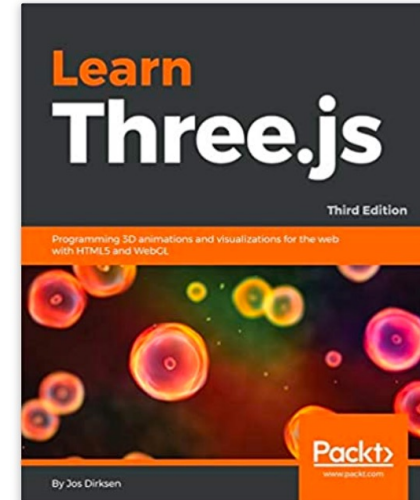


COMPUTER GRAPHICS



* Adapted from CISC 3326 lecture by Michael Mandel

PARAMETRIC LINES AND COLOR INTERPOLATION

Based on [this CS 307 reading](#) and [this CS 307 lecture](#)*

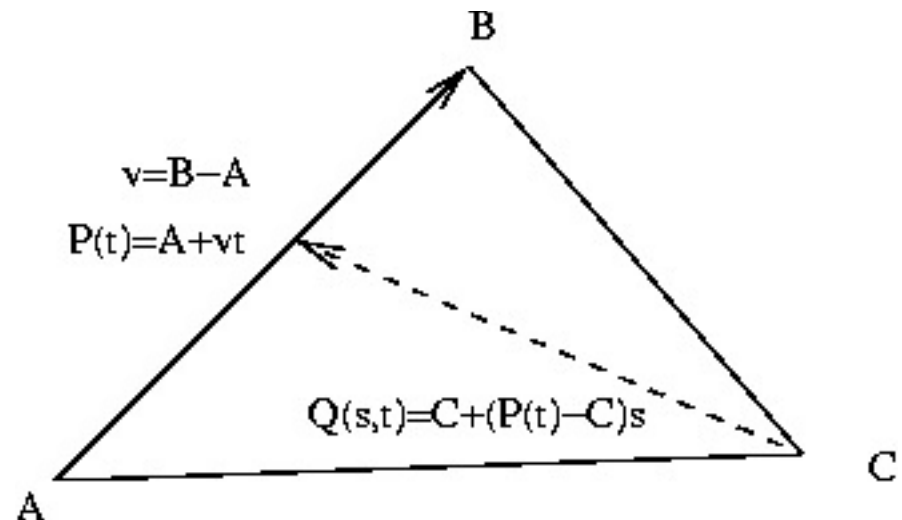
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THREE.JS EXERCISES

COLOR INTERPOLATION AND GEOMETRY IN THREE.JS

Reminder: Parametric equation for a triangle

- $Q(s,t) = C + (P(t) - C)s$
- $Q(s,t) = C + (P(t)s - Cs)$
- $Q(s,t) = [A(1-t) + B(t)]s + C(1-s)$
- $Q(s,t) = A(1-t)s + Bts + C(1-s)$
- Lines to set up parametric equation of a triangle:

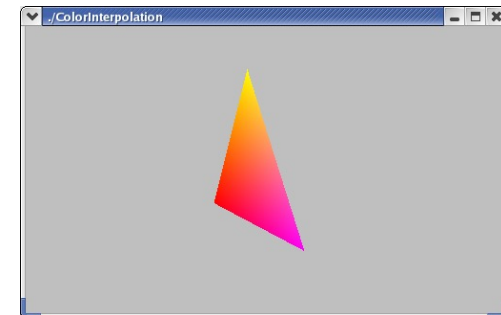


Color Interpolation in a Triangle

- If the colors of the vertices are different, OpenGL interpolates them for us
 - using the same equations that we used for calculating coordinates.

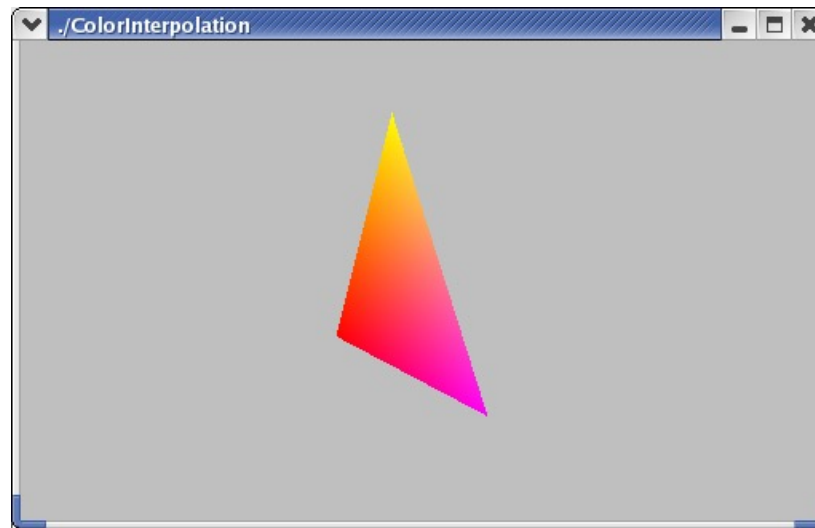
Color Interpolation in a Triangle

- Suppose A is red (1,0,0), B is magenta (1,0,1), and C is yellow (1,1,0)
- We can compute the color of the middle point, $Q(0.5,0.5)$, as:
 - $Q(0.5,0.5) = A(0.25) + B(0.25) + C(0.5)$
 - $Q(0.5,0.5) = (1,0,0)(0.25) + (1,0,1)(0.25) + (1,1,0)(0.5)$
 - $Q(0.5,0.5) = (1, 0.5, 0.75)$
- The triangle as a whole looks like this:



