

Technical Analysis with Python

October 2, 2025

```
[ ]: # Setup environment
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import pandas_datareader as pdr
from pandas.plotting import register_matplotlib_converters
register_matplotlib_converters()
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import datetime as dt
import ta
import yfinance as yf
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[3]: # Get data
tickers = 'AMZN GOOG NFLX META GLD'.split()
tickers
```

```
[3]: ['AMZN', 'GOOG', 'NFLX', 'META', 'GLD']
```

```
[4]: # Fetch historical market data
start = dt.datetime(2024, 1, 1)
end = dt.datetime(2025, 12, 31)
data = yf.download(tickers, start=start, end=end, auto_adjust=True)['Close']
data
```

```
[*****100%*****] 5 of 5 completed
```

```
[4]: Ticker      AMZN      GLD      GOOG      META      NFLX
Date
2024-01-02  149.929993  190.720001  138.611435  344.168335  468.500000
2024-01-03  148.470001  189.130005  139.406006  342.359497  470.260010
2024-01-04  144.570007  189.320007  137.101776  344.993195  474.670013
2024-01-05  145.240005  189.350006  136.456177  349.793640  474.059998
2024-01-08  149.100006  187.869995  139.574860  356.462524  485.029999
...
2025-09-25  218.149994  344.750000  246.570007  748.909973  1208.239990
2025-09-26  219.779999  346.739990  247.179993  743.750000  1210.609985
```

2025-09-29	222.169998	352.459991	244.360001	743.400024	1206.410034
2025-09-30	219.570007	355.470001	243.550003	734.380005	1198.920044
2025-10-01	220.630005	356.029999	245.539993	717.340027	1170.900024

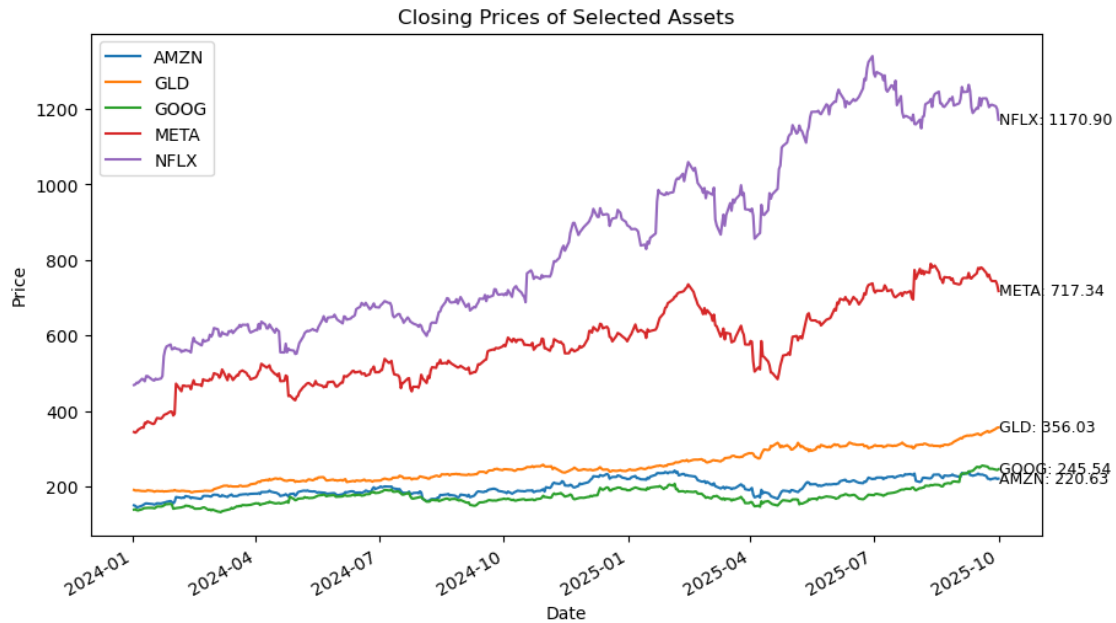
[439 rows x 5 columns]

```
[5]: # Basic data description statistics
print(data.describe())
print(data.info())
```

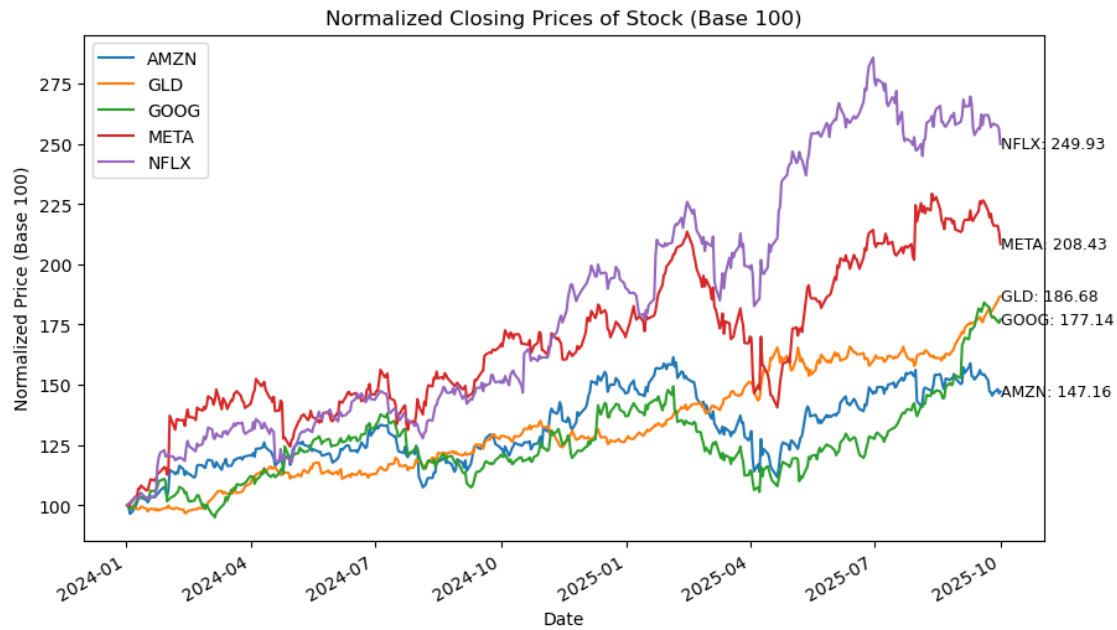
Ticker	AMZN	GLD	GOOG	META	NFLX
count	439.000000	439.000000	439.000000	439.000000	439.000000
mean	197.090752	253.096446	173.776613	576.305771	855.730500
std	22.643252	43.713753	23.327895	105.307353	246.906023
min	144.570007	184.419998	131.659012	342.359497	468.500000
25%	180.055000	218.040001	159.663727	495.684937	634.015015
50%	192.169998	245.000000	170.075638	570.635681	823.960022
75%	219.375000	298.110001	185.015808	655.525665	1099.200012
max	242.059998	356.029999	255.240005	789.467163	1339.130005

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 439 entries, 2024-01-02 to 2025-10-01
Data columns (total 5 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- ----- -
0 AMZN 439 non-null float64
1 GLD 439 non-null float64
2 GOOG 439 non-null float64
3 META 439 non-null float64
4 NFLX 439 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(5)
memory usage: 20.6 KB
None

```
[6]: # Plot closing prices
data.plot(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Closing Prices of Selected Assets')
# Display the ticker symbols and last closing prices in plot
for i, ticker in enumerate(tickers):
    plt.text(data.index[-1], data[ticker].iloc[-1], f'{ticker}: {data[ticker].\
    iloc[-1]:.2f}', fontsize=9, verticalalignment='center')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Price')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
[7]: # Normalized prices
normalized_data = data / data.iloc[0] * 100
normalized_data.plot(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Normalized Closing Prices of Stock (Base 100)')
for i, ticker in enumerate(tickers):
    plt.text(data.index[-1], normalized_data[ticker].iloc[-1], f'{ticker}:␣
↪{normalized_data[ticker].iloc[-1]:.2f}', fontsize=9,␣
↪verticalalignment='center')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Price (Base 100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
[8]: # Calculate log returns, about monetary returns need to compound the interests.
pct_change = np.log1p(data).diff().dropna()
pct_change
```

```
[8]: Ticker      AMZN      GLD      GOOG      META      NFLX
Date
2024-01-03 -0.009720 -0.008328  0.005675 -0.005254  0.003742
2024-01-04 -0.026439  0.000999 -0.016547  0.007641  0.009314
2024-01-05  0.004592  0.000158 -0.004686  0.013779 -0.001283
2024-01-08  0.026053 -0.007806  0.022435  0.018832  0.022829
2024-01-09  0.015010  0.000318  0.014241 -0.003426 -0.006067
...
2025-09-25 -0.009356  0.004144 -0.005077 -0.015547  0.003554
2025-09-26  0.007410  0.005739  0.002461 -0.006905  0.001958
2025-09-29  0.010767  0.016315 -0.011428 -0.000470 -0.003472
2025-09-30 -0.011719  0.008480 -0.003307 -0.012191 -0.006223
2025-10-01  0.004794  0.001570  0.008104 -0.023444 -0.023629
```

[438 rows x 5 columns]

```
[9]: # Actual percentage change
changed = data.pct_change().dropna()
changed
```

```
[9]: Ticker      AMZN      GLD      GOOG      META      NFLX
Date
```

```

2024-01-03 -0.009738 -0.008337 0.005732 -0.005256 0.003757
2024-01-04 -0.026268 0.001005 -0.016529 0.007693 0.009378
2024-01-05 0.004634 0.000158 -0.004709 0.013915 -0.001285
2024-01-08 0.026577 -0.007816 0.022855 0.019065 0.023141
2024-01-09 0.015225 0.000319 0.014445 -0.003430 -0.006061
...
2025-09-25 -0.009355 0.004165 -0.005084 -0.015447 0.003563
2025-09-26 0.007472 0.005772 0.002474 -0.006890 0.001962
2025-09-29 0.010875 0.016497 -0.011409 -0.000471 -0.003469
2025-09-30 -0.011703 0.008540 -0.003315 -0.012133 -0.006208
2025-10-01 0.004828 0.001575 0.008171 -0.023203 -0.023371

```

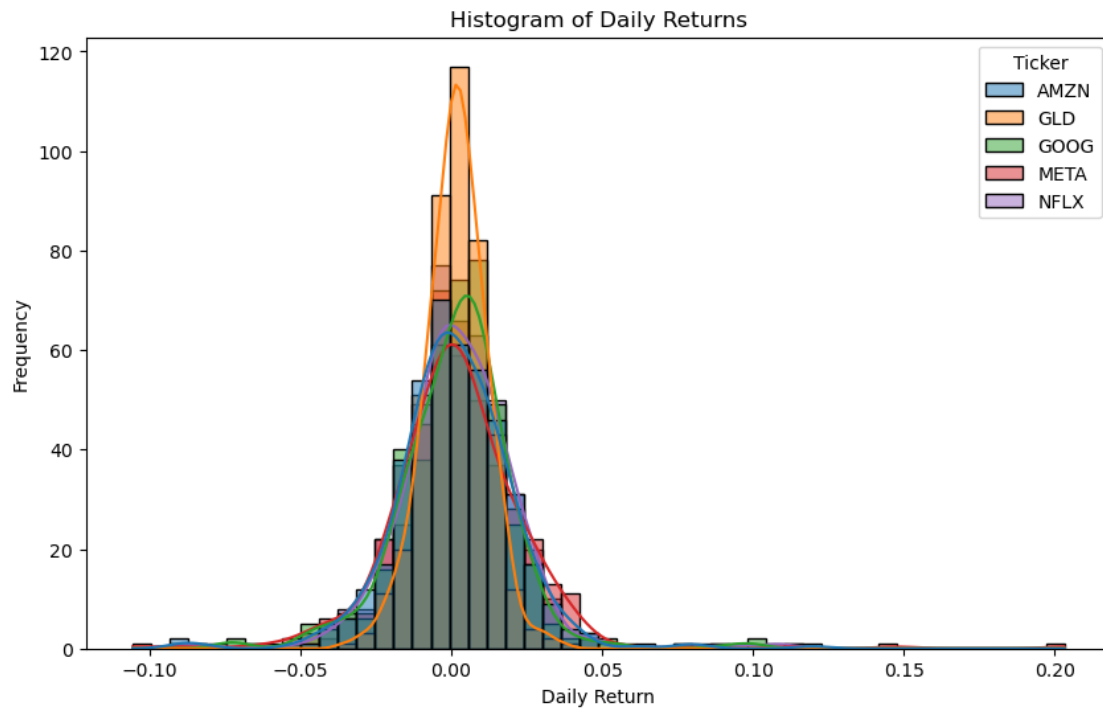
[438 rows x 5 columns]

```
[10]: # Describe percentage change
changed.describe()
```

