

CASE STUDY

Recall

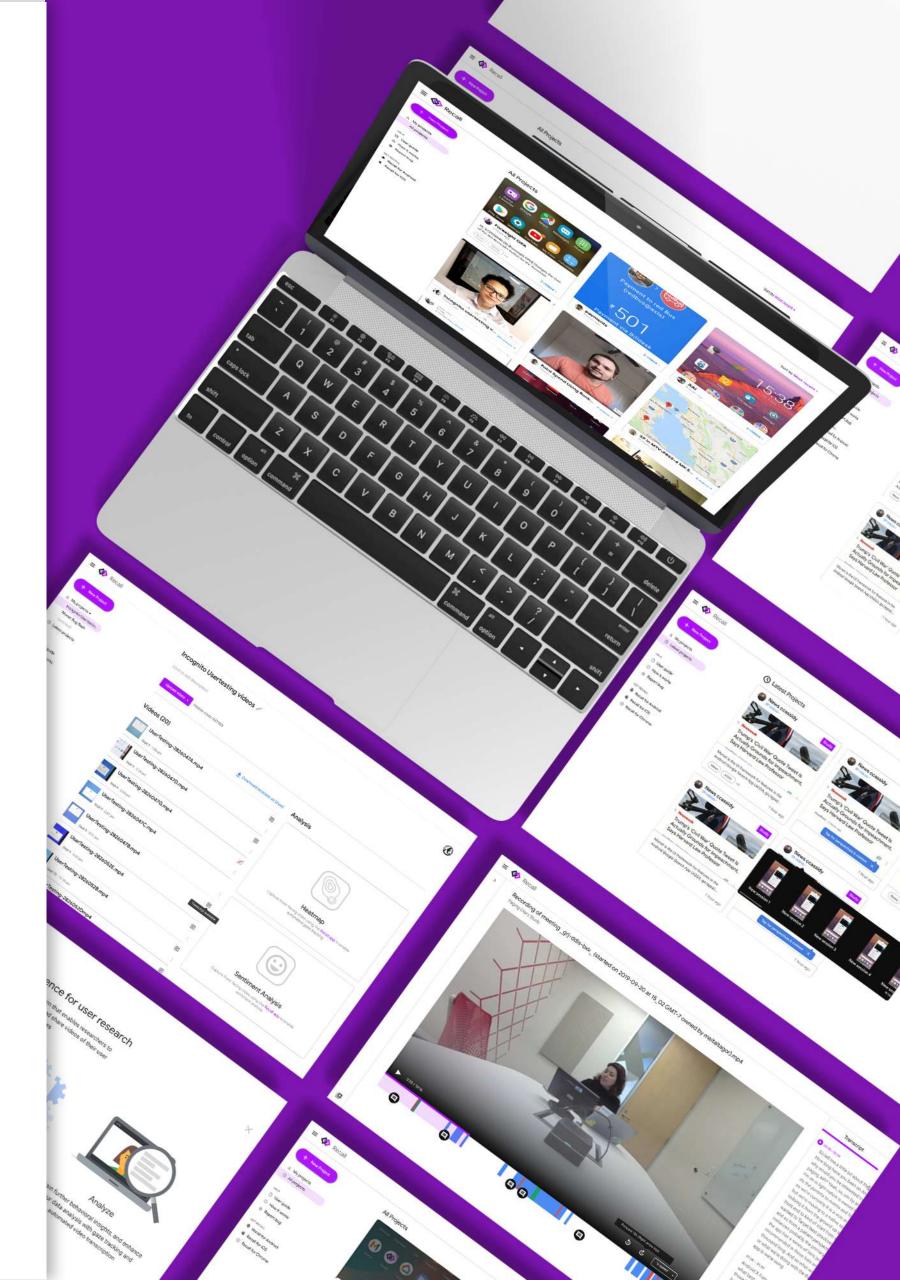
A video platform at Google that enables UX researchers to record, upload, analyze, and share videos of their user studies.

- Product Management
- Illustration

UX Research

Development

UX Design



ABOUT RECALL

Recall is an internal web app used by thousands of UX researchers at Google to record, store, and analyze user studies.

THE TEAM



The team was small and lacked roles typical for most products. I filled those gaps and served as UX researcher and designer, visual designer, illustrator, and as an extra front end developer.

THE PROBLEM

Recall wasn't built with design in mind. Pages and flows were disorderly. The app needed a design foundation.

OBJECTIVES





The objectives of this redesign were twofold.

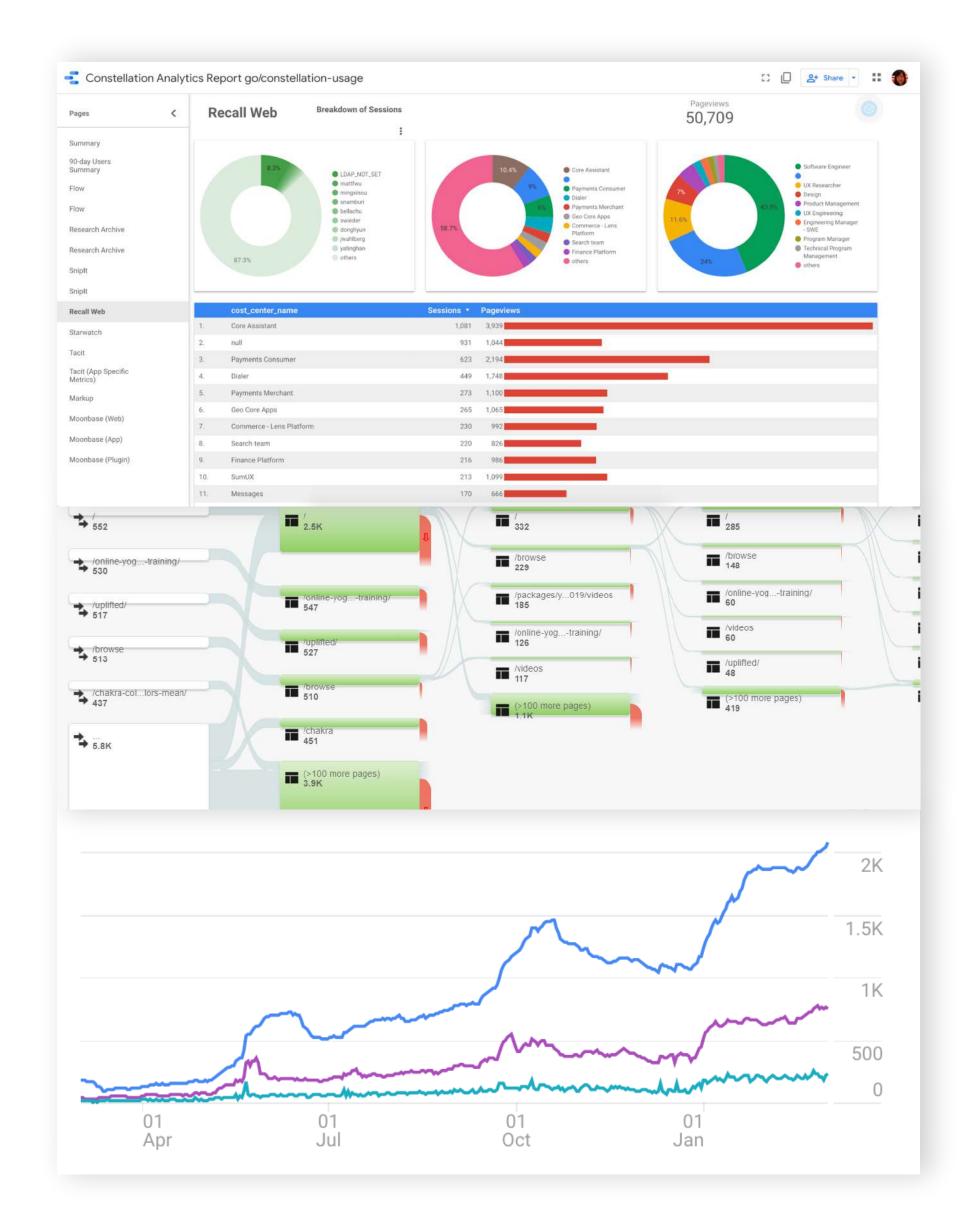
Find out users' frustrations and how Recall fits into the market of similar platforms.

