LinearRegression

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

In [3]:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\19_nuclear_explosions.csv")
df
```

Out[3]:

	WEAPON SOURCE COUNTRY	WEAPON DEPLOYMENT LOCATION	Data.Source	Location.Cordinates.Latitude	Location.Cordinate	
0	USA	Alamogordo	DOE	32.54		
1	USA	Hiroshima	DOE	34.23		
2	USA	Nagasaki	DOE	32.45		
3	USA	Bikini	DOE	11.35		
4	USA	Bikini	DOE	11.35		
2041	CHINA	Lop Nor	HFS	41.69		
2042	INDIA	Pokhran	HFS	27.07		
2043	INDIA	Pokhran	NRD	27.07		
2044	PAKIST	Chagai	HFS	28.90		
2045	PAKIST	Kharan	HFS	28.49		
2046 rows × 16 columns						

first 10 rows

In [4]:

```
df.head(10)
```

Out[4]:

	WEAPON SOURCE COUNTRY	WEAPON DEPLOYMENT LOCATION	Data.Source	Location.Cordinates.Latitude	Location.Cordinates.Lo
0	USA	Alamogordo	DOE	32.54	
1	USA	Hiroshima	DOE	34.23	
2	USA	Nagasaki	DOE	32.45	
3	USA	Bikini	DOE	11.35	
4	USA	Bikini	DOE	11.35	
5	USA	Enewetak	DOE	11.30	
6	USA	Enewetak	DOE	11.30	
7	USA	Enewetak	DOE	11.30	
8	USSR	Semi Kazakh	DOE	48.00	
9	USA	Nts	DOE	37.00	
4					>

data cleaning

In [5]:

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2046 entries, 0 to 2045
Data columns (total 16 columns):

- 0. 0 0.	00-000000000000000000000000000000000000		
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	WEAPON SOURCE COUNTRY	2046 non-null	object
1	WEAPON DEPLOYMENT LOCATION	2046 non-null	object
2	Data.Source	2046 non-null	object
3	Location.Cordinates.Latitude	2046 non-null	float64
4	Location.Cordinates.Longitude	2046 non-null	float64
5	Data.Magnitude.Body	2046 non-null	float64
6	Data.Magnitude.Surface	2046 non-null	float64
7	Location.Cordinates.Depth	2046 non-null	float64
8	Data.Yeild.Lower	2046 non-null	float64
9	Data.Yeild.Upper	2046 non-null	float64
10	Data.Purpose	2046 non-null	object
11	Data.Name	2046 non-null	object
12	Data.Type	2046 non-null	object
13	Date.Day	2046 non-null	int64
14	Date.Month	2046 non-null	int64
15	Date.Year	2046 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(7), int64(3), object(6)

memory usage: 255.9+ KB

In [6]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	Location.Cordinates.Latitude	Location.Cordinates.Longitude	Data.Magnitude.Body	Data.
count	2046.000000	2046.000000	2046.000000	
mean	35.462429	-36.015037	2.145406	
std	23.352702	100.829355	2.625453	
min	-49.500000	-169.320000	0.000000	
25%	37.000000	-116.051500	0.000000	
50%	37.100000	-116.000000	0.000000	
75%	49.870000	78.000000	5.100000	
max	75.100000	179.220000	7.400000	
4				•

In [7]:

df.columns

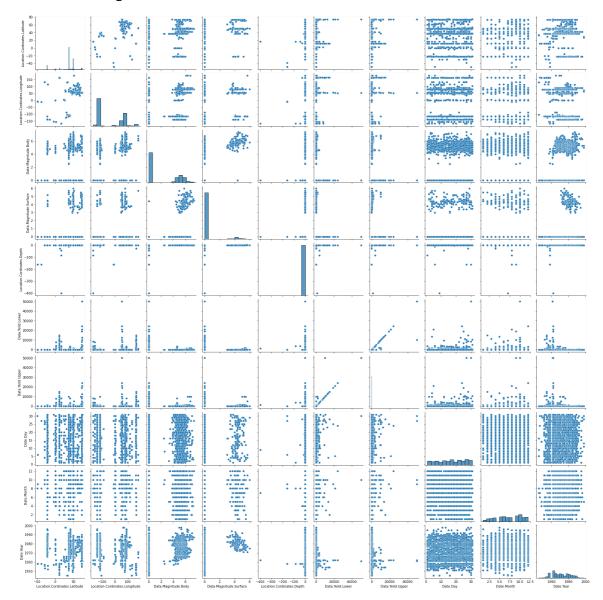
Out[7]:

In [8]:

sb.pairplot(df)

Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x24f1dc11f40>



In [9]:

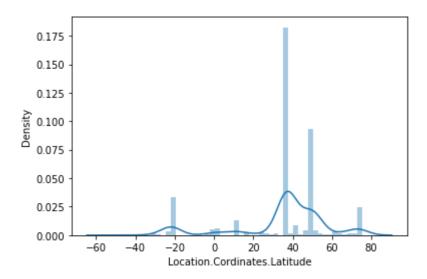
sb.distplot(df["Location.Cordinates.Latitude"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Location.Cordinates.Latitude', ylabel='Density'>



In [10]:

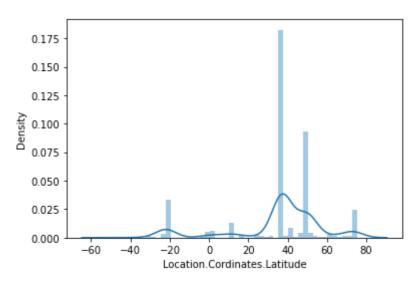
sb.distplot(df["Location.Cordinates.Latitude"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[10]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Location.Cordinates.Latitude', ylabel='Density'>



In [14]:

```
df1=df[['Location.Cordinates.Latitude', 'Location.Cordinates.Longitude',
       'Data.Magnitude.Body', 'Data.Magnitude.Surface', 'Location.Cordinates.Depth', 'Dat
       'Date.Year']]
df1
4
Out[14]:
```

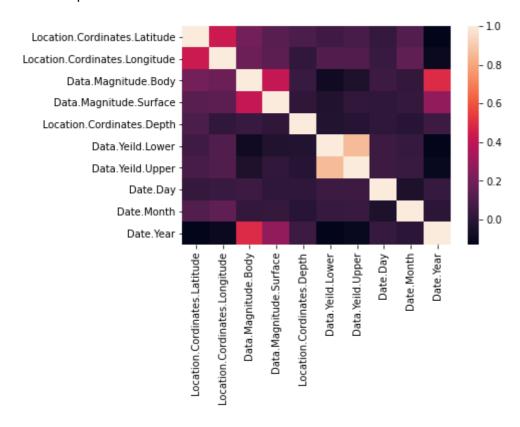
	Location.Cordinates.Latitude	Location.Cordinates.Longitude	Data.Magnitude.Body	Data.Magnitude.Surfa
0	32.54	-105.57	0.0	
1	34.23	132.27	0.0	
2	32.45	129.52	0.0	
3	11.35	165.20	0.0	
4	11.35	165.20	0.0	
2041	41.69	88.35	5.3	
2042	27.07	71.70	5.3	
2043	27.07	71.70	0.0	
2044	28.90	64.89	0.0	
4				>

In [15]:

sb.heatmap(df1.corr())

Out[15]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

```
In [19]:
```

```
print(lr.intercept_)
```

-3.410605131648481e-13

In [20]:

```
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
```

Out[20]:

	Co_efficient
Location.Cordinates.Latitude	1.000000e+00
Location.Cordinates.Longitude	-5.858187e-15
Data.Magnitude.Body	-2.086547e-16
Data.Magnitude.Surface	2.016738e-17
Location.Cordinates.Depth	-1.114603e-17
Data.Yeild.Lower	2.032691e-16
Data.Yeild.Upper	-7.307204e-17
Date.Day	9.820609e-17
Date.Month	7.480789e-17
Date.Year	4.965410e-17

In [21]:

```
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

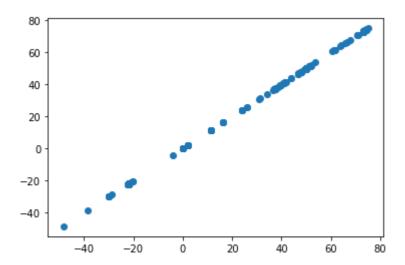
1.0

In [22]:

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[22]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x24f31233dc0>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [23]:
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[23]:
1.0
In [24]:
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]:
1.0
In [25]:
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [26]:
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[26]:
0.999999997723793
In [27]:
1 = Lasso(alpha=10)
1.fit(x_train,y_train)
1.score(x_test,y_test)
1.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[27]:
0.9996376447959459
elasticnet
In [28]:
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/19_ne.ipynb

Out[28]:

ElasticNet()

```
In [29]:
print(e.coef_)
9.97782766e-01 1.85892832e-04
                                 0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00
 0.00000000e+00 -1.63125578e-06
                                 1.60397426e-06 0.00000000e+00
  0.0000000e+00 -0.0000000e+00]
In [30]:
print(e.intercept_)
0.08538452853202472
In [31]:
predictions = e.predict(x_test)
predictions
Out[31]:
array([ 11.3904701 ,
                     37.18133476,
                                   37.08159366, 36.98181539,
       36.98181539,
                     49.98905456, -21.72380993, 49.70969211,
       -29.82374654,
                    37.08176956, -21.89143483, 37.12148955,
       49.85736192, -22.1488336 , 36.98178301, 37.18831664,
                    72.93375016,
                                   72.93375039,
       49.98923045,
                                                 36.98178287,
       49.80947225, -21.89166741, 36.68242971, 73.33512919,
       37.00176733, 36.98181539, 49.98902243, 36.98181539,
       -21.89166741,
                    0.08538453, 36.98181539, 37.08157507,
       -22.03808139,
                      2.05176216, 36.98181539,
                                                 36.98181539,
       37.11476395,
                    49.82944277, 49.98443328, -22.03128089,
       -20.24790934, 36.98181539, 37.08583103, 36.98181539,
       37.09182015, 36.98181539, 41.60991271, 11.44092785,
       49.98905456,
                     49.91753304, 36.98181539, 37.07081746,
       37.08159366, 47.83823664, 37.06388279, -21.89166741,
       36.9819692 , 36.98181539, -21.89167543, 36.98181539,
       36.98181539, 47.79831844, 49.77972209, 72.93374374,
       36.98181539,
                    36.98181539,
                                  37.20630164,
                                                37.20141761,
       49.80950385.
                     36.98181539, -21.89164335, 49.74980534,
In [32]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
0.9999957947933726
In [33]:
from sklearn import metrics
```

mean absolute error

```
In [34]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:",metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Absolute Error: 0.033244570489411394
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/19_ne.ipynb

mean squared error

```
In [35]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
```

Mean Squared Error: 0.0023184410144637953

root mean squared error

```
In [36]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
Root Mean Squared Error 0.04815019225780719
model saving
In [37]:
import pickle
In [38]:
filename="prediction"
pickle.dump(lr,open(filename,'wb'))
In [39]:
filename="prediction"
model = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
In [41]:
real = [[10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100],[11,21,31,41,51,61,71,81,91,101]]
res = model.predict(real)
In [42]:
res
Out[42]:
array([10., 11.])
In [ ]:
```

LinearRegression

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

In [3]:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\20_states.csv")
df
```

Out[3]:

	id	name	country_id	country_code	country_name	state_code	type	latitu
0	3901	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BDS	NaN	36.7347
1	3871	Badghis	1	AF	Afghanistan	BDG	NaN	35.1671
2	3875	Baghlan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BGL	NaN	36.1789
3	3884	Balkh	1	AF	Afghanistan	BAL	NaN	36.755(
4	3872	Bamyan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BAM	NaN	34.8100
5072	1953	Mashonaland West Province	247	ZW	Zimbabwe	MW	NaN	-17.4851
5073	1960	Masvingo Province	247	ZW	Zimbabwe	MV	NaN	-20.6241
5074	1954	Matabeleland North Province	247	ZW	Zimbabwe	MN	NaN	-18.5331
5075	1952	Matabeleland South Province	247	ZW	Zimbabwe	MS	NaN	-21.0523
5076	1957	Midlands Province	247	ZW	Zimbabwe	MI	NaN	-19.0552
5077 rows × 9 columns								

first 10 rows

In [4]:

df.head(10)

Out[4]:

	id	name	country_id	country_code	country_name	state_code	type	latitude
0	3901	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BDS	NaN	36.734772
1	3871	Badghis	1	AF	Afghanistan	BDG	NaN	35.167134
2	3875	Baghlan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BGL	NaN	36.178903
3	3884	Balkh	1	AF	Afghanistan	BAL	NaN	36.755060
4	3872	Bamyan	1	AF	Afghanistan	BAM	NaN	34.810007
5	3892	Daykundi	1	AF	Afghanistan	DAY	NaN	33.669495
6	3899	Farah	1	AF	Afghanistan	FRA	NaN	32.495328
7	3889	Faryab	1	AF	Afghanistan	FYB	NaN	36.079561
8	3870	Ghazni	1	AF	Afghanistan	GHA	NaN	33.545059
9	3888	Ghōr	1	AF	Afghanistan	GHO	NaN	34.099578
4								•

data cleaning

In [5]:

```
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5077 entries, 0 to 5076
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype		
0	id	5077 non-null	int64		
1	name	5077 non-null	object		
2	country_id	5077 non-null	int64		
3	country_code	5063 non-null	object		
4	country_name	5077 non-null	object		
5	state_code	5072 non-null	object		
6	type	1597 non-null	object		
7	latitude	5008 non-null	float64		
8	longitude	5008 non-null	float64		
<pre>dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(5)</pre>					

localhost:8888/notebooks/20_states.ipynb

memory usage: 357.1+ KB

In [6]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	id	country_id	latitude	longitude
count	5077.000000	5077.000000	5008.000000	5008.000000
mean	2609.765413	133.467599	27.576415	17.178713
std	1503.376799	72.341160	22.208161	61.269334
min	1.000000	1.000000	-54.805400	-178.116500
25%	1324.000000	74.000000	11.399747	-3.943859
50%	2617.000000	132.000000	34.226432	17.501792
75%	3905.000000	201.000000	45.802822	41.919647
max	5220.000000	248.000000	77.874972	179.852222

In [7]:

df.columns

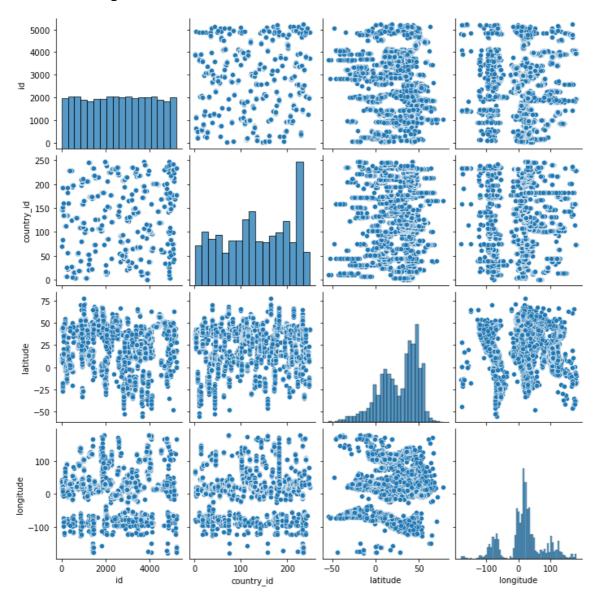
Out[7]:

In [8]:

sb.pairplot(df)

Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1e953d7d880>



In [9]:

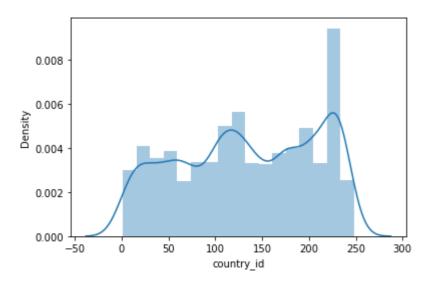
sb.distplot(df["country_id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='country_id', ylabel='Density'>



In [10]:

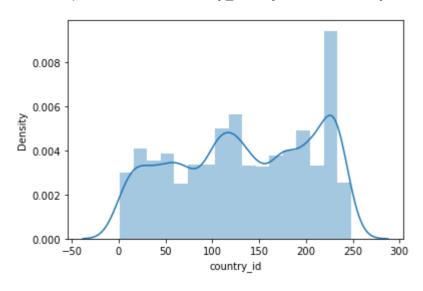
sb.distplot(df["country_id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[10]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='country_id', ylabel='Density'>



In [12]:

```
df1=df[['id', 'country_id', 'latitude', 'longitude']]
df1
```

Out[12]:

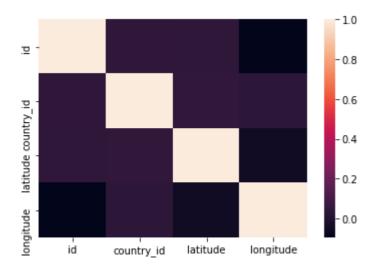
	id	country_id	latitude	longitude
0	3901	1	36.734772	70.811995
1	3871	1	35.167134	63.769538
2	3875	1	36.178903	68.745306
3	3884	1	36.755060	66.897537
4	3872	1	34.810007	67.821210
5072	1953	247	-17.485103	29.788925
5073	1960	247	-20.624151	31.262637
5074	1954	247	-18.533157	27.549585
5075	1952	247	-21.052337	29.045993

In [13]:

```
sb.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[13]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

In [18]:

```
x = df1[['id', 'country_id']]
y = df1['country_id']
```

```
In [19]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

linear regression

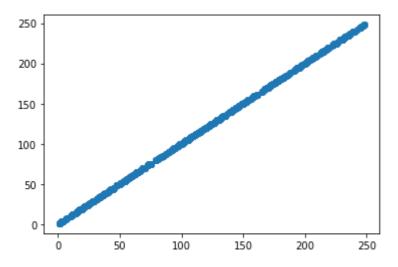
```
In [20]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[20]:
LinearRegression()
In [21]:
print(lr.intercept_)
-2.842170943040401e-14
In [22]:
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
Out[22]:
            Co_efficient
           6.386082e-19
country_id 1.000000e+00
In [23]:
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

```
In [24]:
```

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[24]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1e955ada3a0>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [25]:
```

```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[25]:

1.0

In [26]:

```
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[26]:

1.0

In [27]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [28]:

```
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[28]:

0.999999999997039

In [29]:

l = Lasso(alpha=10)

```
1.fit(x_train,y_train)
1.score(x_test,y_test)
1.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[29]:
0.9999962724110946
elasticnet
In [30]:
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[30]:
ElasticNet()
In [31]:
print(e.coef_)
[2.64871170e-07 9.99806671e-01]
In [32]:
print(e.intercept_)
0.025228203323678144
In [33]:
predictions = e.predict(x_test)
predictions
Out[33]:
array([126.00128404, 85.00935198, 231.98103536, ..., 181.99053468,
       200.98749632, 181.99053256])
In [34]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
0.9999999626288684
In [35]:
from sklearn import metrics
```

mean absolute error

```
In [36]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.012190200090642677

mean squared error

```
In [37]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Squared Error: 0.00020002042226479878
```

root mean squared error

```
In [38]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
Root Mean Squared Error 0.014142857641396197
```

model saving

```
In [39]:
import pickle
In [40]:
filename="prediction"
pickle.dump(lr,open(filename,'wb'))

In [41]:
filename="prediction"
model = pickle.load(open(filename,'rb'))

In [43]:
real = [[10,20],[11,21]]
res = model.predict(real)

In [44]:
res
Out[44]:
array([20., 21.])
```

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Tn	•
THE P	

LinearRegression

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

In [3]:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\21_cities.csv")
df
```

Out[3]:

	id	name	state_id	state_code	state_name	country_id	country_code	cou	
0	52	Ashkāsham	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	,	
1	68	Fayzabad	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	,	
2	78	Jurm	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	1	
3	84	Khandūd	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	1	
4	115	Rāghistān	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	,	
150449	131496	Redcliff	1957	MI	Midlands Province	247	ZW		
150450	131502	Shangani	1957	MI	Midlands Province	247	ZW		
150451	131503	Shurugwi	1957	MI	Midlands Province	247	ZW		
150452	131504	Shurugwi District	1957	МІ	Midlands Province	247	ZW		
150453	131508	Zvishavane District	1957	MI	Midlands Province	247	ZW		
150454 rows × 11 columns									

first 10 rows

In [4]:

```
df.head(10)
```

Out[4]:

	id	name	state_id	state_code	state_name	country_id	country_code	country_nam
0	52	Ashkāsham	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
1	68	Fayzabad	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
2	78	Jurm	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
3	84	Khandūd	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
4	115	Rāghistān	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
5	131	Wākhān	3901	BDS	Badakhshan	1	AF	Afghanista
6	72	Ghormach	3871	BDG	Badghis	1	AF	Afghanista
7	108	Qala i Naw	3871	BDG	Badghis	1	AF	Afghanista
8	54	Baghlān	3875	BGL	Baghlan	1	AF	Afghanista
9	140	Hukūmatī Dahanah- ye Ghōrī	3875	BGL	Baghlan	1	AF	Afghanista
4								•

data cleaning

In [5]:

```
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150454 entries, 0 to 150453

Data columns (total 11 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype			
0	id	150454 non-null	int64			
1	name	150454 non-null	object			
2	state_id	150454 non-null	int64			
3	state_code	150129 non-null	object			
4	state_name	150454 non-null	object			
5	country_id	150454 non-null	int64			
6	country_code	150406 non-null	object			
7	country_name	150454 non-null	object			
8	latitude	150454 non-null	float64			
9	longitude	150454 non-null	float64			
10	wikiDataId	147198 non-null	object			
<pre>dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(6)</pre>						

memory usage: 12.6+ MB

In [6]:

df.describe()

Out[6]:

	id	state_id	country_id	latitude	longitude
count	150454.000000	150454.000000	150454.000000	150454.000000	150454.000000
mean	76407.091689	2678.377677	140.658460	31.556175	2.369557
std	44357.755335	1363.513591	70.666123	22.813220	68.012770
min	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	-75.000000	-179.121980
25%	38160.250000	1451.000000	82.000000	19.000000	-58.468150
50%	75975.500000	2174.000000	142.000000	40.684720	8.669980
75%	115204.750000	3905.000000	207.000000	47.239220	27.750000
max	153528.000000	5116.000000	247.000000	73.508190	179.466000

In [7]:

df.columns

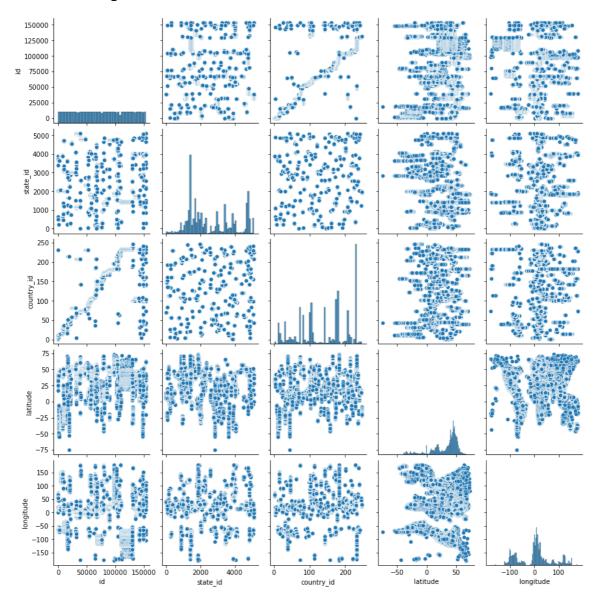
Out[7]:

In [8]:

sb.pairplot(df)

Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2b5d3da99a0>



In [9]:

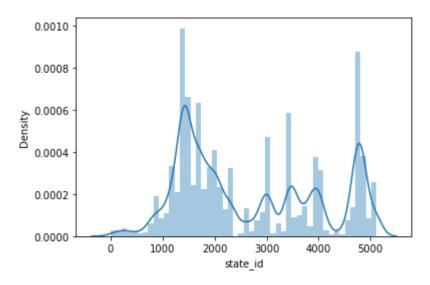
sb.distplot(df["state_id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='state_id', ylabel='Density'>



In [10]:

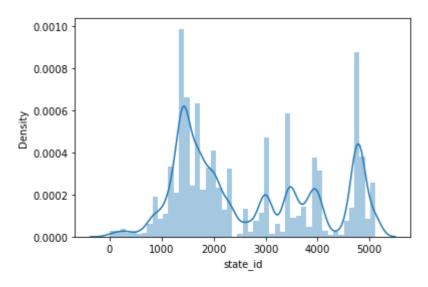
sb.distplot(df["state_id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[10]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='state id', ylabel='Density'>



In [11]:

```
df1=df[['id', 'state_id', 'country_id','latitude', 'longitude']]
df1
```

Out[11]:

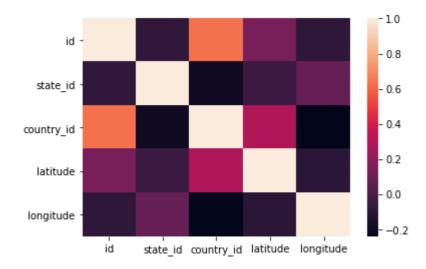
	id	state_id	country_id	latitude	longitude
0	52	3901	1	36.68333	71.53333
1	68	3901	1	37.11664	70.58002
2	78	3901	1	36.86477	70.83421
3	84	3901	1	36.95127	72.31800
4	115	3901	1	37.66079	70.67346
150449	131496	1957	247	-19.03333	29.78333
150450	131502	1957	247	-19.78333	29.36667
150451	131503	1957	247	-19.67016	30.00589
150452	131504	1957	247	-19.75000	30.16667

In [12]:

```
sb.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[12]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

In [13]:

```
x = df1[['id', 'state_id', 'country_id','latitude', 'longitude']]
y = df1['state_id']
```

```
In [14]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

linear regression

```
In [15]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[15]:

LinearRegression()

In [16]:

```
print(lr.intercept_)
```

1.5279510989785194e-10

In [17]:

```
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
```

Out[17]:

Co_efficient

4.024150e-17

```
id -1.925260e-15
state_id 1.000000e+00
```

country_id -7.151336e-16

latitude 3.456362e-16

longitude

In [18]:

```
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

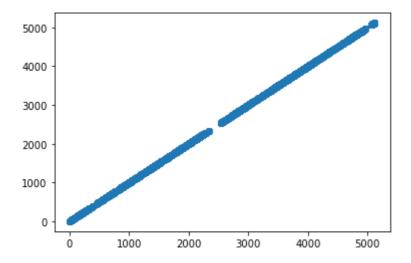
1.0

```
In [19]:
```

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[19]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2b5d75ee6d0>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [20]:
```

```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[20]:

1.0

In [21]:

```
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[21]:

1.0

In [22]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [23]:

```
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[23]:

1.0

In [24]:

l = Lasso(alpha=10)

```
1.fit(x_train,y_train)
1.score(x_test,y_test)
1.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]:
0.999999999703485
elasticnet
In [25]:
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[25]:
ElasticNet()
In [26]:
print(e.coef_)
[-3.36921916e-08 9.99999755e-01 0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00
 -0.00000000e+00]
In [27]:
print(e.intercept_)
0.0032245611428152188
In [28]:
predictions = e.predict(x_test)
predictions
Out[28]:
array([1677.99810224, 3397.99879472, 2058.00265841, ..., 1406.99859226,
       3449.99980644, 1702.99811499])
In [29]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
0.99999999987775
In [30]:
from sklearn import metrics
```

mean absolute error

```
In [31]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.0012778790370394874

mean squared error

```
In [32]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Squared Error: 2.2794144201239746e-06
```

root mean squared error

```
In [33]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
```

Root Mean Squared Error 0.0015097729697288844

model saving

```
In [34]:
import pickle

In [35]:
filename="prediction"
pickle.dump(lr,open(filename,'wb'))

In [36]:
filename="prediction"
model = pickle.load(open(filename,'rb'))

In [37]:
real = [[10,20,30,40,50],[11,21,31,41,51]]
res = model.predict(real)

In [39]:
res
Out[39]:
array([20., 21.])
```

In []:

LinearRegression

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

In [3]:

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\22_countries.csv")
df
```

Out[3]:

	id	name	iso3	iso2	numeric_code	phone_code	capital	currency	currency
0	1	Afghanistan	AFG	AF	4	93	Kabul	AFN	Afghan
1	2	Aland Islands	ALA	AX	248	+358-18	Mariehamn	EUR	
2	3	Albania	ALB	AL	8	355	Tirana	ALL	Albar
3	4	Algeria	DZA	DZ	12	213	Algiers	DZD	Algeria
4	5	American Samoa	ASM	AS	16	+1-684	Pago Pago	USD	Uŧ
	•••								
245	243	Wallis And Futuna Islands	WLF	WF	876	681	Mata Utu	XPF	CF
246	244	Western Sahara	ESH	EH	732	212	El-Aaiun	MAD	Мс
247	245	Yemen	YEM	ΥE	887	967	Sanaa	YER	Yen
248	246	Zambia	ZMB	ZM	894	260	Lusaka	ZMW	Z I
249	247	Zimbabwe	ZWE	ZW	716	263	Harare	ZWL	Zin
250 rows × 19 columns									
4									

first 10 rows

In [4]:

df.head(10)

Out[4]:

	id	name	iso3	iso2	numeric_code	phone_code	capital	currency	currency_na
0	1	Afghanistan	AFG	AF	4	93	Kabul	AFN	Afghan afgh
1	2	Aland Islands	ALA	AX	248	+358-18	Mariehamn	EUR	E
2	3	Albania	ALB	AL	8	355	Tirana	ALL	Albanian
3	4	Algeria	DZA	DZ	12	213	Algiers	DZD	Algerian d
4	5	American Samoa	ASM	AS	16	+1-684	Pago Pago	USD	US Do
5	6	Andorra	AND	AD	20	376	Andorra la Vella	EUR	Е
6	7	Angola	AGO	AO	24	244	Luanda	AOA	Angolan kwa
7	8	Anguilla	AIA	Al	660	+1-264	The Valley	XCD	East Caribbodo
8	9	Antarctica	ATA	AQ	10	672	NaN	AAD	Antarcti dc
9	10	Antigua And Barbuda	ATG	AG	28	+1-268	St. John's	XCD	East Caribbean do
4									>

data cleaning

In [5]:

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 250 entries, 0 to 249
Data columns (total 19 columns):

ш.	6-1	Nam No.11 Carrat	D4
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	id	250 non-null	int64
1	name	250 non-null	object
2	iso3	250 non-null	object
3	iso2	249 non-null	object
4	numeric_code	250 non-null	int64
5	phone_code	250 non-null	object
6	capital	245 non-null	object
7	currency	250 non-null	object
8	currency_name	250 non-null	object
9	currency_symbol	250 non-null	object
10	tld	250 non-null	object
11	native	249 non-null	object
12	region	248 non-null	object
13	subregion	247 non-null	object
14	timezones	250 non-null	object
15	latitude	250 non-null	float64
16	longitude	250 non-null	float64
17	emoji	250 non-null	object
18	emojiU	250 non-null	object
dtvn	-	nt64(2), object(-

dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(15)

memory usage: 37.2+ KB

In [6]:

df.describe()

Out[6]:

	id	numeric_code	latitude	longitude
count	250.000000	250.00000	250.000000	250.00000
mean	125.500000	435.80400	16.402597	13.52387
std	72.312977	254.38354	26.757204	73.45152
min	1.000000	4.00000	-74.650000	-176.20000
25%	63.250000	219.00000	1.000000	-49.75000
50%	125.500000	436.00000	16.083333	17.00000
75%	187.750000	653.50000	39.000000	48.75000
max	250.000000	926.00000	78.000000	178.00000

In [7]:

```
df.columns
```

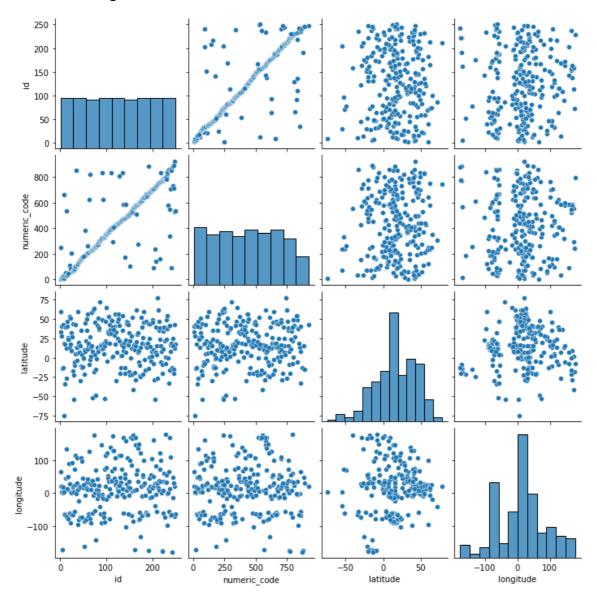
Out[7]:

In [8]:

```
sb.pairplot(df)
```

Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x204161cf760>



In [9]:

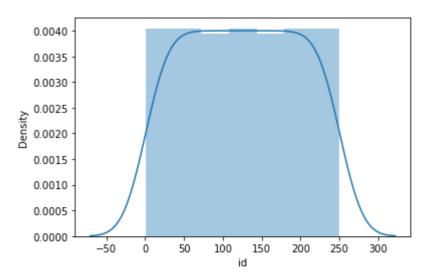
sb.distplot(df["id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='id', ylabel='Density'>



In [11]:

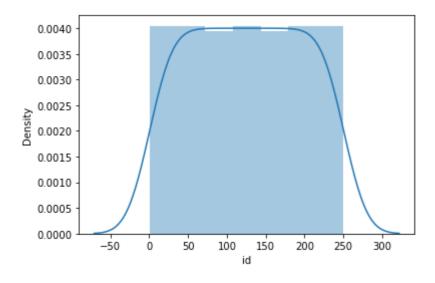
sb.distplot(df["id"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[11]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='id', ylabel='Density'>



In [12]:

```
df1=df[['id', 'numeric_code', 'latitude', 'longitude']]
df1
```

Out[12]:

	id	numeric_code	latitude	longitude
0	1	4	33.000000	65.0
1	2	248	60.116667	19.9
2	3	8	41.000000	20.0
3	4	12	28.000000	3.0
4	5	16	-14.333333	-170.0
245	243	876	-13.300000	-176.2
246	244	732	24.500000	-13.0
247	245	887	15.000000	48.0
248	246	894	-15.000000	30.0
249	247	716	-20.000000	30.0

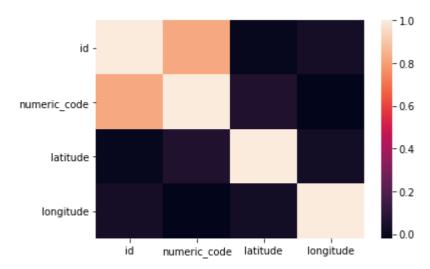
250 rows × 4 columns

In [13]:

```
sb.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[13]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

```
In [14]:
x = df1[['id', 'numeric_code', 'latitude', 'longitude']]
y = df1['id']
In [15]:
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
linear regression
```

```
In [16]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[16]:
LinearRegression()
In [17]:
print(lr.intercept_)
-8.526512829121202e-14
In [18]:
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
Out[18]:
               Co_efficient
             1.000000e+00
             -1.697410e-18
numeric_code
      latitude
              5.826981e-17
```

7.014811e-17 longitude

In [19]:

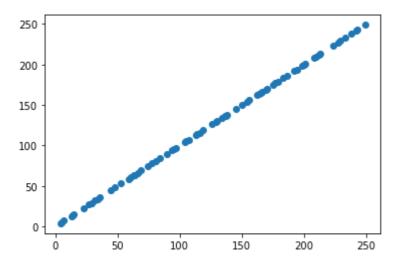
```
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

```
In [20]:
```

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[20]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2041cd79fa0>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [21]:
```

```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[21]:

1.0

In [22]:

```
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[22]:

1.0

In [23]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [24]:

```
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[24]:

```
In [25]:
```

```
l = Lasso(alpha=10)
l.fit(x_train,y_train)
l.score(x_test,y_test)
l.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[25]:

0.9999938299822391

elasticnet

```
In [26]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[26]:

ElasticNet()

In [27]:

```
print(e.coef_)
```

[9.99637967e-01 7.66449580e-05 -0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00]

In [28]:

```
print(e.intercept_)
```

```
In [29]:
predictions = e.predict(x test)
predictions
Out[29]:
array([144.99722406, 129.02715975, 23.01012094, 15.00964482,
       153.99641841, 113.00206436, 193.99404699, 74.00407374,
       48.00766158, 191.9941579 , 63.03718119, 237.95159839,
       199.99348434, 212.99253351, 207.94774354, 136.02661829,
       126.00011715, 163.99709019, 197.9935186 , 69.00488752,
       13.04815485, 129.99943547, 61.00617424, 84.00397908,
       168.97190332, 27.00744648, 232.99203761,
                                                  5.01142567,
        34.00736489, 222.99105924, 182.99527014, 36.00725399,
       14.00970027, 113.99342467, 7.01131476, 211.99258897,
       176.99544956, 137.00717166, 78.00369864, 165.99115427,
       155.99600092, 200.9932756, 242.9911765, 107.00239708,
         4.01148112, 119.00096519, 59.00659172,
                                                45.00767465,
       149.99664022, 169.99576109, 66.00513052, 209.99269987,
       161.99704781, 228.99041995, 133.99921366, 95.00306251,
       104.00256344, 97.00295161, 164.99657487, 178.99579853,
       90.00395294, 53.00723102, 248.96256179, 64.00554801,
       185.99541036, 81.0032257, 226.99083743, 32.00701593,
       241.98954577, 105.00250798, 174.99556047, 116.00143813,
        29.007029 , 137.99837868, 94.00311797])
In [30]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
0.9999999593560465
In [31]:
from sklearn import metrics
```

mean absolute error

