pymaceuticals

May 31, 2024

- 0.1 # Pymaceuticals, Inc.
- 0.2 Analyzing the Linear Regression of Capomulin Drug Regimen
- 0.3 ### Data Analysis by Thay Chansy

0.3.1 Summary

The results suggest a strong positive linear relationship between the independent and dependent variables, with a very high p-value indicating a statistically significant association. A lower Standard Error at 1.0249 suggests a relatively tight fit of the regression model.

```
x_value: Weight (g)
```

y_value: Avg Tumor Volume (mm3)

Slope (m): 0.8947726097340611

Y-intercept (b): 22.764229983591935

Standard error of the estimate (SE): 1.0249929158261613

R-squared: 0.9034966277438602

P-value: 0.9999999999993

Linear Equation: y = 0.8947726097340611(X) + 22.764229983591935

```
[1]: # Dependencies and Setup
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import pandas as pd
  from scipy import stats
  from scipy.stats import sem
  from scipy.stats import linregress
  import numpy as np
  from scipy.stats import pearsonr

# Study data files
  mouse_metadata_path = "data/Mouse_metadata.csv"
```

```
study_results_path = "data/Study_results.csv"
     # Read the mouse data and the study results
     mouse_metadata = pd.read_csv(mouse_metadata_path)
     study_results = pd.read_csv(study_results_path)
     # Combine the data into a single DataFrame
     mouse_study_combined_df = pd.merge(study_results, mouse_metadata, on='Mouse ID')
     # Display the data table for preview
     mouse study combined df.head()
                           Tumor Volume (mm3)
[1]:
      Mouse ID Timepoint
                                                Metastatic Sites Drug Regimen
          b128
                                     45.000000
                                                                     Capomulin
                         0
          b128
                         5
                                     45.651331
                                                                     Capomulin
     1
     2
          b128
                                     43.270852
                                                               0
                                                                     Capomulin
                        10
     3
          b128
                        15
                                     43.784893
                                                               0
                                                                    Capomulin
          b128
                        20
                                     42.731552
                                                               0
                                                                     Capomulin
           Sex Age months Weight (g)
     0 Female
                         9
                                    22
     1 Female
                         9
                                    22
     2 Female
                         9
                                    22
     3 Female
                                    22
                         9
     4 Female
                         9
                                    22
[2]: # Checking the number of mice.
     total_mice = mouse_study_combined_df['Mouse ID'].nunique()
     # Display results
     total mice
[2]: 249
[3]: # Our data should be uniquely identified by Mouse ID and Timepoint
     # Get the duplicate mice by ID number that shows up for Mouse ID and Timepoint.
     duplicate mice_id = mouse_study_combined_df.loc[mouse_study_combined_df.

¬duplicated(subset=['Mouse ID', 'Timepoint',]),'Mouse ID'].unique()

     # Display results
     duplicate_mice_id
[3]: array(['g989'], dtype=object)
[4]: # Optional: Get all the data for the duplicate mouse ID.
```

```
# Identify duplicate mouse IDs (considering both 'Mouse ID' and 'Timepoint' for
      \hookrightarrow duplicates)
     duplicate_mice_id_df = mouse_study_combined_df.loc[mouse_study_combined_df.
      oduplicated(subset=['Mouse ID', 'Timepoint']), 'Mouse ID'].unique()
     # Filter the DataFrame to get all data for those IDs
     duplicate_mice_data_df = mouse_study_combined_df[mouse_study_combined_df['Mouse_
      →ID'].isin(duplicate_mice_id_df)]
     # Display results
     duplicate_mice_data_df
         Mouse ID
[4]:
                   Timepoint
                               Tumor Volume (mm3)
                                                    Metastatic Sites Drug Regimen \
     860
             g989
                            0
                                         45.000000
                                                                          Propriva
                            0
     861
             g989
                                         45.000000
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
     862
                            5
             g989
                                         48.786801
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
     863
             g989
                            5
                                         47.570392
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
                           10
     864
             g989
                                         51.745156
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
     865
             g989
                           10
