

Face Clustering DNN

September 17, 2019

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[1]: from imutils import paths
import face_recognition
import argparse
import pickle
import cv2
import os

[:]: # grab the paths to the input images in our dataset, then initialize
# out data list (which we'll soon populate)
print("[INFO] quantifying faces...")
imagePaths = list(paths.list_images("./face-clustering/dataset"))
#imagePaths = list(paths.list_images(args["dataset"]))
data = []

[:]: # loop over the image paths
for (i, imagePath) in enumerate(imagePaths):
    # load the input image and convert it from RGB (OpenCV ordering)
    # to dlib ordering (RGB)
    print("[INFO] processing image {}/{}".format(i + 1, len(imagePaths)))
    print(imagePath)
    image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
    rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    # detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
    # corresponding to each face in the input image
    boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb, model="hog")
    # compute the facial embedding for the face
    encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)

    # build a dictionary of the image path, bounding box location,
    # and facial encodings for the current image
    d = [{"imagePath": imagePath, "loc": box, "encoding": enc}
         for (box, enc) in zip(boxes, encodings)]
    data.extend(d)

# dump the facial encodings data to disk
print("[INFO] serializing encodings...")
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f = open("encodings", "wb")
f.write(pickle.dumps(data))
f.close()
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[2]: # import the necessary packages
from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN
from imutils import build_montages
import numpy as np
import pickle
import cv2
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[3]: # load the serialized face encodings + bounding box locations from
# disk, then extract the set of encodings to so we can cluster on
# them
print("[INFO] loading encodings...")
data = pickle.loads(open("encodings", "rb").read())
data = np.array(data)
encodings = [d["encoding"] for d in data]
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[INFO] loading encodings...

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[4]: # cluster the embeddings
print("[INFO] clustering...")
clt = DBSCAN(metric="euclidean")
clt.fit(encodings)

# determine the total number of unique faces found in the dataset
labelIDs = np.unique(clt.labels_)
numUniqueFaces = len(np.where(labelIDs > -1)[0])
print("[INFO] # unique faces: {}".format(numUniqueFaces))
```

[INFO] clustering...

[INFO] # unique faces: 4

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[7]: # loop over the unique face integers
for labelID in labelIDs:
    # find all indexes into the `data` array that belong to the
    # current label ID, then randomly sample a maximum of 25 indexes
    # from the set
    print("[INFO] faces for face ID: {}".format(labelID))
    idxs = np.where(clt.labels_ == labelID)[0]
    idxs = np.random.choice(idxs, size=min(25, len(idxs)),
                           replace=False)

    # initialize the list of faces to include in the montage
    faces = []
    # loop over the sampled indexes
    for i in idxs:
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        # load the input image and extract the face ROI
        image = cv2.imread(data[i]["imagePath"])
        (top, right, bottom, left) = data[i]["loc"]
        face = image[top:bottom, left:right]

        # force resize the face ROI to 96x96 and then add it to the
        # faces montage list
        face = cv2.resize(face, (96, 96))
        faces.append(face)          # create a montage using 96x96 "tiles"

→with 5 rows and 5 columns
        montage = build_montages(faces, (96, 96), (5, 5))[0]
        # show the output montage
        title = "Face ID #{0}".format(labelID)
        title = "Unknown Faces" if labelID == -1 else title
        cv2.imshow(title, montage)
        k=cv2.waitKey(20)
        if k== 27:
            break
        #cv2.destroyAllWindows()

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[INFO] faces for face ID: -1
[INFO] faces for face ID: 0
[INFO] faces for face ID: 1
[INFO] faces for face ID: 2
[INFO] faces for face ID: 3

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[8]: cv2.destroyAllWindows()
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