EXP 4: Create UDF in PIG

Step-by-step installation of Apache Pig on Hadoop cluster on Ubuntu Pre-requisite:

- · Ubuntu 16.04 or higher version running (I have installed Ubuntu on Oracle VM (Virtual Machine) VirtualBox),
- · Run Hadoop on ubuntu (I have installed Hadoop 3.2.1 on Ubuntu 16.04). You may refer to my blog "How to install Hadoop installation" click <u>here</u> for Hadoop installation).

Pig installation steps

Step 1: Login into Ubuntu

Step 2: Go to https://pig.apache.org/releases.html and copy the path of the latest version of pig that you want to install. Run the following comment to download Apache Pig in Ubuntu:

\$ wget https://dlcdn.apache.org/pig/pig-0.16.0/pig-0.16.0.tar.gz

Step 3: To untar pig-0.16.0.tar.gz file run the following command:

\$ tar xvzf pig-0.16.0.tar.gz

Step 4: To create a pig folder and move pig-0.16.0 to the pig folder, execute the following command:

\$ sudo mv /home/hdoop/pig-0.16.0 /home/hdoop/pig

Step 5: Now open the .bashrc file to edit the path and variables/settings for pig. Run the following command:

\$ sudo nano .bashrc

Add the below given to .bashrc file at the end and save the file.

#PIG settingsexport PIG_HOME=/home/hdoop/pigexport
PATH=\$PATH:\$PIG_HOME/binexport
PIG_CLASSPATH=\$PIG_HOME/conf:\$HADOOP_INSTALL/etc/hadoop/export
PIG_CONF_DIR=\$PIG_HOME/confexport JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-8openjdkamd64export PIG_CLASSPATH=\$PIG_CONF_DIR:\$PATH#PIG setting ends

Step 6: Run the following command to make the changes effective in the .bashrc file:

\$ source .bashrc

Step 7: To start all Hadoop daemons, navigate to the hadoop-3.2.1/sbin folder and run the following commands:

\$./start-dfs.sh\$./start-yarn\$ jps

Step 8: Now you can launch pig by executing the following command: \$

pig

```
hadoop@ubuntu:~S pig
2024-09-20 19:25:18,730 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Trying ExecType : LOCAL
2024-09-20 19:25:18,731 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Trying ExecType : MAPREDUCE
2024-09-20 19:25:18,732 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Picked MAPREDUCE as the ExecType
2024-09-20 19:25:18,945 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Apache Pig version 0.16.0 (r1746530) compiled Jun 01 2016, 23:10:49
2024-09-20 19:25:18,945 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Logging error messages to: /home/hadoop/pig_1726840518929.log
2024-09-20 19:25:19,900 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Logging error messages to: /home/hadoop/.pigbootup not found
2024-09-20 19:25:20,199 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.impl.util.Utils - Default bootup file /home/hadoop/.pigbootup not found
2024-09-20 19:25:20,199 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapred.job.tracker is deprecated. Instead, use
5. defaultFS
2024-09-20 19:25:20,199 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.HExecutionEngine - Connecting to hadoop file syst
2024-09-20 19:25:23,779 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instead, use
5.defaultFS
2024-09-20 19:25:23,779 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instead, use
6.defaultFS
2024-09-20 19:25:23,779 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.PigServer - Pig Script ID for the session: PIG-default-354188b3-96a5-4226-87a0-9
2024-09-20 19:25:24,012 [main] WARN org.apache.pig.PigServer - ATS is disabled since yarn.timeline-service.enabled set to false
grunt> hadoop@ubuntu:-$ cd ex4
```

Step 9: Now you are in pig and can perform your desired tasks on pig. You can come out of the pig by the quit command:

> quit;

CREATE USER DEFINED FUNCTION(UDF)

Aim: To create User Define Function in Apache Pig and execute it on map reduce.

Procedure:

Create a sample text file

hadoop@Ubuntu:~/Documents\$ nano sample.txt

Paste the below content to sample.txt

1,John

2,Jane

3,Joe

4,Emma

hadoop@Ubuntu:~/Documents\$ hadoop fs -put sample.txt /home/hadoop/piginput/

Create PIG File

hadoop@Ubuntu:~/Documents\$ nano demo pig.pig

paste the below the content to demo pig.pig

-- Load the data from HDFS

data = LOAD '/home/hadoop/piginput/sample.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS (id:int>

-- Dump the data to check if it was loaded correctly

DUMP data;

Run the above file

hadoop@Ubuntu:~/Documents\$ pig demo_pig.pig

```
Input(s):
Successfully read 4 records (5378237 bytes) from: "/plginput/sample.txt"

Output(s):
Successfully stored 4 records (5378257 bytes) in: "hdfs://localhost:9000/tmp/temp-1485320930/tmp1044186551"

Counters:
Total records written: 4
Total personal system of the system of the
```

Create udf file an save as uppercase udf.py

Output:

```
hadoop@ubuntu:-/Ex4/udr$ pig -f udf_example.pig
2024-09-20 19:31:11,959 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Trying ExecType : LOCAL
2024-09-20 19:31:11,968 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Picked MAPREDUCE
2024-09-20 19:31:11,968 INFO pig.ExecTypeProvider: Picked MAPREDUCE as the ExecType
2024-09-20 19:31:12,106 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Apache Pig version 0.16.0 (r1746530) compiled Jun 01 2016, 23:10:49
2024-09-20 19:31:12,107 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Logging error messages to: /home/hadoop/Ex4/udf/pig_1726840872075.log
2024-09-20 19:31:13,049 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.impl.util.Utils - Default bootup file /home/hadoop/.pigbootup not found
2024-09-20 19:31:13,049 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapred.job.tracker is deprecated. Instead, use
se mapreduce.jobtracker.address
2024-09-20 19:31:13,049 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instead, use
fs.defaultFS
2024-09-20 19:31:13,049 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.HExecutionEngine - Connecting to hadoop file syst
em at: hdfs://localhost:9000
2024-09-20 19:31:14,183 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instead, use
fs.defaultFS
2024-09-20 19:31:14,204 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.PigServer - Pig Script ID for the session: PIG-udf_example.pig-35f85a5f-e032-45d
```

```
hadoop@ubuntu:~/Ex4/udf$ hdfs dfs -cat /udfs/pig_output_data/part-m-00000
1,JOHN
2,JANE
3,JOE
4,EMMA
```