Can we be moral?

# *How are humans paradoxical?:*

**PROVES WE ARE PARADOXICAL:**

- Examples:
    - Brutus
    - Hamlet
    - Paul Atredies
- Politics
    - Example:
        - Political platforms
            - (ex:Joe Biden was forced to obey democratic ideals)
    - Boxes puts us into paradoxes
    - But, ultimately, Humans can't be put into boxes

**PARADOXES AND TRUTH:**

- **How can we morally advance if our systems of morality(law) are inherently wrong(which we've just proved)?**
    - Even though we know we are paradoxical, we have these systems of logic in our society
    - Morality & Law
        - Are inherently wrong because they are created by paradoxical humans
        - Humans cannot be put into boxes of Good or Evil.
            - So the systems are inherently flawed because we try to do this even though we know we can't put humans in boxes that encompass morality.
    - Is morality Subjective or Objective?
        - Subjective Example:
            - If one person bullies another for a reason, who is right?
                - Gray morality
        - Objective Example:
            - If you do this you are wrong, if you do this you are right.

- Black and white morality.
- If we *are* paradoxical–then how do we do *anything*? Can we *do* morality? Is morality possible? ***Can we be moral?***
- If you want to figure out the best possible outcome, you have to think about both of the extremes.

**THE SYSTEM TO BE MORAL:**

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Justice is binary–what do qubits mean?
Proof by contradiction
How everything can only be good or bad – binary
But there are also superpositions– some good decisions have to be made that have bad outcomes–therefore it isn't binary
SO WE CAN BE MORAL– BUT IT COMES DOWN TO CHOICE–IT IS SUBJECTIVE.
Schrodinger's Cat: the extremes: alive or dead cat: the decision is the result of when you open the box.