

## Apache Kylin on HBase

**Extreme OLAP Engine for Big Data** 

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August 17,2018







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Key factors that Kylin selects HBase as the storage engine

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## 01 What is Apache Kylin





## What is Apache Kylin

OLAP engine for Big Data

Apache Kylin is an extreme fast OLAP engine for big data.



BI and Visualization	Interactive	Reporting	Dashboard
OLAP engine		Apache Kylin	
Hadoop Platform	Hive/Kafka	MR/Spark	HBase

## What is Apache Kylin

Key characters





#### Real Interactive

Trillion rows data, 99% queries < 1.3 seconds, from Meituan.com

#### **ANSI-SQL**

SQL on Hadoop, supports most ANSI SQL query functions

#### **Hadoop Native**

Compute and store data with MapReduce/Spark/HBase, fully scalable architecture;

#### Ease of Use

No programing; User-friendly Web GUI;

#### **MOLAP Cube**

User can define a data model and pre-build in Kylin with more than 10+ billions of raw data records

#### Seamless BI Integration

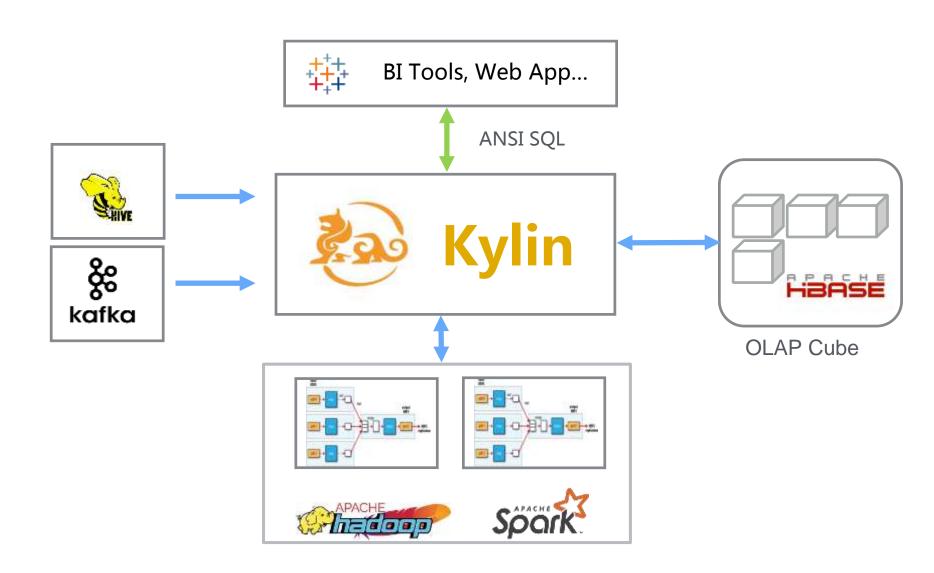
JDBC/ODBC/REST API; Supports Tableau, MSTR, Qlik Sense, Power BI, Excel and others





