

General information

Designation

Juglans regia

Typical uses

Cabinet and carved work; gun stocks; rifle butts; bent work; superior joinery; propeller blades; fittings;

Composition overview

Cellulose/Hemicellulose/Lignin/12%H2O

Compositional summary

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Material family	Natural
Base material	Wood (hardwood)
Renewable content	100 %

Composition detail (polymers and natural materials)

Wood	100	%

Price

Price	* 3.04	-	4.88	USD/lb	
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Physical properties

Density	0.0224	-	0.0275	lb/in^3	
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Mechanical properties

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Young's modulus	* 0.286	-	0.319	10^6 psi
Yield strength (elastic limit)	* 0.278	-	0.339	ksi
Tensile strength	0.464	-	0.566	ksi
Elongation	* 0.48	-	0.59	% strain
Compressive strength	1.54	-	1.88	ksi
Flexural modulus	0.26	-	0.29	10^6 psi
Flexural strength (modulus of rupture)	* 0.464	-	0.566	ksi
Shear modulus	* 0.0296	-	0.0406	10^6 psi
Shear strength	* 3.13	-	3.83	ksi
Rolling shear strength	* 0.116	-	0.348	ksi
Bulk modulus	* 0.145	-	0.162	10^6 psi
Poisson's ratio	* 0.02	-	0.04	
Shape factor	5.7			
Hardness - Vickers	* 5.08	-	6.21	HV
Hardness - Brinell	3.52	-	4.31	ksi
Hardness - Janka	* 1.14e3	-	1.4e3	lbf
Fatigue strength at 10^7 cycles	* 0.139	-	0.17	ksi





Mechanical loss coefficient (tan delta)	* 0.017	-	0.022	
Differential shrinkage (radial)	0.18	-	0.23	%
Differential shrinkage (tangential)	0.25	-	0.3	%
Radial shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	4.9	-	5.9	%
Tangential shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	6.8	-	8.3	%
Volumetric shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	12.3	-	15.1	%
Work to maximum strength	* 0.0387	-	0.0471	ft.lbf/in^3

Impact & fracture properties

Fracture toughness	* 0.47	- 0.573	ksi.in^0.5

Thermal properties

Glass temperature	171	-	216	°F
Maximum service temperature	248	-	284	°F
Minimum service temperature	* -99.4	-	-9.4	°F
Thermal conductivity	0.0693	-	0.0809	BTU.ft/hr.ft^2.°F
Specific heat capacity	0.396	-	0.408	BTU/lb.°F
Thermal expansion coefficient	* 17.3	-	23.2	μstrain/°F

Electrical properties

Electrical resistivity	* 2.1e14	-	7e14	µohm.cm
Dielectric constant (relative permittivity)	* 3.85	-	4.71	
Dissipation factor (dielectric loss tangent)	* 0.053	-	0.065	
Dielectric strength (dielectric breakdown)	* 25.4	-	50.8	V/mil

Magnetic properties

Magnetic type	Non-magnetic
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Optical properties

Transparency	Opaque
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Durability

Water (fresh)	Limited use
Water (salt)	Limited use
Weak acids	Limited use
Strong acids	Unacceptable
Weak alkalis	Acceptable
Strong alkalis	Unacceptable
Organic solvents	Acceptable
Oxidation at 500C	Unacceptable
UV radiation (sunlight)	Good

Flammability



Reference Shape

		Highly flammable				
Primary production energy, CO2 and water						
Embodied energy, primary production		4.99e3	-	5.5e3	BTU/lb	
Sources 0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond ar MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 26 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2)	nd Jon	es, 2008);	11.6	MJ/kg (Hubb	pard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7	
CO2 footprint, primary production		0.574	-	0.633	lb/lb	
Sources 0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Ham	mond	and Jones	, 200	8); 0.909 kg	/kg (Hubbard and Bowe,	
Water usage	*	1.84e4	-	2.03e4	in^3/lb	
Processing energy, CO2 footprint & water						
Coarse machining energy (per unit wt removed)	*	274	-	303	BTU/lb	
Coarse machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	*	0.0478	-	0.0528	lb/lb	
Fine machining energy (per unit wt removed)	*	903	-	998	BTU/lb	
Fine machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	*	0.157	-	0.174	lb/lb	
Grinding energy (per unit wt removed)	*	1.6e3	-	1.77e3	BTU/lb	
Grinding CO2 (per unit wt removed)	*	0.279	-	0.309	lb/lb	
Recycling and end of life						
Recycle		×				
Recycle fraction in current supply		8.55	-	9.45	%	
Downcycle		✓				
Combust for energy recovery		✓				
Heat of combustion (net)	*	8.49e3	-	9.16e3	BTU/lb	
Combustion CO2	*	1.69	-	1.78	lb/lb	
_andfill		✓				
Biodegrade		✓				