



CECS 323

Introduction to Databases

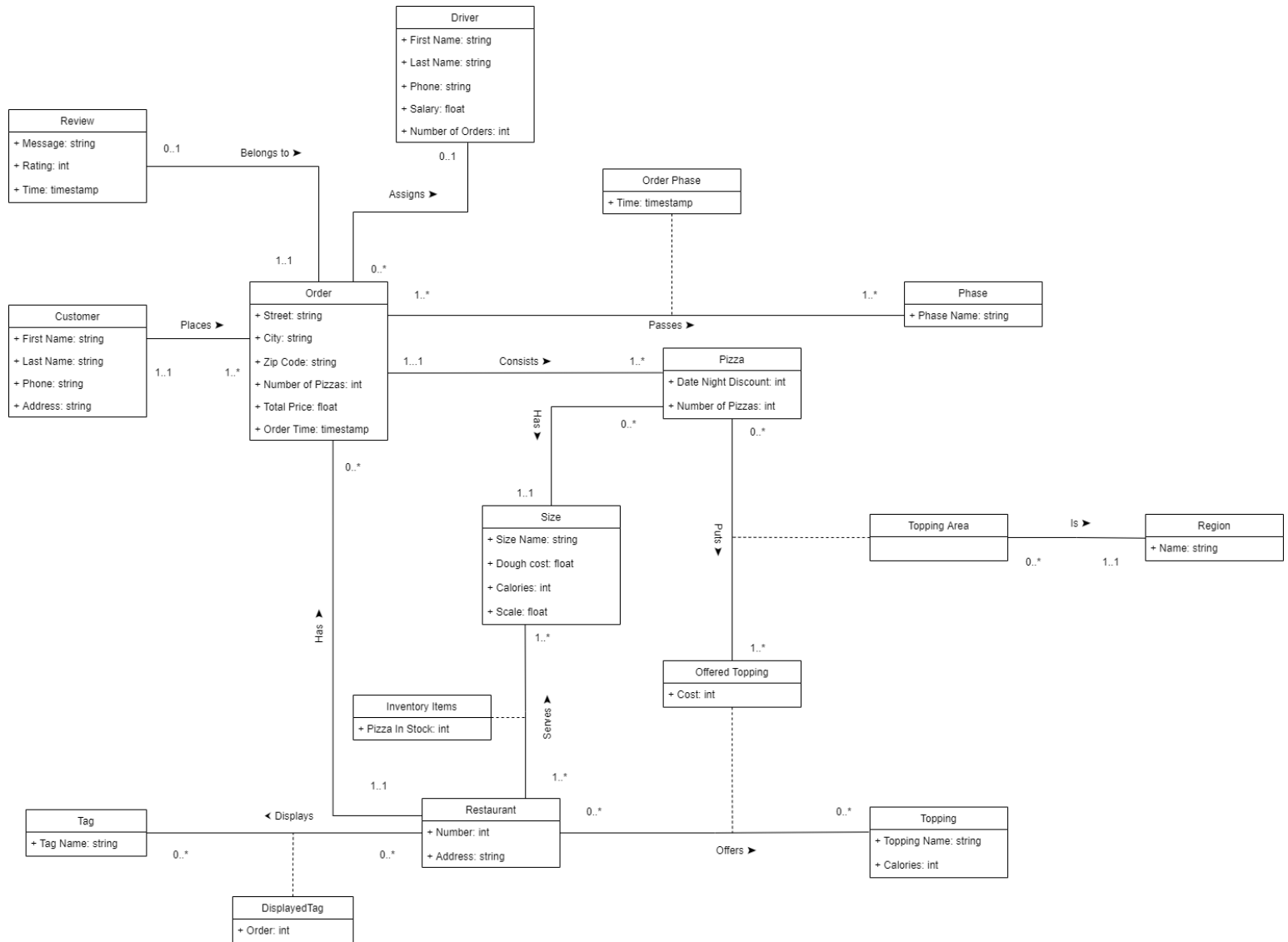
Project 02 – Cowabunga!

