

face detection recognition DNN video-190919-adrian1

September 19, 2019

```
[ ]: from os import listdir
from os.path import isfile, join
import os
import cv2
import dlib
import numpy as np

# Define Image Path Here

def draw_label(image, point, label, font=cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
               font_scale=0.8, thickness=1):
    size = cv2.getTextSize(label, font, font_scale, thickness)[0]
    x, y = point
    cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y - size[1]), (x + size[0], y), (255, 0, 0), cv2.
→FILLED)
    cv2.putText(image, label, point, font, font_scale, (255, 255, 255),
→thickness, lineType=cv2.LINE_AA)

detector1 = dlib.get_frontal_face_detector()

# Initialize Webcam
cap = cv2.VideoCapture('sridevi1.mp4')
#cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
img_size = 64
margin = 0.2
frame_count = 0

_videodir = "./dataset"

    # create dynamic name, like "D:\Current Download\Attachment82673"
_videodir = os.path.join(_videodir, 'sridevinew')

    # create 'dynamic' dir, if it does not exist
if not os.path.exists(_videodir):
    os.makedirs(_videodir)
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i=1;
while True:
    ret, frame = cap.read()
    frame_count += 1
    print(frame_count)
    if frame_count>40 and frame_count<60:
        file_name = _videodir + "/" + str(frame_count) + "_" + str(i) + ".jpg"
        i+=1
        cv2.imshow("Face Detector", frame)
        cv2.imwrite(file_name, frame)
    elif cv2.waitKey(1) == 13:
        break
    else:
        continue
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

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[:]: from imutils import paths
import numpy as np
import argparse
import imutils
import pickle
import dlib
import face_recognition
import cv2
import os

```

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[:]: print("[INFO] quantifying faces...")
imagePaths = list(paths.list_images("./dataset"))

# initialize the total number of faces processed
total = 0

#grab the paths to the input images in our dataset, then initialize
# out data list (which we'll soon populate)

#imagePaths = list(paths.list_images("./face-clustering/friendsvideo"))
#imagePaths = list(paths.list_images(args["dataset"]))
data = []

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[:]: print(imagePaths)

```

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[:]: # loop over the image paths
total=0
knownEncodings=[]
knownNames=[]
for (i, imagePath) in enumerate(imagePaths):

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# extract the person name from the image path
print("[INFO] processing image {}/{}".format(i + 1,
        len(imagePaths)))
name = imagePath.split(os.path.sep)[-2]

# load the image, resize it to have a width of 600 pixels (while
# maintaining the aspect ratio), and then grab the image
# dimensions
image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
image = imutils.resize(image, width=600)
rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
# detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
# corresponding to each face in the input image
boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb,model="hog")
# compute the facial embedding for the face
encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)

for encoding in encodings:
    # add each encoding + name to our set of known names and
    # encodings
    knownEncodings.append(encoding)
    knownNames.append(name)

total += 1
# build a dictionary of the image path, bounding box location,
# and facial encodings for the current image

# dump the facial encodings data to disk

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[:]: # # dump the facial embeddings + names to disk
# print("[INFO] serializing {} encodings...".format(total))

# dump the facial encodings + names to disk
print("[INFO] serializing {} encodings...".format(total))
data = {"encodings": knownEncodings, "names": knownNames}
f = open("./encodingsclass", "wb")
f.write(pickle.dumps(data))
f.close()

```

```

[:]: # FACE classification using euclidean classes
# python recognize_faces_image.py --encodings encodings.pickle --image examples/
→example_01.png

# import the necessary packages
import face_recognition
import argparse
import pickle

```

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import cv2

# load the known faces and embeddings
print("[INFO] loading encodings...")
data = pickle.loads(open("./encodingsclass", "rb").read())

# load the input image and convert it from BGR to RGB
image = cv2.imread("./images/50237.jpg")
rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

# detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes corresponding
# to each face in the input image, then compute the facial embeddings
# for each face
print("[INFO] recognizing faces...")
boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb, model="hog")
encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)

# initialize the list of names for each face detected
names = []

# loop over the facial embeddings
for encoding in encodings:
    # attempt to match each face in the input image to our known
    # encodings
    matches = face_recognition.compare_faces(data["encodings"], encoding)
    name = "Unknown"

    # check to see if we have found a match
    if True in matches:
        # find the indexes of all matched faces then initialize a
        # dictionary to count the total number of times each face
        # was matched
        matchedIdxs = [i for (i, b) in enumerate(matches) if b]
        counts = {}

        # loop over the matched indexes and maintain a count for
        # each recognized face
        for i in matchedIdxs:
            name = data["names"][i]
            counts[name] = counts.get(name, 0) + 1

        # determine the recognized face with the largest number of
        # votes (note: in the event of an unlikely tie Python will
        # select first entry in the dictionary)
        name = max(counts, key=counts.get)

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        # update the list of names
        names.append(name)

# loop over the recognized faces
for ((top, right, bottom, left), name) in zip(boxes, names):
    # draw the predicted face name on the image
    cv2.rectangle(image, (left, top), (right, bottom), (0, 255, 0), 2)
    y = top - 15 if top - 15 > 15 else top + 15
    cv2.putText(image, name, (left, y), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
                 0.75, (0, 255, 0), 2)

# show the output image
cv2.imshow("Image", image)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

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[ ]: # FACE DETECTION RECOGNITION USING DLIB WITH COMPARISON IN VIDEO FILE
# python recognize_faces_video_file.py --encodings encodings.pickle --input
→videos/lunch_scene.mp4
# python recognize_faces_video_file.py --encodings encodings.pickle --input
→videos/lunch_scene.mp4 --output output/lunch_scene_output.avi --display 0

# import the necessary packages
import face_recognition
import argparse
import imutils
import pickle
import time
import cv2
from imutils.video import FPS

# load the known faces and embeddings
print("[INFO] loading encodings...")
data = pickle.loads(open("./encodingsclass", "rb").read())

# initialize the pointer to the video file and the video writer
print("[INFO] processing video...")
stream = cv2.VideoCapture("adrian.mp4")
fps = FPS().start()
writer = None
display=1
# loop over frames from the video file stream
while True:
    # grab the next frame
    (grabbed, frame) = stream.read()

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# if the frame was not grabbed, then we have reached the
# end of the stream
if not grabbed:
    break

# convert the input frame from BGR to RGB then resize it to have
# a width of 750px (to speedup processing)
rgb = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
rgb = imutils.resize(frame, width=750)
r = frame.shape[1] / float(rgb.shape[1])

# detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
# corresponding to each face in the input frame, then compute
# the facial embeddings for each face
boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb,
    model="hog")
encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)
names = []

# loop over the facial embeddings
for encoding in encodings:
    # attempt to match each face in the input image to our known
    # encodings
    matches = face_recognition.compare_faces(data["encodings"],
        encoding)
    name = "Unknown"

    # check to see if we have found a match
    if True in matches:
        # find the indexes of all matched faces then initialize a
        # dictionary to count the total number of times each face
        # was matched
        matchedIdxs = [i for (i, b) in enumerate(matches) if b]
        counts = {}

        # loop over the matched indexes and maintain a count for
        # each recognized face face
        for i in matchedIdxs:
            name = data["names"][i]
            counts[name] = counts.get(name, 0) + 1

        # determine the recognized face with the largest number
        # of votes (note: in the event of an unlikely tie Python
        # will select first entry in the dictionary)
        name = max(counts, key=counts.get)

```

```

        # update the list of names
        names.append(name)

    # loop over the recognized faces
    for ((top, right, bottom, left), name) in zip(boxes, names):
        # rescale the face coordinates
        top = int(top * r)
        right = int(right * r)
        bottom = int(bottom * r)
        left = int(left * r)

