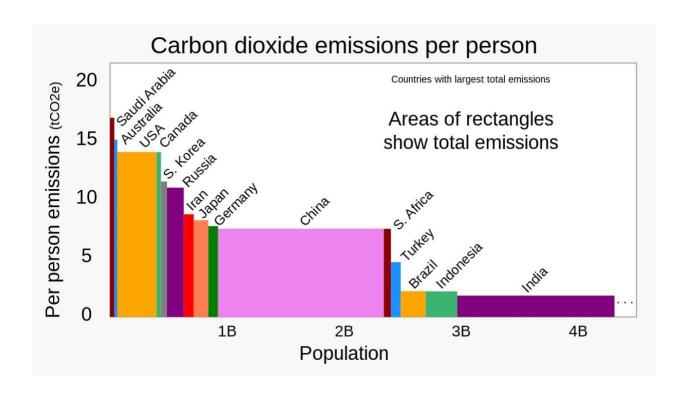
Unearthing The Environmental Impact Of Human Activity: A Global CO2 Emission Analysis

## Define Co2

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) is an important heat-trapping gas, or greenhouse gas, that comes from the extraction and burning of fossil fuels (such as coal, oil, and natural gas), from wildfires, and from natural processes like volcanic eruptions. The first graph shows atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> levels measured at Mauna Loa Observatory, Hawaii, in recent years, with natural, seasonal changes removed. The second graph shows CO<sub>2</sub> levels during Earth's last three glacial cycles, as captured by air bubbles trapped in ice sheets and glaciers.

## **Define Co2 Emissions**

Carbon dioxide enters the atmosphere through burning fossil fuels (coal, natural gas, and oil), solid waste, trees and other biological materials, and also as a result of certain chemical reactions (e.g., cement production).



## UNEARTHING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF HUMAN ACTIVITY: A GLOBAL CO2 EMISSION ANALYSIS

Switch to green energy Oceans provide the greatest annual amount of CO2 Carbon dioxide is an important green house gas that helps to trap heat in our atmosphere Greenhouse gas emission can be reduced by making power on-site with renewable resources

Turn of lights and unplug devices when your not using them

Removing carbon from the atmosphere are tree planting forest restoration Combustion of fossil fuels makes the environment more acidic Co2 in the atmosphere warms the planet causing climate change

Green plants grow faster with more Co2 Reducing greenhouse gas emissions can improve air quantity and save lives

Direct emissions are produced by burning fuel for power or heat Co2 growth in 2022 was well below global GDP growth of 3.2%

Exposure to
Co2 can
produce a
variety of
health effects

Ice caps to melt and ocean to warm, causing sea levels to rise By adding more Co2 to the atmosphere, people are super charging the natural greenhouse effect Without Co2, earth's natural greenhouse effect would be too weak to keep the average global temperature