

CTT534 – Thiết Kế Giao Diện

Graphic Design – Part 2

Outline



- Graphic design philosophies
- Design guidelines

Graphic design philosophies

- Aesthetic appeal does not automatically confer usability
- UI design must balance the meaning of its visual elements that conform the mental model of operation
- Preferences
 - Simple and natural user's "language"
 - Economy of visual elements
 - Clean, well organized
 - Less is more

Guidelines for good graphic design

- Basic principles
 - Metaphor
 - Simplicity and Clarity
 - Consistency
 - Organization/Alignment/Proximity/Grid
 - Legibility and readability
 - Color/Contrast

Simplicity

- "Keep it simple, stupid." (KISS)
- "Less is more."
- "When in doubt, leave it out."



- Every element in an interface should have a reason for being there
 - make that reason clear too

Techniques for simplicity

Reduction

- Decide what essentially needs to be conveyed by the design
- Examines every element if it serves essential purposes
- Remove inessential elements





Techniques for simplicity (cont'd)

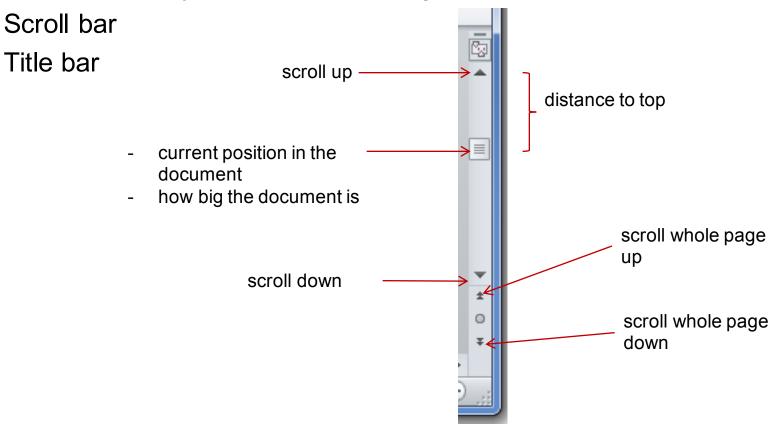
Regularity

- Use a regular pattern
 - minimize the unnecessary differences between elements with regularity
 - elements provided by the operating system. The users are already familiar them
- Limit inessential variation among elements
 - use the same font, color, line width, dimensions, orientation for multiple elements
 - irregularities in your design will be magnified in the user's eyes and assigned meaning and significance

Techniques for simplicity (cont'd)

Combine elements

Let elements play multiple roles, e.g.

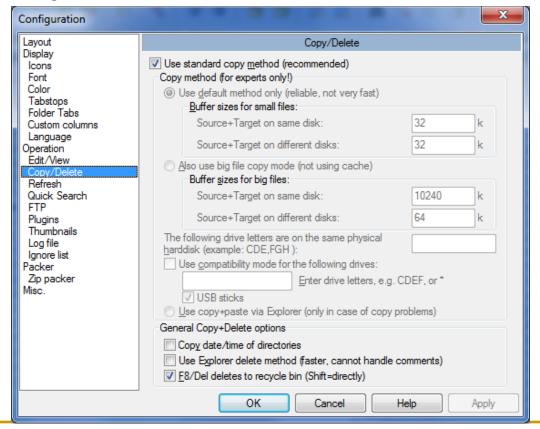


White space

- Leads the eye
- Provides symmetry and balance through its use
- Allows eye to rest between elements of activity
- Used to promote simplicity, elegance, class, refinement
 - margins to draw eye around design
 - don't crowd controls together