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Due date: October 27 at 2:00pm

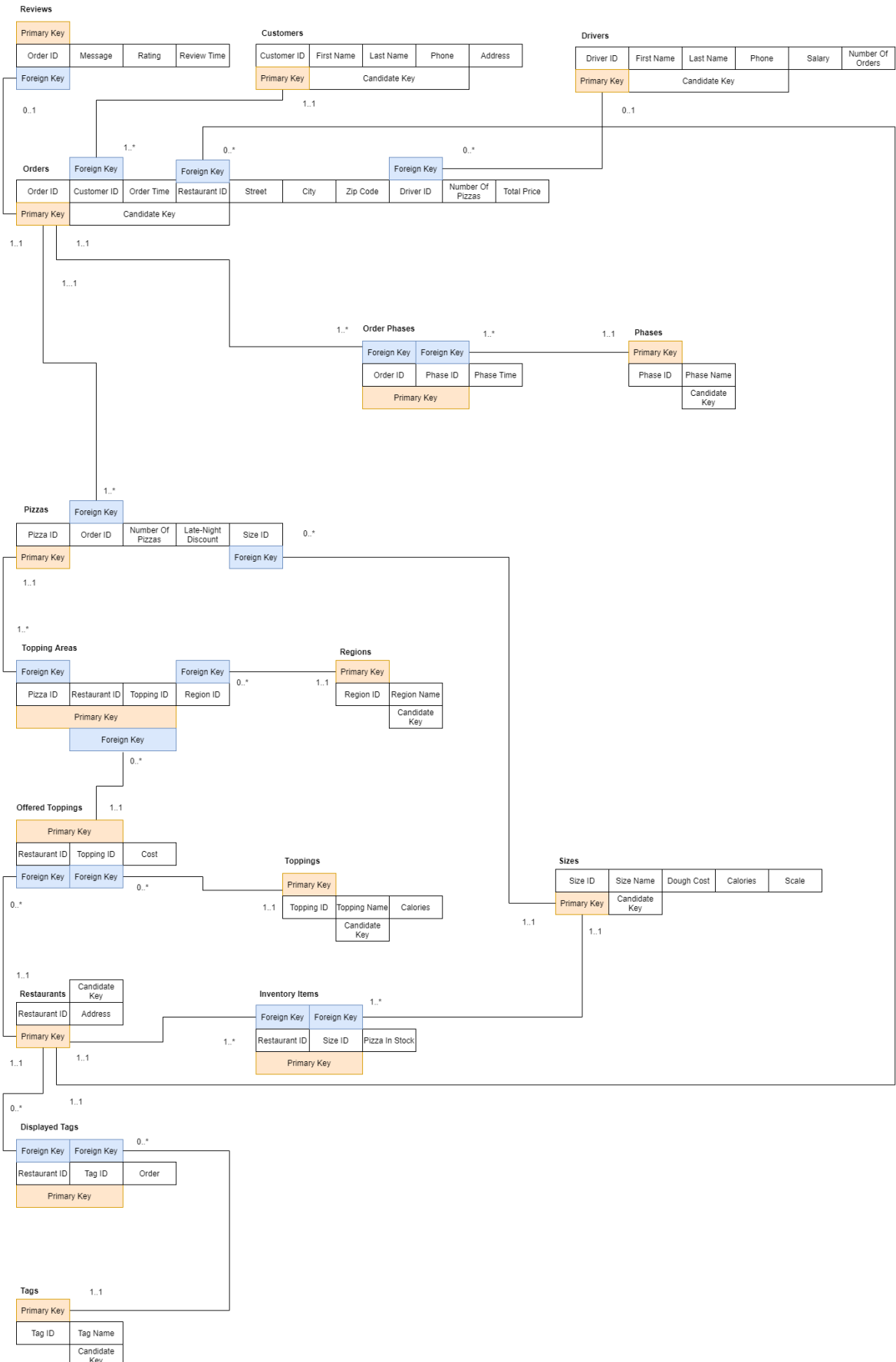


I. UML diagram:



II. Relation scheme diagram:

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III. DDL commands to generate tables in DataGrip/Derby:

1. CUSTOMERS table

```
create table CUSTOMERS
(
    "CustomerID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated
always as identity
    constraint CUSTOMERS_PK
    primary key,
    "FirstName" VARCHAR(20) not null,
    "LastName" VARCHAR(20) not null,
    "Phone" CHAR(10) not null,
    "Address" VARCHAR(50),
    constraint CUSTOMERS_FIRSTNAME_LASTNAME_PHONE_UINDEX
    unique ("FirstName", "LastName", "Phone")
);
```