Find out how we can try to capitalize on our niche to win over new users.

Refine the visual design of Recall to position ourselves as a polished product.

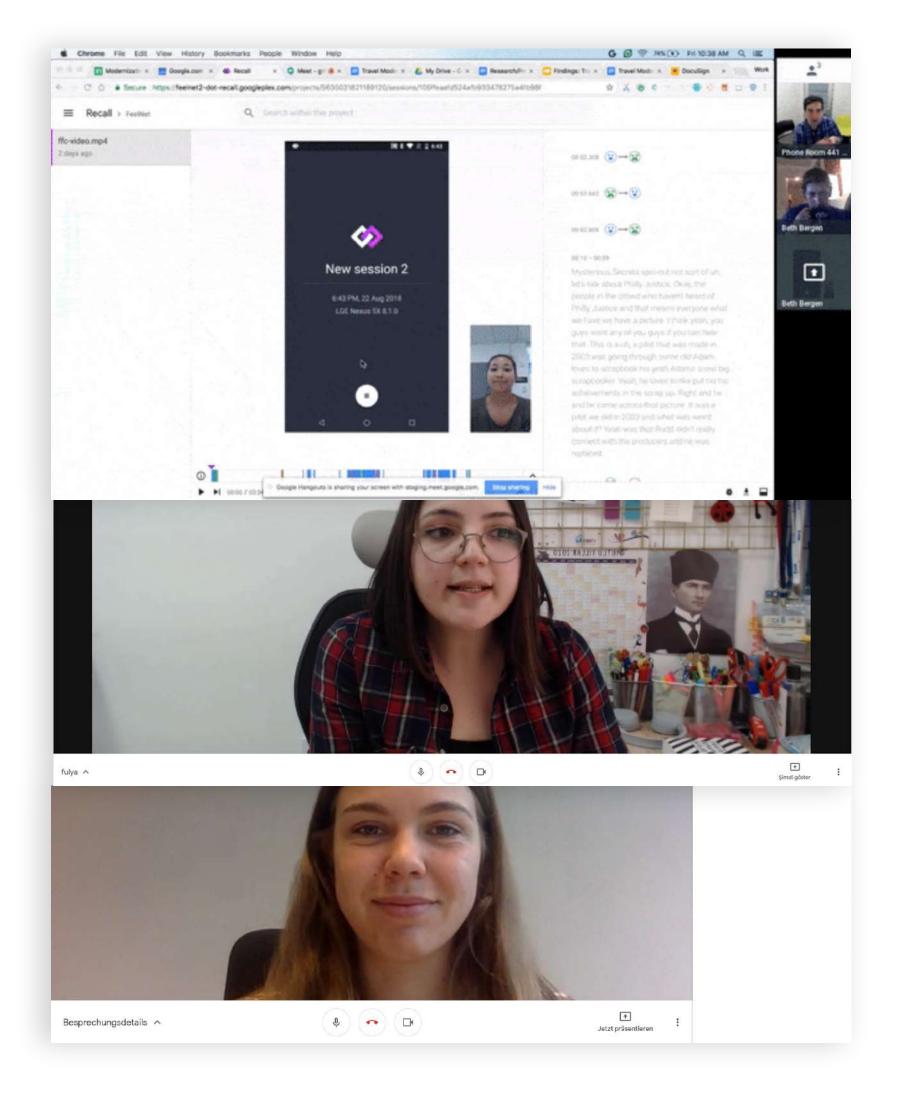
QUANTITATIVE DATA

- Who are our users?
- Who are the most frequent users?
- Where are new users coming from?
- What are our users' stories/journeys?
- Where are users leaving Recall?



QUALITATIVE DATA

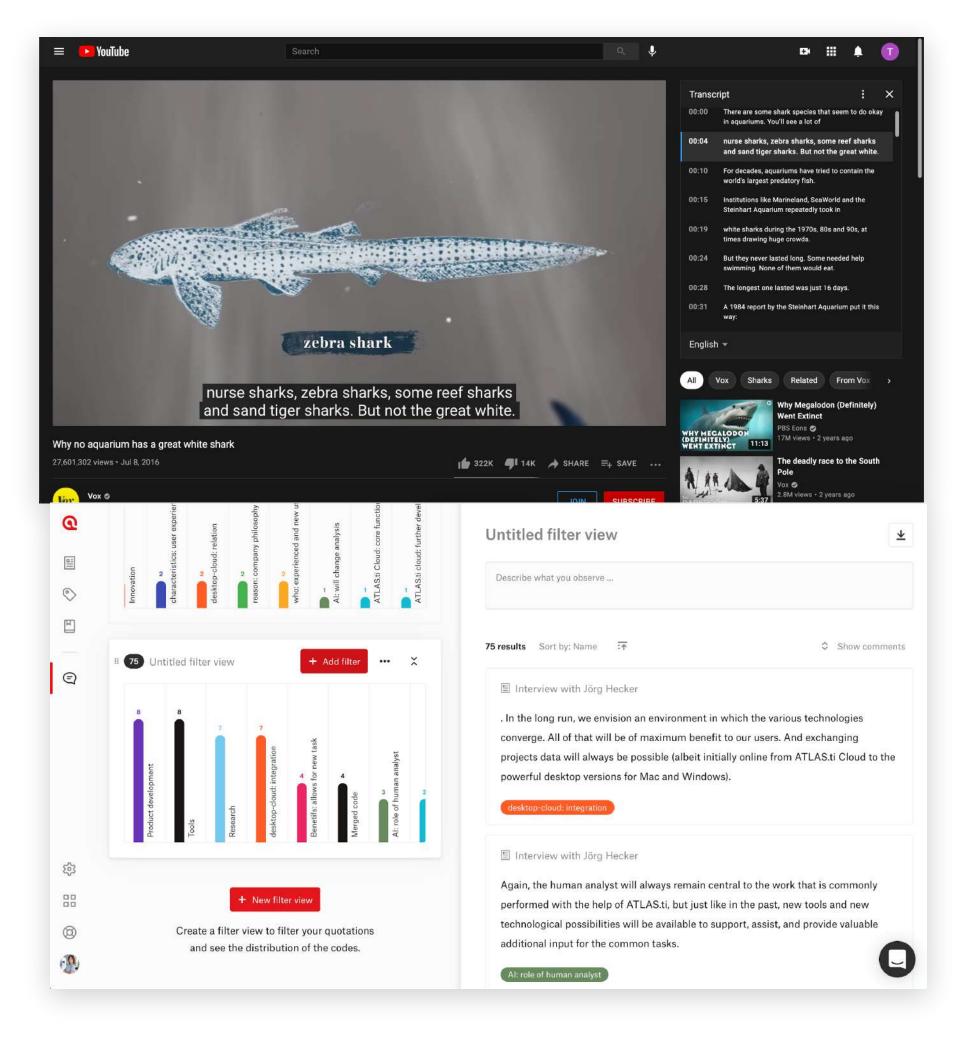
- What pain points are users experiencing?
- How does Recall compare to the competition? What alternatives do users have?
- Why don't some users who record videos use Recall?
- What are users using Recall to do?