## Apache Kylin Architecture

Native on Hadoop, Horizontal Scalable





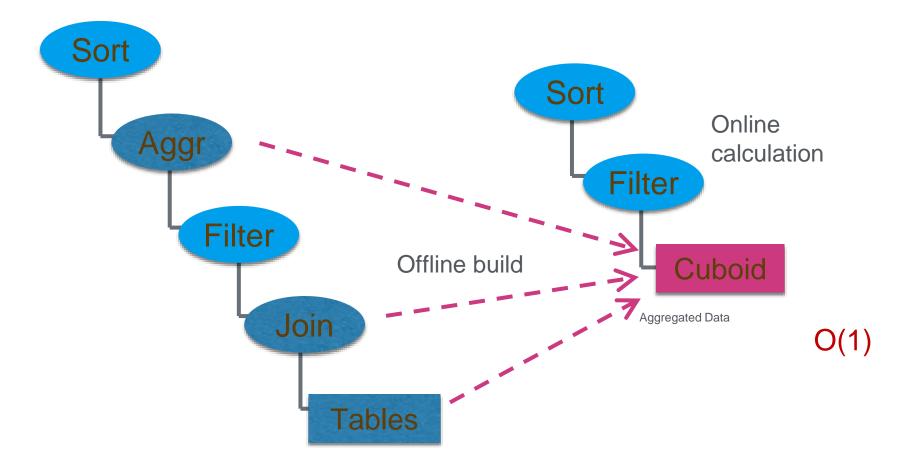


## Why Kylin is fast

Pre-calculation + Random access

- Join and aggregate data to Cube in offline
- No join at query time

- Convert SQL query to Cube visiting
- Filter with index and do online calculation within memory



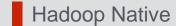


# 02 Why Apache HBase





## Criteria of the Storage engine for Kylin





High Capacity



Easy to use API



Low Latency



Wide Adoption



Active User Community



## Only HBase Can





#### Hadoop Native

HBase is built on Hadoop technologies; It
Integrates well with HDFS, MapReduce and
other components.

#### High Capacity

Supports very large data volume, TB to PB

### Easy to use API

#### Low Latency

Block cache and Bloom Filters for real-time queries.

#### Wide Adoption

Most Hadoop users are running HBase;

#### Active User Community

HBase has many active users, which provides many good articles and best practices.

## HBase in Kylin

HBase acts four roles in Kylin



Kylin persists OLAP Cube in HBase, for low latency access.

#### MPP for online calculation

Kylin pushes down calculations to HBase region servers for parallel computing.

#### Meta Store

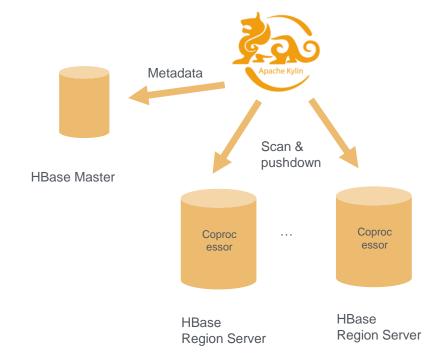
Kylin uses HBase to persist its metadata.

#### Cache

Kylin caches big lookup table in HBase.









## 03 How to use HBase in OLAP

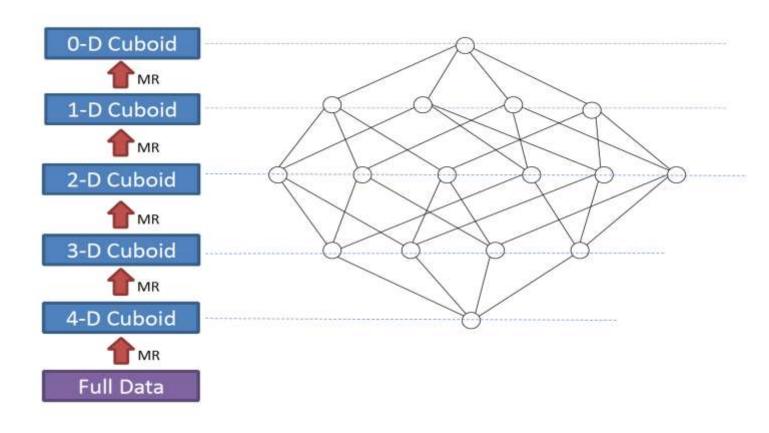
## How Cube be Built





Cube building process

- Kylin uses MR or Spark to aggregate source data into Cube;
- The typical algorithm is by-layer cubing;
- Calculate N-Dimension cuboid first, and then calculate N-1.