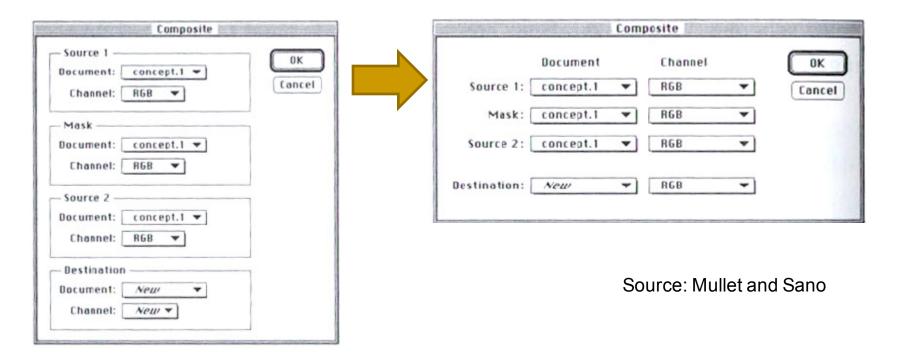
White space (cont'd)

- Crowded dialog example
 - Controls are tightly packed together
 - Lack of margins between texts/lables



White space (cont'd)

- Put labels in the left margin with white space leading and highting them
- Put labels on left of the controls, not above



Consistency

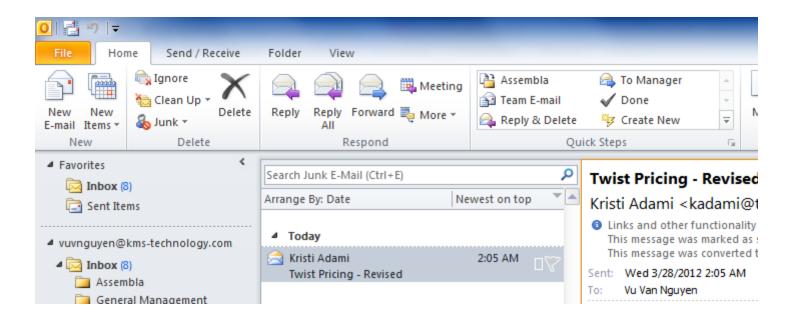
- Similar things should work similarly
- Different things should look different
- Consistency types
 - Internal: within the system
 - elements follow same conventions and rules
 - External: across different systems
 - follow platform and interface style conventions
 - Metaphorical: reflecting real-world objects
 - A print icon is a metaphor of the printer



Consistency (cont'd)

Example

- Ctrl + F on many Windows applications
- Ctrl + F on MS Outlook



Organization

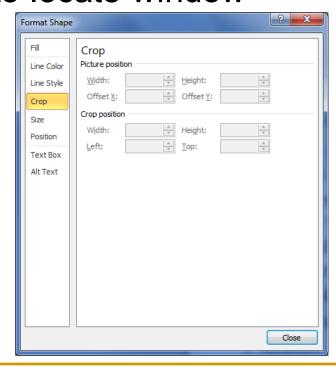
- Grid system
- Grouping of items
- Order of items
- Alignment of items
- Arrangement between items

Grid system

- Grid is an essential tool for graphical design
 - A uniform grid (a grid with equal-width columns) is one effective way to achieve both alignment and balance
- Horizontal and vertical lines to locate window

components

- aligns related components
- Consistency
 - location
 - format
 - element repetition

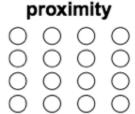


The Gestalt principles of grouping

- Discovered in the 1920s by the Gestalt school of psychologists
- Describe how early visual processing groups elements in the visual field into larger wholes

Proximity

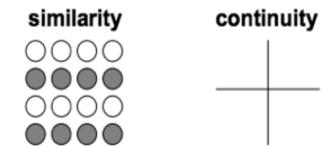
 Elements that are closer to each other are more likely to be grouped together



You see four vertical columns of circles, because the circles are closer vertically than they are horizontally.

The Gestalt principles of grouping (cont'd)

- Similarity: Elements with similar attributes are more likely to be grouped
- Continuity: The eye expects to see a contour as a continuous object



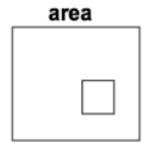
You see four rows of circles, because the circles are more alike horizontally than they are vertically You primarily perceive this as two crossing lines, rather than as four lines meeting at a point, or two right angles sharing a vertex

The Gestalt principles of grouping (cont'd)

- Closure: The eye tends to perceive complete, closed figures, even when lines are missing
- Area: When two elements overlap, the smaller one will be interpreted as a figure in front of the larger ground
- Symmetry: The eye prefers explanations with greater symmetry