        # draw the predicted face name on the image
        cv2.rectangle(frame, (left, top), (right, bottom),
                       (0, 255, 0), 2)
        y = top - 15 if top - 15 > 15 else top + 15
        cv2.putText(frame, name, (left, y), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
                    0.75, (0, 255, 0), 2)

#     # if the video writer is None *AND* we are supposed to write
#     # the output video to disk initialize the writer
#     if writer is None and args["output"] is not None:
#         fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*"MJPG")
#         writer = cv2.VideoWriter(args["output"], fourcc, 24,
#                                 (frame.shape[1], frame.shape[0]), True)

#     # if the writer is not None, write the frame with recognized
#     # faces to disk
#     if writer is not None:
#         writer.write(frame)

#     # check to see if we are supposed to display the output frame to
#     # the screen
    if display > 0:
        cv2.imshow("Frame", frame)
        fps.update()
        key = cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF

        # if the `q` key was pressed, break from the loop
        if key == ord("q"):
            break

# stop the timer and display FPS information
fps.stop()
print("[INFO] elapsed time: {:.2f}".format(fps.elapsed()))
print("[INFO] approx. FPS: {:.2f}".format(fps.fps()))

# do a bit of cleanup

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stream.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

# check to see if the video writer point needs to be released
if writer is not None:
    writer.release()

```

```

[2]: # Face matching in video
# python recognize_faces_video.py --encodings encodings.pickle
# python recognize_faces_video.py --encodings encodings.pickle --output output/
→jurassic_park_trailer_output.avi --display 0

# import the necessary packages
from imutils.video import VideoStream
import face_recognition
import argparse
import imutils
import pickle
import time
import cv2
import os

# load the known faces and embeddings
print("[INFO] loading encodings...")
data = pickle.loads(open("./encodingsclass", "rb").read())

# initialize the video stream and pointer to output video file, then
# allow the camera sensor to warm up
print("[INFO] starting video stream...")
_videodir = "./dataset"
#vs = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
vs = VideoStream(src=0).start()
writer = None
time.sleep(2.0)
display=1
count=0
saveimage='n'
# loop over frames from the video file stream
while True:
    # grab the frame from the threaded video stream
    frame = vs.read()

    # convert the input frame from BGR to RGB then resize it to have
    # a width of 750px (to speedup processing)
    rgb = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    rgb = imutils.resize(frame, width=750)
    r = frame.shape[1] / float(rgb.shape[1])

```



```

# detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
# corresponding to each face in the input frame, then compute
# the facial embeddings for each face
boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb,
    model="hog")
encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)
names = []

# loop over the facial embeddings
for encoding in encodings:
    # attempt to match each face in the input image to our known
    # encodings
    matches = face_recognition.compare_faces(data["encodings"],
        encoding)
    name = "Unknown"

    # check to see if we have found a match
    if True in matches:
        # find the indexes of all matched faces then initialize a
        # dictionary to count the total number of times each face
        # was matched
        matchedIdxs = [i for (i, b) in enumerate(matches) if b]
        counts = {}

        # loop over the matched indexes and maintain a count for
        # each recognized face
        for i in matchedIdxs:
            name = data["names"][i]
            counts[name] = counts.get(name, 0) + 1

        # determine the recognized face with the largest number
        # of votes (note: in the event of an unlikely tie Python
        # will select first entry in the dictionary)
        name = max(counts, key=counts.get)

    # update the list of names
    names.append(name)

# loop over the recognized faces
for ((top, right, bottom, left), name) in zip(boxes, names):
    # rescale the face coordinates
    top = int(top * r)
    right = int(right * r)
    bottom = int(bottom * r)
    left = int(left * r)

```

