COMP3400 Assignment 2 Written

Paul Vrbik

April 1, 2023

In addition to this written work there are *four* coding questions. The written work is worth 35 points and the coding questions are worth 60 points totalling 95 points.

Tail Recursion

The *mean* of a collection of observations $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ is given by

$$\bar{x}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k$$
 n* mean(x)n = sumFromk(1,n)xk

At first glance it does not seem that \bar{x}_{n+1} is related to \bar{x}_n but notice

$$\bar{x}_{n+1} = \frac{1}{n+1} \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} x_k = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x_{n+1} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} x_k \right) = \frac{1}{n+1} \left(x_{n+1} + n \, \bar{x}_n \right)$$

and thereby

$$\bar{x}_{n+1} = \frac{x_{n+1} + n\,\bar{x}_n}{n+1}.$$

We have shown how to compute \bar{x} iteratively. In particular we compute \bar{x}_{n+1} from only (n, \bar{x}_n, x_{n+1}) .

Question 1. [2 MARKS]

The definition of *variance* (specifically <u>sample variance</u>) of a collection of observations $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ is

$$S_n^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k - \bar{x}_n)^2.$$
 (1)

Take for granted (though it is easy to show) that

$$S_n^2 = \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k^2\right) - \bar{x}_n^2 \tag{2}$$

and use (1) and (2) to derive an iterative definition for variance. That is, produce an equation which computes S_{n+1}^2 from *only* $(n, S_n^2, \bar{x}_n, \bar{x}_{n+1}, x_{n+1})$.

Question 2. [2 MARKS]

Define a linear recursive

```
lcVariance :: [Float] -> Float
```

that computes the variance S_n^2 of a list. Your function must use lcVariance xs to compute lcVariance (x:xs). Note, fromIntegral.length is compatible with Float.

Question 3. [4 MARKS]

Define a tail recursive helper function with type:

```
trVariance :: Float -> Float -> Float -> [Float] -> Float
```

that finds the variance of the list.

Remember your function may only be equal to

- 1. a call to itself with different inputs, or
- 2. one of the inputs.

Question 4. [1 MARK]

Define

```
variance :: [Float] -> Float
```

via a single call to trVariance.

Question 5. [1 MARK]

Define an iteration invariant for trVariance that proves the correctness of variance.

Question 6. [5 MARKS]

Prove trVariance satisfies your iteration invariant.

```
Question 7. [1 MARK]
```

State the bound value for trVariance.

Question 8. [2 MARKS]

Prove your bound value is always non-negative and decreasing.

Question 9. [2 MARKS]

Define *two* distinct quick-checks for variance that *both* use lists from Arbitrary [Float]. In particular, your quick-checks should be for lists of *arbitrary length*.

Induction

Consider the following definitions for implementing addition on natural numbers.

```
_{\scriptscriptstyle 1} data Nat = Zero | Succ Nat deriving Show
```

```
plus :: Nat -> Nat -> Nat
plus m Zero = m
```

Question 10. [7 MARKS]

Using induction prove:

plus
$$Zero n = n$$

for any n :: Nat.

Question 11. [8 MARKS]

Using induction prove that plus is commutative, that is,

plus
$$m n = plus n m$$

for any n,m :: Nat.

Hint: Keep m fixed and do induction over n.

Note: There are style marks for this question so be sure to justify each of your lines and include all necessary components of induction.