2. DRIVERS table

```
create table DRIVERS
(
    "DriverID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated
always as identity
    constraint DRIVERS_PK
    primary key,
    "FirstName" VARCHAR(20) not null,
    "LastName" VARCHAR(20) not null,
    "Phone" CHAR(10) not null,
    "Salary" DOUBLE not null,
    "NumberOfOrders" INTEGER not null,
    constraint DRIVERS_FIRSTNAME_LASTNAME_PHONE_UINDEX
    unique ("FirstName", "LastName", "Phone")
);
```

3. PHASES table

```
create table PHASES
(
    "PhaseID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated always
as identity
    constraint PHASES_PK
    primary key,
    "PhaseName" VARCHAR(20) not null
    constraint PHASES_PHASENAME_UINDEX
    unique
);
```

4. REGIONS table

```
create table REGIONS
(
    "RegionID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated
always as identity
    constraint REGIONS_PK
```



```
        primary key,  
        "RegionName" VARCHAR(20) not null  
        constraint REGIONS_REGIONNAME_UINDEX  
        unique  
);
```

5. TOPPINGS table

```
create table TOPPINGS  
(  
    "ToppingID"    INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated  
always as identity  
    constraint TOPPINGS_PK  
    primary key,  
    "ToppingName" VARCHAR(20) not null  
    constraint TOPPINGS_TOPPINGNAME_UINDEX  
    unique,  
    "Calories"     INTEGER      not null  
);
```

6. SIZES table

```
create table SIZES  
(  
    "SizeID"       INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated always  
as identity  
    constraint SIZES_PK  
    primary key,  
    "SizeName"     VARCHAR(20) not null  
    constraint SIZES_SIZENAME_UINDEX  
    unique,  
    "DoughCost"    DOUBLE      not null,  
    "Calories"     INTEGER      not null,  
    "Scale"        DOUBLE      not null  
);
```

7. RESTAURANTS table

```
create table RESTAURANTS  
(  
    "RestaurantID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated  
always as identity  
    constraint RESTAURANTS_PK  
    primary key,  
    "Address"      VARCHAR(50) not null  
    constraint RESTAURANTS_ADDRESS_UINDEX  
    unique  
);
```

8. TAGS table

```
create table TAGS  
(  
    "TagID"        INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated always  
as identity  
    constraint TAGS_PK  
    primary key,  
    "TagName"      VARCHAR(20) not null  
    constraint TAGS_TAGNAME_UINDEX
```

...

```
unique
);
```

9. DISPLAYEDTAGS table

```
create table DISPLAYEDTAGS
(
    "RestaurantID" INTEGER not null
        constraint DISPLAYEDTAGS_RESTAURANTS_RESTAURANTID_FK
        references RESTAURANTS,
    "TagID" INTEGER not null
        constraint DISPLAYEDTAGS_TAGS_TAGID_FK
        references TAGS,
    "Order" INTEGER not null,
    constraint DISPLAYEDTAGS_PK
        primary key ("RestaurantID", "TagID")
);
```

10. INVENTORYITEMS table

```
create table INVENTORYITEMS
(
    "RestaurantID" INTEGER not null
        constraint INVENTORYITEMS_RESTAURANTS_RESTAURANTID_FK
        references RESTAURANTS,
    "SizeID" INTEGER not null
        constraint INVENTORYITEMS_SIZES_SIZEID_FK
        references SIZES,
    "PizzaInStock" INTEGER not null,
    constraint INVENTORYITEMS_PK
        primary key ("RestaurantID", "SizeID")
);
```

11. OFFEREDTOPPINGS table

```
create table OFFEREDTOPPINGS
(
    "RestaurantID" INTEGER not null
        constraint OFFEREDTOPPINGS_RESTAURANTS_RESTAURANTID_FK
        references RESTAURANTS,
    "ToppingID" INTEGER not null
        constraint OFFEREDTOPPINGS_TOPPINGS_TOPPINGID_FK
        references TOPPINGS,
    "Cost" DOUBLE not null,
    constraint OFFEREDTOPPINGS_PK
        primary key ("RestaurantID", "ToppingID")
);
```

12. ORDERS table

```
create table ORDERS
(
    "OrderID" INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1 generated
always as identity
        constraint ORDERS_PK
        primary key,
    "CustomerID" INTEGER not null
        constraint ORDERS_CUSTOMERS_CUSTOMERID_FK
        references CUSTOMERS,
```

