

XÓA MÙ TIẾNG ANH CẤP TỐC CÙNG CÔ MAI PHƯƠNG

BÀI 4

A. GRAMMAR

I. PRESENT SIMPLE

1. When we use Present Simple?

We use the present simple:

- To express habits

Ex1: I play football in the afternoon.



Ex2: I always get up early to do morning exercise.



- To talk about something that is true in the present:

Ex:

I am a student.



Taylor Swift is a famous singer.



- To talk about something that is general fact/ truth:

Ex:

The sun rises in the east.

Water boils at 100 degrees C.



- To express timetables/ schedules, present or future:

Ex:

My train arrives tomorrow.

We have Art on Monday and Thursday.



	Sun Oct 6	Mon Oct 7	Tue Oct 8	Wed Oct 9	Thu Oct 10	Fri Oct 11	Sat Oct 12
8 AM		Math			Music	Economy	
9 AM				Economy	Art	Math	
10 AM		English	Biology	Math	English	Chemistry	
11 AM		Music	Physics	Chemistry			
12 PM		Geography	English				
1 PM		Art		History	Geography		

2. Form

2.1. Present simple with “be”

	AFFIRMATIVE			NEGATIVE			EXPLANATION			
SINGULAR	I	am	happy.	I	am not	sad.	Contraction of "am not" is not possible amn't isn't = is not			
	You	are	at school.	You	aren't	at home.				
	He	is	hungry.	He	isn't	thirsty.				
	She	is	a nurse.	She	isn't	a pilot.				
	It	is	big.	It	isn't	small.				
PLURAL	We	are	early.	We	aren't	late.	aren't = are not			
	You	are	students.	You	aren't	teachers.				
	They	are	quiet.	They	aren't	noisy.				
QUESTIONS										
+	Affirmative		They are happy.	She is rich.						
?	Question		Are they happy ?	Is she rich ?						
Short Answer		Yes, they are / No, they aren't		Yes, she is / No, she isn't						
CONTRACTIONS										
	I am not...	He is not...	You are not...	We are not...	They are not...					
=	I'm not...	He's not...	You're not...	We're not...	They're not...					
=	X (not possible)	He isn't...	You aren't...	We aren't...	They aren't...					

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2.2. Present simple with verbs

Affirmation		Negative		Question
I	+ V.inf	I	+ don't + V.inf	Do I.....?
You		You		Do you?
We		We		Do we?
They		They		Do they.....?
He	+ V(s,es)	He	+ doesn't + V.inf	Does he?
She		She		Does she?
It		It		Does it?

Ex: In the evening,

I do my homework.

My parents watch TV.

My grandmother reads books.



3. How to make a verb in the third person singular?

3.1. + S

want – wants

need – needs

smile – smiles

think – thinks

3.2. Verbs ending with O, X, S, CH, SH + ES

go – goes

fix – fixes

miss – misses

watch – watches

Push – pushes

3. How to make a verb in the third person singular?

3.3. Verbs ending in -y:

- if there is a consonant before the -y: change -y to -ies

Study – studies

Cry – cries

Fly - flies

- if there is a vowel before the -y: +S

Play – plays

Enjoy – enjoys

Buy – buys

Obey – obeys

4. Time expressions

- Adverbs of frequency describe how often something occurs:

%	Adverb of Frequency	Example
100%	Always	I always study after class
90%	Usually	I usually walk to work
80%	Normally / Generally	I normally get good marks
70%	Often / Frequently	I often read in bed at night
50%	Sometimes	I sometimes sing in the shower
30%	Occasionally	I occasionally go to bed late
10%	Seldom	I seldom put salt on my food
5%	Hardly ever / Rarely	I hardly ever get angry
0%	Never	Vegetarians never eat meat
Subject + Adverb + Main Verb		Subject + BE + Adverb
Daniel always passes his exams.		He is always happy.

- every day/ week/ month/ year....
- on Mondays/ Tuesdays....
- in the morning, in the afternoon
- on/ at the weekends
- once/ twice/ three times... + a week/ a month/ a year

Practice:

Complete the sentences with the correct verb from the list below.

fix have drink take cry
wear speak play watch brush

- I _____ breakfast at 7.00 every morning.
- He always _____ a suit to work.
- She _____ her teeth three times a day.
- They _____ the bus to school every day.
- The teacher _____ three languages.
- A mechanic _____ cars.
- The baby _____ a lot.

8. My father _____ coffee every morning.
9. My grandmother often _____ TV in the evenings.
10. These boys _____ soccer very well.

II. PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1. When we use Present Continuous tense?

- to talk about activities at the moment of speaking:

Ex:

It is raining.



They are dancing.



- to describe a temporary event or situation

Ex: He usually plays the drums, but he's playing bass guitar tonight.



- to describe an action or event in the future, which has already been planned or prepared

Ex: I am having a party with my friends tonight.



2. Form

	I	You/ We/ They	He/ She/ It
Affirmation	+ am V.ing I am studying.	+ are V.ing We are studying.	+ is V.ing He is studying.
Negative	+ am not V.ing I am not studying	+ are not/ aren't V.ing We aren't studying.	+ is not/ isn't V.ing He isn't studying.
Question	Am I + V.ing? Am I studying?	Are + you/we/they + V.ing? Are they studying?	Is + he/she/it + V.ing? Is he studying?

3. How to make a verb in present continuous form?

3.1. + ing

Play – playing

Work – working

3.2. Verbs ending in an “e”: drop “e” and add “ing”

take – taking

Make – making

3.3. Verbs ending in “ie”: ie → y + ing

Die – dying

Lie - lying

3.4. Verbs ending in a vowel + a consonant (except w, x, y):

- One-syllable verbs: double the consonant and add “ing”

Stop – stopping

Sit – sitting

▪ **two-syllable verbs:**

The last syllable is stressed: Begin - beginning

The last syllable is not stressed: Listen – listening

4. Time expressions

- Now, right now
- At the moment
- at present
- Presently, currently
- For the time being
- This year, this month, this week,
- These days
- Tonight

Note: Look!, Listen!, Be quiet!

Practice:

Complete the sentences with the correct form of verbs (using Present Continuous)

1. His dad and brother _____(cycle) to the shops.
2. We _____ (not travel) in Japan.
3. I _____ (sunbathe) on the beach.
4. She _____ (not watch) TV.
5. They _____ (not swim) in the sea.
6. Sue _____ (stay) at home today.
7. The girls _____ (listen) to music now.
8. My favorite team _____ (win)!
9. _____ they _____ (read) magazines?

10. Where are you? We _____ (wait) for you!

B. LISTENING

Listen to people taking about how they spend their free time. Check (✓) the correct information about each person.



	Exercise a lot	Exercises a little	Never exercises
1. Bill	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Liz	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Victor	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Maria	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. David	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Now listen again. Match the people on the left with the activities on the right.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. Biz _____ | a. golfs |
| 2. Liz _____ | b. bicycles |
| 3. Victor _____ | c. plays baseball |
| 4. Maria _____ | d. talks walks |
| 5. David _____ | e. plays video games |