

$$b). \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & k+5 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & k+3 & k-1 & k+3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & k+3 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & k+2 & k & k+2 \end{pmatrix}$$

HPT vô nghiệm khi $\rho(A) < \rho(\bar{A})$

$$TH_1: k+3=0 \rightarrow \rho(A)=2 \rightarrow \rho(\bar{A})=3$$

\Leftrightarrow HPT vô nghiệm

$$TH_2: ~~k+3~~ = k+3 \neq 0$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{k+3} \\ 0 & 0 & k & \frac{(k+2)(k+1)}{k+3} \end{pmatrix}$$

A_0^1 HPT vô nghiệm thì $\rho(A) < \rho(\bar{A})$
 $\Leftrightarrow k=0$

Vậy HPT vô nghiệm khi $k = -3$ hoặc $k = 0$