# [Coding Task] Software Roboticist Engineer

Create a driver for custom control protocol using IPC socket communication between publisher and consumer.

### **Tech stack**

- Language: python / C++ / C / Rust
- · use git for version control
- send link to the repository with the solution (or zip the repository and send it via email)
- clean commit history is appreciated

# Requirements

- solution is compatible with Debian Linux (e.g. Ubuntu)
- application is error prone and can handle invalid input, unexpected exceptions, timeouts, retries etc.
- application is verbose (e.g. logs)
- application is configurable using CLI arguments
- simple README for setup and running
- [Optional] publisher and consumer run as RT tasks

#### Overview

#### **Example usage**

```
publisher --socket-path /path/ --log-level INFO --frequency-hz 500
```

consumer --socket-path /path/ --log-level INFO --timeout-ms 100

Use any other suitable arguments according to your needs

#### **Publisher**

• sends random IMU sensors value as a vector of 12 values, based on the struct definition (3 sensors: accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer):

```
typedef struct
{
   float xAcc; // Acceleration [mg, g=9.81]
   float yAcc; // Acceleration [mg, g=9.81]
   float zAcc; // Acceleration [mg, g=9.81]
    uint32_t timestampAcc; // Time stamp of accelerometer measuremen
   int32_t xGyro; // Gyro rate of rotation around x [mDeg/s]
   int32_t yGyro; // Gyro rate of rotation around y [mDeg/s]
    int32_t zGyro; // Gyro rate of rotation around z [mDeg/s]
    uint32_t timestampGyro; // Time stamp of gyro measurement
   float xMag; // Magnetic induction x axis
                                                  [mGauss]
   float yMag; // Magnetic induction y axis
                                                  [mGauss]
   float zMaq;
                  // Magnetic induction z axis
                                                  [mGauss]
    uint32_t timestampMag; // Time stamp of magnetometer measurement
} __attribute__((packed)) Payload_IMU_t;
```

• e.g.

0.4343, 0.9443, 0.2225, 1721931959, 0.5446, 0.7978, 0.2211, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 1721931959, 0.9756, 0.1212, 0.8567, 0.1212, 0.1212, 0.8567, 0.1212, 0.1212, 0.8567, 0.12122, 0.8567, 0.12122, 0.8567, 0.12122, 0.8567, 0.12122, 0.8567, 0.12122, 0.12122, 0.12122, 0

- sending frequency is configurable
- path to the socket is configurable

#### Consumer

- receives the data, extracts each value
- process and filter the data in order to extract rotation information (euler angles / quaternions)
  - per each sensor and/or as a sensor fusion

- o can be programmed or just explained using pseudo code
- try to include gimbal lock avoidance
- wait for the data with a configured timeout value
- path to the socket is configurable

## **Comments**

- in case of a doubt, make your own assumptions and document them
- if some of the requirement doesn't seem like a good idea, change it and document the reason
- you can use any libraries and tools you want