```

        # draw the predicted face name on the image
        cv2.rectangle(frame, (left, top), (right, bottom),
                       (0, 255, 0), 2)
        y = top - 15 if top - 15 > 15 else top + 15
        cv2.putText(frame, name, (left, y), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
                    0.75, (0, 255, 0), 2)
        cv2.imwrite("./dataset/unknown1/frame%d.jpg" %count, frame)
        count+=1
#         # if the video writer is None *AND* we are supposed to write
#         # the output video to disk initialize the writer
#         if writer is None and output is not None:
#             fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*"MJPG")
#             writer = cv2.VideoWriter(output, fourcc, 20,
#                                     (frame.shape[1], frame.shape[0]), True)
#
#         # if the writer is not None, write the frame with recognized
#         # faces to disk
#         if writer is not None:
#             writer.write(frame)
#
# #         # check to see if we are supposed to display the output frame to
# #         # the screen
        if display > 0:
            cv2.imshow("Frame", frame)
            key = cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF
            # if the `q` key was pressed, break from the loop
            if key == ord("q"):
                break
#         # do a bit of cleanup
#         # do a bit of cleanup
        cv2.destroyAllWindows()
        vs.stop()
#         # check to see if the video writer point needs to be released
        if writer is not None:
            writer.release()

```

[INFO] loading encodings...

[INFO] starting video stream...

```

[3]: #store new person
from imutils.video import VideoStream
import face_recognition

```

```

import argparse
import imutils
import dlib
import pickle
import time
import cv2

_videodir= "./dataset/"
_videodir1 = "./dataset/unknown1/"
if name=='Unknown':
    saveimage=input("Do you want to Authenticate this person ( Press y/n)?")
    if saveimage=='y':
        personname=input("Enter person name ")

# create dynamic name, like "D:\Current Download\Attachment82673"
    _videodir2= os.path.join(_videodir, personname)

    # create 'dynamic' dir, if it does not exist
    if not os.path.exists(_videodir2):
        os.makedirs(_videodir2)
    listing = os.listdir(_videodir1)
    for file in listing:
        img = cv2.imread(_videodir1+file)
        outfile= _videodir2+"/"+file
        cv2.imwrite(outfile,img)

```

```

[4]: filelist = [ f for f in os.listdir(_videodir1) if f.endswith(".jpg") ]
for f in filelist:
    os.remove(os.path.join(_videodir1, f))

```

```

[5]: from os import listdir
from os.path import isfile, join
from imutils import paths
#store face encodings of new person
# loop over the image paths
total=0
knownEncodings1=[]
knownNames1=[]
imagePaths = list(paths.list_images(_videodir2))

for (i, imagePath) in enumerate(imagePaths):
    # extract the person name from the image path
    print("[INFO] processing image {}/{}".format(i + 1,
        len(imagePaths)))
    name = imagePath.split(os.path.sep)[-2]

```

```

# load the image, resize it to have a width of 600 pixels (while
# maintaining the aspect ratio), and then grab the image
# dimensions
image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
image = imutils.resize(image, width=600)
rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    # detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
# corresponding to each face in the input image
boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb,model="hog")
# compute the facial embedding for the face
encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)

for encoding in encodings:
    # add each encoding + name to our set of known names and
    # encodings
    knownEncodings1.append(encoding)
    knownNames1.append(name)
total += 1
# build a dictionary of the image path, bounding box location,
# and facial encodings for the current image

# dump the facial encodings data to disk

```

NameError Traceback (most recent call last)

```

<ipython-input-5-27a32ed8ff66> in <module>
      7 knownEncodings1=[]
      8 knownNames1=[]
----> 9 imagePaths = list(paths.list_images(_videodir2))
     10
     11 for (i, imagePath) in enumerate(imagePaths):

```

NameError: name '_videodir2' is not defined

```

[:]: # dump the facial encodings + names of new person to disk
print("[INFO] serializing {} encodings...".format(total))
data1 = {"encodings": knownEncodings1, "names": knownNames1}
f = open("./encodingsclass", "wb")
f.write(pickle.dumps(data1))

```

```
f.close()
```

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[:
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