### Data Structures and Algorithms

An Assignment Work Submitted for the 3rd Semester of Bachelor of Technology

in

### Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)

by

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### Chapter 1

## Array

1.1 Create a Menu driven program using Array and implement the following options:

#### MENU

- 1. Array Traversal
  - (I) Forward Traversal
  - (II) Backward Traversal
- 2. Searching
- 3. Sorting
- 4. Insertion
- 5. Deletion
- 6. Exit

Source Code:

```
// Function for array traversal
void traversal (int arr[], int arr size) {
    int n;
   printf ("For Array Traversal, there is: \n");
   printf ("1. Forward Traversal\n");
   printf ("2. Backward Traversal\n");
   printf ("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    switch (n) {
        case 1:
           printf ("Forward Traversed Array is: ");
            for (int i = 0; i < arr_size; i++)</pre>
                printf (" %d", arr[i]);
           break;
        case 2:
           printf ("Backward Traversed Array is: ");
            for (int i = arr_size - 1; i >= 0; i--)
               printf (" %d", arr[i]);
           break;
        default:
           printf ("-----");
    }
}
//Function for element searching
void searching (int arr[], int arr_size) {
    int element, flag = 0, i;
    printf ("Enter the element you want to search: ");
    scanf ("%d", &element);
    for (i = 0; i < arr_size; i++) {
        if (arr[i] == element) {
           flag = 1;
            break;
        }
    (flag == 1) ? printf ("Element is present at position: %d", i+1) : printf
  ("Element is NOT FOUND");
}
//Function for element sorting
void sorting (int arr[], int arr_size) {
  // loop to access each arr element
 for (int step = 0; step < arr_size - 1; ++step) {</pre>
```

```
// loop to compare arr elements
    for (int i = 0; i < arr_size - step - 1; ++i) {</pre>
      // compare two adjacent elements
      // change > to < to sort in descending order
      if (arr[i] > arr[i+1]) {
        int temp = arr[i];
        arr[i] = arr[i+1];
        arr[i+1] = temp;
      }
    }
  }
  display (arr, arr_size);
//Function for element insertion
void insertion (int arr[], int arr size) {
    int pos, ins_num;
    Enter the Position:
        printf ("In Which position you want to insert element?\n");
        scanf ("%d", &pos); //taking actual position not array index
    if (pos > arr size || pos < 1) {</pre>
        printf ("Oops! Array position doesn't exists. Please Choose between 1
   to %d\n", arr_size);
        goto Enter the Position;
    }
    printf ("Enter the element: ");
    scanf ("%d", &ins_num);
    for (int i = arr_size-1; i >= pos-1; i--)
        arr[i+1] = arr[i];
    arr[pos-1] = ins num;
    arr_size += 1;
    display (arr, arr_size);
}
//Function for element deletion
void deletion (int arr[], int arr size) {
    int pos;
    Enter_the_Position:
        printf ("In Which position you want to delete element?\n");
        scanf ("%d", &pos); //taking actual position not array index
    if (pos > arr size || pos < 1) {
```

```
printf ("Oops! Array position doesn't exists. Please Choose between 1
  to %d\n", arr_size);
       goto Enter the Position;
    }
   for (int i = pos-1; i < arr_size; i++)</pre>
       arr[i] = arr[i+1];
   arr_size -= 1;
   display (arr, arr size);
}
//Main Function
int main () {
    int n, arr_size, arr[50];
    //No of elements in the array
    printf ("How many elements you want to enter:");
   scanf ("%d", &arr_size);
    //Input elements in the array
   printf ("Enter the elements into the array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < arr size; i++)</pre>
       scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
    display (arr, arr size);
   while (1) {
       printf ("\n----\n");
       printf ("1.Traversal\n");
       printf ("2.Searching\n");
       printf ("3.Sorting\n");
       printf ("4.Element Insertion\n");
       printf ("5.Element Deletion\n");
       printf ("0.Exit\n");
       printf ("\n----\n");
       printf ("Enter the choice: ");
       scanf ("%d", &n);
       if (n == 0)
           break;
       else {
           switch (n) {
               case 1:
                   traversal (arr, arr_size);
                   break;
               case 2:
                   searching (arr, arr_size);
```

```
break;
              case 3:
                 sorting (arr, arr size);
                 break;
              case 4:
                 insertion (arr, arr_size);
                 break;
              case 5:
                 deletion (arr, arr_size);
                 break;
              default:
                 printf ("----");
          }
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
```

#### Program Output:

```
How many elements you want to enter:6
Enter the elements into the array: 2
4
8
9
7
Array is: 2 3 4 8 9 7
-----MENU-----
1.Traversal
2. Searching
3.Sorting
4. Element Insertion
5.Element Deletion
0.Exit
Enter the choice: 1
For Array Traversal, there is:
1. Forward Traversal
2. Backward Traversal
Enter your choice: 2
Backward Traversed Array is: 7 9 8 4 3 2
```

### Chapter 2

## Singly Linked List

2.1 Create a program of Singly Linked List and implement the following options:

#### MENU

- Create a node
- Insert node
  - (I) Insert at first
  - (II) Insert at the end
  - (III) Insert between the nodes
- Delete a Node
- (I) Delete at first
  - (II) Delete at the end
  - (III) Delete between the nodes
- Count Number of Nodes
- Print the Linked List
- Reverse the Linked List
- Exit

#### Source Code:

```
struct linkedList *next;
};
typedef struct linkedList node;
node *head = NULL;
// function prototypes
void create (node *);
void print ();
int count ();
void insBeg ();
void insEnd ();
void insBet ();
void delBeg ();
void delBet ();
void delEnd ();
void reverse ();
// main function
int main () {
    int choice;
   while (1) {
       printf ("\n-----\n");
       printf ("1.Create Node\n");
       printf ("2.Insert Node\n");
       printf ("3.Delete Node\n");
       printf ("4.Show Total Number of Nodes\n");
       printf ("5.Display the Linked List\n");
       printf ("6.Reverse the Linked List\n");
       printf ("0.Exit\n");
       printf ("\n----\n");
       printf ("Enter the choice: ");
       scanf ("%d", &choice);
       if (choice == 0)
           break;
       else {
           switch (choice) {
               case 1:
                   head = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
                   create (head);
                   break;
               case 2:
                   int ch;
                   printf ("1.Insert Node at Beginning\n");
                   printf ("2.Insert Node at Middle\n");
                   printf ("3.Insert Node at End\n");
```

```
printf ("Enter the choice: ");
                   scanf ("%d", &ch);
                   switch (ch) {
                       case 1:
                           insBeg ();
                           break;
                       case 2:
                           insBet ();
                           break;
                       case 3:
                           insEnd ();
                           break;
                       default:
                           printf ("\n-----Invalid
→ Input----\n");
                  }
                  break;
               case 3:
                   int ch2;
                   printf ("1.Delete Node at Beginning\n");
                   printf ("2.Delete Node at Middle\n");
                   printf ("3.Delete Node at End\n");
                   printf ("Enter the choice: ");
                   scanf ("%d", &ch2);
                   switch (ch2) {
                       case 1:
                           delBeg ();
                           break;
                       case 2:
                           delBet ();
                           break;
                       case 3:
                           delEnd ();
                           break;
                       default:
                           printf ("\n-----Invalid
  Input----\n");
                   }
                  break;
               case 4:
                  printf ("\nTotal Number of node is: %d\n", count ());
                  break;
               case 5:
                  print ();
                  break;
               case 6:
                  reverse ();
                   print ();
                   break;
```

```
default:
                  printf ("\n-----\n");
          }
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
// function for create node
void create (node *item) {
   int choice;
   printf ("Enter value for data part in node: ");
   scanf ("%d", &item->data);
   printf ("----\n");
   printf ("1.I want to create another node\n");
   printf ("2.I don't want to create another node\n");
   printf ("Enter the choice: ");
   scanf ("%d", &choice);
   if (choice == 1) {
       item->next = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
       create (item->next);
   }
   else {
       item->next = NULL;
   }
}
// function for display node data
void print () {
   node *item;
   if (head == NULL) {
       printf ("Linked List is Empty.\n");
       exit(1);
   }
   else {
       item = head;
       printf ("\n----\n");
       while (item != NULL) {
          printf ("%d->", item->data);
          item = item->next;
       printf ("\n----\n");
   }
}
//function for count number of Nodes
int count () {
```

```
node *item;
    int cnt = 0;
    if (head != NULL) {
        item = head;
        while (item != NULL) {
            cnt++;
            item = item->next;
        }
    }
    return cnt;
}
// function for insert node at beginning
void insBeg () {
    node *ptr;
    if (head == NULL) {
        head = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
        printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node: ");
        scanf ("%d", &head->data);
        head->next = NULL;
    }
    else {
        ptr = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
        printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node: ");
        scanf ("%d", &ptr->data);
        ptr->next = head;
        head = ptr;
    }
}
// function for insert node at the end
void insEnd () {
    node *ptr, *item;
    if (head == NULL) {
        head = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
        printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node ");
        scanf ("%d", &head->data);
        head->next = NULL;
    }
    else {
        ptr = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
        printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node ");
        scanf ("%d", &ptr->data);
        item = head;
        while (item->next != NULL) {
            item = item->next;
        item->next = ptr;
```

```
ptr->next = NULL;
    }
}
// function for insert node in between of Nodes
void insBet () {
    node *prev, *item, *ptr;
    int nodePosition, totalNode, i;
    if (head == NULL) {
        head = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
        printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node: ");
        scanf ("%d", &head->data);
        head->next = NULL;
    }
    else {
        printf ("\nEnter position you want to insert node: ");
        scanf ("%d", &nodePosition);
        totalNode = count ();
        if (nodePosition > 1 && nodePosition < totalNode) {</pre>
            ptr = (node *) malloc (sizeof(node));
            printf ("\nEnter value for data part in node: ");
            scanf ("%d", &ptr->data);
            item = head;
            i = 1;
            while (i < nodePosition) {</pre>
                prev = item;
                item = item->next;
                i++;
            prev->next = ptr;
            ptr->next = item;
        }
        else
            printf ("\nInvalid Positon or\n Try to insert 2nd to %d Position",
    count());
    }
}
//function for delete node at the beginning
void delBeg () {
    node *item;
    if (head == NULL)
        printf ("\nLinked List is Empty. Nothing to Delete");
    else {
        item = head;
        head = head->next;
```

```
item->next = NULL;
        free (item);
    }
}
//function for delete node at the end
void delEnd () {
    node *item, *prev;
    if (head == NULL)
        printf ("\nLinked List is Empty. Nothing to Delete");
    else {
        item = head;
        while (item->next != NULL) {
            prev = item;
            item = item->next;
        }
        prev->next = NULL;
        free (item);
    }
}
//function for delete node in between of Nodes
void delBet () {
    node *item, *prev;
    int nodePosition, totalNode, i;
    if (head == NULL)
        printf ("\nLinked List is Empty. Nothing to Delete");
    else {
        printf ("\nEnter Node Position.");
        scanf ("%d", &nodePosition);
        totalNode = count ();
        if (nodePosition >= 1 && nodePosition <= totalNode) {</pre>
            item = head;
            i = 1;
            while (i < nodePosition) {</pre>
                prev = item;
                item = item->next;
                i++;
            prev->next = item->next;
            item->next = NULL;
            free (item);
        }
        else {
            printf ("\nInvalid Position");
        }
    }
}
```

```
// function for reverse a linked List
void reverse () {
   node *item, *prev = NULL;
    if (head == NULL)
        printf ("\nLinked List is Empty. Nothing to Delete");
    else {
        item = head;
        while (head != NULL) {
            item = item->next;
            head->next = prev;
            prev = head;
            head = item;
        }
        head = prev;
    }
}
```

 $\underline{\textit{Program Output}}:$ 

→ gcc singly_linked_list.c && ./a.out
1.Create Node 2.Insert Node 3.Delete Node 4.Show Total Number of Nodes 5.Display the Linked List 6.Reverse the Linked List 0.Exit
Enter the choice: 1 Enter value for data part in node: 10MENU  1.I want to create another node 2.I don't want to create another node Enter the choice: 1 Enter value for data part in node: 60MENU  1.I want to create another node 2.I don't want to create another node Enter the choice: 2
1.Create Node 2.Insert Node 3.Delete Node 4.Show Total Number of Nodes 5.Display the Linked List 6.Reverse the Linked List 0.Exit
Enter the choice: 5
10->60->

## Chapter 3

## Doubly Linked List

3.1 Work In Progress :)