14 informal interviews with users, and 14 with other UXRs.

COMPETITIVE ANALYSIS

- How do other platforms position elements like video, transcript, and related videos?
- How do other UX analysis tools present their info?
- What functionality exists in UX analysis software that isn't in Recall?
- What are other tools' main draws?



UI comparison with Youtube and flow comparison with ATLAS.ti.

INSIGHTS

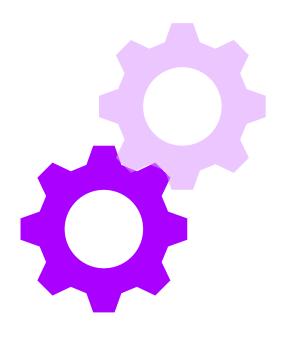




Users did not use the home page because it felt confusing

Home page had 90% drop-off

Users were not aware of most available features



Automation is a big draw

Competing software required manual slow entry/tagging of all text

Only existing alternative to Recall was hiring people on Mechanical Turk



Biggest pain point is errors

93% of interviewed non-user
UXRs said they did not trust the
transcription and it was unfixable

Users did not get notifications on failure and no retry functionality

USER PERSONAS



UX Researchers

Intended user group that most built-in functionality is for

Long videos, landscape orientation

Frustrated with processing errors

"As a UX researcher, I want to upload videos for automated transcription so that I can analyze studies much more quickly."



Unintended user group that was found using analytics

Short videos, mostly mobile orientation

Frutrated with uploading errors

"As a software engineer, I want to upload clips of bugs on mobile apps I'm working on so that I can share with stakeholders."

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

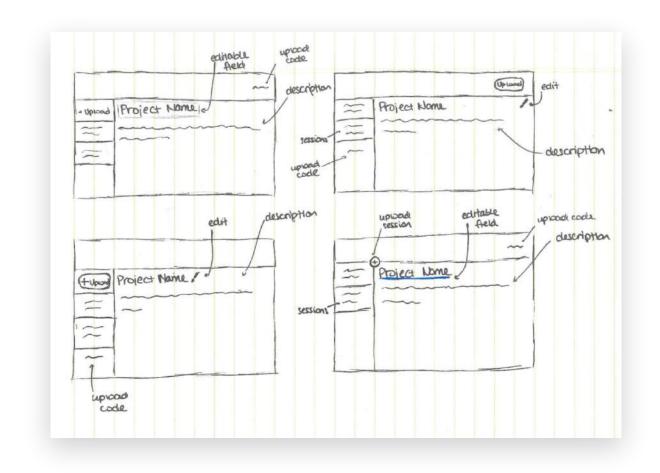
Allow both sets of users to access the features they prioritize

Ease users into Recall by adding onboarding UX patterns

Add error-tolerant design so that users won't feel as frustrated

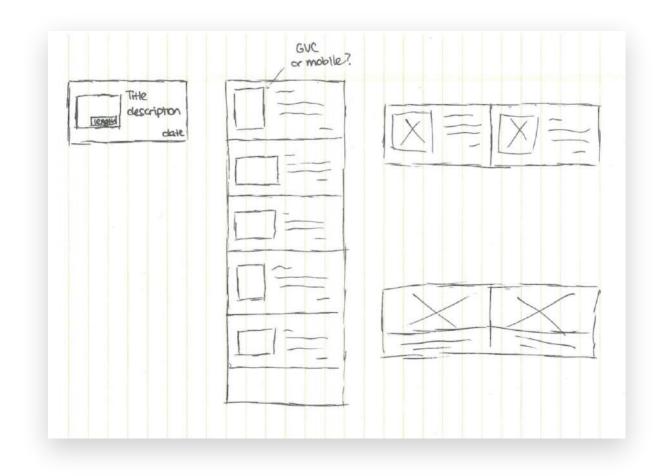
Guiding principles derived from insights to keep in mind going into the designing phase.