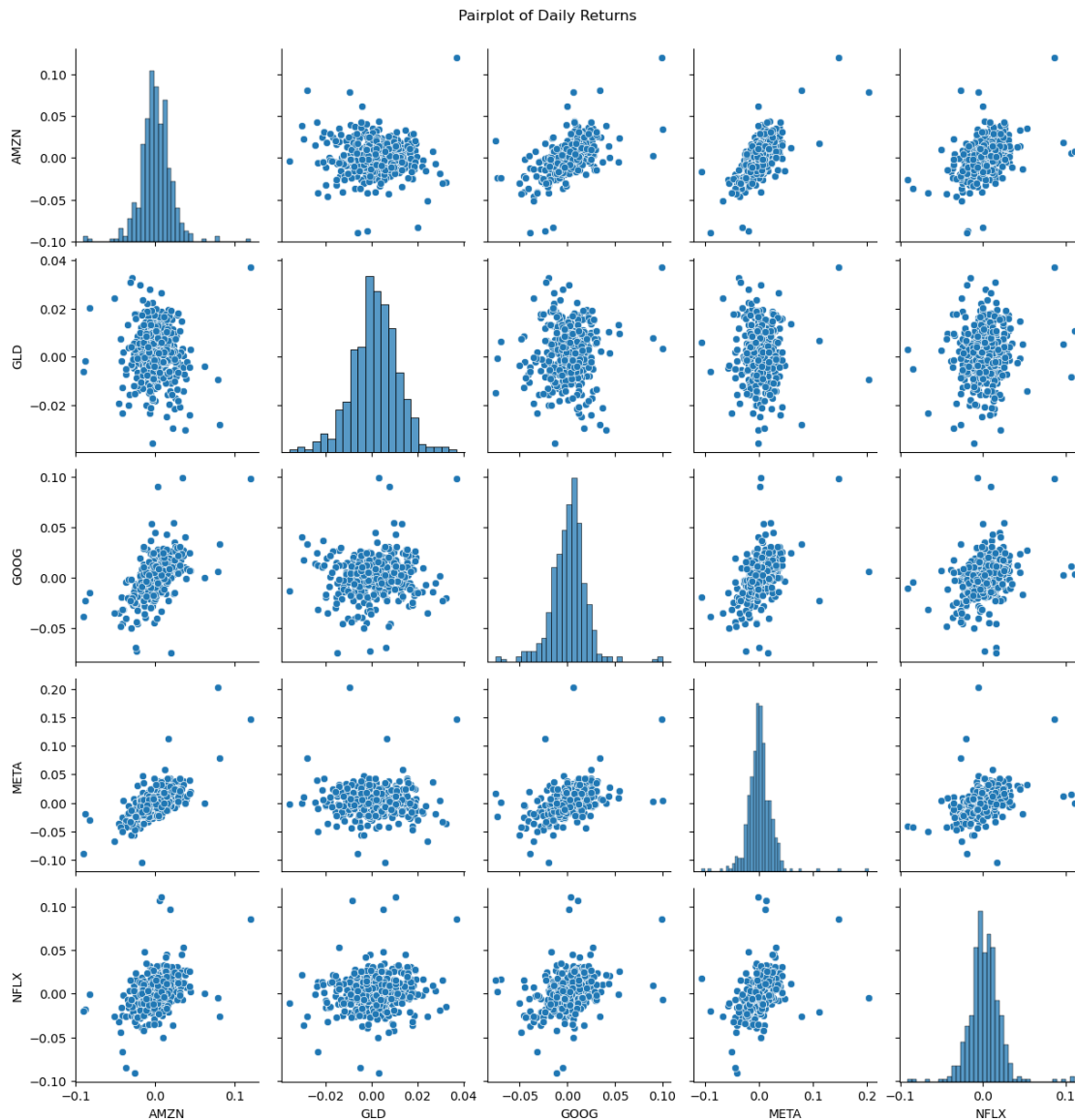
```
[10]: Ticker      AMZN      GLD      GOOG      META      NFLX
count  438.000000  438.000000  438.000000  438.000000  438.000000
mean    0.001075    0.001479    0.001483    0.001953    0.002286
std     0.019661    0.010291    0.018866    0.023785    0.019702
min    -0.089791   -0.035683   -0.075061   -0.105613   -0.090933
25%    -0.009291   -0.004563   -0.008674   -0.009626   -0.007303
50%     0.000423    0.001918    0.003144    0.001087    0.002076
75%     0.012161    0.008190    0.011533    0.012064    0.013201
max     0.119770    0.036991    0.099652    0.203176    0.110870

```

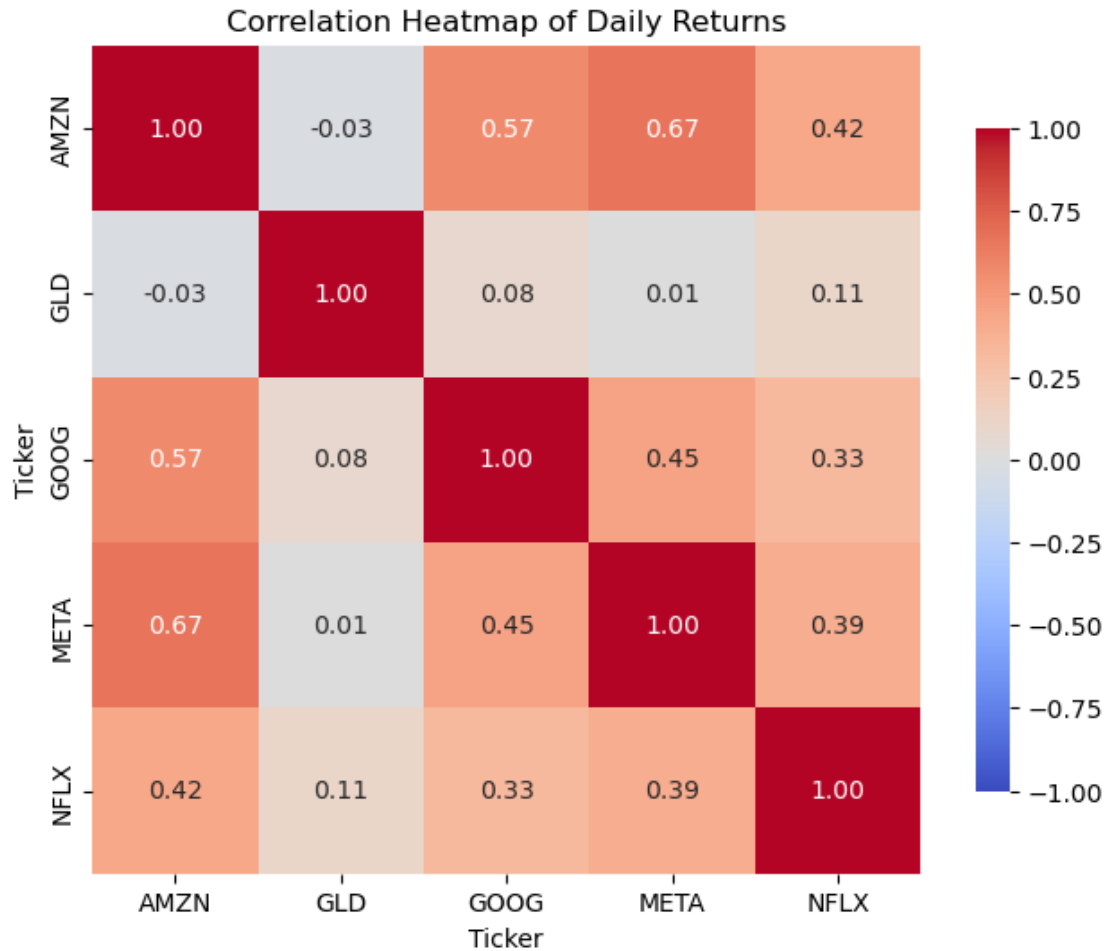
```
[11]: # Plot histogram of daily returns
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(changed, bins=50, kde=True, alpha=0.5)
plt.title('Histogram of Daily Returns')
plt.xlabel('Daily Return')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



```
[12]: # Pairplot of daily returns
sns.pairplot(changed)
plt.suptitle('Pairplot of Daily Returns', y=1.02)
plt.show()
```



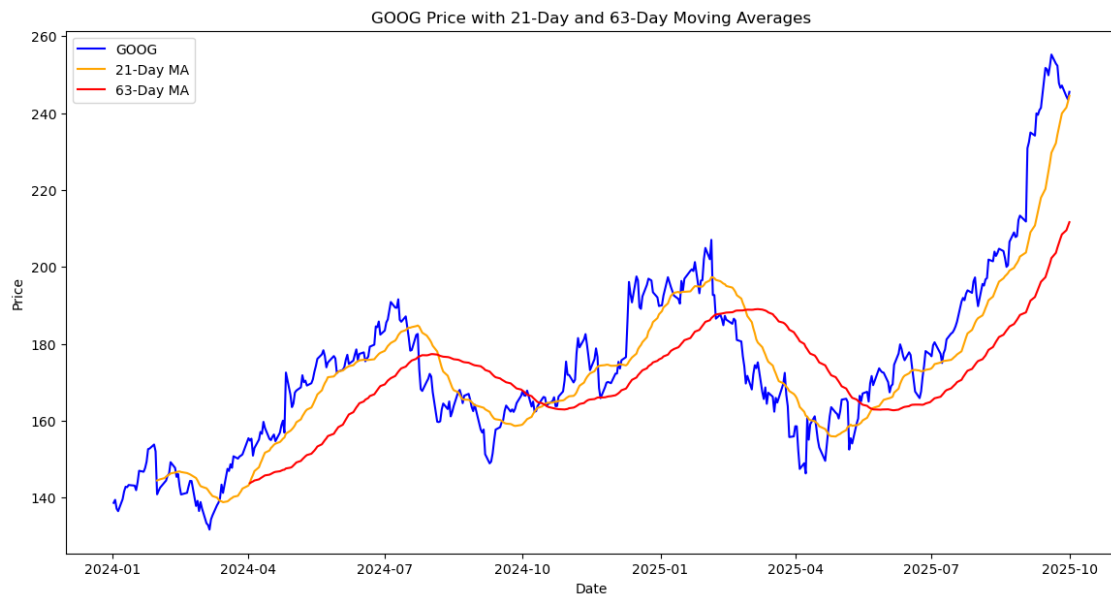
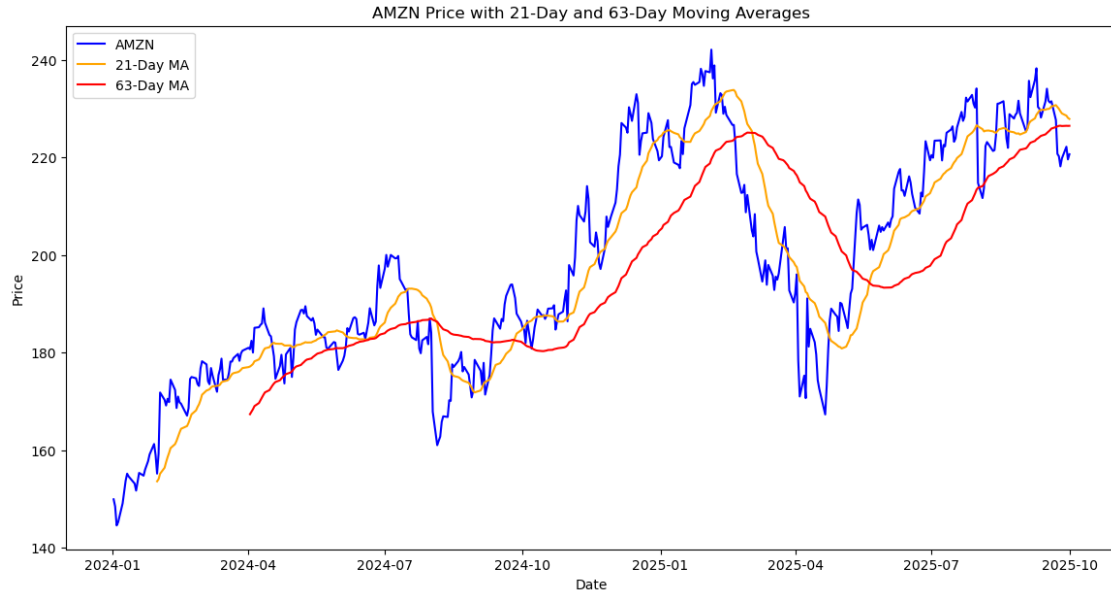
```
[13]: # Correlation heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(changed.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f", vmin=-1,
            vmax=1, center=0, square=True, cbar_kws={"shrink": .8})
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of Daily Returns')
plt.show()
```

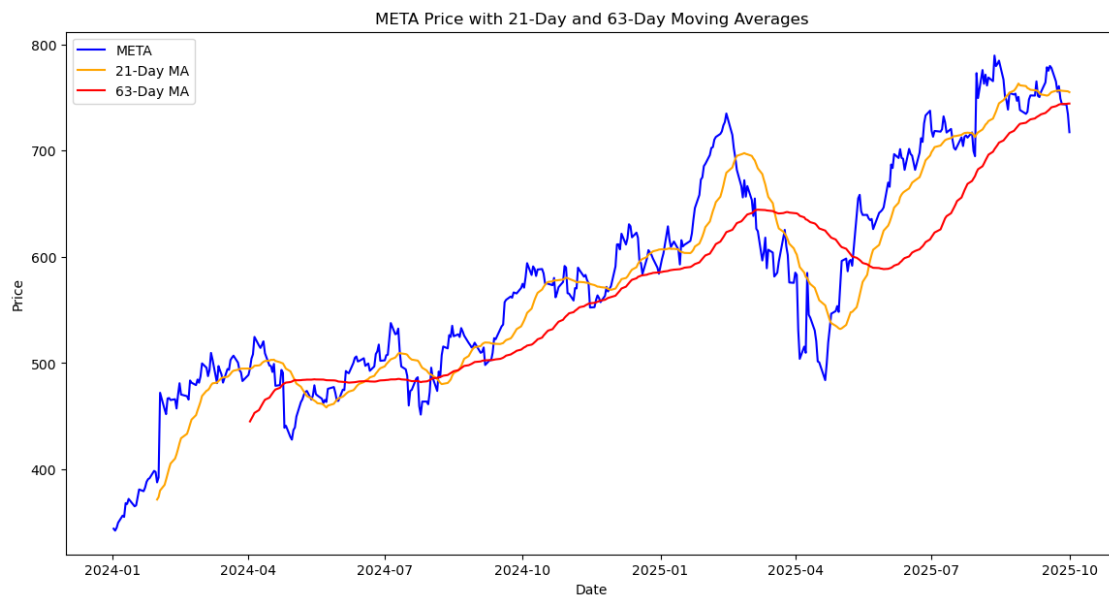
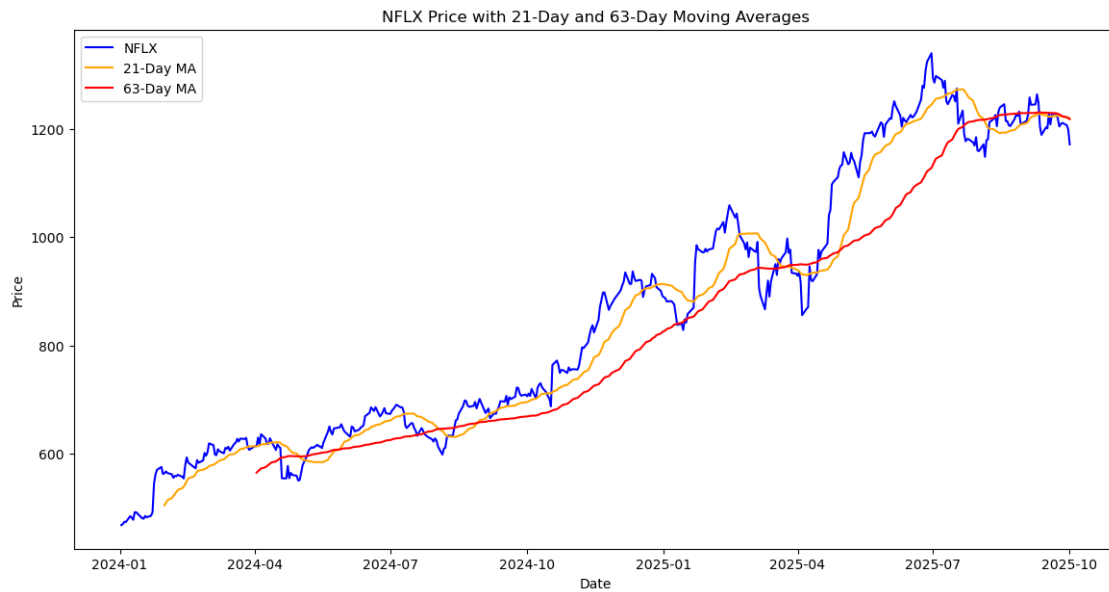


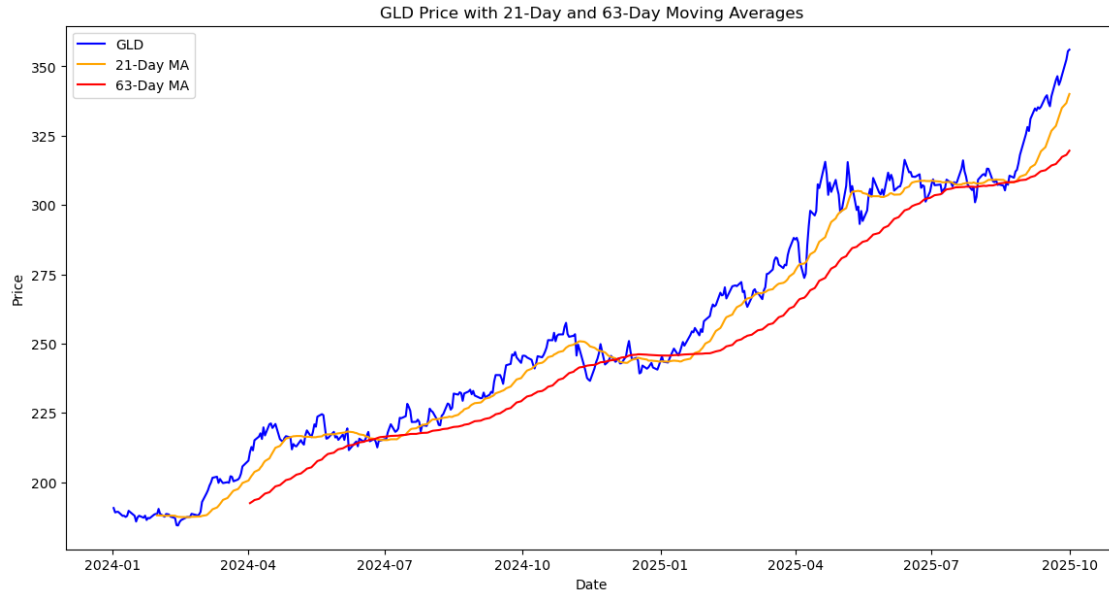
Technical Analysis of Stock Prices

```
[14]: # Moving averages in 1 month and 3 months

mo_21 = data.rolling(window=21).mean() # 21 trading days in a months
mo_63 = data.rolling(window=63).mean() # 63 trading days in 3 months
for ticker in tickers:
    plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (14, 7)
    plt.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    plt.plot(mo_21.index, mo_21[ticker], label='21-Day MA', color='orange')
    plt.plot(mo_63.index, mo_63[ticker], label='63-Day MA', color='red')
    plt.title(f'{ticker} Price with 21-Day and 63-Day Moving Averages')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('Price')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

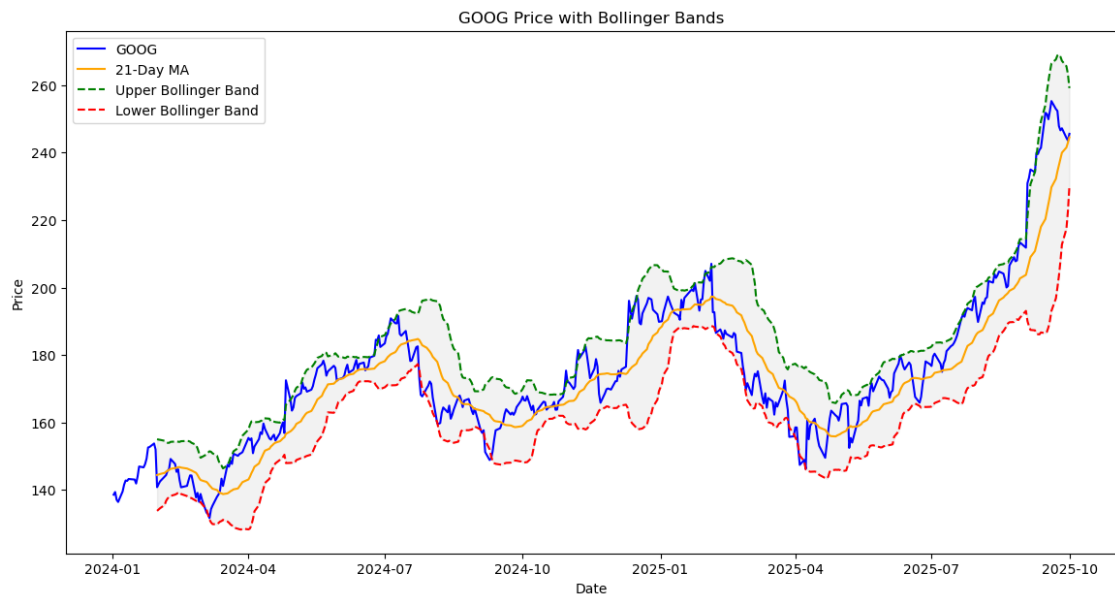
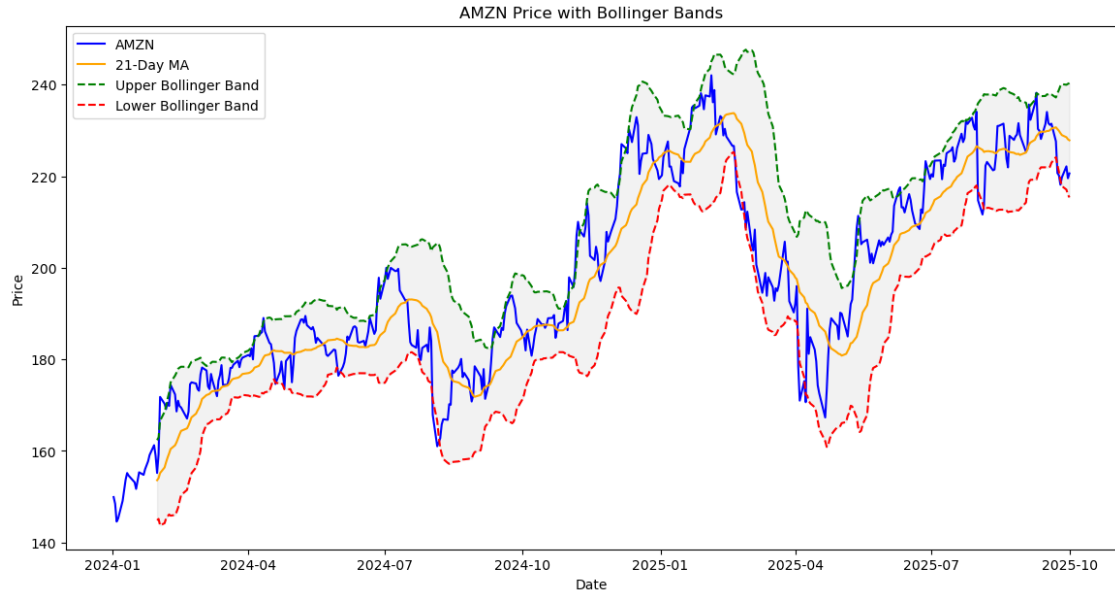



