



# Lab 7 Abstract Class and Interface

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Lý thuyết và ngôn ngữ hướng đối tượng  
(bài tập)



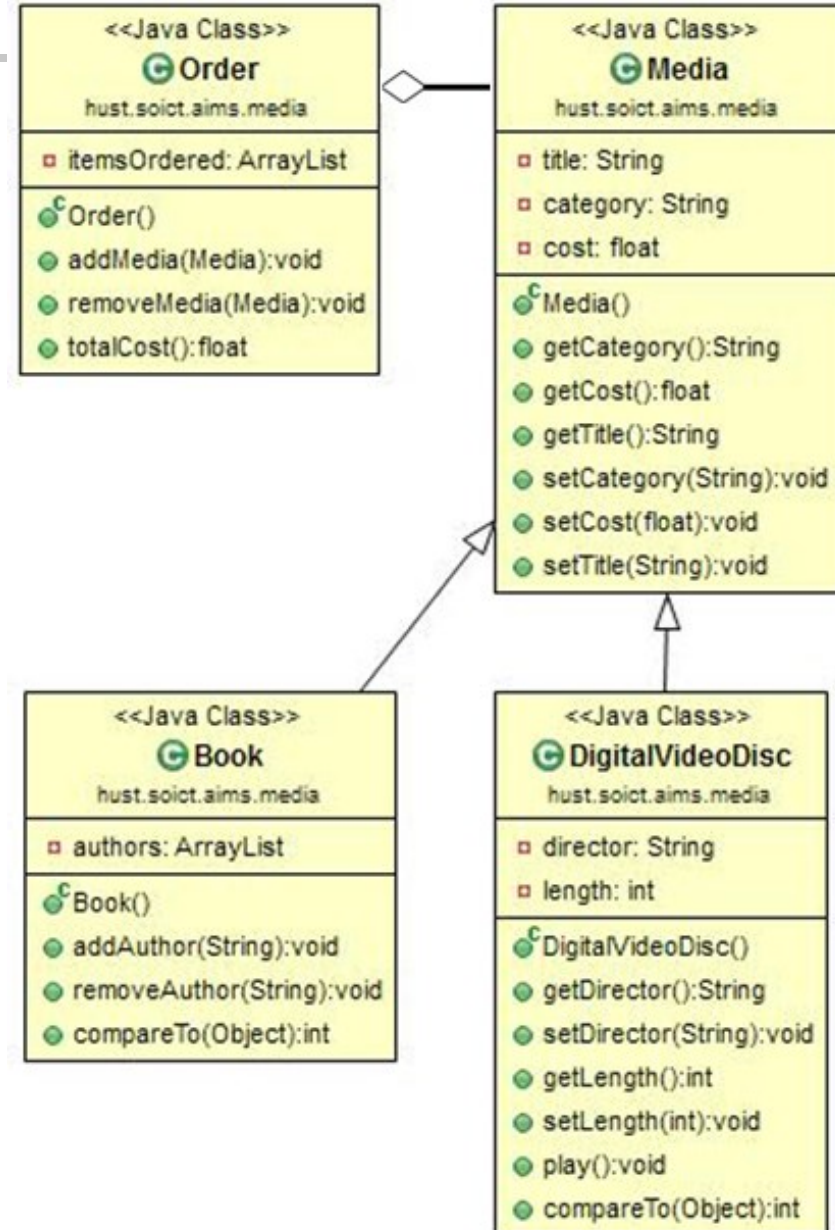
# Lab's Objectives

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- In this lab, you will practice with:
  - Creating abstract class, abstract methods
  - Creating interface and implement it
  - Using Threads