WIREFRAMING



Initial wireframes for project page

Exploring choices of metadata and how it can be laid out

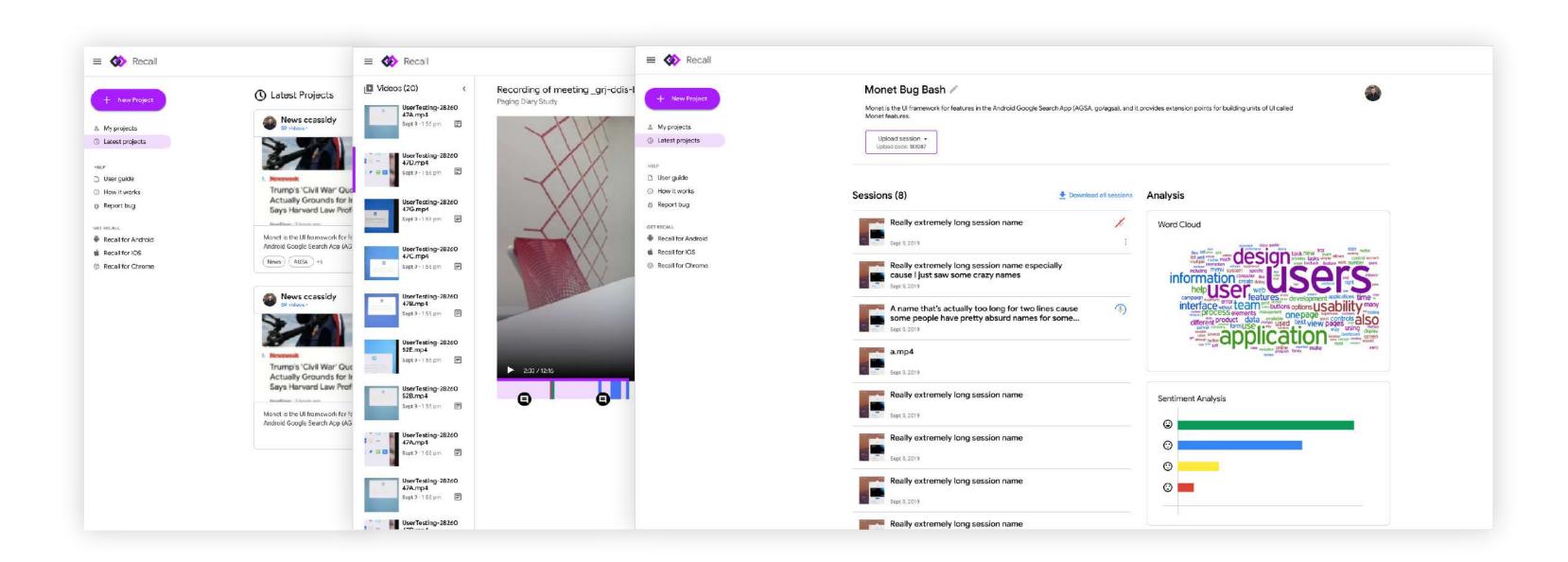


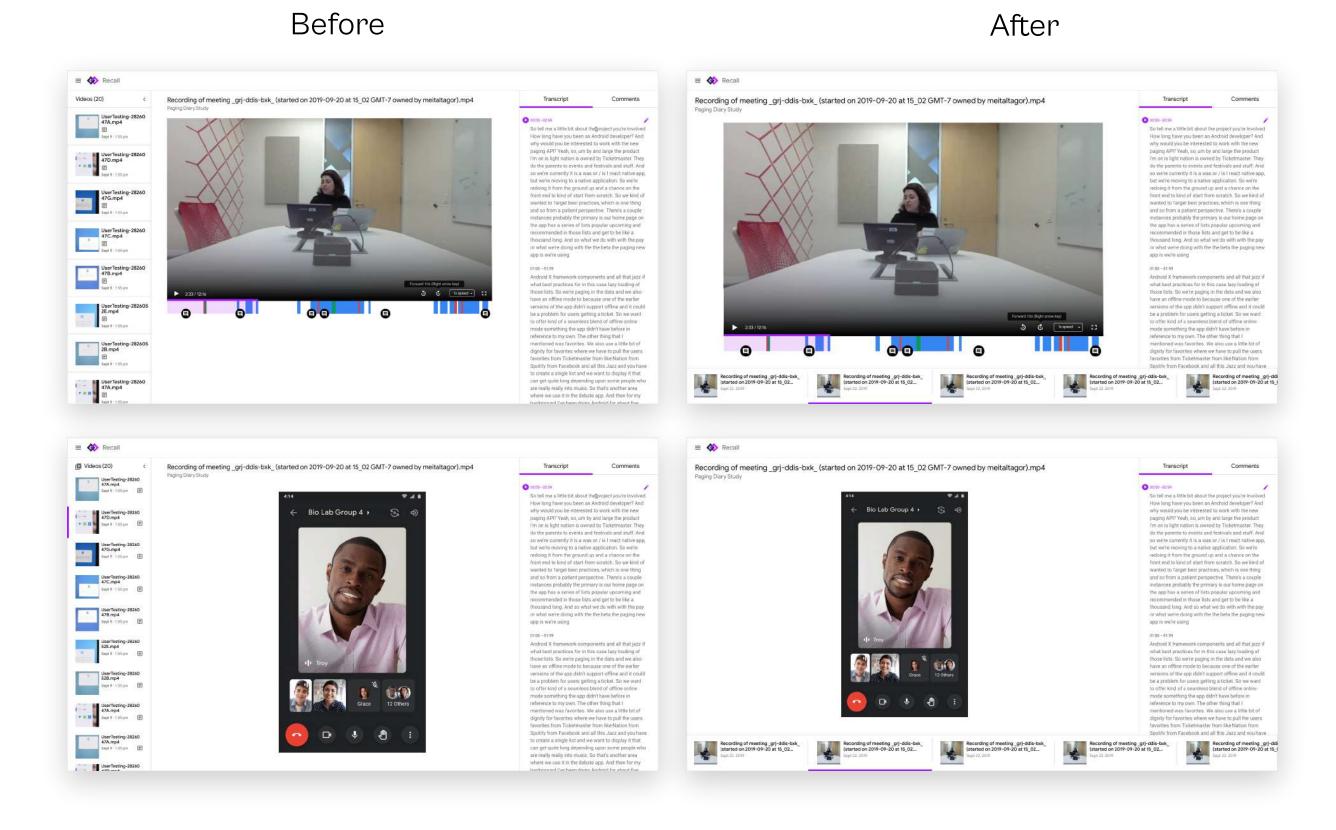
Initial wireframes for video list

Exploring portrait and landscape thumbnails, metadata choices

DESIGN PROCESS

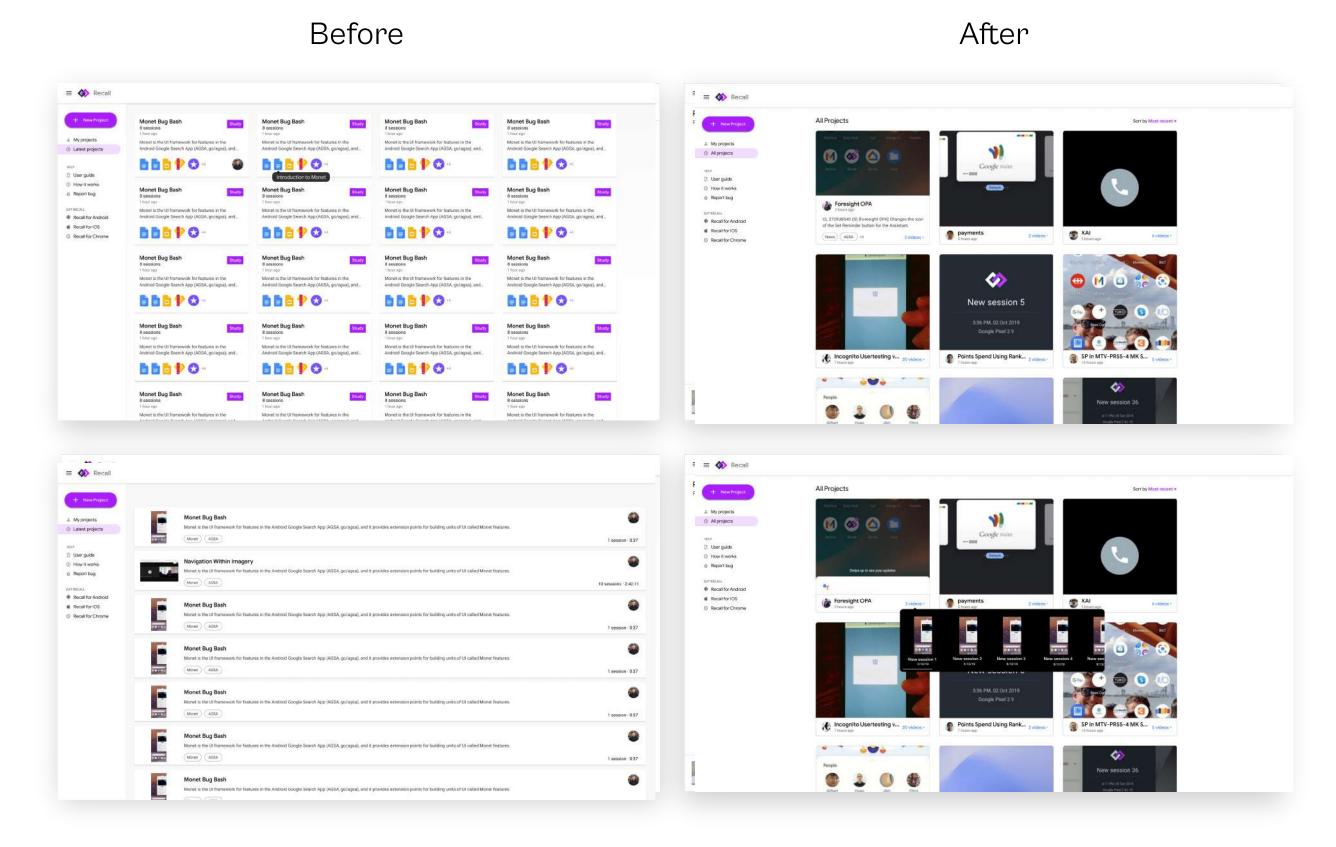
Wireframes validated with team members were made into high fidelity mocks, which then went into user validation testing.