We see a triangle in the center although edges aren't complete



We see a small square in front of a large square rather than a hole

symmetry



We perceive two overlapping squares, rather than three separate polygons

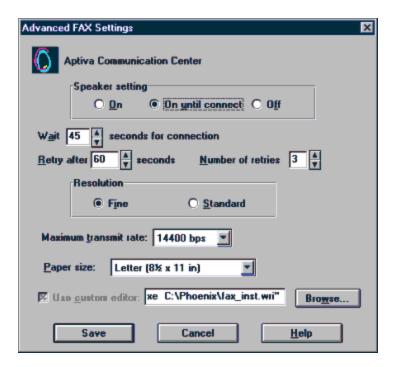
The Gestalt principles of grouping (cont'd)

IBM logo



Alignment

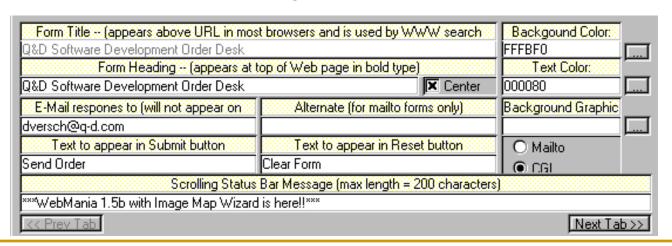
- Aligning elements horizontally and vertically
 - Improve the simplicity of a design
- Align text baselines



Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Alignment (cont'd)

- Bad alignment
 - no flow, causing the eyes to zig-zag around the screen as the user attempts to locate a field of interest
- Poor contrast
 - cannot distinguish colored labels from editable fields
- Poor repetition
 - buttons do not look like buttons
- Poor explicit structure
 - blocks compete with alignment



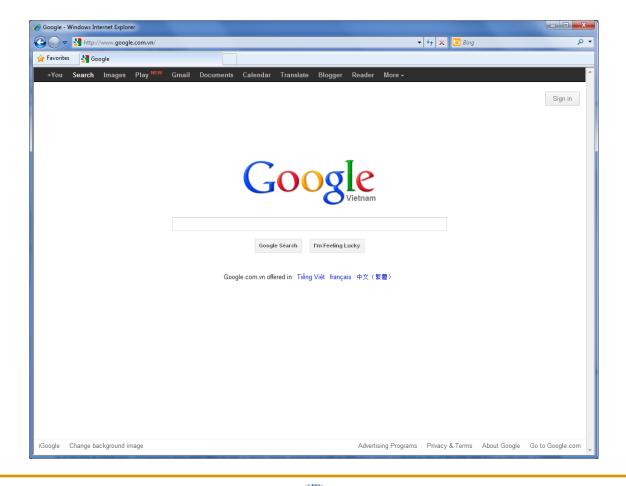
Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Balance and symmetry

- Choose an axis (usually vertical)
- Distribute elements equally around the axis
 - Equalize both mass and extend

Balance and symmetry (cont'd)

Example



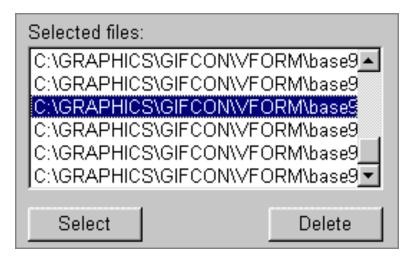
Economy of visual elements

- Less is more unless more is more...
- Minimize number of controls
- Include only those that are necessary
- Appropriately arrange the size, layout of controls, e.g., text fields, combo boxes, checkboxes
- Minimize clutter
 - so information is not hidden

Economy of visual elements (cont'd)



Overuse 3D effects

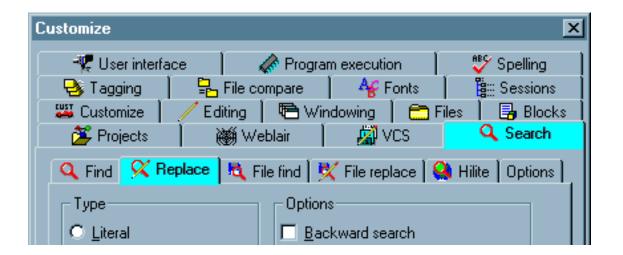


You know what to choose?

