Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 37

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Arjun is working on a mathematical tool to manipulate lists of numbers. He needs a program that reads a list of integers and generates two lists: one containing the squares of the input numbers, and another containing the cubes. Arjun wants to use lambda functions for both tasks.

Write a program that computes the square and cube of each number in the input list using lambda functions.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of space-separated integers representing the list of input numbers.

Output Format

The first line contains a list of the squared values of the input numbers.

The second line contains a list of the cubed values of the input numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1 2 3
   Output: [1, 4, 9]
   [1, 8, 27]
   Answer
# You are using Python
   a=input()
   b=a.split()
   c=list()
   lst=list()
   for i in b:
     d=lambda x:x**2
     f=lambda x:x**3
     c.append(d(int(i)))
     lst.append(f(int(i)))
   print(c)
   print(lst)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

You are tasked with designing a shipping cost calculator program that calculates the shipping cost for packages based on their weight and destination. The program utilizes different shipping rates for domestic, international, and remote destinations. The rates for each destination type are provided as global constants.

Constant Values:

DOMESTIC_RATE = 5.0

INTERNATIONAL_RATE = 10.0

REMOTE_RATE = 15.0

Function Signature: calculate_shipping(weight, destination)

Formula: shipping cost = weight * destination rate

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a float representing the weight of the package.

The second line consists of a string representing the destinations(Domestic or International or Remote).

Output Format

The program outputs any one of the following:

- 1. If the input is valid and the destination is recognized, the output should consist of a single line stating the calculated shipping cost for the given weight and destination in the format: "Shipping cost to [destination] for a [weight] kg package: \$[calculated cost]" with two decimal places.
- 2. If the input weight is not a positive float, print "Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0."
- 3. If the input destination is not one of the valid options, print "Invalid destination."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5.5 Domestic

Output: Shipping cost to Domestic for a 5.5 kg package: \$27.50

Answer

#

```
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 def calculate_shipping(weight,destination):
   if(weight>0 and destination=="Domestic"):
      return weight*5.0
   elif (weight>0 and destination=="International"):
      return weight*10.0
   elif (weight>0 and destination=="Remote"):
      return weight*15
   else:
     return None
weight=float(input())
 destination=input()
 shipping_cost=calculate_shipping(weight,destination)
 if shipping_cost is None:
   if(weight>0):
      print("Invalid destination.")
   else:
      print("Invalid weight. Weight must be greater than 0.")
 if shipping_cost is not None:
   print(f"Shipping cost to {destination} for a {weight} kg package:
 ${shipping_cost:.2f}")
                                                                      Marks : 10/10
 Status: Correct
```

3. Problem Statement

Develop a text analysis tool that needs to count the occurrences of a specific substring within a given text string.

Write a function count_substrings(text, substring) that takes two inputs: the text string and the substring to be counted. The function should count how many times the substring appears in the text string and return the count.

Function Signature: count_substrings(text, substring)

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the text.

The second line consists of a string representing the substring.

Output Format

The output should display a single line of output containing the count of occurrences of the substring in the text string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: programming is fun and programming is cool programming

Output: The substring 'programming' appears 2 times in the text.

Answer

```
# You are using Python
a=str(input())
b=str(input())
def count(text,substring):
    c=text.split()
    d=0
    for i in c:
        if(i==substring):
        d+=1
    return d
t=count(a,b)
print("The substring '{}' appears {} times in the text.".format(b,t))
```

Status: Partially correct Marks: 7/10

4. Problem Statement

Amrita is developing a password strength checker for her website. She wants the checker to consider the length and the diversity of characters

used in the password. A strong password should be long and include a mix of character types: uppercase, lowercase, digits, and special symbols.

She also wants the feedback to be user-friendly, so she wants to include the actual password in the output. Help Amrita finish this password checker using Python's built-in string methods.

Character Types Considered:

Lowercase letters (a-z)Uppercase letters (A-Z)Digits (0-9)Special characters (from string.punctuation, e.g. @, !, #, \$)

Input Format

The input consists of a single string representing the user's password.

Output Format

The program prints the strength of the password in this format:

If the password length < 6 characters or fewer than 2 of the 4 character types, the output prints "<password> is Weak"

If password length ≥ 6 and at least 2 different character types, the output prints "<password> is Moderate"

If Password length ≥ 10 and all 4 character types present, the output prints "<password> is Strong"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: password123

Output: password123 is Moderate

Answer

import string
def check_password_strength(password):
 has_lower=any(char.islower() for char in password)
 has_upper=any(char.isupper() for char in password)

```
has_digit=any(char.isdigit() for char in password)
has_special=any(char in string.punctuation for char in password)

char_types=has_lower+has_upper+has_digit+has_special

if len(password)>=10 and char_types==4:
    return f"{password} is Strong"
    elif len(password)>=6 and char_types>=2:
        return f"{password} is Moderate"
    else:
        return f"{password} is Weak"

password=input()
print(check_password_strength(password))

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10
```

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