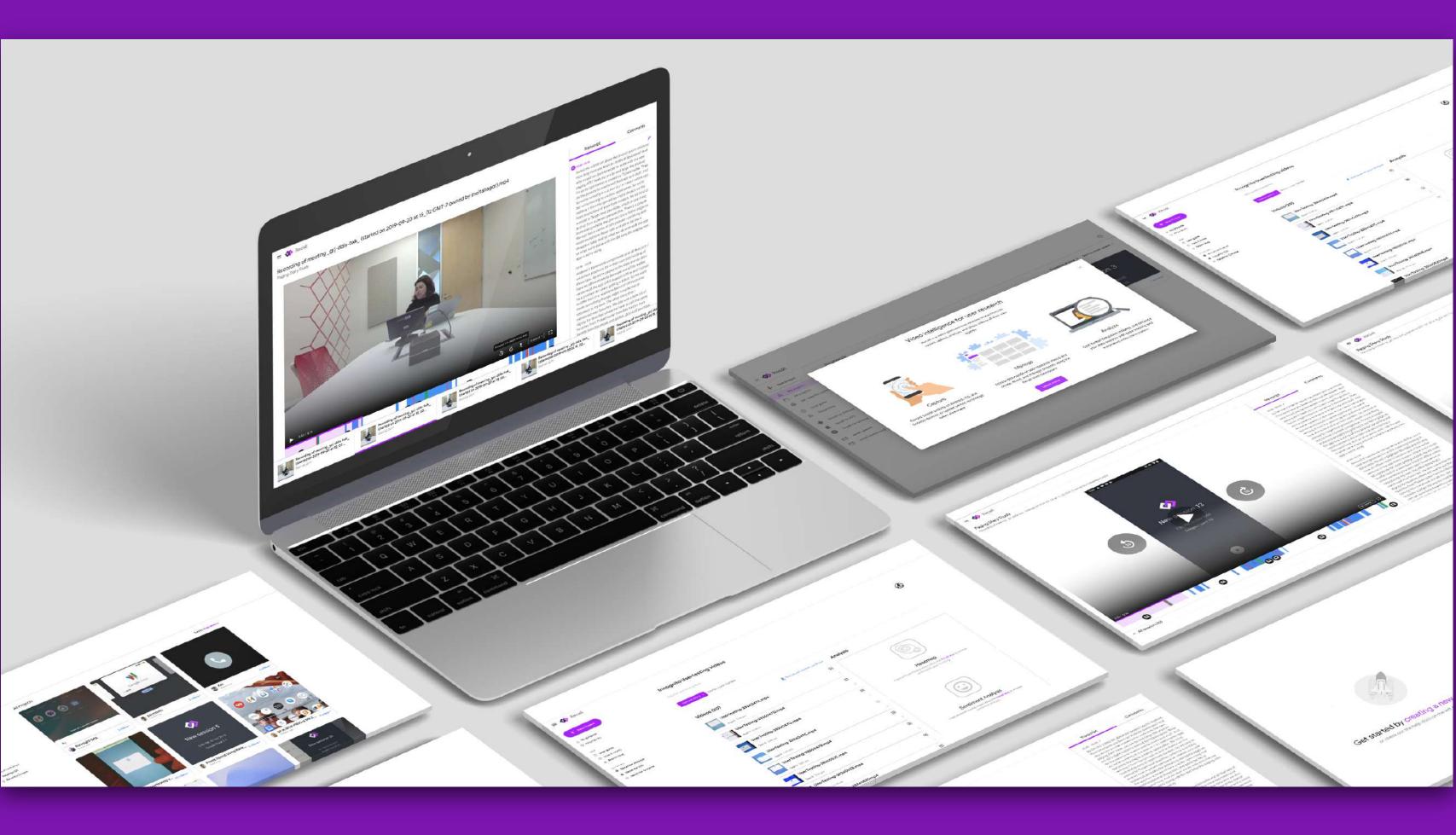
Example: Should the video list go on the side or on the bottom? I found that testing showed most users preferred the bottom, despite the side being a more common UX pattern. Researchers often use desktop videos, which fill the space better. Testing also showed engineers did not see much benefit in placing it on the side for their videos.

USER VALIDATION TESTING

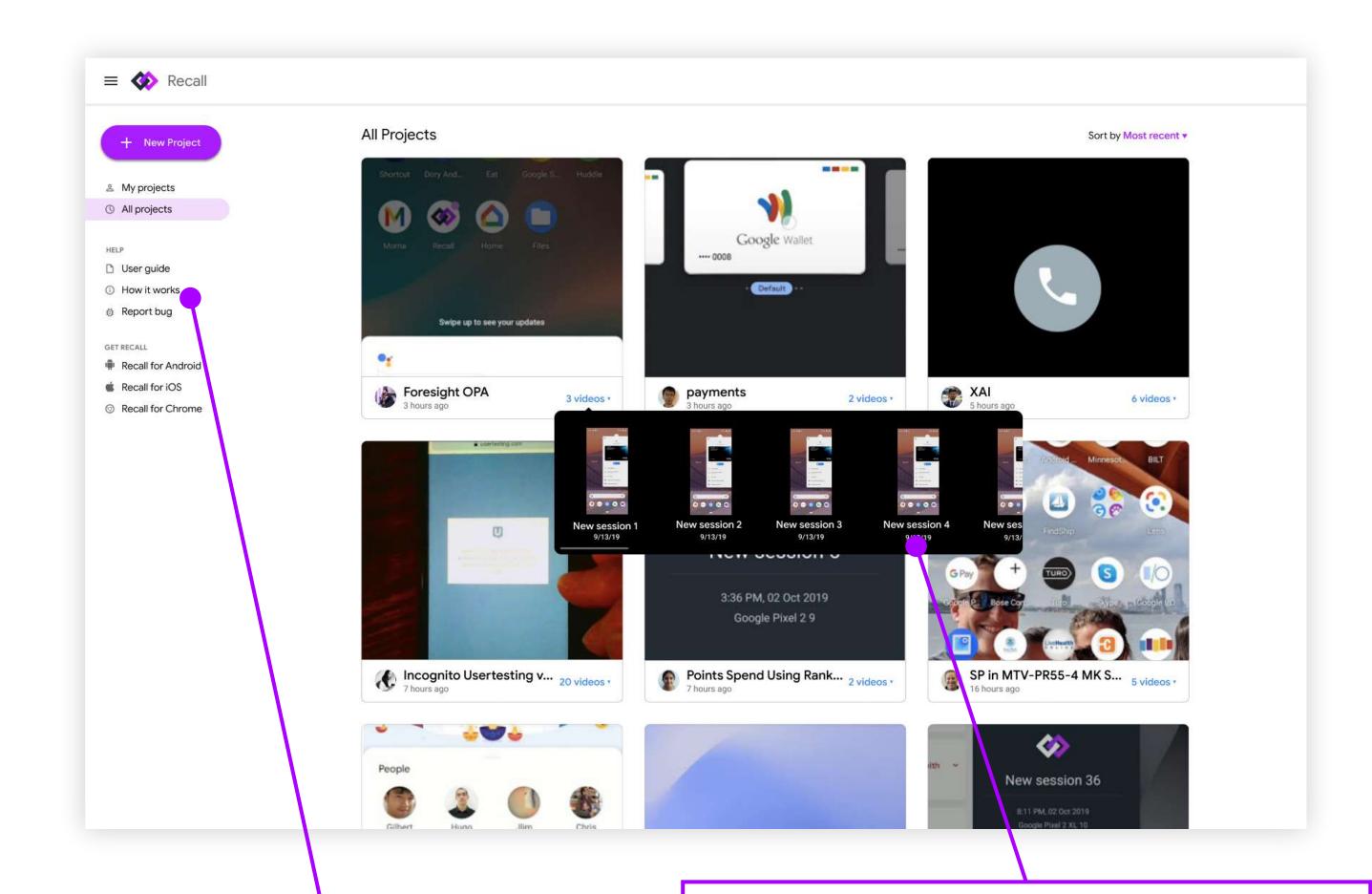


Example: Do users care about showing files? Do users care about seeing the full video image or only a crop as the thumbnail? My testing showed that users preferred seeing a crop that filled the space, even though it would be missing part of the image. My testing also showed that researchers felt related files do not belong in Recall.

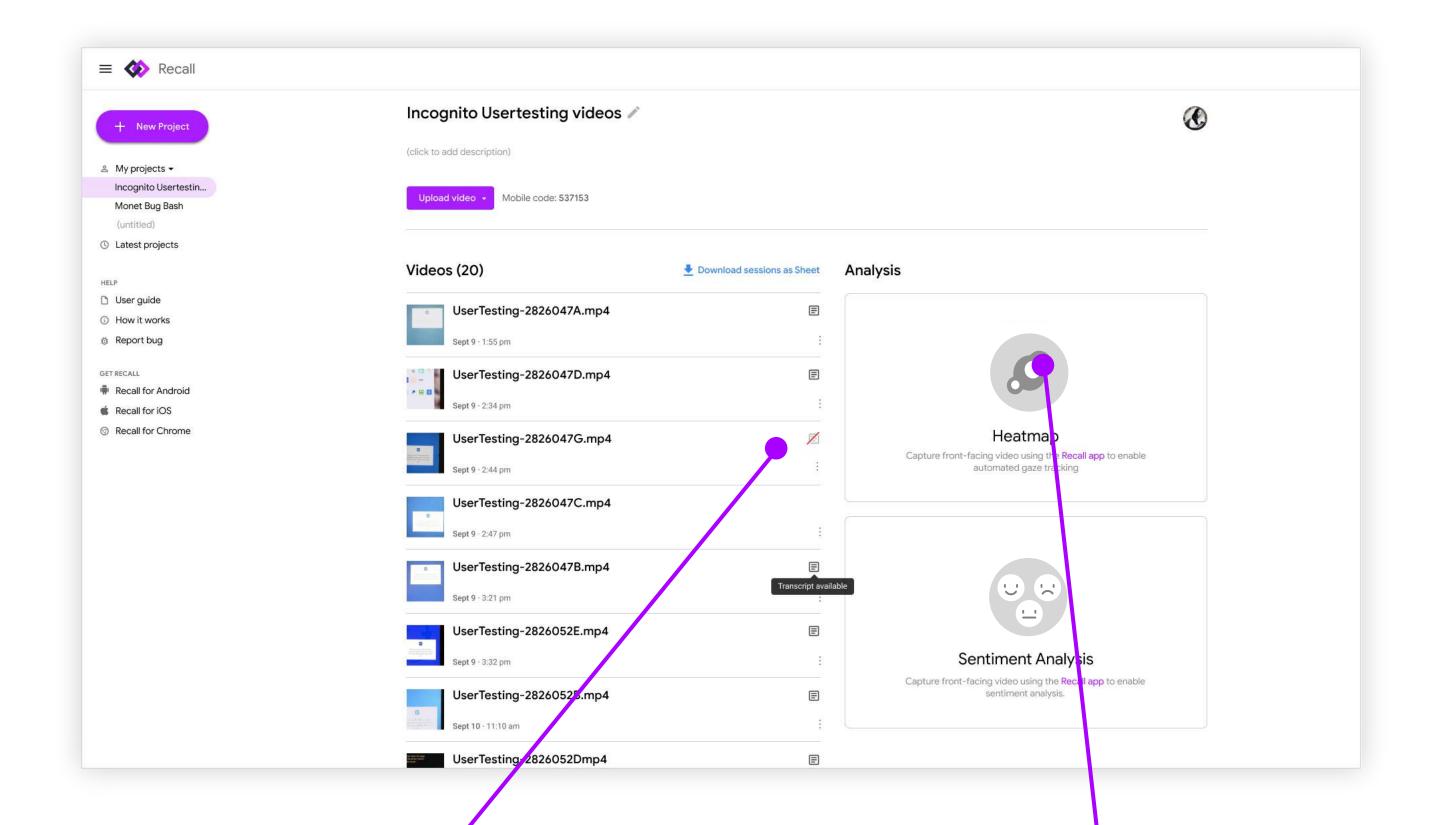
FINISHED PRODUCT



The entire process from initial ideation to final screens took about 3 months to complete.

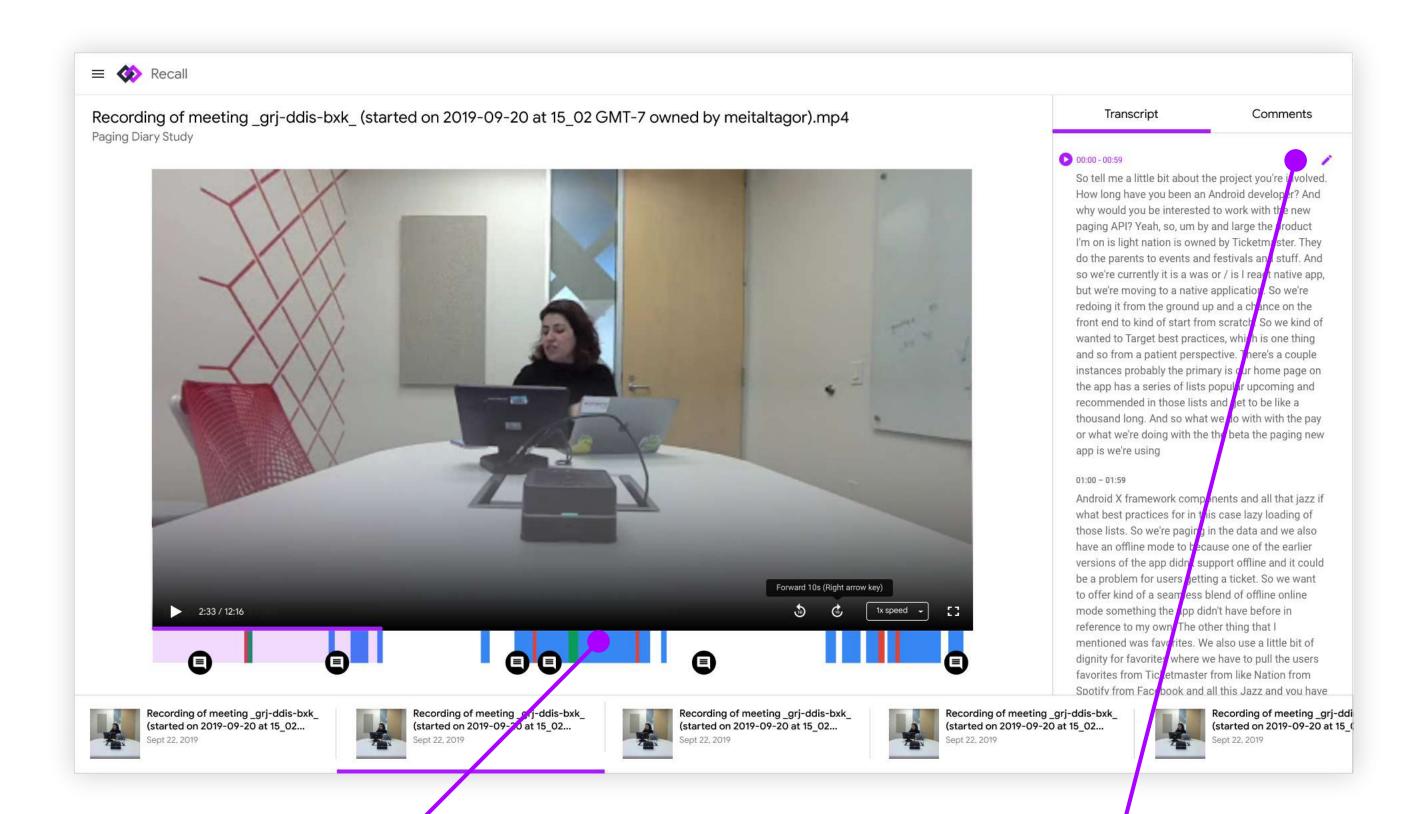


I made sure a link to the user guide was surfaced at almost all times so that new users could be eased into the product. I added dropdown functionality to jump to an individual video in a project, to allow UX researchers to access project-level metrics while not burdering engineers' flow.



I added icons to let users know at a glance if their automated analysis is in progress, completed, or failed. Users can retry on this screen to reduce frustration.

I created placeholder illustrations as empty states for a complete page to let new users know what functionality exists and how to access it.



I found that researchers were primarily interested in qualitative analysis, so I added a sentiment bar beneath the video so users can immediately see what the dominant sentiment is.

I added transcript editing functionality to ease the frustrations of researchers who felt the transcriptions were unreliable.

DESIGN SYSTEM

TYPOGRAPHY

Header · Google Sans Bold · #212121· 24pt

Almost before we knew it, we had left the ground.

Body · Google Sans Regular · #212121· 16pt

A peep at some distant orb has power to raise and purify our thoughts like a strain of sacred music, or a noble picture, or a passage from the grander poets. It always does one good.

Description text · Roboto Regular · #212121·16pt

In 1992, Tim Berners-Lee circulated a document titled "HTML Tags," which outlined just 20 tags, many of which are now obsolete or have taken other forms.

Caption text · Roboto Regular · #757575·16pt

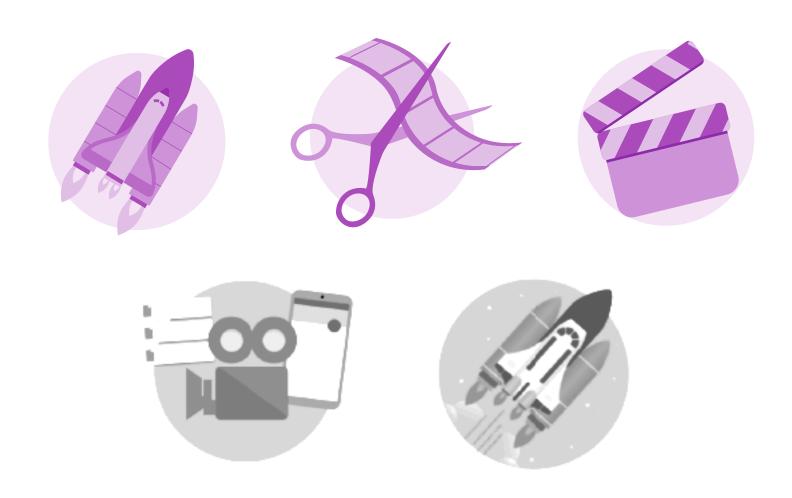
The first surviving tag to be defined in the document, after the crucial anchor tag, is the paragraph tag. It wasn't until 1993 that a discussion emerged on the proposed image tag.

PALETTE

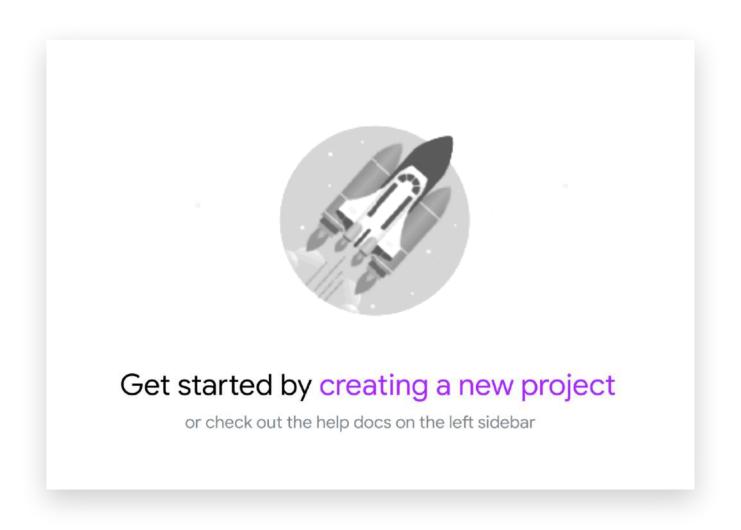


ILLUSTRATION

I made my own illustrations, extended from the standard Google illustration style.



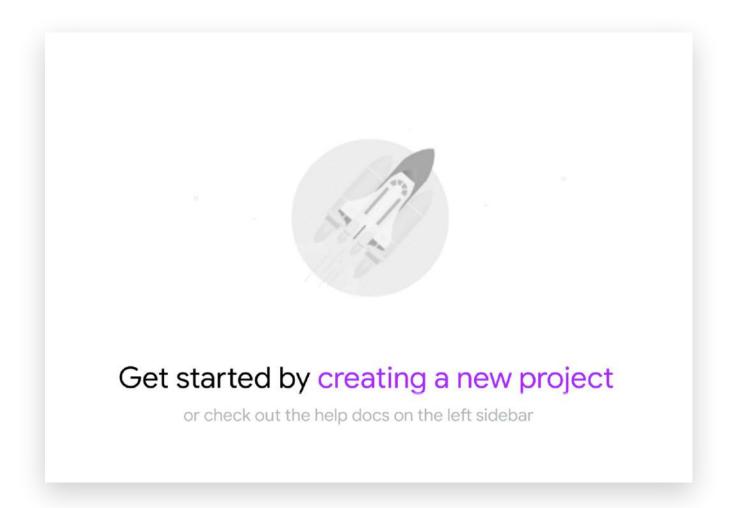




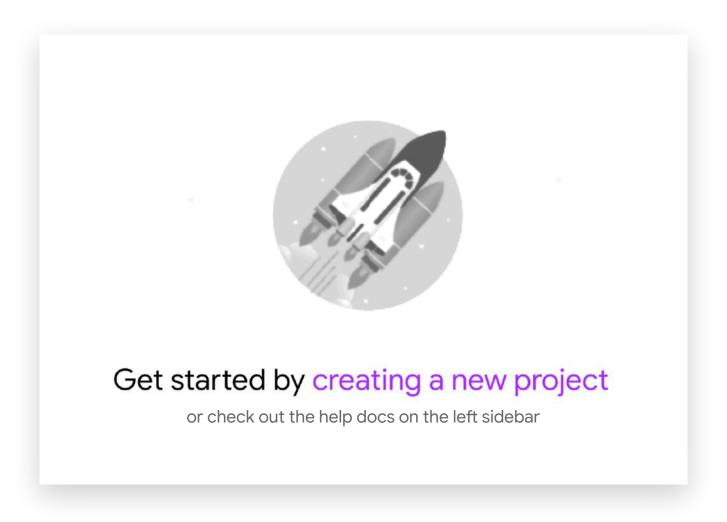
Example illustration usage to complement empty state text

I did a full ally audit of Recall to make sure everything was colorblind accessible and WCAG AA level accessible.

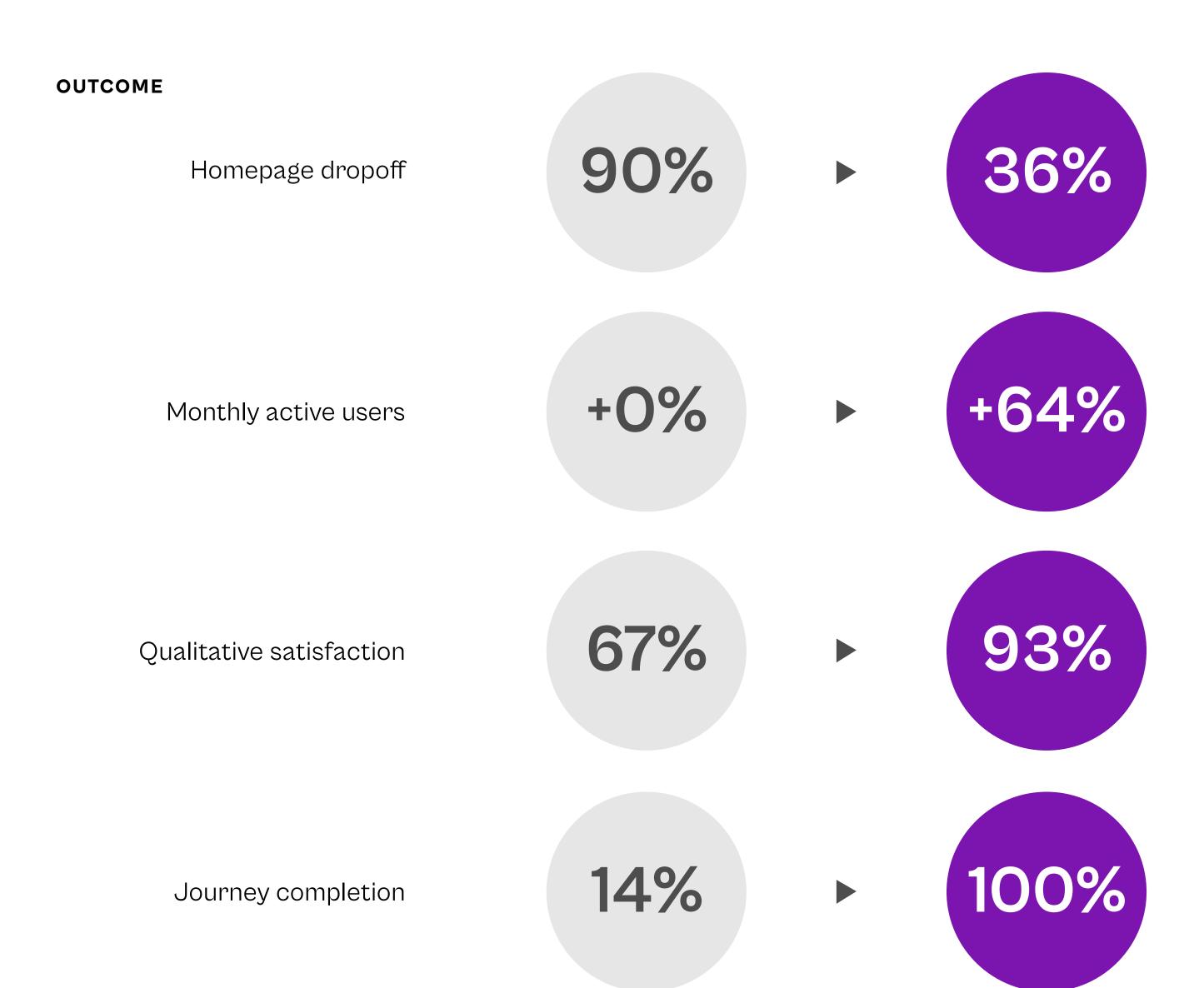
Fails AA level test



AA level accessibility



Contrast ratio: 1.16:1 Contrast ratio: 4.94:1



"

Your beautiful work elevated our branding and creativity and will hopefully lead to higher engagement.

We sincerely appreciate your willingness to jump right in, conceptualize, and iterate with us.