Color Interpolation in a Triangle

- The triangle as a whole looks like this:



- A triangle with smooth interpolation

Color Interpolation in Three.js

- To achieve interpolation in Three.js, you need to do the following:
 - Create a colors array, with as many entries as vertices in your mesh.
 - Set the colors array as the **vertexColors** property of the geometry
 - Using **THREE.MeshBasicMaterial**, set the **vertexColors** property to **THREE.VertexColors**

Example: Color Interpolation in Three.js

- The `THREE.Geometry()` object has a:
 - `vertexColors` property that is an array of colors
 - an array of `THREE.Face3()` objects
- Each `THREE.Face3()` object has a three-element array of colors
 - each is the color of the corresponding face vertex

Example: Color Interpolation in Three.js

- Using `THREE.MeshBasicMaterial`, we set the `vertexColors` property to `THREE.VertexColors`
 - The value of this property alerts Three.js that the vertices of a face could have different colors
 - The face is a triangle

Example: Color interpolation RGB triangle

- [Triangle interpolation](#)

Color interpolation RGB triangle

- Triangle interpolation on a square

Inconsistent color interpolation

- Inconsistent triangle interpolation on a square

Inconsistent color interpolation

- Notice that at the lower right we have:
 - vertex B, coordinates (1,0,0), color `THREE.ColorKeywords.lime`
 - vertex B2, coordinates (1,0,0), color `THREE.ColorKeywords.blue`

EXERCISES

Exercise 1

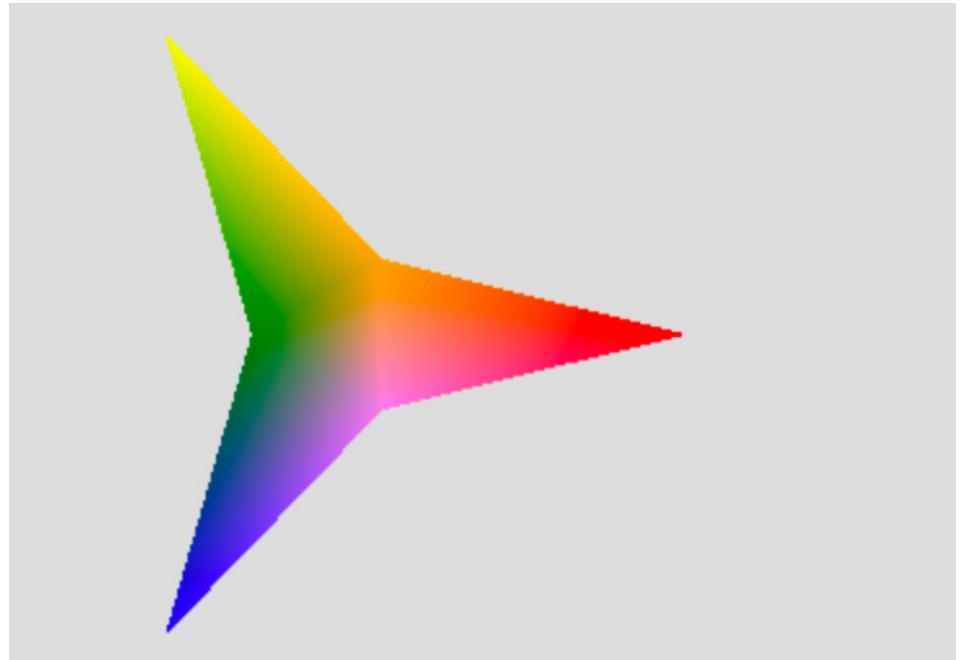
- Start from stars-start
 - pen contains a function starGeometry()
 - that creates and returns a Three.Geometry object for a three-pointed star.

starGeometry function

- function starGeometry (size) {
- var starGeom = new THREE.Geometry();
- var angle;
- var lens = [size, size/4];
- for (var i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
- angle = i*(Math.PI/3);
- len = lens[i % 2];
- starGeom.vertices.push(new THREE.Vector3(len*Math.cos(angle), len*Math.sin(angle)));
- }
- starGeom.faces.push(new THREE.Face3(0,1,5));
- starGeom.faces.push(new THREE.Face3(1,2,3));
- starGeom.faces.push(new THREE.Face3(3,4,5));
- starGeom.faces.push(new THREE.Face3(1,3,5));
- return starGeom;
- }

starGeometry function

- How does the geometry work?