Economy of visual elements (cont'd)

Tabs

- excellent means for factoring related items
- but can be overdone



Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Legibility and readability

 Characters, symbols, graphical elements should be easily noticable and distinguishable

Whenever your local SMS Administrator sends you an actual software Package, the SMS Package Command Manager will appear (usually at network logon time) displaying the available Package(s). The following screenshots display scenes similar to what you will see when you receive an actual SMS Package.

To start the demonstration, elich the " $0.19\,GK$ $ASP_0.49GHSSSS$ e littom of the screen.

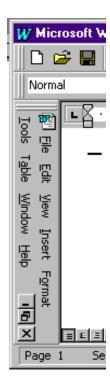
If you wish to add/change network information, please select one of the following options.

- I WANT TO CONNECT TO AN EXISTING TIME & CHAOS WORKGROUP OR MODIFY THE CONNECTION SETTINGS.
- I WANT TO BUILD A BRAND NEW WORKGROUP.

Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Legibility and readability (cont'd)

- Text orientation is difficult to read
 - Don't try too hard to harm your neck



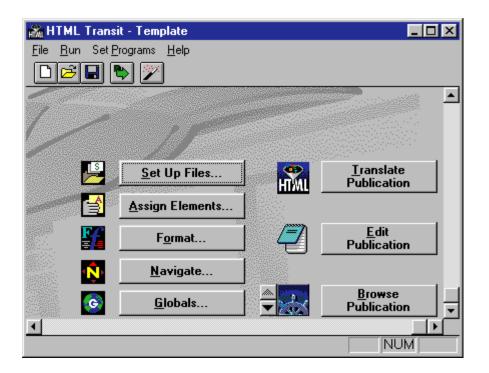
Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Imagery

- Signs, icons, symbols
 - right choice within spectrum from concrete to abstract
- Meaningful icon design are hard!
 - except for most familiar, always label them
- Consistent and relevant image use
 - identifies situations, offerings, etc.
- Avoid 'eye candy' unless it supports a message
- Motion attracts attention
 - useful if important, otherwise distracting

Imagery (cont'd)

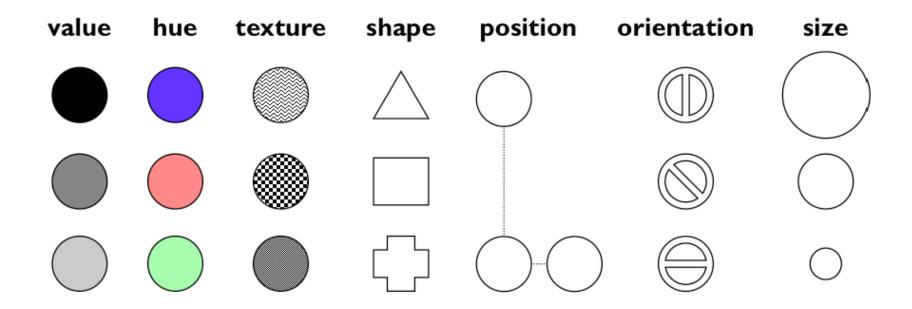
Can you guess these icons?



Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Color and contrast

 Contrast encodes information along visual dimensions



Contrast problems

Form Title (appears above URL in most browsers and is used by WWW search Q&D Software Development Order Desk		Backgound Color:	
Form Heading (appears at top of Web page in bold type)			Text Color:
Q&D Software Development Order Desk		▼ Center	000080
E-Mail respones to (will not appear on	Alternate (for mailto form:	s only)	Background Graphic
dversch@q-d.com			<u></u>
Text to appear in Submit button	Text to appear in Reset I	button	O Mailto
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Source: Interface Hall of Shame

Summary

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- Design principles
 - Metaphor
 - Clarity and simplicity
 - Consistency
 - Organization/Alignment/Proximity/Grids
 - Legibility and readability
 - Color and contrast