

Homework 1

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1 Exercise 1

$$P(\text{Hansen}) = 0.05 \Rightarrow P(\text{noHansen}) = 0.95$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(+) &= P(+|\text{Hansen}) * P(\text{Hansen}) + P(+|\text{noHansen}) * P(\text{noHansen}) \\ &= \\ &\quad 0.98 * 0.05 + 0.03 * 0.95 \\ &= \\ &\quad 0.0775 \\ P(\text{Hansen}|+) &= \frac{P(+|\text{Hansen}) * P(\text{Hansen})}{P(+)} \\ &= \\ &\quad \frac{0.98 * 0.05}{0.0775} \\ &\quad \approx 0.6323 \end{aligned}$$

2 Exercise 2

2.1 Proof the distributions are normalized

The format of univariate normal distribution is:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

To proof the distribution is normalized, we need show that:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx = 1$$

Let

$$Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

So

$$\sigma Z = x - \mu$$

$$\sigma dZ = dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \sigma dZ \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(Z)^2}{2}} dZ\end{aligned}$$

... We have:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$$

$$\text{or } \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(Z)^2}{2}} dZ = 1$$

2.2 Mean

$$E(x) = xf(x)$$

So

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx$$

Let

$$Z = x - \mu$$

$$dZ = dx$$

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (Z + \mu) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(Z)^2}{2}} dZ$$

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} Z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(Z)^2}{2}} dZ + \mu \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(Z)^2}{2}} dZ$$

2.3 Standard Deviation