# 1. Continue the AimsProject

- Open Eclipse
- Open AimsProject

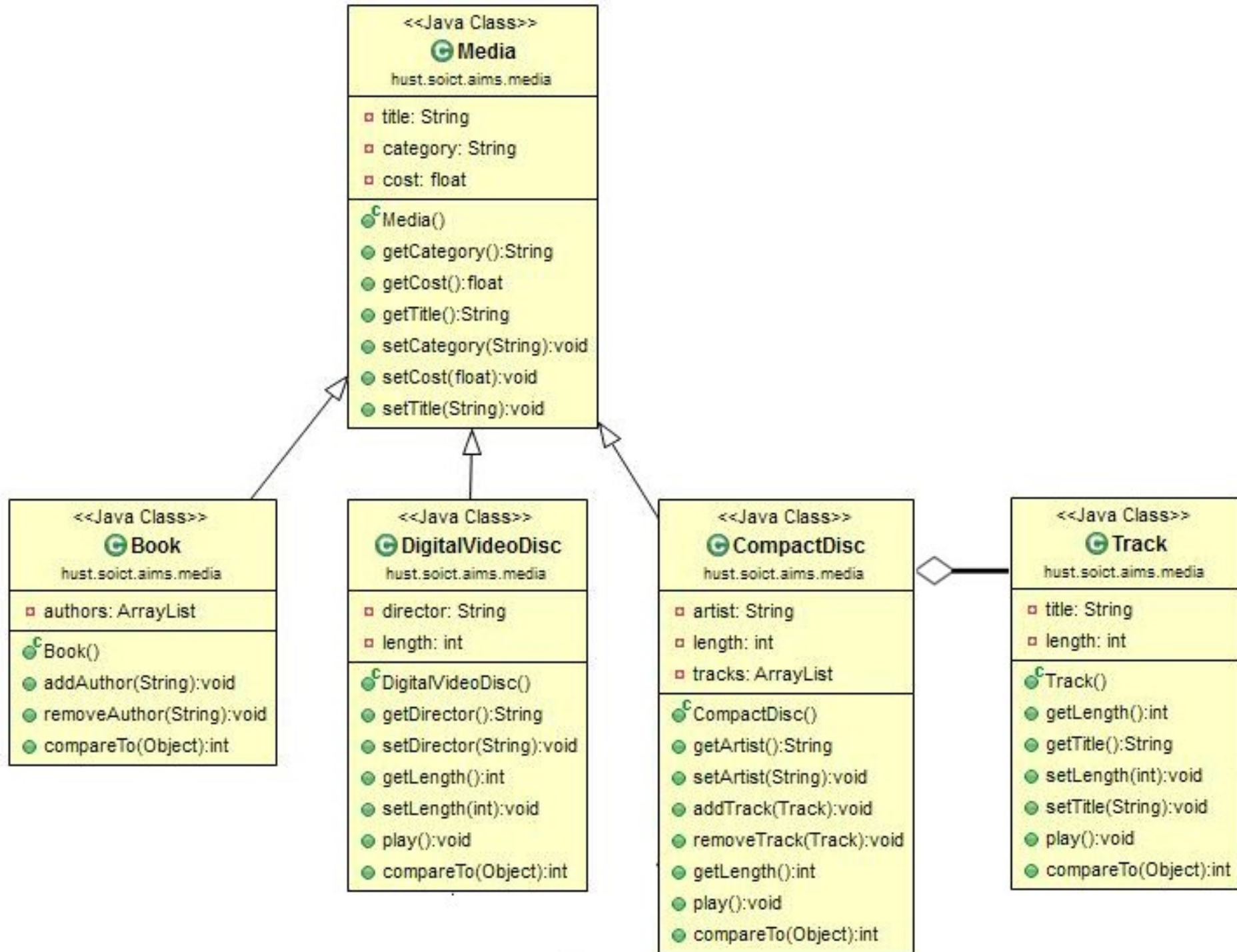




## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **Extending the AIMS project to allow the ordering of CDs (Compact Discs)**
  - As with **DigitalVideoDisc** and **Book**, the **CompactDisc** class will extend **Media**, inheriting the **title**, **category** and **cost** fields and the associated methods.





## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **2.1. Make the Media abstract class**
  - Open **Media** class
  - Modify the **Media** class and make it **abstract**
  - Keep three fields of **Media**: **title**, **category**, **cost** and their associated methods



## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **2.2. Create the Disc class extending the Media class**
  - The **Disc** class has two fields: **length** and **director**
  - Create **getter/setter** methods for these fields
  - Make the **DigitalVideoDisc** extending the **Disc** class
  - Create the **CompactDisc** extending the **Disc** class



## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **2.3. Create the Track class which models a track on a compact disc and will store information including the title and length of the track**
  - Open the **Track** class
  - Add two fields: **String title** and **int length**
  - Make these fields **private** and create their **getter** and **setter** methods as **public**
  - Save your changes





## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **2.4. Open the CompactDisc class**
  - Add 3 fields to this class:
    - a **String** as **artist**
    - an **int** field as **length**
    - an **ArrayList** of **Track** as **tracks**
  - Make all these fields as **private**
  - Create **getter** and **setter** methods for only **artist**, make them **public**



## 2. Extending the AIMS project

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- **2.4. Open the CompactDisc class**
  - Create methods **addTrack()** and **removeTrack()**
    - The **addTrack()** method should check if the input track is already in the list of tracks and inform users
    - The **removeTrack()** method should check if the input track existed in the list of tracks and inform users
  - Create the **getLength()** method
    - Because each track in the CD has a length, the length of the CD should be the total length of all its tracks.
  - Save your changes