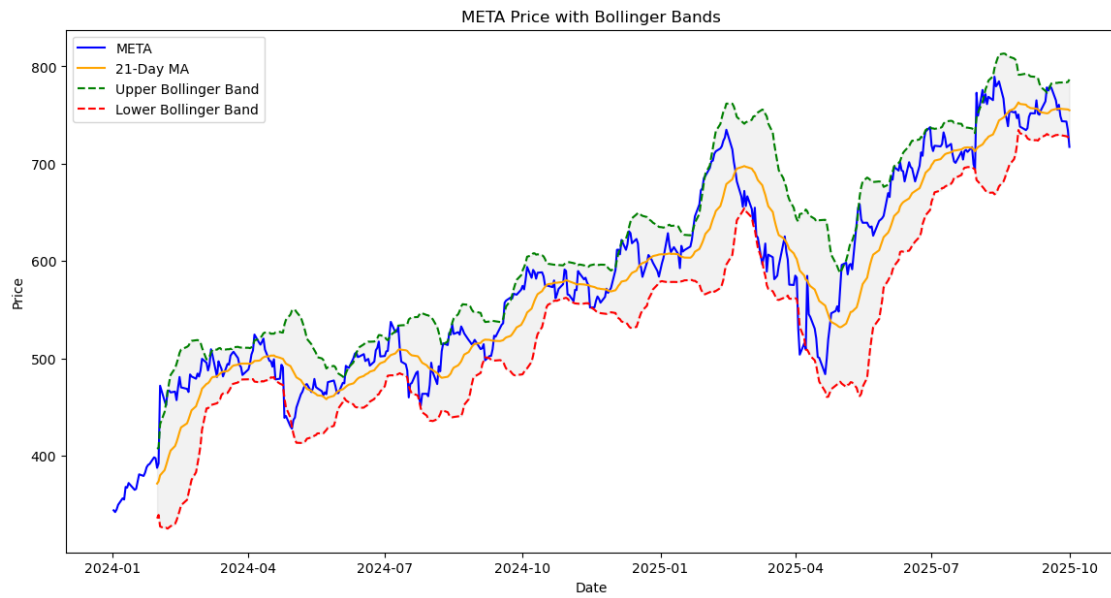
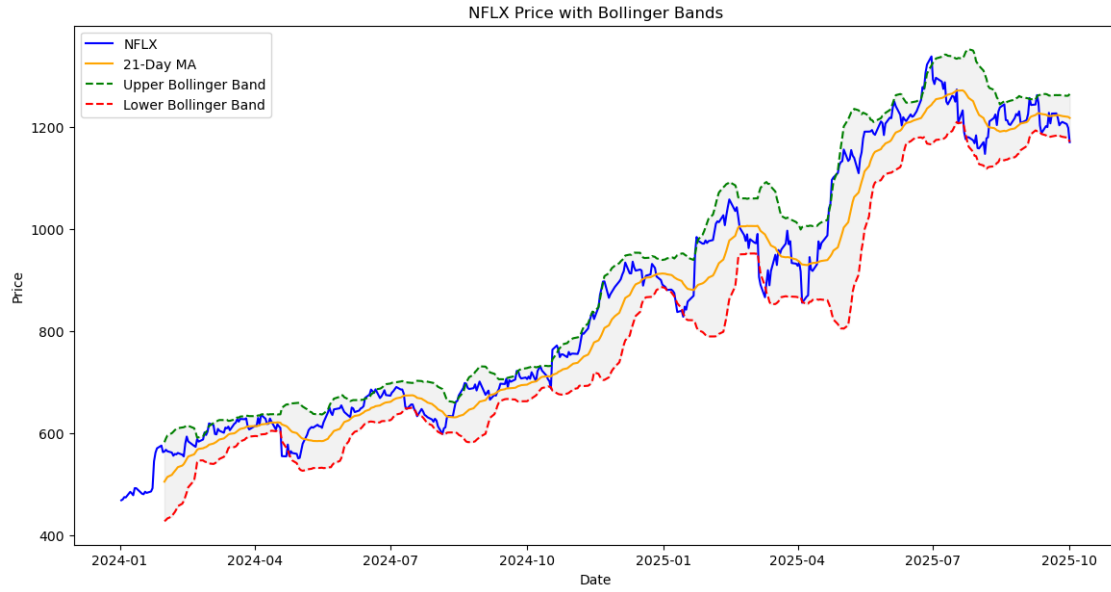


