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Detalhes do pacote

Introdução Documentação Pacotes Blog

```
yarn.pm/cors
         ⊖X EXPRESSJS ♦ 10.8M MIT 2.8.5 ™
Node.js CORS middleware
 cors, express, connect, middleware
readme (leia-me)
                                                                                                  Use
   cors
   npm v2.8.5 downloads 11M/month build passing coverage 100%
   CORS is a node.js package for providing a Connect/Express middleware that can be used to enable
   CORS with various options.
   Follow me (@troygoode) on Twitter!

    Installation

      Usage

    Simple Usage

    Enable CORS for a Single Route

    Configuring CORS

    Configuring CORS Asynchronously

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   Installation
   This is a Node.js module available through the npm registry. Installation is done using the npm
   install command:
      $ npm install cors
```

```
Usage
Simple Usage (Enable All CORS Requests)
  var express = require('express')
  var cors = require('cors')
  var app = express()
  app.use(cors())
  app.get('/products/:id', function (req, res, next) {
     res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for all origins!'})
  })
```

console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')

```
Enable CORS for a Single Route
  var express = require('express')
  var cors = require('cors')
  var app = express()
  app.get('/products/:id', cors(), function (req, res, next) {
     res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for a Single Route'})
   })
  app.listen(80, function () {
    console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')
```

```
var cors = require('cors')
  var app = express()
  var corsOptions = {
    origin: 'http://example.com',
    optionsSuccessStatus: 200 // some legacy browsers (IE11, various SmartTVs) choke on
  app.get('/products/:id', cors(corsOptions), function (req, res, next) {
     res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for only example.com.'})
   })
  app.listen(80, function () {
     console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')
  })
Configuring CORS w/ Dynamic Origin
  var express = require('express')
```

origin: function (origin, callback) {

callback(null, true)

var express = require('express')

var cors = require('cors')

var app = express()

var corsOptions;

})

if (whitelist.indexOf(origin) !== -1 || !origin) {

app.del('/products/:id', cors(), function (req, res, next) {

res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for all origins!'})

var whitelist = ['http://example1.com', 'http://example2.com']

var corsOptionsDelegate = function (req, callback) {

var cors = require('cors')

app.listen(80, function () {

})

Configuring CORS

var express = require('express')

```
var app = express()
  var whitelist = ['http://example1.com', 'http://example2.com']
  var corsOptions = {
    origin: function (origin, callback) {
      if (whitelist.indexOf(origin) !== -1) {
         callback(null, true)
       } else {
         callback(new Error('Not allowed by CORS'))
  app.get('/products/:id', cors(corsOptions), function (req, res, next) {
     res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for a whitelisted domain.'})
   })
  app.listen(80, function () {
     console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')
If you do not want to block REST tools or server-to-server requests, add a !origin check in the
origin function like so:
   var corsOptions = {
```

} else { callback(new Error('Not allowed by CORS'))

```
Enabling CORS Pre-Flight
Certain CORS requests are considered 'complex' and require an initial OPTIONS request (called the
"pre-flight request"). An example of a 'complex' CORS request is one that uses an HTTP verb other
than GET/HEAD/POST (such as DELETE) or that uses custom headers. To enable pre-flighting, you
must add a new OPTIONS handler for the route you want to support:
```

app.options('/products/:id', cors()) // enable pre-flight request for DELETE request

```
app.listen(80, function () {
    console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')
   })
You can also enable pre-flight across-the-board like so:
   app.options('*', cors()) // include before other routes
Configuring CORS Asynchronously
   var express = require('express')
   var cors = require('cors')
   var app = express()
```

```
if (whitelist.indexOf(req.header('Origin')) !== -1) {
       corsOptions = { origin: true } // reflect (enable) the requested origin in the CO
     } else {
       corsOptions = { origin: false } // disable CORS for this request
     callback(null, corsOptions) // callback expects two parameters: error and options
  app.get('/products/:id', cors(corsOptionsDelegate), function (req, res, next) {
     res.json({msg: 'This is CORS-enabled for a whitelisted domain.'})
   })
  app.listen(80, function () {
     console.log('CORS-enabled web server listening on port 80')
   })
Configuration Options
  • origin: Configures the Access-Control-Allow-Origin CORS header. Possible values:

    Boolean - set origin to true to reflect the request origin, as defined by

           req.header('Origin'), or set it to false to disable CORS.

    String - set origin to a specific origin. For example if you set it to

           "http://example.com" only requests from "http://example.com" will be allowed.
        • RegExp - set origin to a regular expression pattern which will be used to test the
          request origin. If it's a match, the request origin will be reflected. For example the
          pattern /example\.com$/ will reflect any request that is coming from an origin ending
```

with "example.com". o Array - set origin to an array of valid origins. Each origin can be a String or a

- RegExp . For example ["http://example1.com", /\.example2\.com\$/] will accept any request from "http://example1.com" or from a subdomain of "example2.com". • Function - set origin to a function implementing some custom logic. The function
- signature err [object], allow [bool]) as the second. • methods: Configures the Access-Control-Allow-Methods CORS header. Expects a commadelimited string (ex: 'GET,PUT,POST') or an array (ex: ['GET', 'PUT', 'POST']). • allowedHeaders: Configures the Access-Control-Allow-Headers CORS header. Expects a

takes the request origin as the first parameter and a callback (which expects the

'Authorization']). If not specified, defaults to reflecting the headers specified in the request's Access-Control-Request-Headers header. • exposedHeaders: Configures the Access-Control-Expose-Headers CORS header. Expects a

comma-delimited string (ex: 'Content-Range,X-Content-Range') or an array (ex: ['Content-

comma-delimited string (ex: 'Content-Type, Authorization') or an array (ex: ['Content-Type',

- Range', 'X-Content-Range']). If not specified, no custom headers are exposed. • credentials: Configures the Access-Control-Allow-Credentials CORS header. Set to true to pass the header, otherwise it is omitted.
- maxAge: Configures the **Access-Control-Max-Age** CORS header. Set to an integer to pass the header, otherwise it is omitted. • preflightContinue: Pass the CORS preflight response to the next handler.
- optionsSuccessStatus: Provides a status code to use for successful OPTIONS requests, since some legacy browsers (IE11, various SmartTVs) choke on 204.
- "origin": "*", "methods": "GET,HEAD,PUT,PATCH,POST,DELETE",

```
"optionsSuccessStatus": 204
```

For details on the effect of each CORS header, read this article on HTML5 Rocks.

The default configuration is the equivalent of:

"preflightContinue": false,

Demo

http://node-cors-client.herokuapp.com/ Code for that demo can be found here:

A demo that illustrates CORS working (and not working) using jQuery is available here:

```
• Client: https://github.com/TroyGoode/node-cors-client

    Server: https://github.com/TroyGoode/node-cors-server
```

Troy Goode (troygoode@gmail.com)

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License
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MIT License
Author
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expressjs/cors
 COrs
  $ yarn add cors
                      🖺 сору
Experimente no RunKit · Navegar pelos arquivos
CDNs
unpkg ____unpkg.com/cors/
jsDelivr _____cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/cors/
bundle.run bundle.run/cors
Popularidade
Estrelas no GitHub ______ 4.262
O Downloads dos últimos 30 dias _____ 10.8m
O Dependentes ______0
Atividade
Commits dos últimos 3 meses ______0
Último commit _____ 27 semanas atrás
Utilização
DevDependencies ______6
Pacotes _____ver package.json
Tags
                          2.8.5
Versões
4 de novembro de 2018 _____ 2.8.5
12 de julho de 2017 ______ 2.8.4
29 de março de 2017 _____ 2.8.3
 Mostrar tudo ✓
Contribuidores
```

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