

Gait block

[Tripod Gait]

Run the step → Delay 2

Front Left

Rear Left

Middle Right

Run the Step → Delay 1

Front Right

Middle Left

Rear Right

<u>Leg motion constants</u>

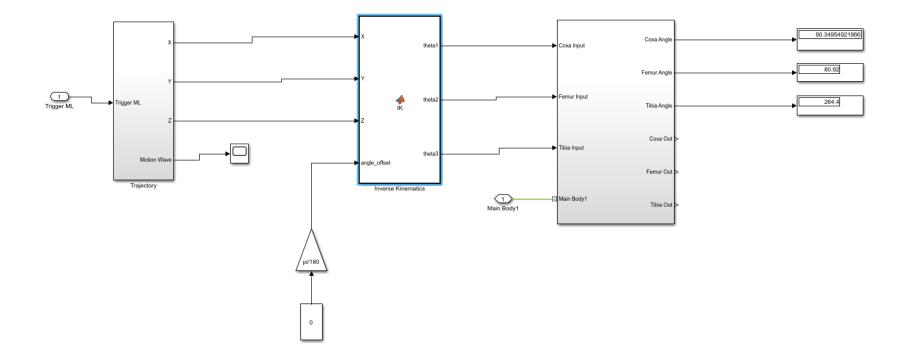
EndEffectorDistanceFromBody = float

StrideSize = float

StrideHeight = float

EndEffectorHeightFromBody = float

Single Leg motion



<u>Trajectory Generation</u> → IK → Write to Joints

Trajectory Generation

Sinusoidal Wave for Y

```
y = -stridesize*sin((pi*u)-1.6);
```

(change +- depending on the limb)

Cosine Wave for Z

```
z =(stride_height*cos((pi*u)-1.6)+EndEffectorHeightFromBody);
```

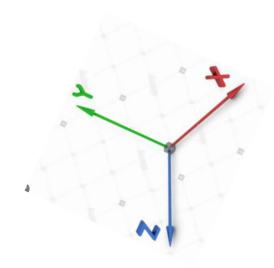
X = EndEffectorDistanceFromBody

Inverse Kinematics

```
function [theta1, theta2, theta3] = IK(X,Y,Z, angle_offset)
a_1 = 28.45; //Coxa Length
a_2 = 76.2; //Femur Length
a_3 = 107.22; //Tibia Length

X = X;
Y = Y - 69.78;

L_1 = sqrt((X^2) + (Y^2)) -a_1;
```



```
L 2 = Z;
L_3 = sqrt((L_1)^2+(L_2)^2);
L_{3} = L_{3^{2}}
alpha_1_nume = a_2^2+L_3^2-a_3^2;
alpha_1_denom = 2*a_2*L_3;
alpha 1 = acos(alpha 1 nume/alpha 1 denom);
alpha_2_nume = a_2^2+a_3^2-L_3^2;
alpha_2_denom = 2*a_2*a_3;
alpha 2 = acos(alpha 2 nume/alpha 2 denom);
alpha 3 = atan2(L 2, ((L 1)));
Theta 1 = atan2(Y, X);
Theta 2 = (pi/2) + (alpha 3) - (alpha 1);
Theta 3 = pi + alpha 2;
theta1 = (angle offset) + Theta 1;
theta2 = Theta \overline{2};
theta3 = Theta 3;
** angle offset is not applicable in the real model. Ignore that.
```

Write the Values to the motors