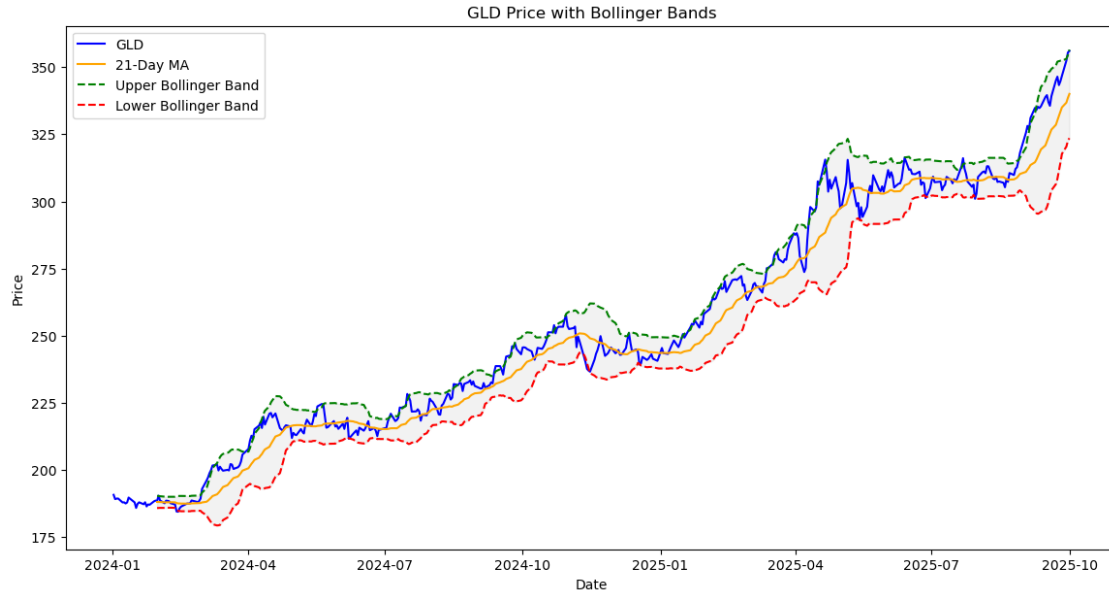


Bollinger Bands - A volatility indicator that consists of a moving average and two standard deviation lines above and below it.

```
[15]: # The standard deviation in 21 days
std_21 = data.rolling(window=21).std()
upper_band = mo_21 + (std_21 * 2)
lower_band = mo_21 - (std_21 * 2)
for ticker in tickers:
    plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
    plt.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    plt.plot(mo_21.index, mo_21[ticker], label='21-Day MA', color='orange')
    plt.plot(upper_band.index, upper_band[ticker], label='Upper Bollinger
    ↪Band', color='green', linestyle='--')
    plt.plot(lower_band.index, lower_band[ticker], label='Lower Bollinger
    ↪Band', color='red', linestyle='--')
    plt.fill_between(data.index, lower_band[ticker], upper_band[ticker],
    ↪color='grey', alpha=0.1)
    plt.title(f'{ticker} Price with Bollinger Bands')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('Price')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

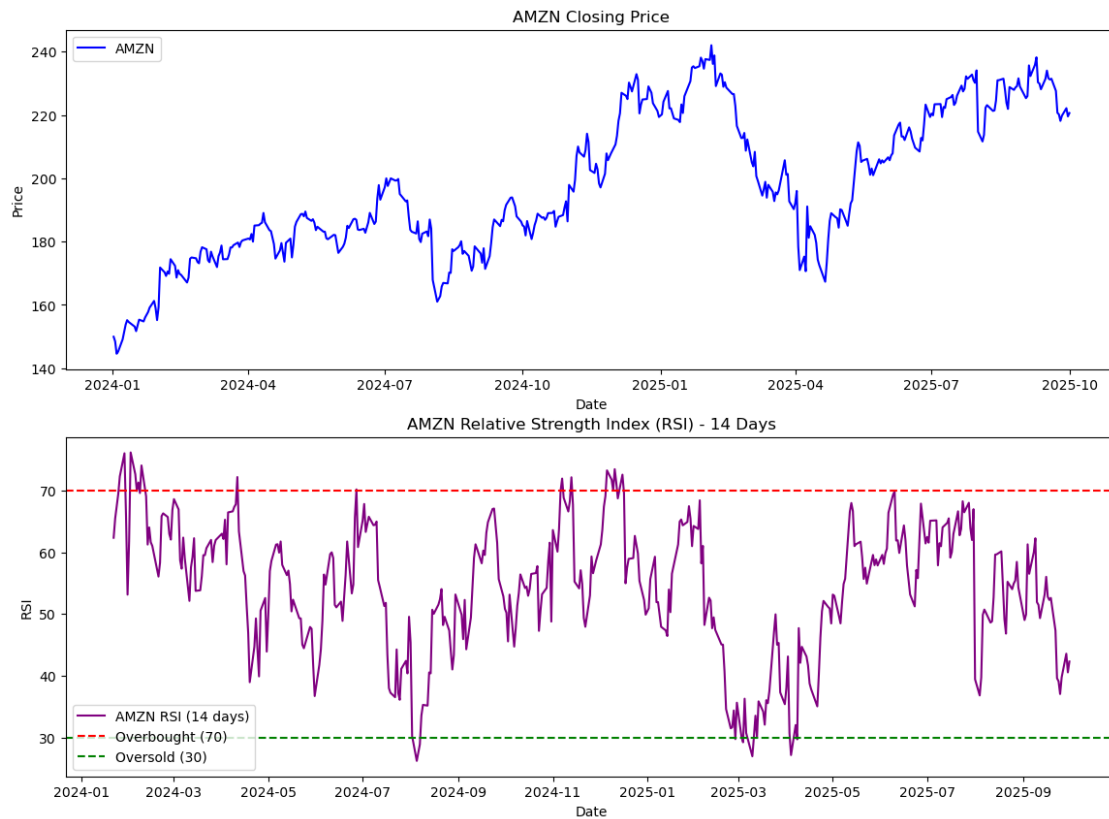


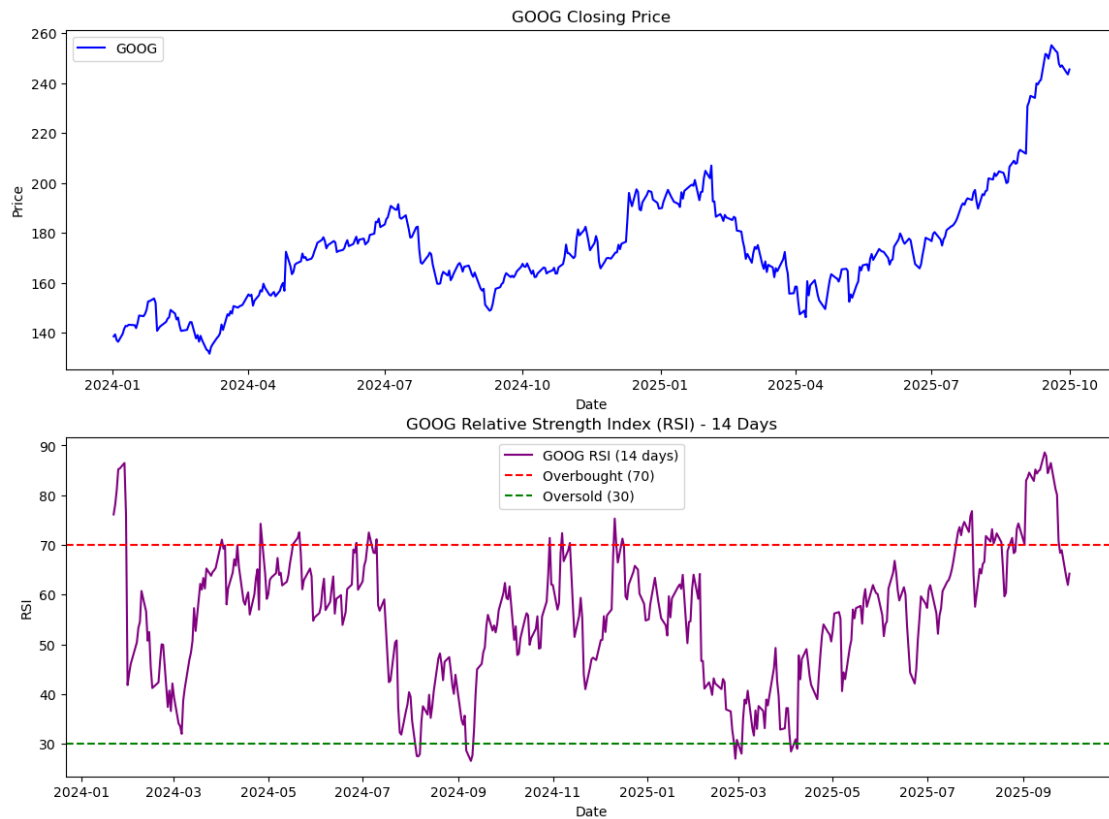


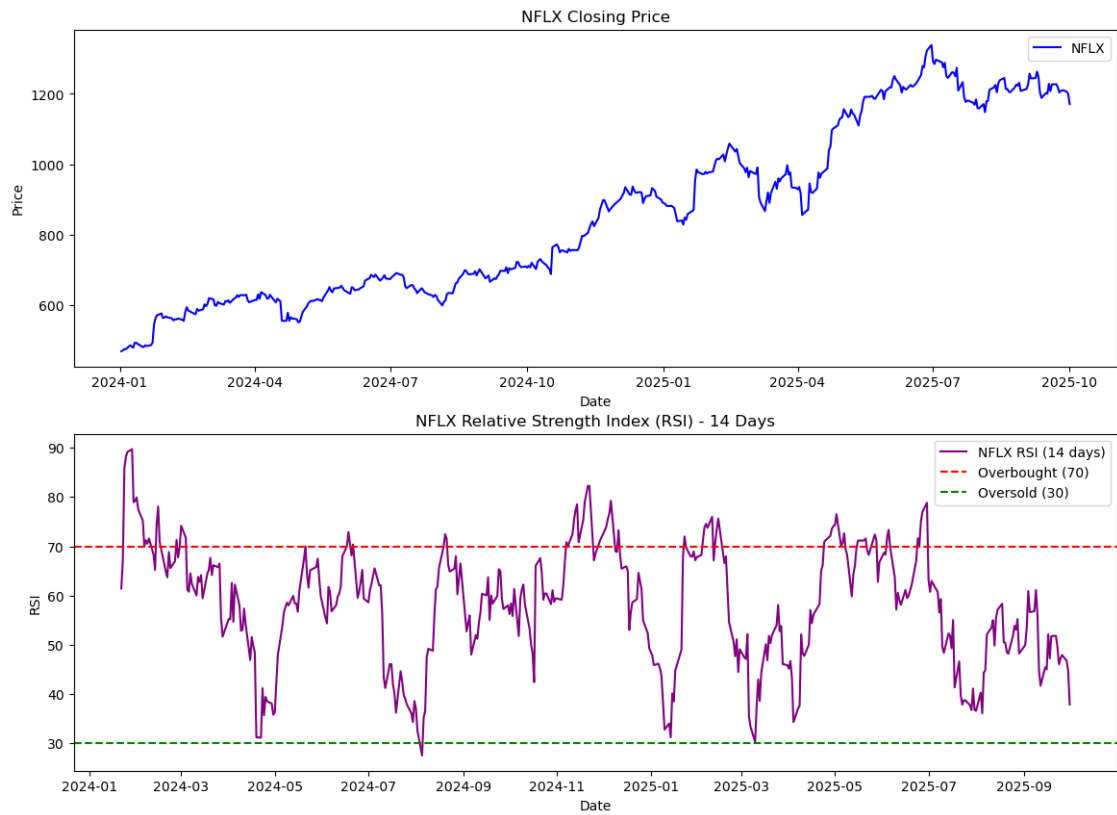


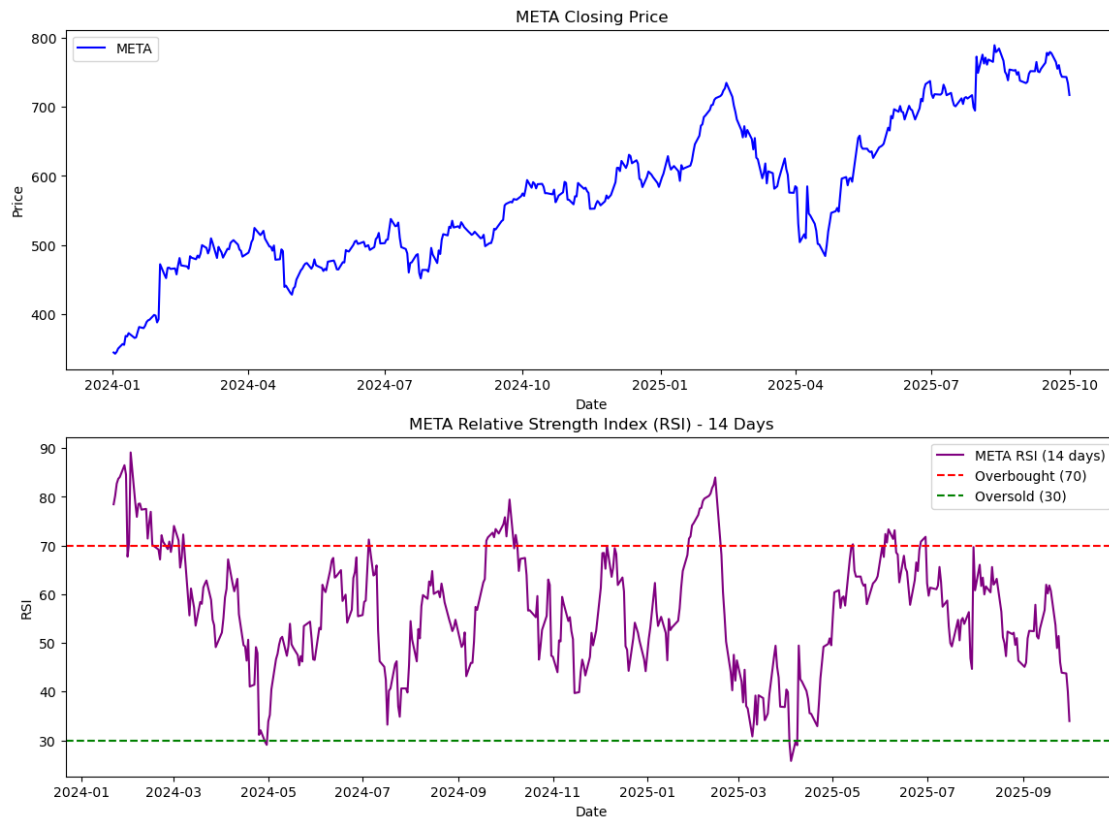
RSI (Relative Strength Index) - A momentum oscillator that measures the speed and change of price movements, typically used to identify overbought or oversold conditions.

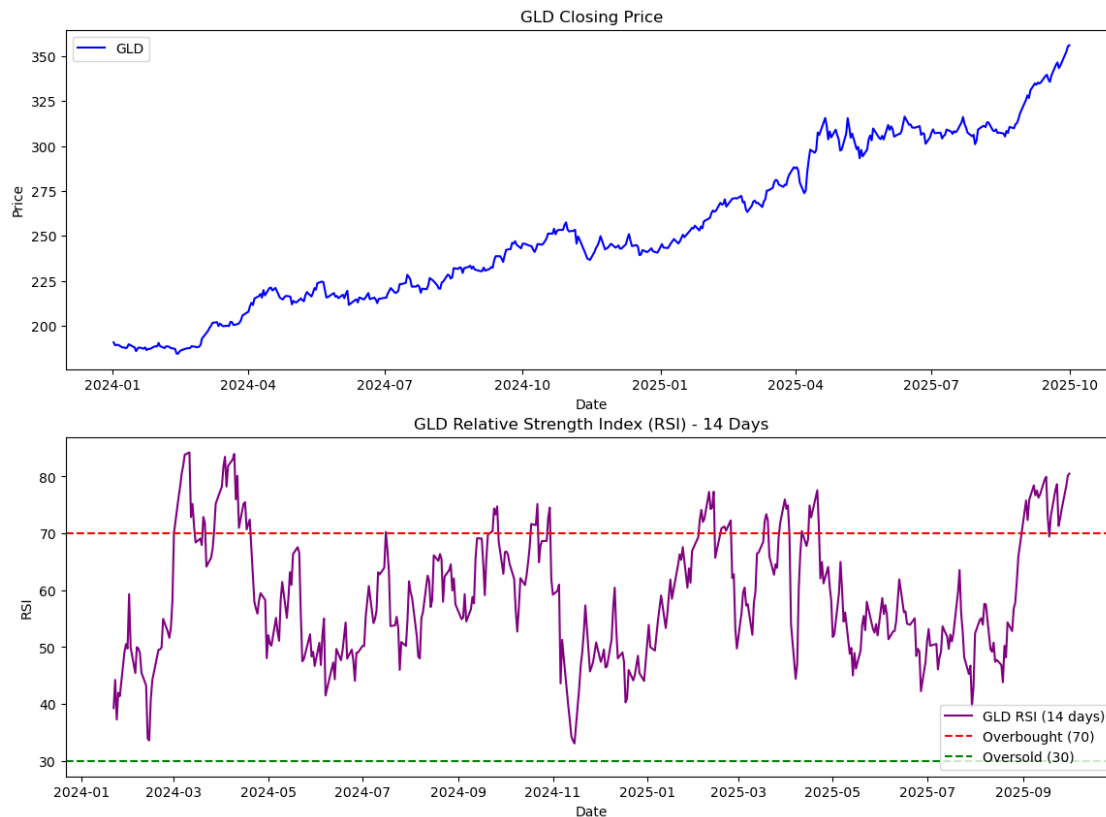
```
[16]: # Momentum (RSI) for 14 days for each ticker
momentum_14 = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.momentum.rsi(data[ticker], window=14)
    ↪for ticker in data.columns})
momentum_14.dropna()
# Plot RSI for each ticker
for ticker in tickers:
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(2,1, figsize=(14, 10))
    plt.subplot(2,1,1)
    plt.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    plt.title(f'{ticker} Closing Price')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('Price')
    plt.legend()
    plt.subplot(2,1,2)
    plt.plot(momentum_14.index, momentum_14[ticker], label=f'{ticker} RSI (14_
    ↪days)', color='purple')
    plt.axhline(70, color='red', linestyle='--', label='Overbought (70)')
    plt.axhline(30, color='green', linestyle='--', label='Oversold (30)')
    plt.title(f'{ticker} Relative Strength Index (RSI) - 14 Days')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('RSI')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```