...

```

"OrderTime"      TIMESTAMP not null,
"Street"         VARCHAR(30),
"City"           VARCHAR(20),
"ZipCode"        CHAR(5),
"NumberOfPizzas" INTEGER not null,
"TotalPrice"     DOUBLE,
"DriverID"       INTEGER
    constraint ORDERS_DRIVERS_DRIVERID_FK
        references DRIVERS,
"RestaurantID"   INTEGER not null
    constraint ORDERS_RESTAURANTS_RESTAURANTID_FK
        references RESTAURANTS,
constraint ORDERS_CUSTOMERID_ORDERTIME_RESTAURANTID_UINDEX
    unique ("CustomerID", "OrderTime", "RestaurantID")
);

```

13. REVIEWS table

```

create table REVIEWS
(
    "OrderID"      INTEGER not null
        constraint REVIEWS_PK
            primary key
        constraint REVIEWS_ORDERS_ORDERID_FK
            references ORDERS,
    "Message"      VARCHAR(100) not null,
    "Rating"       INTEGER not null,
    "ReviewTime"   TIMESTAMP not null
);

```

14. ORDERPHASES table

```

create table ORDERPHASES
(
    "OrderID"      INTEGER not null
        constraint ORDERPHASES_ORDERS_ORDERID_FK
            references ORDERS,
    "PhaseID"      INTEGER not null
        constraint ORDERPHASES_PHASES_PHASEID_FK
            references PHASES,
    "PhaseTime"    TIMESTAMP not null,
    constraint ORDERPHASES_PK
        primary key ("OrderID", "PhaseID")
);

```

15. PIZZAS table

```

create table PIZZAS
(
    "PizzaID"      INTEGER default AUTOINCREMENT: start 1 increment 1
generated always as identity
        constraint PIZZAS_PK
            primary key,
    "OrderID"      INTEGER not null
        constraint PIZZAS_ORDERS_ORDERID_FK
            references ORDERS,
    "NumberOfPizzas" INTEGER not null,
    "Late-NightDiscount" DOUBLE,
    "SizeID"       INTEGER not null
);

```

...

```

        constraint PIZZAS_SIZES_SIZEID_FK
            references SIZES
    );

```

16. TOPPINGAREAS table

```

create table TOPPINGAREAS
(
    "PizzaID"          INTEGER not null
        constraint TOPPINGAREAS_PIZZAS_PIZZAID_FK
            references PIZZAS,
    "RestaurantID"     INTEGER not null,
    "ToppingID"        INTEGER not null,
    "RegionID"         INTEGER not null
        constraint TOPPINGAREAS_REGIONS_REGIONID_FK
            references REGIONS,
    constraint TOPPINGAREAS_PK
        primary key ("PizzaID", "RestaurantID", "ToppingID"),
    constraint TOPPINGAREAS_OFFEREDTOPPINGS_RESTAURANTID_TOPPINGID_FK
        foreign key ("RestaurantID", "ToppingID") references PIZZAS (RestaurantID,
ToppingID)
);

```

IV. Numbered answers to the required SQL SELECT statements:

1. Given a specific pizza, display all toppings chosen for that pizza, including their region. Sort them so the whole-pizza toppings come first, then the left half, then the right half; and order within each region alphabetically.

```

SELECT P."PizzaID", "ToppingName", "RegionName"
FROM PIZZAS P
    INNER JOIN TOPPINGAREAS A ON P."PizzaID" = A."PizzaID"
    INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T ON A."ToppingID" = T."ToppingID"
    INNER JOIN REGIONS R ON R."RegionID" = A."RegionID"
WHERE P."PizzaID" = 1
ORDER BY
    CASE
        WHEN LOWER(R."RegionName") = 'whole pizza' THEN 1
        WHEN LOWER(R."RegionName") = 'left half' THEN 2
        WHEN LOWER(R."RegionName") = 'right half' THEN 3
    END,
    "ToppingName";

```

Example output:

...

| | "PizzaID" | "ToppingName" | "RegionName" |
|---|-----------|---------------|--------------|
| 1 | 1 | Cheese | Whole Pizza |
| 2 | 1 | Mushroom | Whole Pizza |
| 3 | 1 | Pineapple | Left Half |
| 4 | 1 | Ham | Right Half |
| 5 | 1 | Pepperoni | Right Half |