                                         49.880528
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
     866
             g989
                           15
                                         51.325852
                                                                    1
                                                                          Propriva
     867
                                                                    0
                                                                          Propriva
             g989
                           15
                                         53.442020
     868
             g989
                           20
                                         55.326122
                                                                    1
                                                                          Propriva
     869
             g989
                           20
                                         54.657650
                                                                    1
                                                                          Propriva
     870
             g989
                           25
                                         56.045564
                                                                    1
                                                                          Propriva
     871
                           30
                                                                    1
             g989
                                         59.082294
                                                                          Propriva
     872
                                                                    2
             g989
                           35
                                         62.570880
                                                                          Propriva
                  Age_months
                               Weight (g)
         Female
     860
                           21
                                        26
     861 Female
                           21
                                        26
     862 Female
                           21
                                        26
     863 Female
                           21
                                       26
     864 Female
                           21
                                       26
     865 Female
                           21
                                        26
     866 Female
                           21
                                       26
     867 Female
                           21
                                       26
     868 Female
                           21
                                       26
     869 Female
                           21
                                        26
     870 Female
                           21
                                        26
     871 Female
                           21
                                        26
     872 Female
                           21
                                        26
[5]: # Create a clean DataFrame by dropping the duplicate mouse by its ID.
     mouse_study_clean_df = mouse_study_combined_df [mouse_study_combined_df ["Mouse_u
      →ID"].isin(duplicate mice id df)==False]
     # Display results
```

```
mouse_study_clean_df.head()
[5]:
       Mouse ID Timepoint
                            Tumor Volume (mm3)
                                                 Metastatic Sites Drug Regimen \
           b128
                         0
                                      45.000000
                                                                0
                                                                     Capomulin
     1
           b128
                         5
                                      45.651331
                                                                0
                                                                     Capomulin
     2
           b128
                        10
                                      43.270852
                                                                0
                                                                     Capomulin
     3
           b128
                        15
                                      43.784893
                                                                0
                                                                     Capomulin
     4
           b128
                        20
                                      42.731552
                                                                     Capomulin
           Sex Age_months Weight (g)
     0 Female
                         9
                                     22
     1 Female
                         9
                                     22
                                    22
     2 Female
                         9
     3 Female
                         9
                                    22
     4 Female
                         9
                                     22
[6]: # Checking the number of mice in the clean DataFrame.
     total_mice_clean = mouse_study_clean_df['Mouse ID'].nunique()
     # Display results
     total_mice_clean
```

[6]: 248

0.4 Summary Statistics

```
[7]: # Generate a summary statistics table of mean, median, variance, standard
      →deviation, and SEM of the tumor volume for each regimen
     # Use groupby and summary statistical methods to calculate the following
      ⇔properties of each drug regimen:
     # mean, median, variance, standard deviation, and SEM of the tumor volume.
     # Assemble the resulting series into a single summary DataFrame.
     drug_regimen_mean = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')["Tumor Volume_u
      \rightarrow (mm3)"].mean()
     drug_regimen_median = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')["Tumor_

¬Volume (mm3)"].median()
     drug_regimen_variance = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')["Tumor_u

¬Volume (mm3)"].var()
     drug regimen std = mouse study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')["Tumor Volume_
      →(mm3)"].std()
     drug_regimen_sem = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')["Tumor Volume_u
      \hookrightarrow (mm3)"].sem()
     # Assemble the resulting series into a single summary dataframe.
     summary_table_df = pd.DataFrame({
         "Mean Tumor Volume": drug_regimen_mean,
```

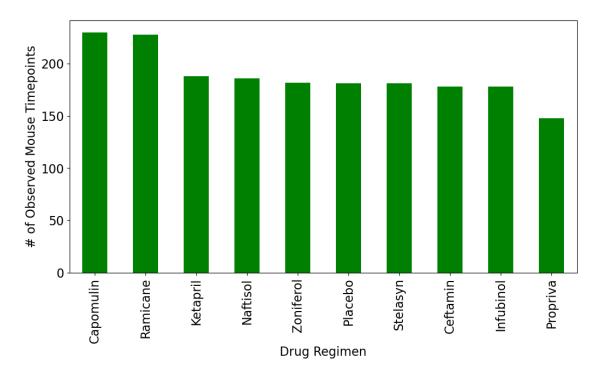
```
"Tumor Volume Variance": drug_regimen_variance,
          "Tumor Volume Std. Dev.": drug_regimen_std,
          "Tumor Volume Std. Err.": drug_regimen_sem})
     # Display Dataframe
     summary_table_df
[7]:
                   Mean Tumor Volume Median Tumor Volume Tumor Volume Variance \
    Drug Regimen
                           40.675741
                                                 41.557809
                                                                         24.947764
     Capomulin
     Ceftamin
                                                                         39.290177
                           52.591172
                                                 51.776157
     Infubinol
                           52.884795
                                                 51.820584
                                                                         43.128684
     Ketapril
                           55.235638
                                                 53.698743
                                                                         68.553577
     Naftisol
                           54.331565
                                                 52.509285
                                                                         66.173479
                                                 52.288934
    Placebo
                           54.033581
                                                                         61.168083
    Propriva
                           52.320930
                                                 50.446266
                                                                         43.852013
                           40.216745
                                                 40.673236
                                                                         23.486704
    Ramicane
    Stelasyn
                           54.233149
                                                 52.431737
                                                                         59.450562
     Zoniferol
                           53.236507
                                                 51.818479
                                                                         48.533355
                   Tumor Volume Std. Dev. Tumor Volume Std. Err.
    Drug Regimen
                                 4.994774
                                                          0.329346
     Capomulin
     Ceftamin
                                 6.268188
                                                          0.469821
     Infubinol
                                 6.567243
                                                          0.492236
                                 8.279709
                                                          0.603860
    Ketapril
    Naftisol
                                 8.134708
                                                          0.596466
                                 7.821003
    Placebo
                                                          0.581331
    Propriva
                                 6.622085
                                                          0.544332
    Ramicane
                                 4.846308
                                                          0.320955
    Stelasyn
                                 7.710419
                                                          0.573111
     Zoniferol
                                 6.966589
                                                          0.516398
[8]: # A more advanced method to generate a summary statistics table of mean,
     ⇔median, variance, standard deviation,
     # and SEM of the tumor volume for each regimen (only one method is required in
      → the solution)
     single_group_by = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Drug Regimen')
     # Using the aggregation method, produce the same summary statistics in a single_
      \hookrightarrow line
     summary_table_single_line = single_group_by['Tumor Volume (mm3)'].
      →agg(['mean','median','var','std','sem'])
     # Display Dataframe
     summary_table_single_line
```

"Median Tumor Volume": drug_regimen_median,

```
[8]:
                                  median
                                                 var
                                                            std
                         mean
                                                                      sem
     Drug Regimen
     Capomulin
                               41.557809
                                           24.947764
                                                       4.994774
                                                                 0.329346
                    40.675741
     Ceftamin
                    52.591172
                               51.776157
                                           39.290177
                                                       6.268188
                                                                 0.469821
     Infubinol
                    52.884795
                               51.820584
                                           43.128684
                                                       6.567243
                                                                 0.492236
     Ketapril
                                                       8.279709
                    55.235638
                               53.698743
                                           68.553577
                                                                 0.603860
     Naftisol
                    54.331565
                               52.509285
                                           66.173479
                                                       8.134708
                                                                 0.596466
     Placebo
                    54.033581
                               52.288934
                                           61.168083
                                                      7.821003
                                                                 0.581331
     Propriva
                    52.320930
                               50.446266
                                           43.852013
                                                       6.622085
                                                                 0.544332
                                           23.486704
     Ramicane
                    40.216745
                               40.673236
                                                       4.846308
                                                                 0.320955
     Stelasyn
                    54.233149
                               52.431737
                                           59.450562
                                                       7.710419
                                                                 0.573111
                    53.236507
                               51.818479
                                           48.533355
                                                       6.966589
     Zoniferol
                                                                 0.516398
```