starGeometry function

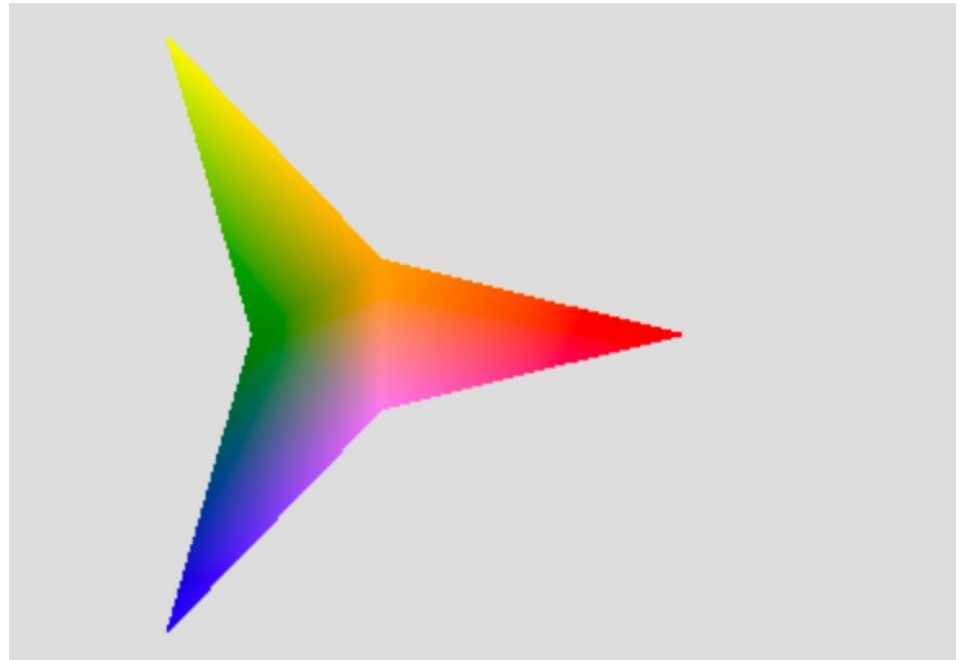
- Triangle Vertices
- Adding triangles

Exercise 1

- Exercise: Modify this code to create a star that uses color interpolation of the triangular faces
 - and adds it to the scene.

Exercise: Colorful Stars

- Your result might look like this:

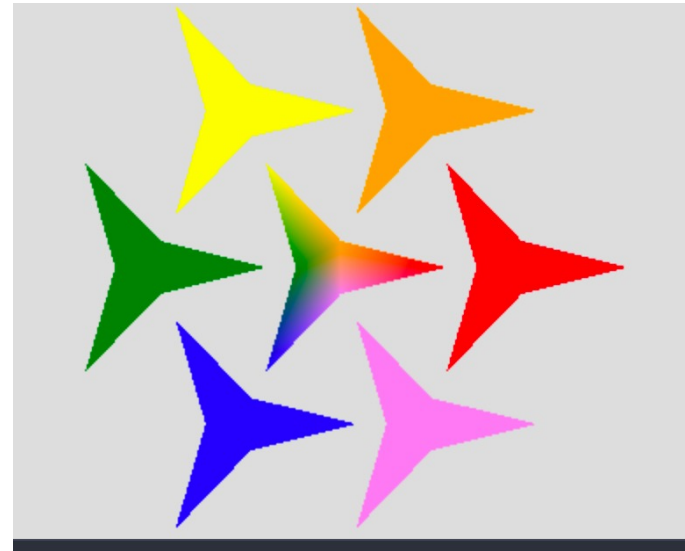


Exercise: Colorful Stars

- Suggestions:
 - The starting code includes an array of `THREE.Color` objects named `colors`
 - You can change the colors to whatever you want!
 - `Colors` array is defined in the starter lab
 - Create the material for the star using `THREE.MeshBasicMaterial`:
 - add a second property to the input object
 - in addition to the `vertexColors` property
 - Property should tell Three.js to render both sides of the triangular faces:
 - `side: THREE.DoubleSide`

Exercise 2: Add stars to the scene

- Add six additional stars to the scene that each have a uniform color
 - placed around the central star
- Something like this:



Exercise: Add stars to the scene

- Suggestions:
 - Think about how this can be done with a loop
 - Use the same array of colors that you used for the central star
 - Recall that `position.set()` can be used to place a mesh at a desired location
 - Remember to adjust the bounding box supplied to `TW.cameraSetup()` to see the additional stars

Exercise: Add stars to the scene

- Suggestions:
 - Inside a loop, you may want to include code similar to:
 - for (i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
 - ...
 - angle = i*(Math.PI/3);
 - x = 1.5*size*Math.cos(angle);
 - y = 1.5*size*Math.sin(angle);
 - starMesh.position.set(x,y,0);
 - ...
 - }

Questions?

