employees <- read.csv("employee\_data\_na.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

## 1. Are there NA values in the data at all?

any(is.na(employees))



## 2. Find out in which columns the NA values are?

na\_columns <- colSums(is.na(employees)) > 0

print(names(employees)[na\_columns])

A close up of a number

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

## 3. Use the sum() function to find out how many missing values there are in total?

sum(is.na(employees))



## 4. How about by variable?

na\_by\_variable <- colSums(is.na(employees))

print(na\_by\_variable)

A screen shot of a computer code

Description automatically generated

## 5. Edit the observations

## 6. Reload the data and delete the rows with missing values using the na.omit() function

employees <- na.omit(employees)

any(is.na(employees))

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