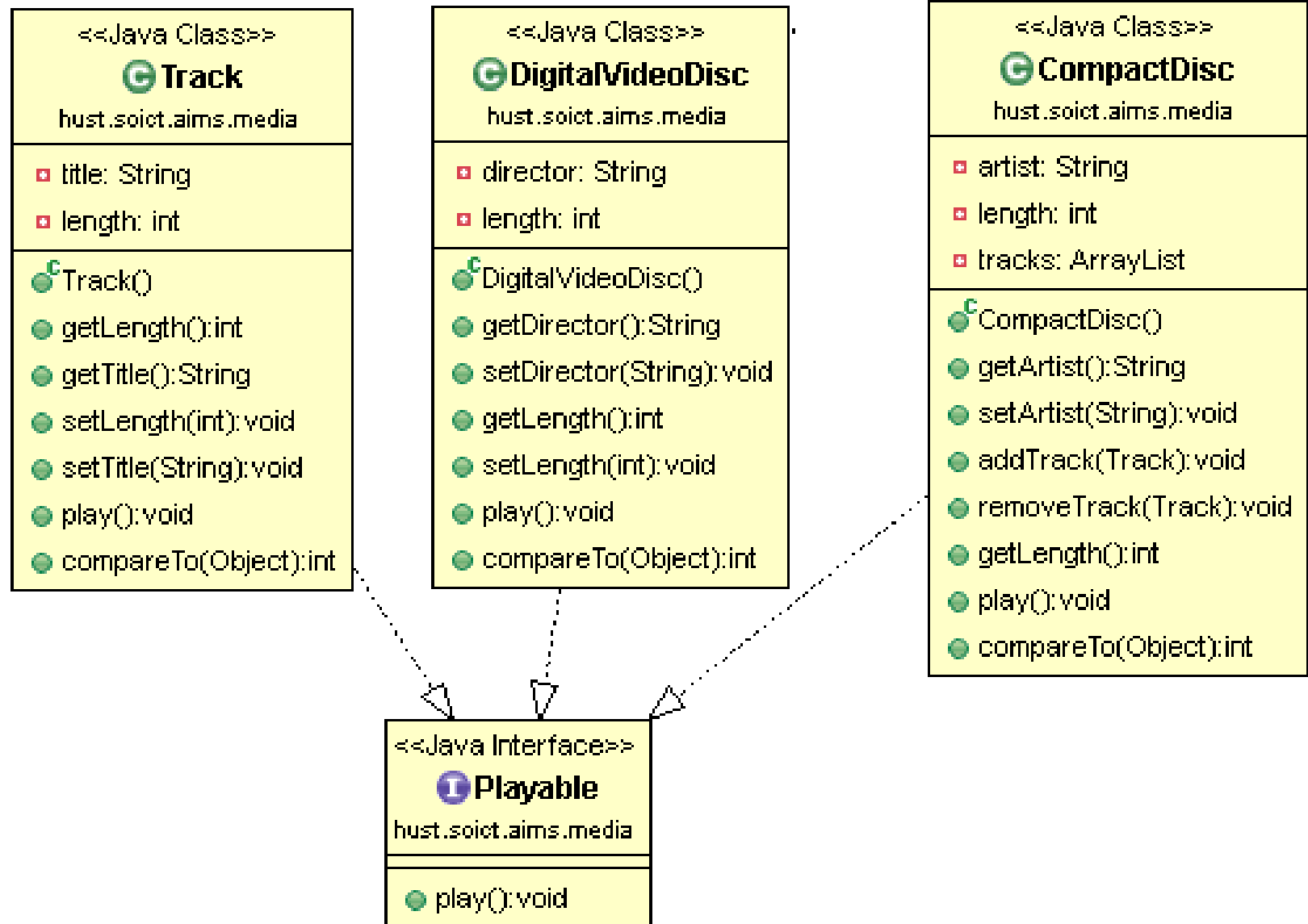


## 3. Create the Playable interface

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- 3. Create the **Playable** interface
  - The Playable interface is created to allow classes to indicate that they implement a **play()** method
  - Add to the Playable interface the method prototype: **public void play();**
  - Save your changes

# 3. Create the Playable interface





## 3. Create the Playable interface

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- 3. Create the **Playable** interface
  - Implement the **Playable** interface
    - Implement **Playable** with **CompactDisc**, **DigitalVideoDisc** and **Track**
    - For each of these classes **CompactDisc** and **DigitalVideoDisc**, edit the class description to include the keywords **implements Playable**, after the keyword **extends Disc**
    - For the **Track** class, insert the keywords **implements Playable** after the keywords **public class Track**



## 3. Create the Playable interface

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- 3. Create the **Playable** interface
  - Implement **play()** for **DigitalVideoDisc** and **Track**
    - Add the method **play()** to these two classes
    - In the **DigitalVideoDisc**, simply print to screen:

```
public void play() {  
    System.out.println("Playing DVD: " + this.getTitle());  
    System.out.println("DVD length: " + this.getLength());  
}
```

- For the **Track** class, you do the same



## 3. Create the Playable interface

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- 3. Create the **Playable** interface
  - Implement **play()** for **CompactDisc**
    - Since the **CompactDisc** class contains a **ArrayList** of **Tracks**, each of which can be played on its own. The **play()** method should output some information about the **CompactDisc** to console
    - Loop through each track of the arraylist and call **Track's** **play()** method



## 4. Update the Aims class

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### ■ 4. Update the Aims class

- You will update the **Aims** class to test your changes.
- Create more choices for your console application
- Update the menu of choices:
  - For the addition of new item to the order, the program should ask for the type: **Book**, **CompactDisc** or **DigitalVideoDisc**
  - For the **CompactDisc**, the program should allow to add information of **Tracks**
  - When adding a cd/dvd to the order, the user may ask for play them





## 5. Practice with Threads

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- A class called **MemoryDaemon** runs as a daemon thread, tracking the memory usage in the system.
  - The **MemoryDaemon** class implements the **java.lang.Runnable** interface
  - Implement the **run()** method
  - Add the field **long memoryUsed** to the **MemoryDaemon** class
  - Initialize this field to 0. It keeps track of the memory usage in the system.
  - Add code to the **run()** method to check memory usage as the program runs
  - Create a loop which will log the amount of memory used as the **Aims.main()** method executes. You will make use of the **java.lang.Runtime** class, which has a static method **getRuntime()**.
- Save your changes

# 5. Practice with Threads

```
public void run() {  
    Runtime rt = Runtime.getRuntime();  
    long used;  
  
    while (true) {  
        used = rt.totalMemory() - rt.freeMemory();  
        if (used != memoryUsed) {  
            System.out.println("\tMemory used = " + used);  
            memoryUsed = used;  
        }  
    }  
}
```


<<Java Class>>

 **MemoryDaemon**

hust.soict.aims.media

 memoryUsed: long

 MemoryDaemon()

 run():void



# 5. Practice with Threads

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## ■ 5.2. Updating the Aims class

- The **Aims** class will create a new **MemoryDaemon** object and run it as a daemon thread
- Open the **main()** method of **Aims** class
- Add code to create a new **MemoryDaemon** object
- Use this object in the constructor of the **Thread** class to create a new **Thread** object
- Using the **setDaemon()** method to indicate that this thread is a daemon thread, add code to start the thread.
- Save your changes
- Run the program and see the changes.