2. Given a specific order, display the total cost and total calories of each pizza in that order.

```
SELECT P."PizzaID", SUM(T."Calories" * S."Scale") + S."Calories" AS Calories,
SUM(OT."Cost" * S."Scale") + S."DoughCost" AS Cost
FROM ORDERS O
  INNER JOIN PIZZAS P ON O."OrderID" = P."OrderID"
  INNER JOIN TOPPINGAREAS A ON P."PizzaID" = A."PizzaID"
  INNER JOIN OFFEREDTOPPINGS OT ON OT."RestaurantID" = A."RestaurantID" AND
OT."ToppingID" = A."ToppingID"
  INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T ON T."ToppingID" = OT."ToppingID"
  INNER JOIN SIZES S ON P."SizeID" = S."SizeID"
WHERE O."OrderID" = 1
GROUP BY P."PizzaID", S."Calories", S."DoughCost";
```

Example output:

| | PizzaID | CALORIES | COST |
|---|---------|----------|------|
| 1 | 1 | 90 | 27 |
| 2 | 2 | 45 | 12 |
| 3 | 3 | 49 | 14.2 |

3. Show all restaurant identifiers (chain numbers) and their average Review rating for orders handled by that restaurant.

```
SELECT R."RestaurantID", R."Address", AVG(CAST(RV."Rating" AS float)) AS
AverageRating
FROM RESTAURANTS R
  LEFT JOIN ORDERS O ON R."RestaurantID" = O."RestaurantID"
  LEFT JOIN REVIEWS RV ON O."OrderID" = RV."OrderID"
GROUP BY R."RestaurantID", R."Address";
```



Example output:

| | RestaurantID | Address | AVERAGERATING |
|---|--------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | 1 | 4897 Euclid St, Anaheim CA 92801 | 4.25 |
| 2 | 2 | 10547 Katella Ave, Garden Grove CA 92804 | <null> |
| 3 | 3 | 8745 La Palma Ave, Buena Park CA 90620 | 2 |

4. Count the number of pizzas that do not have pepperoni as a topping.

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT "PizzaID") AS NumberOfPizzas
FROM PIZZAS
WHERE "PizzaID" NOT IN
  (SELECT A."PizzaID"
   FROM TOPPINGAREAS A INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T ON A."ToppingID" = T."ToppingID"
   WHERE "ToppingName" = 'Pepperoni');
```

5. Show all customer names who submitted a Review with a rating of 4 or greater for an Order with at least one pizza that has pepperoni as one of its ingredients. Sort the names alphabetically.

```
SELECT DISTINCT "LastName", "FirstName"
FROM CUSTOMERS C
  INNER JOIN ORDERS O ON C."CustomerID" = O."CustomerID"
  INNER JOIN PIZZAS P ON O."OrderID" = P."OrderID"
  INNER JOIN REVIEWS R ON O."OrderID" = R."OrderID"
WHERE R."Rating" >= 4 AND P."PizzaID" IN
  (SELECT "PizzaID"
   FROM TOPPINGAREAS A INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T ON A."ToppingID" = T."ToppingID"
   WHERE "ToppingName" = 'Pepperoni')
ORDER BY "LastName", "FirstName";
```

6. Identify the pizza that has the highest calorie total -- the sum of its dough and toppings -- of any pizza in the database.

```
SELECT P."PizzaID", S."Calories" + SUM(T."Calories" * S."Scale") AS TotalCalories
FROM PIZZAS P
  INNER JOIN TOPPINGAREAS A ON P."PizzaID" = A."PizzaID"
  INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T ON T."ToppingID" = A."ToppingID"
  INNER JOIN SIZES S on P."SizeID" = S."SizeID"
GROUP BY P."PizzaID", S."Calories"
HAVING S."Calories" + SUM(CAST(T."Calories" AS float) * S."Scale") >=
  ALL(SELECT S2."Calories" + SUM(CAST(T2."Calories" AS float) * S2."Scale")
   FROM PIZZAS P2
    INNER JOIN TOPPINGAREAS A2 ON P2."PizzaID" = A2."PizzaID"
    INNER JOIN TOPPINGS T2 ON T2."ToppingID" = A2."ToppingID")
```

...

```
INNER JOIN SIZES S2 on P2."SizeID" = S2."SizeID"  
GROUP BY P2."PizzaID", S2."Calories");
```

Example Output:

| | PizzaID ↕ | TOTALCALORIES ↕ |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| 1 | 4 | 100 |
| 2 | 11 | 100 |