

General information

Designation

Dalbergia latifolia

Typical uses

Veneer; decorative plywood; speciality items: cutlery handles; brush backs; billiard cue butts; fancy turnery articles, woodwind instruments, boatbuilding, agricultural implements.

Composition overview

Compositional summary

Cellulose/Hemicellulose/Lignin/12%H₂O

Material family	Natural		
Base material	Wood (tropical)		
Renewable content	100		%

Composition detail (polymers and natural materials)

Wood	100		%
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Price

Price	* 6.7	-	10.8	USD/kg
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Physical properties

Density	840	-	1.02e3	kg/m ³
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Mechanical properties

Young's modulus	* 12.1	-	14.8	GPa
Yield strength (elastic limit)	* 62.3	-	76.1	MPa
Tensile strength	* 97.6	-	119	MPa
Elongation	* 2.18	-	2.66	% strain
Compressive strength	57.2	-	69.9	MPa
Flexural modulus	11	-	13.5	GPa
Flexural strength (modulus of rupture)	105	-	128	MPa
Shear modulus	* 0.9	-	1.1	GPa
Shear strength	13	-	15.9	MPa
Bulk modulus	* 2.39	-	2.68	GPa
Poisson's ratio	* 0.35	-	0.4	
Shape factor	5			
Hardness - Vickers	* 12.6	-	15.4	HV
Hardness - Brinell	* 72.5	-	88.7	MPa
Hardness - Janka	* 12.6	-	15.4	kN
Fatigue strength at 10 ⁷ cycles	* 31.5	-	38.5	MPa

Mechanical loss coefficient (tan delta)	* 0.0068	-	0.0083	
Differential shrinkage (radial)	0.15	-	0.18	%
Differential shrinkage (tangential)	0.23	-	0.26	%
Radial shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	2.4	-	3	%
Tangential shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	5.2	-	6.4	%
Volumetric shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	* 11	-	18	%
Work to maximum strength	81.3	-	99.4	kJ/m ³

Impact & fracture properties

Fracture toughness	* 8.8	-	10.7	MPa.m ^{0.5}
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Thermal properties

Glass temperature	77	-	102	°C
Maximum service temperature	120	-	140	°C
Minimum service temperature	* -73	-	-23	°C
Thermal conductivity	* 0.4	-	0.49	W/m.°C
Specific heat capacity	1.66e3	-	1.71e3	J/kg.°C
Thermal expansion coefficient	* 2	-	11	µstrain/°C

Electrical properties

Electrical resistivity	* 6e13	-	2e14	µohm.cm
Dielectric constant (relative permittivity)	* 9.05	-	11.1	
Dissipation factor (dielectric loss tangent)	* 0.11	-	0.134	
Dielectric strength (dielectric breakdown)	* 0.4	-	0.6	MV/m

Magnetic properties

Magnetic type	Non-magnetic
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Optical properties

Transparency	Opaque
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Durability

Water (fresh)	Limited use
Water (salt)	Limited use
Weak acids	Limited use
Strong acids	Unacceptable
Weak alkalis	Acceptable
Strong alkalis	Unacceptable
Organic solvents	Acceptable
Oxidation at 500C	Unacceptable
UV radiation (sunlight)	Good
Flammability	

Highly flammable

Primary production energy, CO2 and water

Embodied energy, primary production	* 11.6	-	12.8	MJ/kg
CO2 footprint, primary production	* 0.574	-	0.633	kg/kg
Water usage	* 665	-	735	l/kg

Processing energy, CO2 footprint & water

Coarse machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 1.12	-	1.24	MJ/kg
Coarse machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.0843	-	0.0932	kg/kg
Fine machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 6.96	-	7.7	MJ/kg
Fine machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.522	-	0.577	kg/kg
Grinding energy (per unit wt removed)	* 13.5	-	14.9	MJ/kg
Grinding CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 1.01	-	1.12	kg/kg

Recycling and end of life

Recycle	✗			
Recycle fraction in current supply	8.55	-	9.45	%
Downcycle	✓			
Combust for energy recovery	✓			
Heat of combustion (net)	* 19.8	-	21.3	MJ/kg
Combustion CO2	* 1.69	-	1.78	kg/kg
Landfill	✓			
Biodegrade	✓			

Notes

Warning

All woods have properties which show variation; they depend principally on growth conditions and moisture content.

Links

ProcessUniverse

Reference

Shape