```
In [32]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:",metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Absolute Error: 0.009067409456770766
```

mean squared error

```
In [33]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Squared Error: 0.00020071042062233207
```

root mean squared error

```
In [34]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
```

model saving

Root Mean Squared Error 0.014167230520547481

```
In [35]:
import pickle
In [36]:
filename="prediction"
pickle.dump(lr,open(filename,'wb'))
In [37]:
filename="prediction"
model = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
In [38]:
real = [[10,20,30,40],[11,21,31,41]]
res = model.predict(real)
In [39]:
res
Out[39]:
array([10., 11.])
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```

LinearRegression

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

data collection

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sb
```

```
In [3]:
```

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Desktop\23_Vande Bharat.csv")
df
```

Out[3]:

	Sr. No.	Train Name	Train Number	Originating City	Originating Station	Terminal City
0	1	New Delhi - Varanasi Vande Bharat Express	22435/22436	Delhi	New Delhi	Varanasi
1	2	New Delhi - Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra Vande	22439/22440	Delhi	New Delhi	Katra
2	3	Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bha	20901/20902	Mumbai	Mumbai Central	Gandhinagar
3	4	New Delhi - Amb Andaura Vande Bharat Express	22447/22448	Delhi	New Delhi	Andaura
4	5	MGR Chennai Central - Mysuru Vande Bharat Express	20607/20608	Chennai	Chennai Central	Mysuru
5	6	Bilaspur - Nagpur Vande Bharat Express	20825/20826	Bilaspur, Chhattisgarh	Bilaspur Junction	Nagpur
6	7	Howrah - New Jalpaiguri Vande Bharat Express	22301/22302	Kolkata	Howrah Junction	Siliguri
7	8	Visakhapatnam - Secunderabad Vande Bharat Express	20833/20834	Visakhapatnam	Visakhapatnam Junction	Hyderabad
8	9	Mumbai CSMT - Solapur Vande Bharat Express	22225/22226	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Solapur
9	10	Mumbai CSMT - Sainagar Shirdi Vande Bharat Exp	22223/22224	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Shirdi
10	11	Rani Kamalapati (Habibganj) - Hazrat Nizamuddi	20171/20172	Bhopal	Habibganj (Rani Kamalapati)	Delhi
11	12	Secunderabad - Tirupati Vande Bharat Express	20701/20702	Hyderabad	Secunderabad Junction	Tirupati
12	13	MGR Chennai Central - Coimbatore Vande Bharat	20643/20644	Chennai	Chennai Central	Coimbatore
13	14	Delhi Cantonment - Ajmer Vande Bharat Express	20977/20978	Delhi	Delhi Cantonment	Ajmer
14	15	Kasaragod - Thiruvananthapuram Vande Bharat Ex	20633/20634	Kasaragod	Kasaragod	Thiruvananthapuram
15	16	Howrah - Puri Vande Bharat Express	22895/22896	Kolkata	Howrah Junction	Puri

	Sr. No.	Train Name	Train Number	Originating City	Originating Station	Terminal City
16	17	Anand Vihar Terminal - Dehradun Vande Bharat E	22457/22458	Delhi	Anand Vihar Terminal	Dehradun
17	18	New Jalpaiguri - Guwahati Vande Bharat Express	22227/22228	Siliguri	New Jalpaiguri Junction	Guwahati
18	19	Mumbai CSMT - Madgaon Vande Bharat Express	22229/22230	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Madgaon
19	19	Mumbai CSMT - Madgaon Vande Bharat Express	22229/22230	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Madgaon
20	20	Patna - Ranchi Vande Bharat Express	22349/22350	Patna	Patna Junction	Ranchi
21	21	KSR Bengaluru - Dharwad Vande Bharat Express	20661/20662	Bangalore	Bangalore City	Hubbali - Dharwad
22	22	Rani Kamalapati (Habibganj) - Jabalpur Vande B	20173/20174	Bhopal	Habibganj (Rani Kamalapati)	Jabalpur
23	23	Indore - Bhopal Vande Bharat Express	20911/20912	Indore	Indore Junction	Bhopal
24	24	Jodhpur - Sabarmati (Ahmedabad) Vande Bharat E	12461/12462	Jodhpur	Jodhpur Junction	Ahmedabad
fîr	st st	Gorakhpur - Lucknow Charbagh 10 rowsarat Express	22549/22550	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur Junction	Charbagh

In [4]:

df.head(10)

Out[4]:

	Sr. No.	Train Name	Train Number	Originating City	Originating Station	Terminal City	Terminal Station
0	1	New Delhi - Varanasi Vande Bharat Express	22435/22436	Delhi	New Delhi	Varanasi	Varanasi Junction
1	2	New Delhi - Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra Vande	22439/22440	Delhi	New Delhi	Katra	Shri Mata Vaishno Devi Katra
2	3	Mumbai Central - Gandhinagar Capital Vande Bha	20901/20902	Mumbai	Mumbai Central	Gandhinagar	Gandhinagar Capital
3	4	New Delhi - Amb Andaura Vande Bharat Express	22447/22448	Delhi	New Delhi	Andaura	Amb Andaura
4	5	MGR Chennai Central - Mysuru Vande Bharat Express	20607/20608	Chennai	Chennai Central	Mysuru	Mysore Junction
5	6	Bilaspur - Nagpur Vande Bharat Express	20825/20826	Bilaspur, Chhattisgarh	Bilaspur Junction	Nagpur	Nagpur Junction
6	7	Howrah - New Jalpaiguri Vande Bharat Express	22301/22302	Kolkata	Howrah Junction	Siliguri	New Jalpaiguri Junction
7	8	Visakhapatnam - Secunderabad Vande Bharat Express	20833/20834	Visakhapatnam	Visakhapatnam Junction	Hyderabad	Secunderabad Junction
8	9	Mumbai CSMT - Solapur Vande Bharat Express	22225/22226	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Solapur	Solapur
9	10	Mumbai CSMT - Sainagar Shirdi Vande Bharat Exp	22223/22224	Mumbai	Chhatrapati Shivaji Terminus	Shirdi	Sainagar Shirdi
4							>

data cleaning

In [5]:

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 26 entries, 0 to 25
Data columns (total 16 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Sr. No.	26 non-null	int64
1	Train Name	26 non-null	object
2	Train Number	26 non-null	object
3	Originating City	26 non-null	object
4	Originating Station	26 non-null	object
5	Terminal City	26 non-null	object
6	Terminal Station	26 non-null	object
7	Operator	26 non-null	object
8	No. of Cars	26 non-null	int64
9	Frequency	26 non-null	object
10	Distance	26 non-null	object
11	Travel Time	26 non-null	object
12	Speed	26 non-null	object
13	Average Speed	26 non-null	object
14	Inauguration	26 non-null	object
15	Average occupancy	26 non-null	object
		\	

dtypes: int64(2), object(14)

memory usage: 3.4+ KB

In [6]:

df.describe()

Out[6]:

	Sr. No.	No. of Cars
count	26.000000	26.000000
mean	13.230769	12.923077
std	7.306478	3.969112
min	1.000000	8.000000
25%	7.250000	8.000000
50%	13.500000	16.000000
75%	19.000000	16.000000
max	25.000000	16.000000

In [7]:

```
df.columns
```

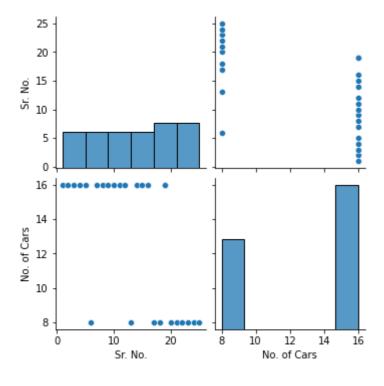
Out[7]:

In [8]:

```
sb.pairplot(df)
```

Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1cc7ede7a90>



In [9]:

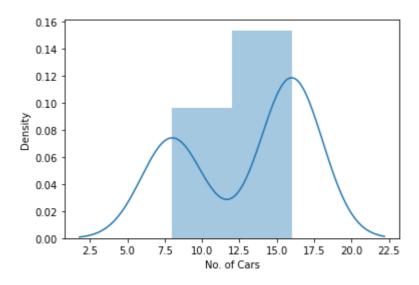
sb.distplot(df["No. of Cars"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='No. of Cars', ylabel='Density'>



In [10]:

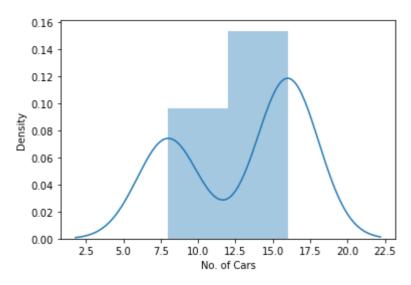
sb.distplot(df["No. of Cars"])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure -level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[10]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='No. of Cars', ylabel='Density'>



In [11]:

```
df1=df[['Sr. No.','No. of Cars']]
df1
```

Out[11]:

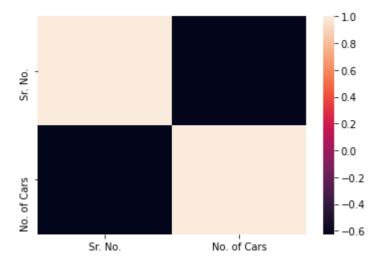
	Sr. No.	No. of Cars
0	1	16
1	2	16
2	3	16
3	4	16
4	5	16
5	6	8
6	7	16
7	8	16
8	9	16
9	10	16

In [12]:

```
sb.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

Out[12]:

<AxesSubplot:>



model building

In [13]:

```
x = df1[['Sr. No.','No. of Cars']]
y = df1['No. of Cars']
```

```
In [14]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

linear regression

```
In [15]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[15]:
LinearRegression()
In [16]:
print(lr.intercept_)
-1.7763568394002505e-15
In [17]:
coef = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co_efficient'])
coef
Out[17]:
            Co_efficient
           1.231353e-16
    Sr. No.
No. of Cars 1.000000e+00
In [18]:
```

1.0

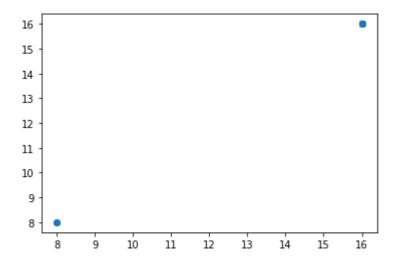
print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))

```
In [19]:
```

```
prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
pp.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[19]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1cc01b165b0>



lasso and ridge regression

```
In [20]:
```

```
lr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[20]:

1.0

In [21]:

```
lr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[21]:

1.0

In [22]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

In [23]:

```
r = Ridge(alpha=10)
r.fit(x_train,y_train)
r.score(x_test,y_test)
r.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[23]:

In [24]:

l = Lasso(alpha=10)

```
1.fit(x_train,y_train)
1.score(x_test,y_test)
1.score(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]:
0.5949084705330767
elasticnet
In [25]:
from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
e = ElasticNet()
e.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[25]:
ElasticNet()
In [26]:
print(e.coef_)
[-0.02240737 0.91395295]
In [27]:
print(e.intercept_)
1.3720624107356176
In [28]:
predictions = e.predict(x_test)
predictions
Out[28]:
array([ 8.30276069, 15.97290221, 15.56956953, 15.72642113, 8.14590909,
       15.95049484, 15.81605061, 15.56956953])
In [29]:
print(e.score(x_test,y_test))
0.9937983114525036
In [30]:
from sklearn import metrics
```

mean absolute error

```
In [31]:
print("Mean Absolute Error:", metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.2304577411441866

mean squared error

```
In [32]:
print("Mean Squared Error:", metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions))
Mean Squared Error: 0.0744202625699561
```

root mean squared error

```
In [33]:
print("Root Mean Squared Error",np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,predictions)))
```

Root Mean Squared Error 0.27280077450395207

model saving

```
In [34]:
import pickle
In [35]:
filename="prediction"
pickle.dump(lr,open(filename,'wb'))

In [36]:
filename="prediction"
model = pickle.load(open(filename,'rb'))

In [40]:
real = [[49,76],[43,65]]
res = model.predict(real)

In [41]:
res
Out[41]:
array([76., 65.])
```

In []:			