Chapter 6 -

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Exercise 6.5

Upload packages

```
library(wooldridge)
library(lmreg)
```

Upload database

```
data<-wooldridge::hprice1
attach(data)</pre>
```

Use the housing price data in HPRICE1.RAW for this exercise.

(i) Estimate the model

```
log(price) = eta_0 + eta_1(lot size) + eta_2 log(sqrft) + eta_3 bdrms + u
```

and report the results in the usual OLS format.

```
options(scipen=999) # to avoid sci notation
summary(lm1<-lm(lprice~lotsize+lsqrft+bdrms))</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lprice ~ lotsize + lsqrft + bdrms)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -0.72568 -0.11162 -0.01742 0.12256 0.65949
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                   Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.427691735 0.672483692 -0.636
                                                     0.5265
           0.000006052 0.000002089 2.897
                                                     0.0048 **
## lotsize
## lsqrft
              0.033032344 0.029155343 1.133
## bdrms
                                                     0.2604
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1951 on 84 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.601, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5868
## F-statistic: 42.18 on 3 and 84 DF, p-value: < 0.000000000000000022
```

$$\widehat{log(price)} = -0.427 + 0.000006 lotsize + 0.777 log(sqrft) + 0.03bdrms$$

(ii) Find the predicted value of log(price), when lotsize = 20,000, sqrft = 2,500, and bdrms = 4. Using the methods in Section 6.4, find the predicted value of price at the same values of the explanatory variables.

$$\widehat{log(price)} = -0.427 + 0.000006(20,000) + 0.777log(2,500) + 0.03(4)$$

$$\widehat{log(price)} = 5.89$$

(iii) For explaining variation in price, decide whether you prefer the model from part (i) or the model

$$price = eta_0 + eta_1 lot size + eta_2 sqrft + eta_3 bdrms$$

```
summary(lm2<-lm(price~lotsize+sqrft+bdrms))</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = price ~ lotsize + sqrft + bdrms)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
##
                 1Q Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -120.026 -38.530
                      -6.555
                               32.323 209.376
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                        Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -21.7703081 29.4750419 -0.739
                                                         0.46221
## lotsize
                0.0020677
                            0.0006421
                                        3.220
                                                         0.00182 **
                                        9.275 0.0000000000000166 ***
## sqrft
                0.1227782
                            0.0132374
## bdrms
               13.8525217
                            9.0101454
                                        1.537
                                                         0.12795
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 59.83 on 84 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6724, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6607
## F-statistic: 57.46 on 3 and 84 DF, p-value: < 0.000000000000000022
```

The logarimization of variables permits interpret coefficients of differents measures and sizes in one common scale. In this case, the interpretion of coefficients as percent changes, is more interesting and appropriate.