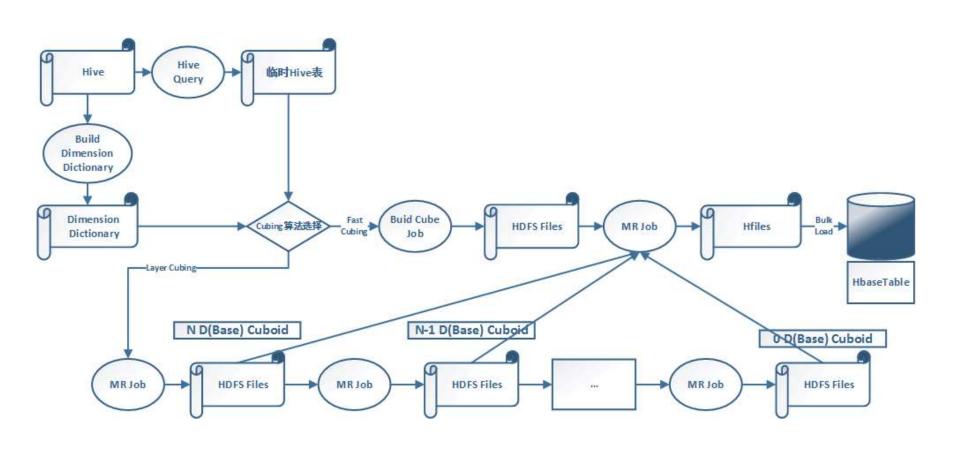


## How Cube be Built

Alibaba Group 阿里巴里東河



The whole Cube building process

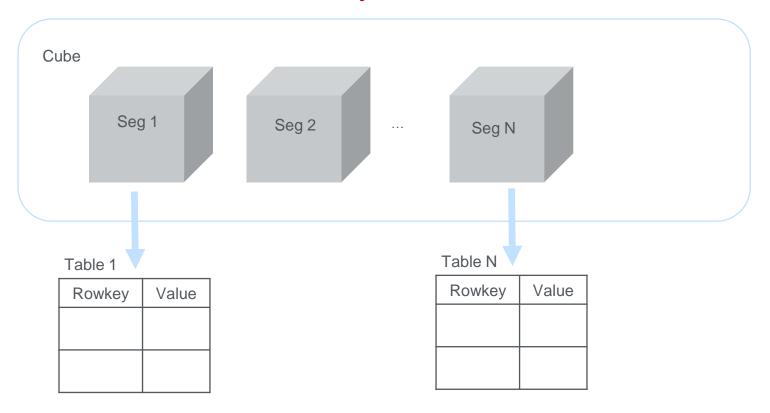


## Cube in HBase



Cube Structure

- Cube is partitioned into multiple segments by time range
- Each segment is a HBase Table
- Table is pre-split into multiple regions
- Cube is converted into HFile in batch job, and then bulk load to HBase



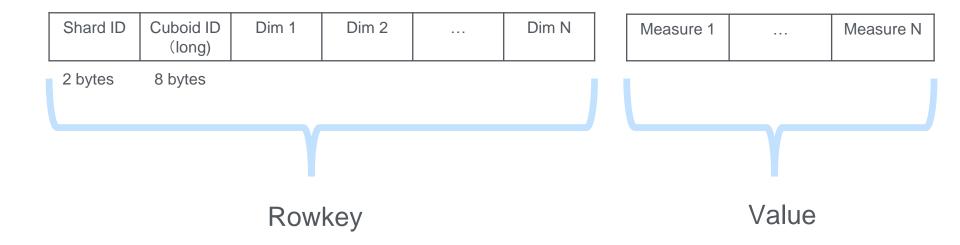
## **HBase Table Format**





Rowkey + Value

- Dimension values are encoded to bytes (via dictionary or others)
- Measures are serialized into bytes
- HBase Rowkey format: Shard ID (2 bytes) + Cuboid ID (8 bytes) + Dimensions
- HBase Value: measures serialized bytes
- Table is split into regions by Shard ID
- User can group measures into 1 or multiple column families









## How Cube be Persisted in HBase

Example: a Tiny Cube

- 2 dimensions and 1 measure; total 4 cuboids: 00,01,10,11
- Please note the Shard ID is not appeared here