0.5 Bar and Pie Charts

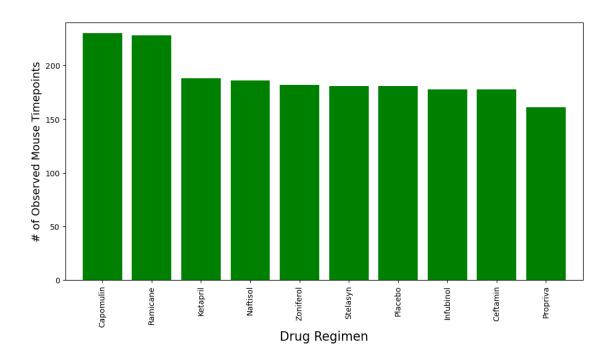
[9]: Text(0, 0.5, '# of Observed Mouse Timepoints')



```
[10]: # Generate a bar plot showing the total number of rows (Mouse ID/Timepoints)
      ⇔for each drug regimen using pyplot.
      # Create an array for timepoints
     timepoints_list =(mouse_study_combined_df.groupby(["Drug_
       →Regimen"])["Timepoint"].count()).sort_values(ascending=False)
     timepoints_list
     # Bar pyplot
     x_axis = np.arange(len(bar_timepoints_drugs))
     fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 6))
     plt.bar(x_axis,timepoints_list, color='green')
     tick_locations = [value for value in x_axis]
     plt.xticks(tick_locations, ['Capomulin', 'Ramicane', 'Ketapril', 'Naftisol', _
      'Placebo', 'Infubinol', 'Ceftamin', 'Propriva'], u
       ⇔rotation='vertical')
     plt.xlim(-0.75, len(x_axis)-0.25)
     plt.ylim(0, max(timepoints_list)+10)
     plt.xlabel("Drug Regimen", fontsize = 16)
     plt.ylabel("# of Observed Mouse Timepoints",fontsize = 14)
      # Display Timepoint List
     timepoints_list
```

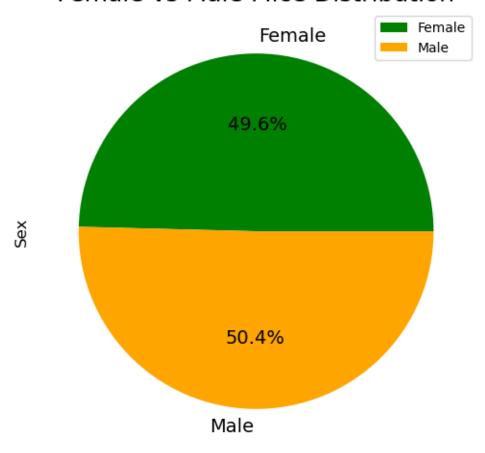
[10]: Drug Regimen

Capomulin 230 Ramicane 228 Ketapril 188 Naftisol 186 Zoniferol 182 Placebo 181 Stelasyn 181 Ceftamin 178 Infubinol 178 Propriva 161 Name: Timepoint, dtype: int64

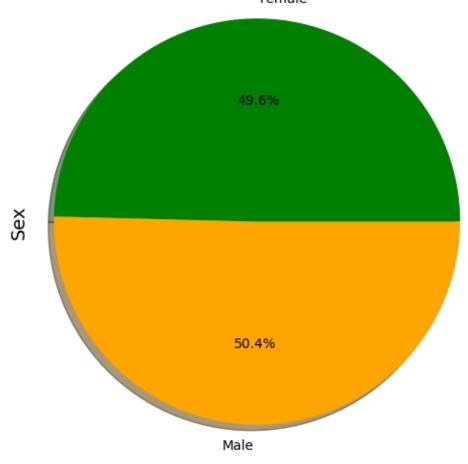


```
[11]: # Generate a pie plot showing the distribution of female versus male mice using
       \rightarrowPandas
      groupedby_gender = mouse_study_clean_df.groupby(["Mouse ID", "Sex"])
      groupedby_gender_df = pd.DataFrame(groupedby_gender.size())
      mice_gender = pd.DataFrame(groupedby_gender_df.groupby(["Sex"]).count())
      mice_gender.columns = ["Total Count"]
      colors = ['green','orange']
      m_f_pie_chart_pandas = mice_gender.plot.pie(y="Total Count",
                                                   title= "Female vs Males Mice_
       ⇔Distribution",
                                                   fontsize= 14,
                                                   figsize=(6,6),autopct="%1.1f%%",
                                                   colors= colors)
      plt.title('Female vs Male Mice Distribution',fontsize = 18)
      plt.ylabel('Sex',fontsize = 12)
      plt.show()
```

Female vs Male Mice Distribution



Female vs Male Mice Distribution



0.6 Quartiles, Outliers and Boxplots

```
# Calculate the final tumor volume of each mouse across four of the treatment

"regimens:

# Capomulin, Ramicane, Infubinol, and Ceftamin

# Start by getting the last (greatest) timepoint for each mouse

last_timepoint_df = pd.DataFrame(mouse_study_clean_df.groupby('Mouse_u').'I'Timepoint'].max().sort_values()).reset_index().

"rename(columns={"Timepoint": "max_Timepoint"})

# Merge this group df with the original DataFrame to get the tumor volume at_u'

"the last timepoint

final_timepoint_df = pd.merge(mouse_study_clean_df, last_timepoint_df,_u')

"on='Mouse ID')
```

```
# Display results
final_timepoint_df
```

```
Γ13]:
                                  Tumor Volume (mm3)
                                                       Metastatic Sites Drug Regimen \
           Mouse ID
                      Timepoint
                b128
                               0
                                            45.000000
                                                                        0
                                                                             Capomulin
      1
                b128
                               5
                                            45.651331
                                                                        0
                                                                             Capomulin
      2
                b128
                              10
                                            43.270852
                                                                        0
                                                                             Capomulin
      3
                b128
                                            43.784893
                                                                             Capomulin
                              15
                                                                        0
      4
                b128
                              20
                                            42.731552
                                                                        0
                                                                             Capomulin
               m601
                              25
                                            33.118756
                                                                             Capomulin
      1875
                                                                        1
      1876
               m601
                              30
                                            31.758275
                                                                             Capomulin
                                                                        1
                                                                             Capomulin
      1877
               m601
                              35
                                            30.834357
                                                                        1
      1878
                m601
                              40
                                            31.378045
                                                                        1
                                                                             Capomulin
      1879
               m601
                              45
                                            28.430964
                                                                        1
                                                                             Capomulin
                Sex Age_months
                                  Weight (g)
                                               max_Timepoint
      0
            Female
                               9
                                           22
                                                           45
            Female
                                           22
      1
                               9
                                                           45
      2
            Female
                               9
                                           22
                                                           45
      3
            Female
                               9
                                           22
                                                           45
            Female
                               9
      4
                                           22
                                                           45
      1875
              Male
                              22
                                           17
                                                           45
      1876
              Male
                              22
                                           17
                                                           45
      1877
                              22
                                                           45
              Male
                                           17
      1878
              Male
                              22
                                           17
                                                           45
      1879
                              22
              Male
                                           17
                                                           45
```

[1880 rows x 9 columns]

```
[14]: # Put treatments into a list for for loop (and later for plot labels)
drug_treatments_list = ["Capomulin", "Ramicane", "Infubinol", "Ceftamin"]

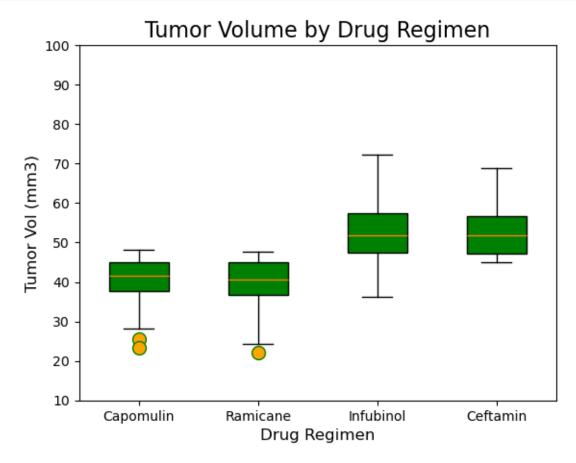
# Create empty list to fill with tumor vol data (for plotting)
tumor_volume_values = []

# Calculate the IQR and quantitatively determine if there are any potential____
__outliers.

for treatment in drug_treatments_list:
    subset = final_timepoint_df[final_timepoint_df['Drug Regimen'] == treatment]
    q1 = subset['Tumor Volume (mm3)'].quantile(0.25)
    q3 = subset['Tumor Volume (mm3)'].quantile(0.75)
    iqr = q3 - q1
    lower_bound = q1 - 1.5 * iqr
    upper_bound = q3 + 1.5 * iqr
```

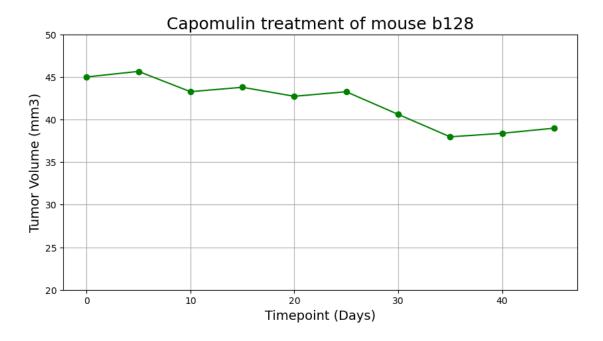
```
outliers = subset[(subset['Tumor Volume (mm3)'] < lower_bound) |__
      # Print the treatment and the number of outliers
      print(f"Treatment: {treatment}")
      print(f"IQR: {iqr}")
      print(f"Number of outliers: {len(outliers)}")
      print(f"Lower Bound: {(lower_bound)}")
      print(f"Upper Bound: {(upper_bound)}")
      print("======="")
      # Add tumor volume values to the list for plotting
      tumor_volume_values.append(subset['Tumor Volume (mm3)'].values)
    Treatment: Capomulin
    IQR: 7.314067135000002
    Number of outliers: 2
    Lower Bound: 26.714832162499995
    Upper Bound: 55.9711007025
    Treatment: Ramicane
    IQR: 8.325365415
    Number of outliers: 1
    Lower Bound: 24.1865864625
    Upper Bound: 57.488048122500004
    Treatment: Infubinol
    IQR: 10.002090667500006
    Number of outliers: 0
    Lower Bound: 32.309217298749985
    Upper Bound: 72.31757996875001
    _____
    Treatment: Ceftamin
    IQR: 9.593010457500007
    Number of outliers: 0
    Lower Bound: 32.81891142624998
    Upper Bound: 71.19095325625001
    _____
[15]: # Generate a box plot that shows the distribution of the tumor volume for each
     → treatment group
     # Show outliers on boxplot for visibility
     outlier_design = dict(marker="o", markerfacecolor="orange", markersize=10, u
```

Create Boxplot



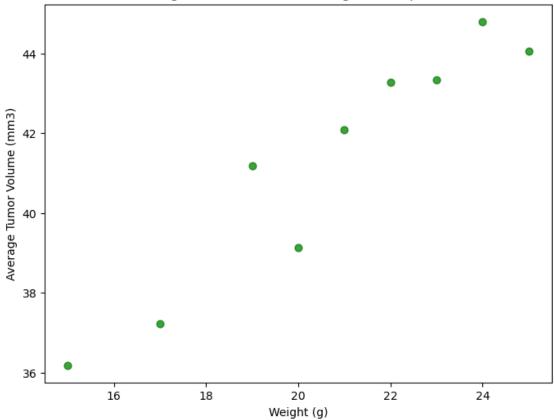
0.7 Line and Scatter Plots

[16]: (20.0, 50.0)



```
# Customize plot
plt.scatter(avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.index, avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.values, s=40,_u
⇔c='green', alpha=0.75)
# Add labels and title
plt.xlabel('Weight (g)')
plt.ylabel('Average Tumor Volume (mm3)')
plt.title('Average Tumor Volume vs. Weight for Capomulin')
# Display the plot
plt.show()
avg_wgt_tum_df = pd.DataFrame(avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap)
# Dispay Dataframe
avg_wgt_tum_df
# Rese the index of the dataframe
new_index_avg_wgt_df = avg_wgt_tum_df.reset_index()
# Display new index dataframe
new_index_avg_wgt_df
```

Average Tumor Volume vs. Weight for Capomulin



[17]:	Weight (g)	Tumor Volume (mm3)
0	15	36.182040
1	17	37.214133
2	19	41.182391
3	20	39.141053
4	21	42.088700
5	22	43.288490
6	23	43.341051
7	24	44.805810
8	25	44.062109

0.8 Correlation and Regression

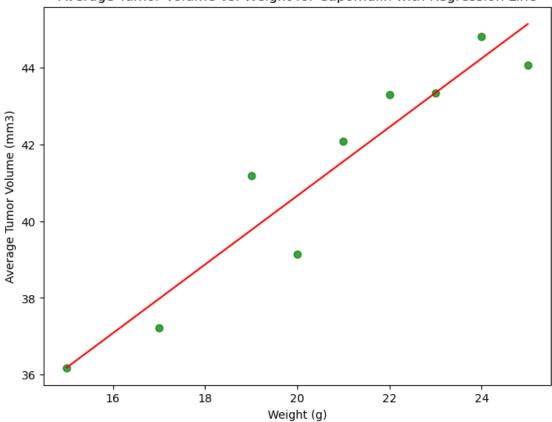
```
[18]: # Calculate the correlation coefficient and a linear regression model
# for mouse weight and average observed tumor volume for the entire Capomulinus
regimen

# Calculate the linear regression line
m, b = np.polyfit(avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.index, avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.values, 1)
```

```
# Create the scatter plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
# Customize plot
plt.scatter(avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.index, avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.values, s=40,_u
 ⇔c='green', alpha=0.75)
plt.plot(avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.index, m * avg_wgt_tum_vol_cap.index + b,_u
 ⇔color='red')
# Add labels and title
plt.xlabel('Weight (g)')
plt.ylabel('Average Tumor Volume (mm3)')
plt.title('Average Tumor Volume vs. Weight for Capomulin with Regression Line')
# Display the plot
plt.show()
# Calculate residuals
residuals = new_index_avg_wgt_df['Tumor Volume (mm3)'] - (m *_
 →new_index_avg_wgt_df['Weight (g)'] + b)
# Calculate standard error of the estimate (SSE)
sse = np.sum(residuals**2)
# Calculate degrees of freedom
df_freedom = len(new_index_avg_wgt_df) - 2 # 2 for slope and intercept
# Calculate mean squared error (MSE)
mse = sse / df_freedom
# Calculate standard error of the estimate (SE)
se = np.sqrt(mse)
# Calculate r-squared
r_squared = 1 - (sse / np.sum((new_index_avg_wgt_df['Tumor Volume (mm3)'] -__
 →new_index_avg_wgt_df['Tumor Volume (mm3)'].mean())**2))
# Calculate p-value
from scipy import stats
t_stat, p_value = stats.ttest_rel(new_index_avg_wgt_df['Tumor Volume (mm3)'],_
# Print results
print(f"Slope (m): {m}")
print(f"Y-intercept (b): {b}")
print(f"Standard error of the estimate (SE): {se}")
```

```
print(f"R-squared: {r_squared}")
print(f"P-value: {p_value}")
print(f"Linear Equation: y = {m}(X) + {b}")
```

Average Tumor Volume vs. Weight for Capomulin with Regression Line



Slope (m): 0.8947726097340611

Y-intercept (b): 22.764229983591935

Standard error of the estimate (SE): 1.0249929158261613

R-squared: 0.9034966277438602 P-value: 0.9999999999993

Linear Equation: y = 0.8947726097340611(X) + 22.764229983591935