



`%` → resto da divisão

Handwritten example: `11 / 2 → 2 = 1`

Logico

x = 10

y = 5

(x and y) >= 20 v

~~28~~

comparar

==

a = 2

b = 3

(a == b)

false

1

!=

n1 = 2

n2 = 3

n1 != n2

ou -> or ||

nota1 = 10

nota2 = 8

(nota1 <= nota2) || ((nota1 && nota2) < 20)

10 < 8

F

10 < 20

8 < 20

F || 8 < 20 -> F

"4" + "1" -> 41

===

$\begin{array}{l} \text{pq} \\ V F \rightarrow F \\ F V \rightarrow F \\ F F \rightarrow F \\ \boxed{V V \rightarrow V} \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{l} \text{qu} \quad || \\ \hline V F \rightarrow V \\ F V \rightarrow V \\ \boxed{F F \rightarrow F} \\ V V \rightarrow V \end{array}$

$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \textcircled{0}$
 \rightarrow for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
 for (j = 0; j < 2; j++)