始表			字典编码	200
year	city	price	维度值	编
1993	beijing	10	1993	0
1993	beijing	30	1994	1
1994	shanghai	20	beijing	0
1994	beijing	40	shanghai	1
聚合表			HBase KV存储	
year	city	sum(price)	Rowkey	Valu
1993	beijing	40	00000000	10
1994	shanghai	20	00000001+0	80
1994	beijing	40	00000001+1	50
1993	2.5	40	00000010+0	40
1994		60	00000010+1	60
٠	beijing	80	00000011+00	40
•	shanghai	50	00000011+10	40
		100	00000011+11	20

## How Cube be Queried





- Kylin parses SQL to get the dimension and measures;
- Identify the Model and Cube;
- Identify the Cuboid to scan;
- Identify the Cube segments;
- Leverage filter condition to narrow down scan range;
- Send aggregation logic to HBase coprocessor, do storage-side filtering and aggregation;
- On each HBase RS returned, de-code and do final processing in Calcite

select city, sum(price) from table where year= 1993 group by year Dimension: city, year Cuboid ID: 00000011

Filter: year=1993 (encoded value: 0)

Scan start: 00000011|0 Scan end: 00000011|1





### Good and not-good of HBase for OLAP

HBase is a little complicated for OLAP scenario; HBase supports both massive write + read; while OLAP is read-only.

- ✓ Native on Hadoop.
- ✓ Great performance (when search pattern matches row key sequence)
- ✓ High concurrency
- Not a columnar storage
- No secondary index
- Failover is slow
- Has downtime for upgrade (update coprocessor need to disable table first)
- ..



04 Use Cases

## 1000+ Global Users





#### **FSI** Internet • CCB 建设银行 eBay • CMB 招商银行 Yahoo! Japan • SPDB 浦发银行 Baidu 百度 Meituan 美团 CPIC 太平洋保险 • CITIC BANK 中 NetEase 网易 信银行 Expedia UnionPay 中国银 JD 京东 联 • VIP 唯品会 HuaTai 华泰证券 360 GuoTaiJunAn 国 泰君安证券 TOUTIAO 头条

### **Telecom Manufacturing Others**

- China Mobile
- China Telecom
- China Unicom
- AT & T
- ...

- SAIC 上汽集团
- Huawei 华为
- Lenovo 联想
- OPPO
- XiaoMi 小米
- VIVO
- MeiZu 魅族
- •

- MachineZone
- Glispa
- Inovex
- Adobe
- iFLY TEK科大 讯飞
- ...





## Use Case - OLAP on Hadoop

Meituan: Top O2O company in China

#### **Challenge**

- Slow performance with previous MySQL option Heavy development efforts with Hive solution
- Huge resources for Hive job
- Analysts can't access directly for data on Hadoop

#### **Solution**

- Apache Kylin as core OLAP on Hadoop solution
- SQL interface for internal users
- Active participate in open source Kylin community

973 Cubes, 8.9+ trillion rows, Cube size 971 TB 3,800,000 queries/day, TP90 < 1.2 second

(Data in 2018/08)

Supporting all Meituan business lines



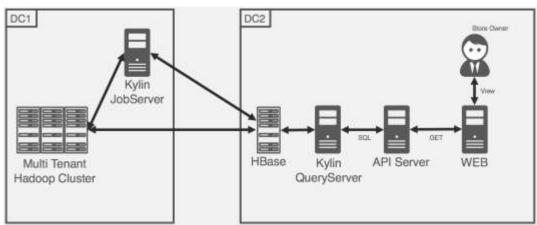


## Use Case – Shopping Reporting

Yahoo! Japan: the most visited website in Japan

- We provide a reporting system that show statistics for store owners.
  - e. g. impressions, clicks and sales.

- Our reporting system used Impala as a backend database previously. It took a long time (about 60 sec) to show Web UI.
- In order to lower the latency, we moved to Apache Kylin.
  - Average latency < 1sec for most</li>cases



Thanks to low latency with Kylin, we become possible to focus on adding functions for users.