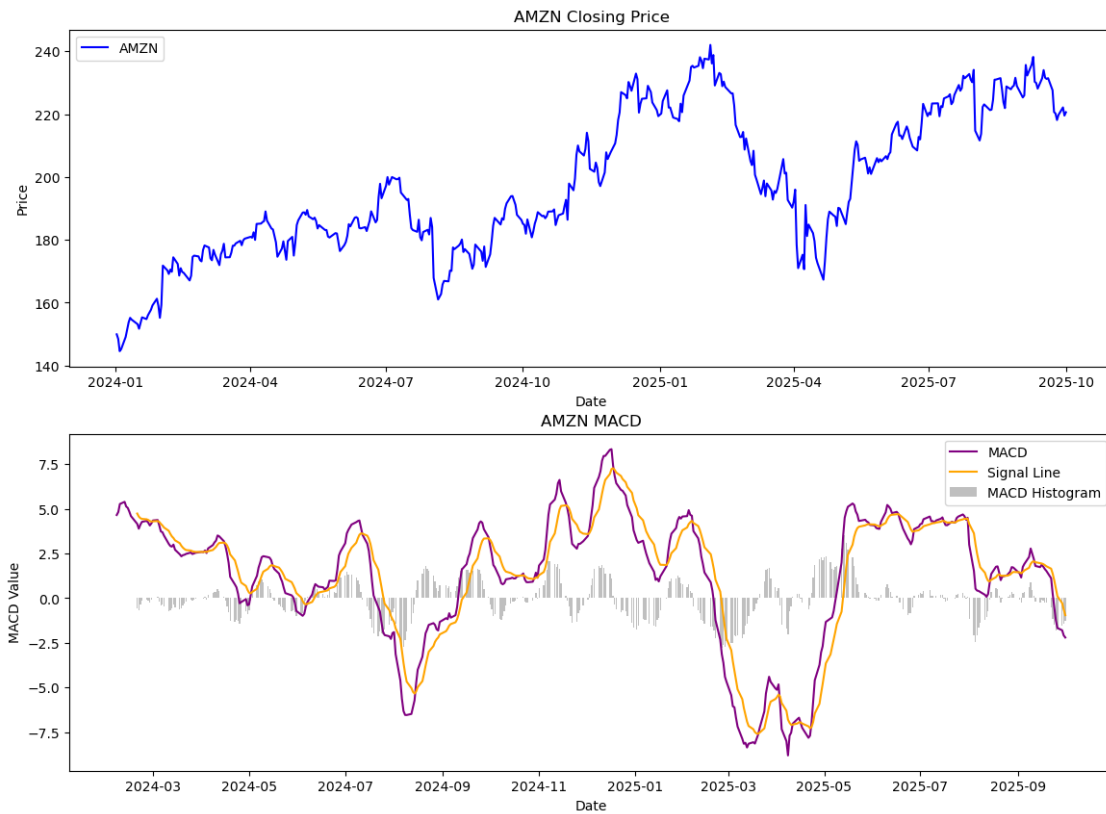


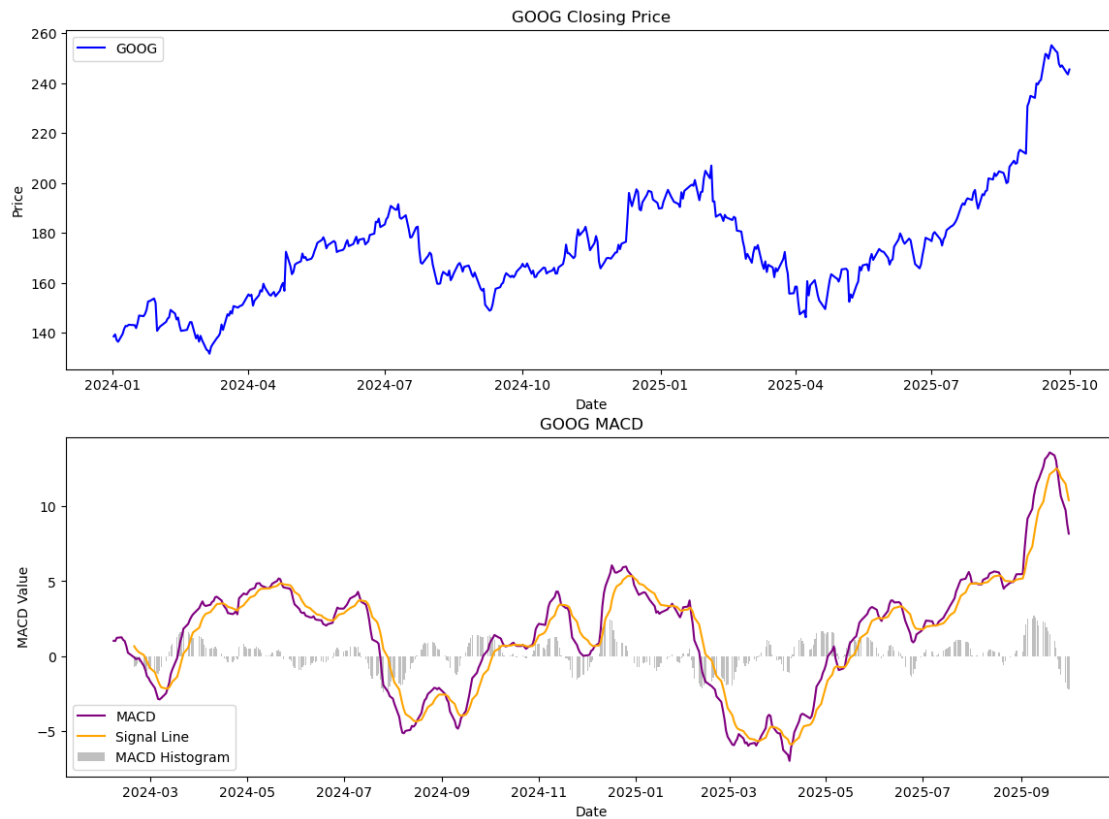
```
[17]: # MACD for each ticker
macd = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.trend.macd(data[ticker]) for ticker in data.
    ↪columns})
macd_signal = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.trend.macd_signal(data[ticker]) for
    ↪ticker in data.columns})
macd_diff = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.trend.macd_diff(data[ticker]) for ticker
    ↪in data.columns})
# Plot MACD for each ticker
for ticker in tickers:
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(2,1, figsize=(14, 10))
    plt.subplot(2,1,1)
    plt.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    plt.title(f'{ticker} Closing Price')
    plt.xlabel('Date')
    plt.ylabel('Price')
    plt.legend()
    plt.subplot(2,1,2)
    plt.plot(macd.index, macd[ticker], label='MACD', color='purple')
    plt.plot(macd_signal.index, macd_signal[ticker], label='Signal Line',
    ↪color='orange')
```

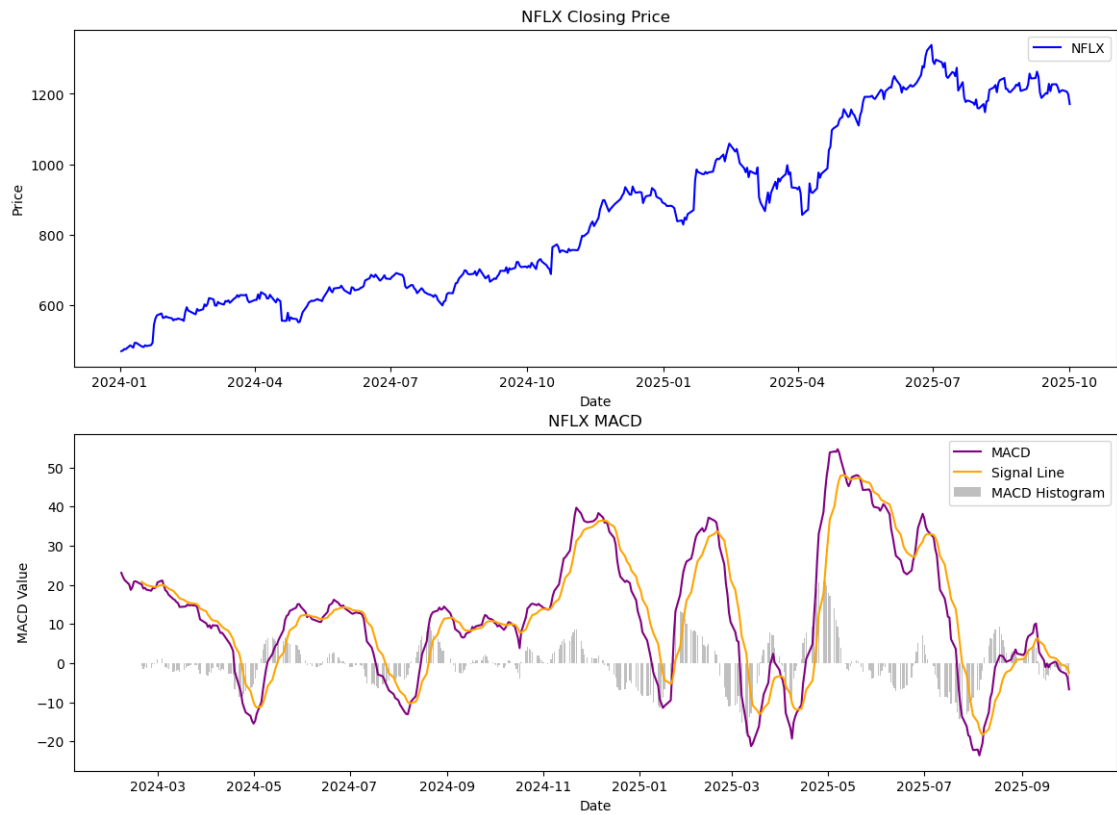
```

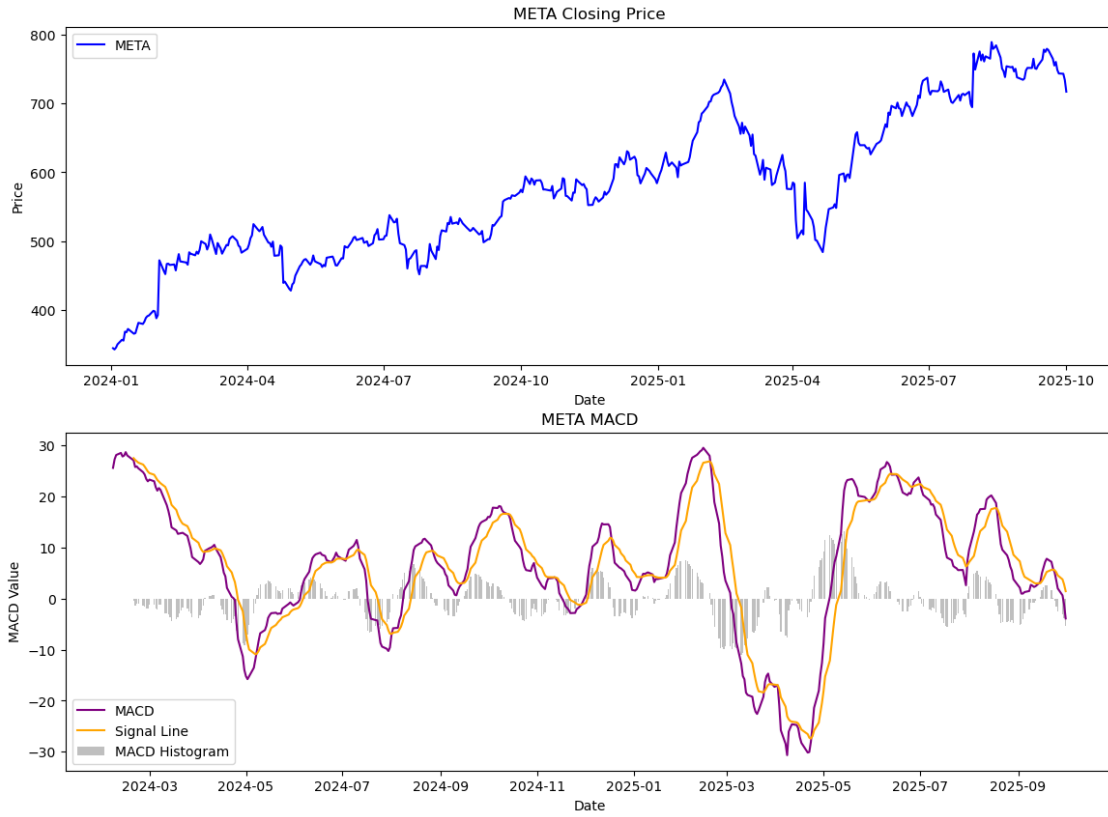
plt.bar(macd_diff.index, macd_diff[ticker], label='MACD Histogram',
color='grey', alpha=0.5)
plt.title(f'{ticker} MACD')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('MACD Value')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

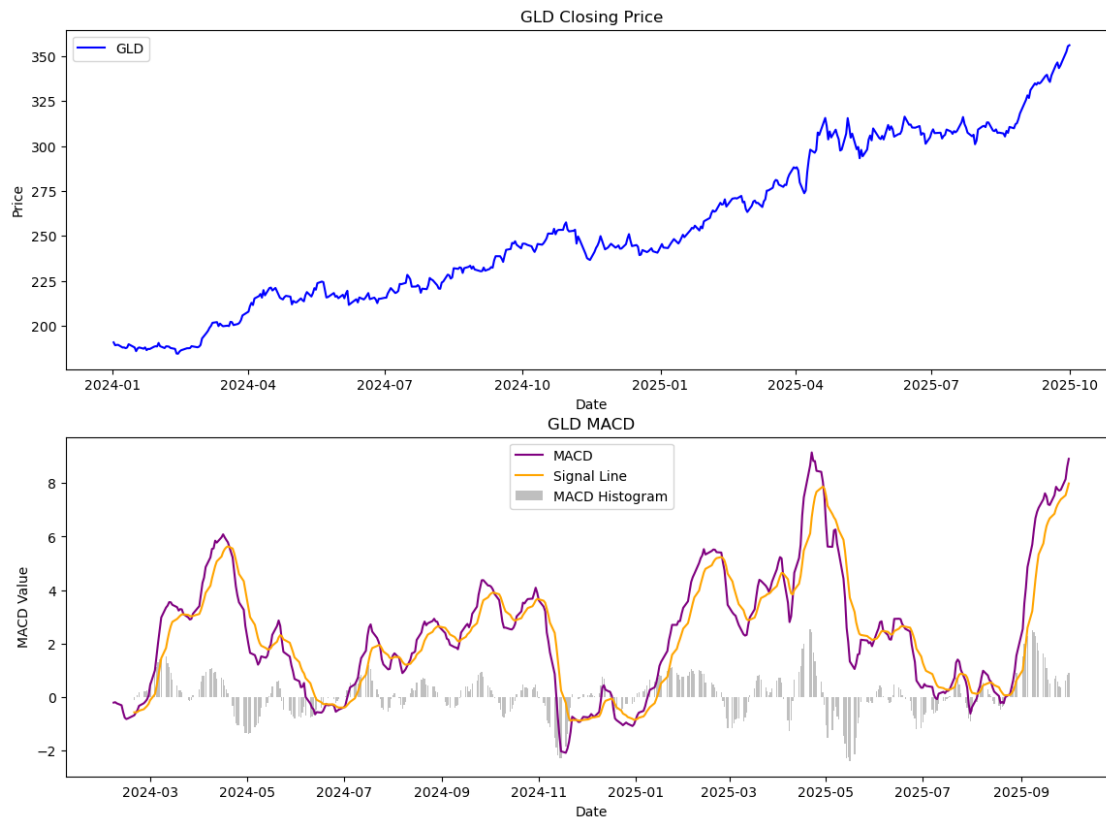
```











```
[22]: # Download OHLC data for ADX calculation
ohlc_data = yf.download(tickers, start=start, end=end,
    ↪auto_adjust=True)[['High', 'Low', 'Close']]

# Calculate ADX for each ticker
adx = pd.DataFrame({
    ticker: ta.trend.adx(
        ohlc_data['High'][ticker],
        ohlc_data['Low'][ticker],
        ohlc_data['Close'][ticker],
        window=14
    )
    for ticker in tickers
})

# Plot ADX for each ticker
for ticker in tickers:
    fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(14, 8))
    ax1.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    ax1.set_xlabel('Date')
    ax1.set_ylabel('Price')
```



```

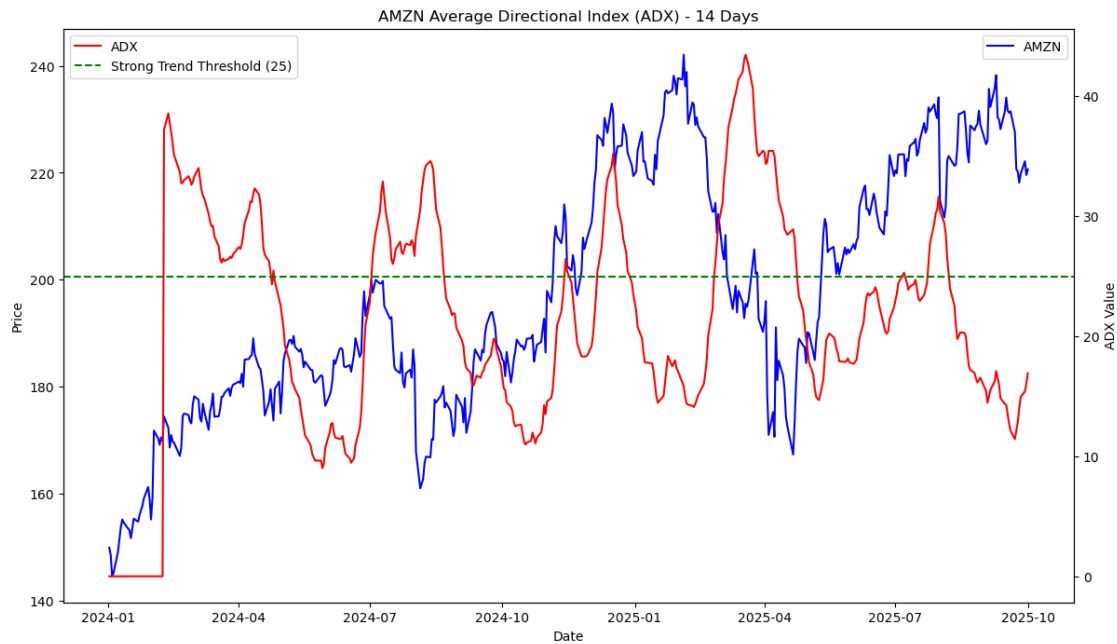
#ax1.set_title(f'{ticker} Closing Price')
ax1.legend(loc='upper right')

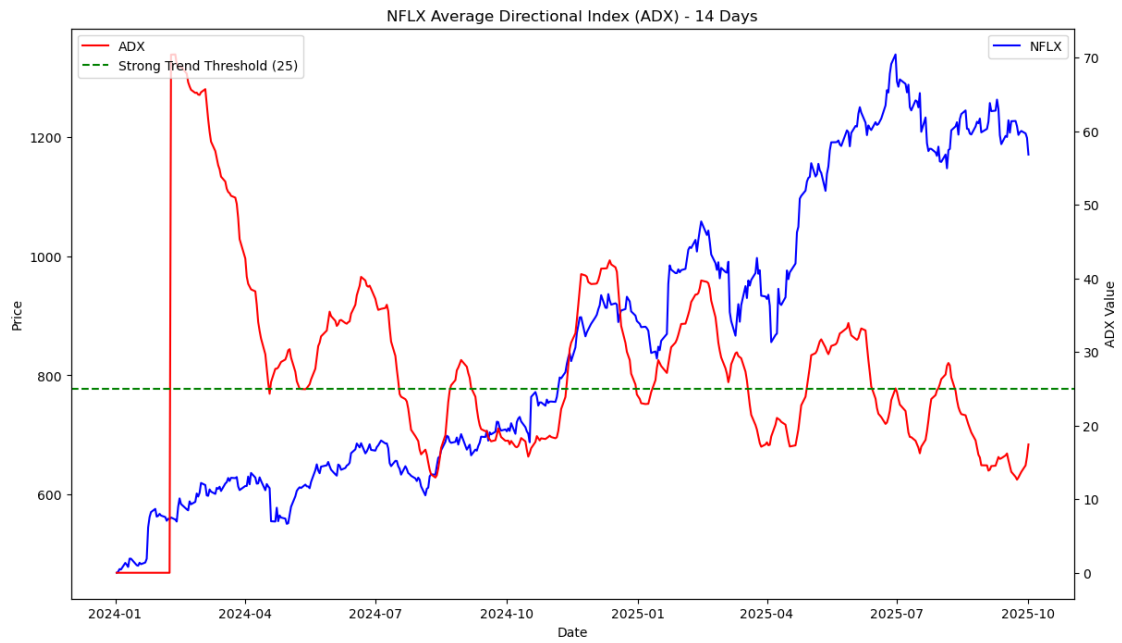
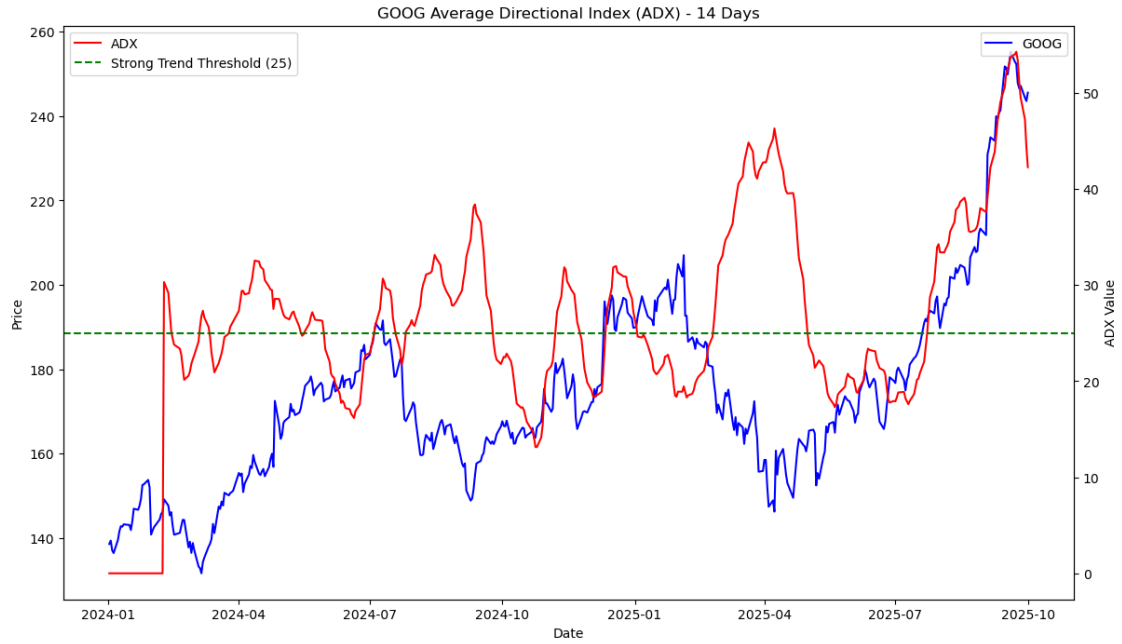
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(adx.index, adx[ticker], label='ADX', color='red')
ax2.axhline(25, color='green', linestyle='--', label='Strong Trend_
↳Threshold (25)')
ax2.set_ylabel('ADX Value')
ax2.set_title(f'{ticker} Average Directional Index (ADX) - 14 Days')
ax2.legend(loc='upper left')

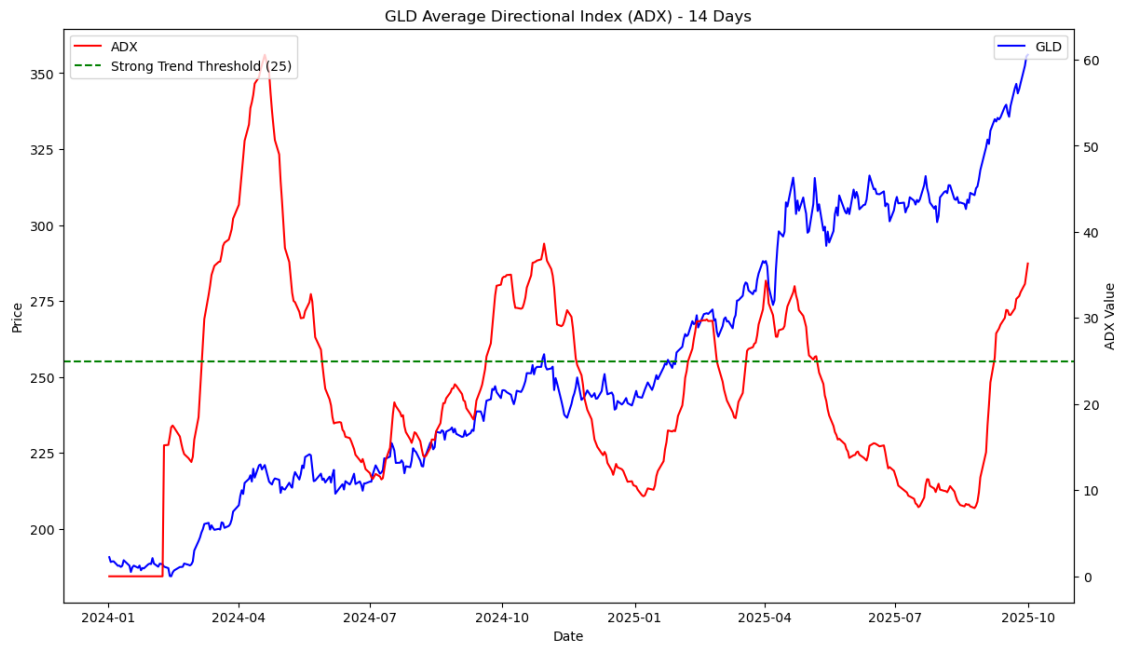
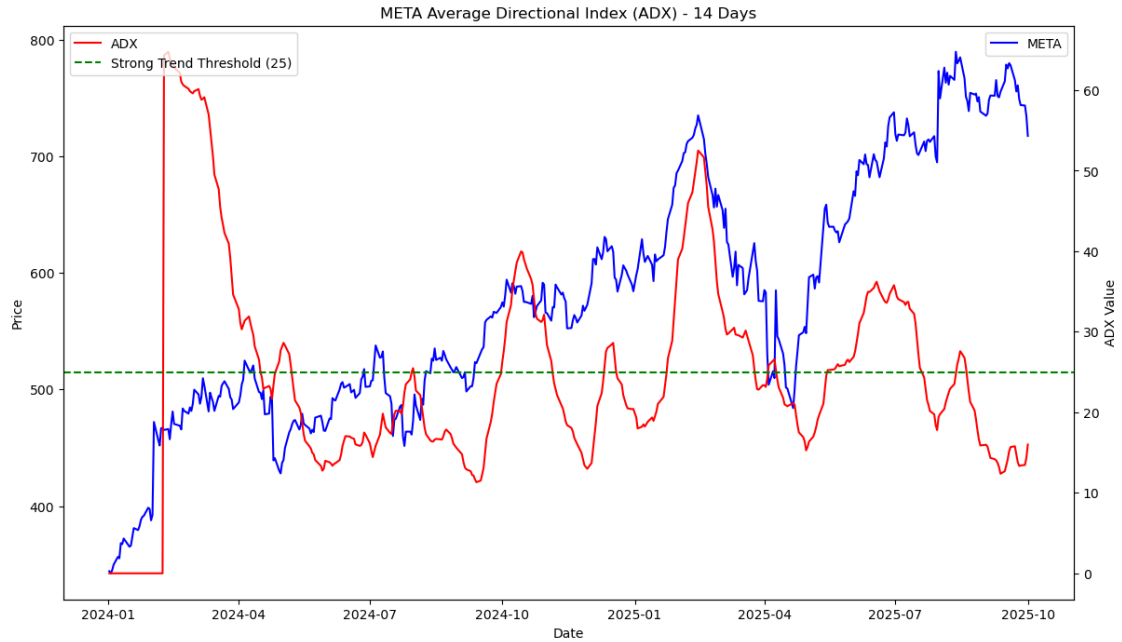
plt.show()

```

[*****100%*****] 5 of 5 completed







```
[23]: # Stochastic Oscillator for each ticker
stoch_k = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.momentum.stoch(ohlc_data['High'][ticker],
↪ohlc_data['Low'][ticker], ohlc_data['Close'][ticker], window=14,
↪smooth_window=3) for ticker in tickers})
```

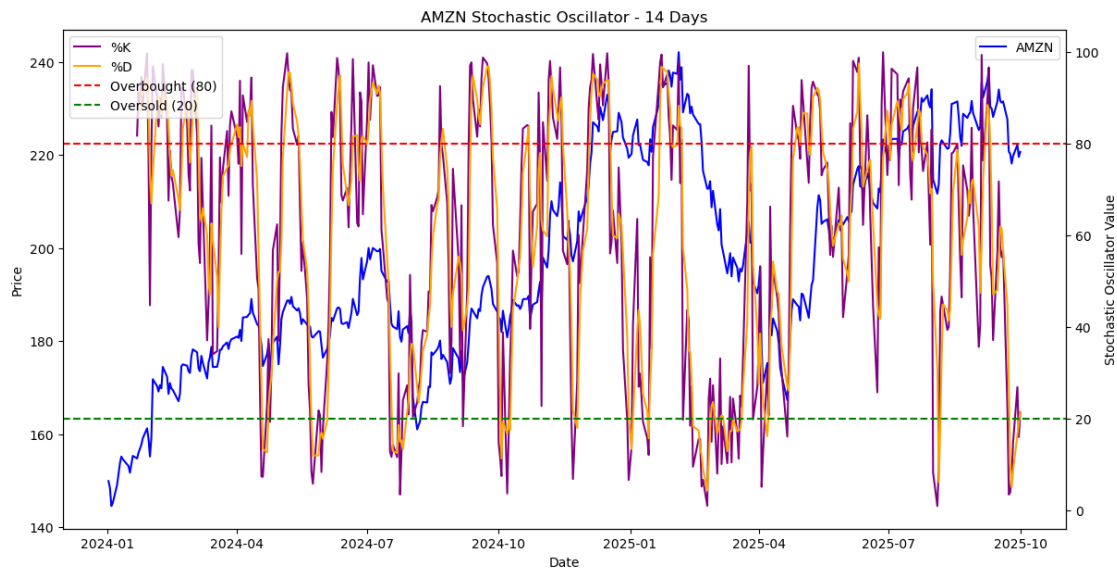
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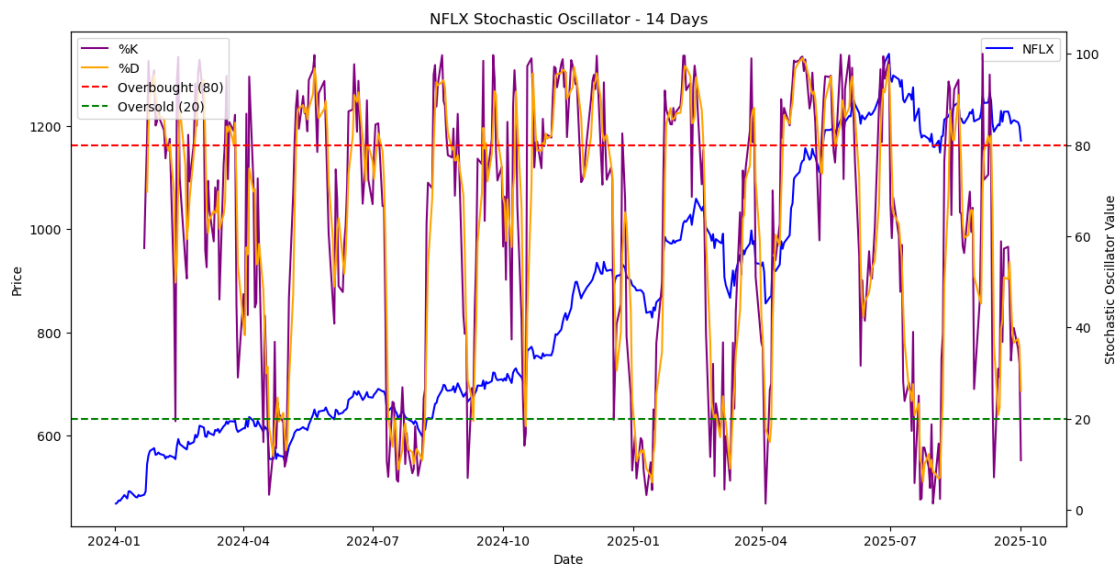
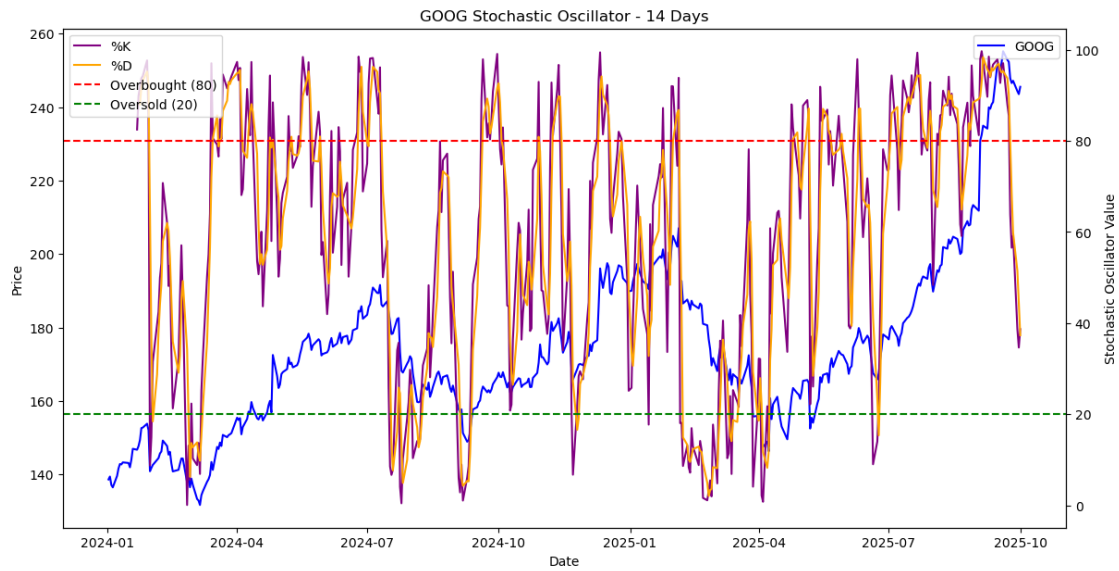
stoch_d = pd.DataFrame({ticker: ta.momentum.
    ↳stoch_signal(ohlc_data['High'][ticker], ohlc_data['Low'][ticker],
    ↳ohlc_data['Close'][ticker], window=14, smooth_window=3) for ticker in
    ↳tickers})
# Plot Stochastic Oscillator for each ticker
for ticker in tickers:
    fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(14, 7))
    ax1.plot(data.index, data[ticker], label=ticker, color='blue')
    ax1.set_xlabel('Date')
    ax1.set_ylabel('Price')
    #ax1.set_title(f'{ticker} Closing Price')
    ax1.legend(loc='upper right')

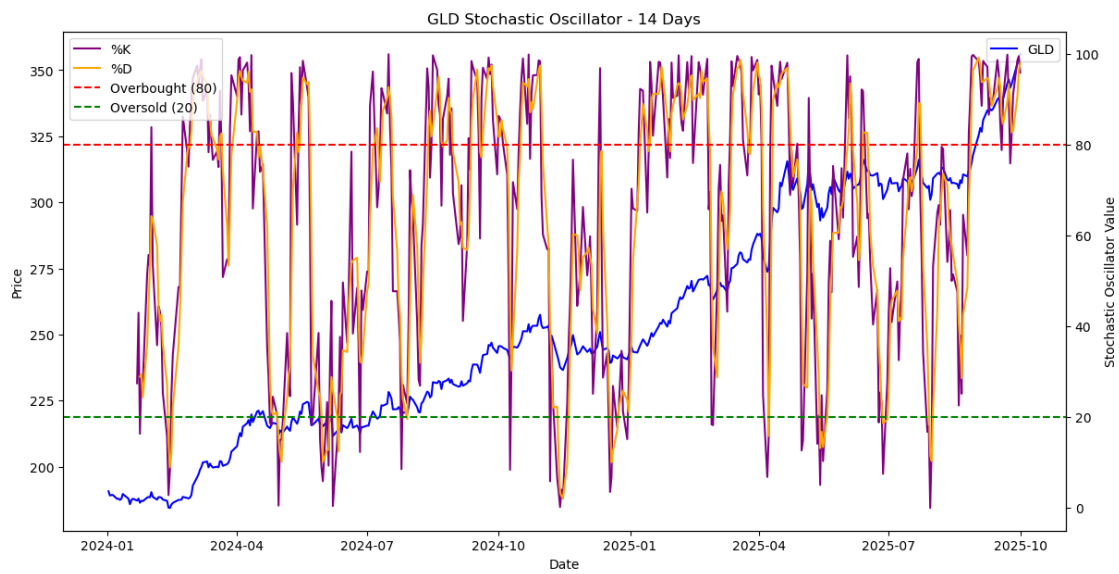
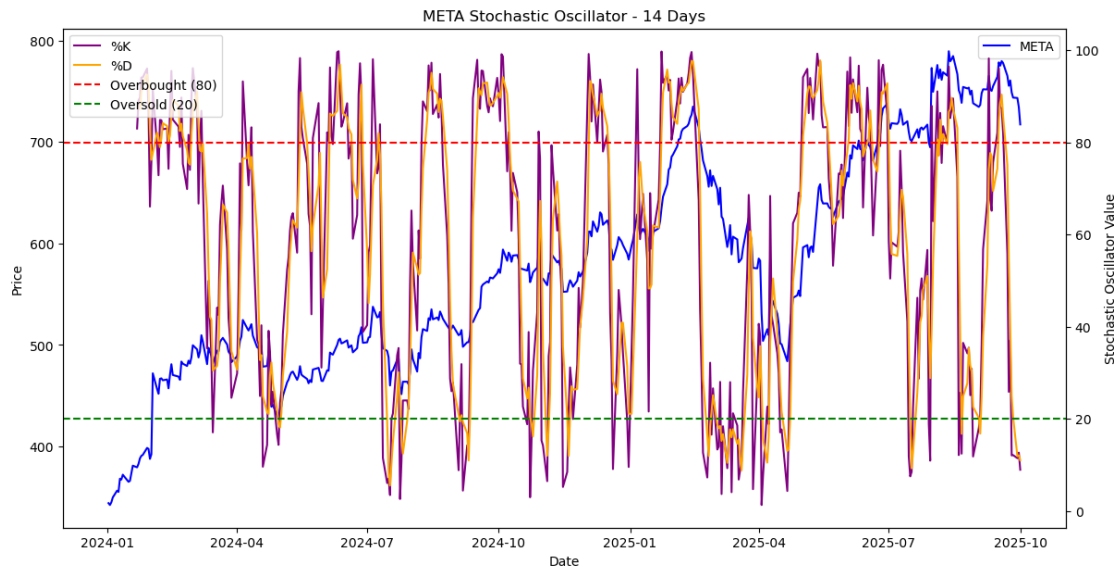
    ax2 = ax1.twinx()
    ax2.plot(stoch_k.index, stoch_k[ticker], label='%K', color='purple')
    ax2.plot(stoch_d.index, stoch_d[ticker], label='%D', color='orange')
    ax2.axhline(80, color='red', linestyle='--', label='Overbought (80)')
    ax2.axhline(20, color='green', linestyle='--', label='Oversold (20)')
    ax2.set_ylabel('Stochastic Oscillator Value')
    ax2.set_title(f'{ticker} Stochastic Oscillator - 14 Days')
    ax2.legend(loc='upper left')

plt.show()

```







[]: