LinearRegression

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [3]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

In [4]:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\fiat500_VehicleSelection_Dataset.csv")
df
```

Out[4]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	1
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.6115
1	2	рор	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.2418
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.4178
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.6346
4	5	рор	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.4956
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.7049
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.6668
1535	1536	рор	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.4134
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.6822
1537	1538	рор	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.5682
1538 r	ows ×	9 colum	าทร					•

first 10 rows

In [5]:

```
df.head(10)
```

Out[5]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon	
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560	
1	2	рор	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890	
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840	
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609	
4	5	рор	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650	
5	6	рор	74	3623	70225	1	45.000702	7.682270	
6	7	lounge	51	731	11600	1	44.907242	8.611560	1
7	8	lounge	51	1521	49076	1	41.903221	12.495650	
8	9	sport	73	4049	76000	1	45.548000	11.549470	
9	10	sport	51	3653	89000	1	45.438301	10.991700	
4									•

data cleaning

In [6]:

```
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	ID	1538 non-null	int64
1	model	1538 non-null	object
2	engine_power	1538 non-null	int64
3	age_in_days	1538 non-null	int64
4	km	1538 non-null	int64
5	previous_owners	1538 non-null	int64
6	lat	1538 non-null	float64
7	lon	1538 non-null	float64
8	price	1538 non-null	int64
dtyp	es: float64(2), i	nt64(6), object(1)

memory usage: 108.3+ KB

In [7]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out[7]:

	ID	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	la
count	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000
mean	769.500000	51.904421	1650.980494	53396.011704	1.123537	43.54136
std	444.126671	3.988023	1289.522278	40046.830723	0.416423	2.13351
min	1.000000	51.000000	366.000000	1232.000000	1.000000	36.85583!
25%	385.250000	51.000000	670.000000	20006.250000	1.000000	41.802990
50%	769.500000	51.000000	1035.000000	39031.000000	1.000000	44.394090
75%	1153.750000	51.000000	2616.000000	79667.750000	1.000000	45.467960
max	1538.000000	77.000000	4658.000000	235000.000000	4.000000	46.79561;
4						>

In [8]:

```
df.columns
```

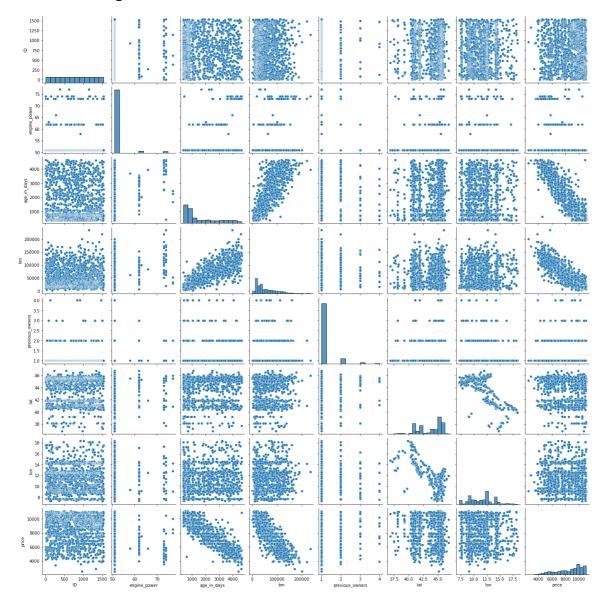
Out[8]:

In [9]:

sb.pairplot(df)

Out[9]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x27652350760>



In [11]:

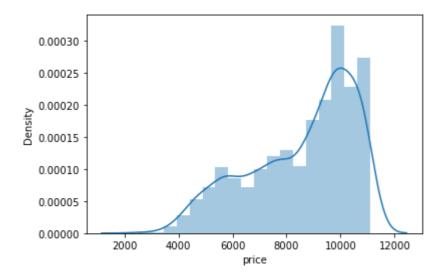
sb.distplot(df["price"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[11]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='price', ylabel='Density'>



In [12]:

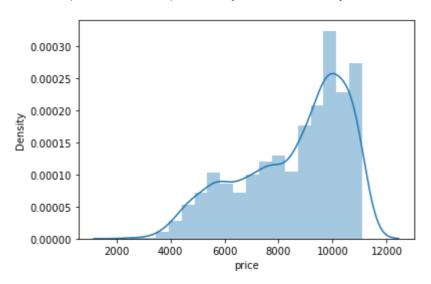
sb.distplot(df["price"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[12]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='price', ylabel='Density'>



In [13]:

Out[13]:

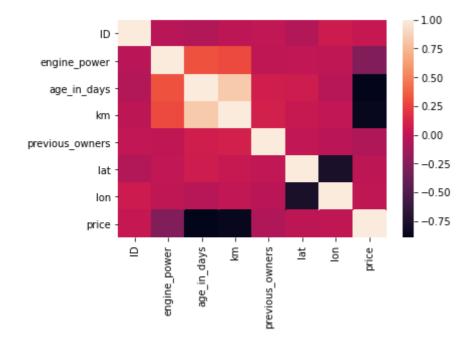
	ID	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon	price
0	1	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560	8900
1	2	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890	8800
2	3	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840	4200
3	4	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609	6000
4	5	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650	5700
1533	1534	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.704920	5200
1534	1535	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.666870	4600
1535	1536	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.413480	7500
1536	1537	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.682270	5990

In [14]:

```
sb.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[14]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

linear regression

```
In [18]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[18]:
```

LinearRegression()

In [19]:

```
print(lr.intercept_)
```

-1.6370904631912708e-11

In [20]:

```
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
```

Out[20]:

```
Co_efficient

ID -7.772387e-17
engine_power 4.243440e-13
age_in_days -3.166077e-16
km 7.850781e-18
previous_owners -4.675231e-14
lat 1.039060e-14
lon -2.983376e-15
price 1.0000000e+00
```

```
In [21]:
```

```
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

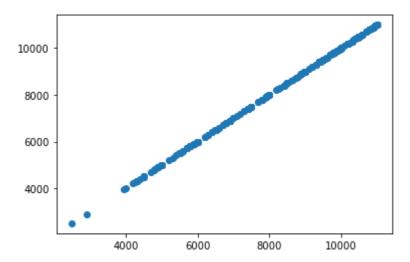
1.0

```
In [22]:
```

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[22]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2765ba80a00>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [23]:
```

```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[23]:

1.0

In [24]:

```
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[24]:

1.0

In [25]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [26]:

```
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[26]:

1.0

```
In [27]:
```

```
l = Lasso(alpha=10)
l.fit(x_train,y_train)
l.score(x_test,y_test)
l.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[27]:

0.9999999776102736

elasticnet

```
In [28]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[28]:

ElasticNet()

In [29]:

```
print(e.coef_)
```

```
[ 1.60479771e-05 -0.00000000e+00 2.14464794e-04 1.22254470e-05 -0.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 1.00034957e+00]
```

In [30]:

```
print(e.intercept_)
```

-4.0254865927417995

```
In [31]:
predictions = e.predict(x test)
predictions
Out[31]:
array([10499.94417351, 10200.21580463, 9499.64888715, 10499.86429224,
       8899.6578462 , 5699.8241588 , 10500.0234004 , 9699.97540706,
       4900.15210027, 8990.51349599, 9799.69034599, 8899.73347194,
       9800.21753652, 10850.05753138, 10950.10253098, 4790.61816137,
       8989.75997619, 6899.88361486, 9979.74247901, 10200.19092741,
       4799.94221991, 6499.8100457 , 5500.37389344, 7449.96466646,
       8999.52630264, 9300.80126028, 10300.25919097, 8501.2371845,
       10500.43733 , 9399.84616916, 10800.27940147,
                                                      9989.74546607,
       9969.7568727 , 10499.89051748, 9969.85301512, 9899.83028806,
       9899.92173843, 5500.34818696, 5999.77496738, 10500.04143638,
       7800.25578324, 9399.81782307,
                                       8500.54161266, 9489.58456738,
       8499.76875645, 5500.17939637,
                                       8899.5625524 , 9489.89189565,
       4899.58507317, 7099.49156249, 9399.89712896, 9200.22315085,
      10900.01803121, 10199.84798454, 4489.96350253, 10850.11974807,
       6499.58566675, 9979.76235922, 10700.24805407, 4998.95418529,
       8900.19144985, 10489.95213626, 5800.47075816, 5899.29040427,
       5998.76917938, 7399.8722299 , 10490.11457947, 8899.69464269,
       9969.7235819 . 10800.00643274. 10850.03687392. 9800.04137385.
In [32]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
```

0.9999999746311603

In [33]:

from sklearn import metrics

mean absolute error

```
In [34]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.24388453901828994

mean squared error

```
In [35]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
```

Mean Squared Error: 0.09651122049205854

root mean squared error

In [36]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
Root Mean Squared Error 0.3106625508362064
In []: