HATE-SPEECH DOCUMENTATION

Step -1. Pulling data from AWS

- Go to (./download script.sh) file location in terminal
- Hate_Speech → hsle folder → ./download-script.sh
- Run ./download-script.sh file in terminal

Step-2. Running .py files in hsle folder (Hatespeech → hsle)

py_stage1_posts.py

After pulling data , we have a post file which is located in (**Hatespeech** \rightarrow **hsle** \rightarrow **data** \rightarrow **crowtangles-pages**) and update some columns which are not used in further process by running this script.

Likewise, group data also perfoms the same but file location is different .(Hatespeech \rightarrow hsle \rightarrow data \rightarrow crowtangles- group)

py_stage2_comments.py

All comment files are located in (Hate-speech \rightarrow hsle \rightarrow data \rightarrow exportcomments-outputs) and stored as a xlsx file extension. Comment script file is used for updating dashboard data so it will be stored as a csv format in (Hate-speech \rightarrow hsle \rightarrow data \rightarrow folder-name \rightarrow processed) and used for later processes.

py_stage5_merge_and_annotate.py

Merge file is used for updating hate-speech dashboard, when we run Stage0_hsdata.py, then merge.csv file will be used for hate-speech data.

Step -3. Updating data in dashboard folder (Hatespeech → dashboard)

• After downloading data , go to a _current_ data _.json file which is located in (Hatespeech \rightarrow hsle \rightarrow src \rightarrow _current _data_ .json) .This json file is as follow :

Generally, we have two steps before updating hate-speech dashboard.

First step: We checks our data which is either group or page, if our data is page, then we type "pages_groups": "pages". Otherwise, we type "page_groups": "groups",

Second step: We check date-range value and type its correspondence date like this "daterange": "20201001 20201005".

• Go to this file path (Hatespeech → dashboard → src) and Run (STAGE0_hsdata.py, STAGE1_hsaggregate.py, cleaned_aggregated_file.py and chi_square.py) files.

STAGEO hsdata.py

By using merge.csv file, we are going to check post, (page or group) files and take the relevant columns to use for hate-speech dashboard data.

STAGE1_hsaggregate.py

After running its script, we will get 5 csv files which is used for hate-speech dashboard.

cleaned_aggregated_file.py

Sometimes, we might see some irrelevant values in 5 csv files , so we do need to run its script file to avoid this issue.

chi_square.py

we apply chi_square equation to get its value.

Step -4. Applying data into big -query database

- Open the terminal and go to a corresponding path (hate-speech → dashboard → clean-data → aggregated),usually takes the last folder. If it is not sure, you can check a csv file inside the folder.
- Hate speech dataset name in big query database → (hatespeech-dashboard → HS_DATASET)
- Here is , terminal command Syntax
 - 1) big query authenication login
 - gcloud auth login
 - 2) Initialize big query database if it is the first time for you, otherwise no need to write it, again.
 - gcloud init
- 3) Generally, we have six csv files in every folder. All the files run the same syntax ,except chi_square.csv file in terminal. Chi square has only one row and replace its row in a big query database.

hsfirst-comment-effect.csv

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --noreplace - source_format=CSV - field_delimiter=\$(printf '~') HS_DATASET.hsfirst-comment-effect.csv

hspost-effect.csv

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --noreplace - source_format=CSV - field_delimiter=\$(printf '~') HS_DATASET.hspost-effect.csv hspost-effect.csv

lex-topic-page-time.csv

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --noreplace - source_format=CSV - field_delimiter=\$(printf '~') HS_DATASET.lex-topic-page-time lex-topic-page-time.csv

page-hs-ratio-stage.csv

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --noreplace - source_format=CSV - field_delimiter=\$(printf '~') HS_DATASET.page-hs-ratio-stage page-hs-ratio-stage.csv

page-reach.csv

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --noreplace - source_format=CSV - field_delimiter=\$(printf '~') HS_DATASET.page-reach page-reach.csv

chi_square.csv (an overwritten file)

bq load --max_bad_records 1 --skip_leading_rows=1 --replace --source_format=CSV hatespeech-dashboard:HS_DATASET.CHI2 chi_square.csv

Step-5. Refreshing hate-speech dashboard

 Go to hate-speech dashboard and click a refresh but

------ FINISH ------

Calculate accuracy for hate speech comment

File Path : Hate-speech → annotate → hs_accuracy.ipynb

- Get data from HSLE-Data Sheet
- used **three csv files** (annotate_here, annotate_2, annotate_3) from HSLE Data Sheet.
- Applied data from Column-B (LexFound), Column-G (NewInSentences) and Column-I (ISHSL)
- Filtered by Column-I (ISHSL) whether HS Comment or not.
- -Calculated a HS Comment's Accuracy by using this formula:

Accuracy = (HS Comment's Count)/(HS Comment's Count+ No HS Comment's Count)

Calculate for hate-speech lexicon accuracy

File Path : Hate-speech → annotate → lexicon_accuracy.py

step 1: count the number of occurrence in each lexicon word

step 2: store sum of the number of occurrence in each lexicon word as a list

step 3: lexicon's accuracy formula:

lexicon_word = (count the number of HS comment in each lexicon)/(count the number of HS comment in each lexicon+count the number of No HS comment in each lexicon)

step 4 : save as hatespeech_accuracy.csv file in (Hate-speech → annotate → accuracy-folder)

Calculate weight value for hate-speech lexicon

File Path : Hate-speech → annotate → (calculated_weight_func.py , calculation_weight.py)

- Get data from HSLE-Data Sheet
- used **three csv files** (annotate_here, annotate_2, annotate_3) from HSLE Data Sheet.
- Applied data from Column-B (LexFound), Column-F (MsgUniSeg), Column-G (NewInSentences)
- performed weight_calculation function in calculated_weight_func.py:
 - step 1: check LexFound and NewInSentences lexicon
 - step 2: take those lexicon's accuracy value

step 3 : Sum the occurrence of lexicon in these two columns

- applied by calculation_weight.py to call weight_calculation function from calculated_weight_func.py
- -save a file as weight.csv file in (Hate-speech → annotate → accuracy-folder)

Calculate weight value for hate-speech sentence

File Path : Hate-speech → annotate → (sentence_weight_func.py,sentence_weight.py)

- Get data from HSLE-Data Sheet
- used **three csv files** (annotate_here, annotate_2, annotate_3) from HSLE Data Sheet.
- Applied data from Column-B (LexFound) ,Column-F (MsgUniSeg), Column-G (NewInSentences)
- performed weight_calculation_function in sentence_weight_func.py :
 - step 1 : check its MsgUniSeg (message)
 - step 2: take those lexicon's accuracy value
- step 3 : count the number of lexicon in each MsgUniSeg , then multiply with its lexicon count and accuracy in MsgUniSeg.
- applied by sentence_weight.py to call weight_calculation_function from sentence_weight_func.py
- -save a file as sentence-weight.csv file in (Hate-speech → annotate → accuracy-folder)

Hate-speech Comment Prediction by using a random forest classifier

Steps:

- Collected from weight.csv file and applied two columns(weighted_value, IsHS) only.
 Performed data preprocessing step
- Manipulated four models(Random-Forest, LogisticRegression,AdaBoostClassifier and KNeighborsClassifier)
- Selected the best model to predict a label value whether a HS Comment or No HS Comment
- Calculated a confusion matrix (Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-Score)
- Predict a model by using example.csv file which will predict its comments whether hs comment or not.

Lexicon test data prediction file → lexfound_test_data_model.ipynb Lexicon train data prediction file → lexfound_train_data_model.ipynb sentence test data prediction file → sentence_test_data_model.ipynb sentence test data prediction file → sentence_test_data_model.ipynb