
       }
       return st.nextToken();
   }
   int nextInt()
       return Integer.parseInt(next());
}
static class FastWriter{
   PrintWriter printWriter;
   FastWriter(){
       printWriter = new PrintWriter(new
           BufferedOutputStream(System.out));
   }
   void print(Object object){
       printWriter.print(object);
```

```
void flush(){
    printWriter.flush();
}
```

5 SuffixArray

5.1 SuffixArray

```
// Suffix Array and LCP Array
void calculateSuffixArray(string &s, int* sa, int*
    group, pair< pair<int, int> , int > * data)
   int n = s.size();
   FOR(i, 1, n)
       group[i] = s[i - 1];
   for(int length = 1; length <= n; length <<= 1)</pre>
       FOR(i, 1, n)
           data[i] = mp(mp(group[i], (i + length > n?
               -1 : group[i + length])), i);
       sort(data + 1, data + n + 1);
       FOR(i, 1, n)
           group[data[i].S] = group[data[i - 1].S] +
               (data[i].F != data[i - 1].F);
   FOR(i, 1, n)
       sa[i] = data[i].S;
}
void calculateLCPArray(string &s, int* lcp, int* sa,
    int* pos)
   int n = s.size();
   FOR(i, 1, n)
       pos[sa[i]] = i;
   int result = 0;
   FOR(i, 1, n)
   {
       if (pos[i] == n)
           result = 0;
           continue;
       int j = sa[pos[i] + 1];
       while(i + result <= n && j + result <= n && s[i</pre>
           + result - 1] == s[j + result - 1])
           result ++;
       lcp[pos[i]] = result;
       if (result)
           result --;
   }
}
```

6 SuffixAutomaton

6.1 SuffixAutomaton

```
// Suffix Automaton
class SuffixAutomaton
```

```
private:
   class SAState
   {
       public:
           int length;
           SAState *link, *next[26];
           SAState(int length = 0, SAState *link =
               NULL): length(length), link(link)
               FOR(i, 0, 25)
                  next[i] = NULL;
           }
   };
   SAState *root, *last;
public:
   SuffixAutomaton()
       last = root = new SAState(0, NULL);
   void insert(char c)
   {
       c -= 'a';
       SAState* newState = new SAState(last->length
           + 1);
       while (last != NULL && last->next[c] == NULL)
           last->next[c] = newState;
           last = last->link;
       }
       if (last == NULL)
           newState->link = root;
       else
       {
           SAState* stateC = last->next[c];
           if (stateC->length == last->length + 1)
              newState->link = stateC;
           else
           {
               SAState* cloneState = new
                   SAState(last->length + 1,
                   stateC->link);
              FOR(i, 0, 25)
                  cloneState->next[i] =
                       stateC->next[i];
               while (last != NULL && last->next[c]
                   == stateC)
                  last->next[c] = cloneState;
                  last = last->link;
              newState->link = stateC->link =
                   cloneState:
           }
       }
       last = newState;
   bool checkSubstring(string& s)
       SAState* state = root;
       FOR(i, 0, int(s.size()) - 1)
       {
```

{

7 Treap

7.1 Treap

```
// Implicit Treap
template <typename T> class Treap
   private:
       class TreapNode
       {
           public:
               T value;
               int priority, cnt;
               TreapNode *lc, *rc;
               TreapNode() {}
               TreapNode(T value): value(value)
                   priority = getRandom(1, maxC);
                   cnt = 1;
                   lc = rc = NULL;
               }
       };
       int getCount(TreapNode* node)
           return (node? node->cnt : 0);
       }
       void updateCount(TreapNode* node)
       {
           if (node)
               node->cnt = getCount(node->lc) +
                   getCount(node->rc) + 1;
       }
       TreapNode* merge(TreapNode* 1, TreapNode* r)
           if (!1 || !r)
               return (1? 1 : r);
           TreapNode* re = NULL;
           if (l->priority > r->priority)
               1->rc = merge(1->rc, r);
               re = 1;
           }
           else
           {
               r\rightarrow lc = merge(l, r\rightarrow lc);
               re = r;
           updateCount(re);
           return re;
       }
```

```
void split(TreapNode* node, TreapNode*& 1,
        TreapNode*& r, int pos, int add = 0)
       if (!node)
       {
           1 = r = NULL;
           return;
       int currentPos = add + getCount(node->lc);
       if (pos <= currentPos)</pre>
           split(node->lc, l, node->lc, pos, add);
           r = node;
       }
       else
       {
           split(node->rc, node->rc, r, pos,
               currentPos + 1);
           1 = node;
       }
       updateCount(node);
   }
   TreapNode* get(TreapNode* node, int pos, int
        add = 0
       if (!node)
           return NULL;
       int currentPos = add + getCount(node->lc);
       if (pos == currentPos)
           return node;
       if (pos < currentPos)</pre>
           return get(node->lc, pos, add);
       return get(node->rc, pos, currentPos + 1);
   }
   void erase(TreapNode*& node, int pos, int add =
        0)
    {
       if (!node)
           return;
       int currentPos = add + getCount(node->lc);
       if (pos == currentPos)
           delete node;
           node = merge(node->lc, node->rc);
       }
       else if (pos < currentPos)</pre>
           erase(node->lc, pos, add);
           erase(node->rc, pos, currentPos + 1);
       updateCount(node);
   }
   void print(TreapNode* node)
       if (!node)
           return;
       print(node->lc);
       cout << node->value << ' ';</pre>
       print(node->rc);
   TreapNode* root;
public:
   Treap()
```

```
{
           root = NULL;
       }
       int size()
       {
           return getCount(root);
       void insert(T value, int pos)
           TreapNode *1 = NULL, *r = NULL;
           split(root, 1, r, pos);
           TreapNode* newItem = new TreapNode(value);
           root = merge(merge(l, newItem), r);
       }
       void insert(T value)
       {
           insert(value, size());
       T get(int pos)
           return get(root, pos)->value;
       }
       void erase(int pos)
       {
           erase(root, pos);
       void print()
           print(root);
           cout << ^{\prime}n';
};
```