

#### **General information**

#### Designation

Juglans regia

#### Typical uses

Cabinet and carved work; gun stocks; rifle butts; bent work; superior joinery; propeller blades; fittings;

### **Composition overview**

Cellulose/Hemicellulose/Lignin/12%H2O

#### **Compositional summary**

Material family	Natural
Base material	Wood (hardwood)
Renewable content	100 %

# **Composition detail (polymers and natural materials)**

Wood	100	%

#### **Price**

Price	* 3.04	- 4	4.88	USD/lb
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## **Physical properties**

Density	0.0224	-	0.0275	lb/in^3	
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#### **Mechanical properties**

wechanical properties				
Young's modulus	* 1.71	-	2.09	10^6 psi
Yield strength (elastic limit)	* 8.05	-	9.83	ksi
Tensile strength	14.4	-	17.5	ksi
Elongation	* 2.27	-	2.77	% strain
Compressive strength	8.88	-	10.8	ksi
Flexural modulus	1.55	-	1.9	10^6 psi
Flexural strength (modulus of rupture)	18.5	-	22.7	ksi
Shear modulus	* 0.126	-	0.155	10^6 psi
Shear strength	1.04	-	1.28	ksi
Bulk modulus	* 0.145	-	0.162	10^6 psi
Poisson's ratio	* 0.35	-	0.4	
Shape factor	5.1			
Hardness - Vickers	* 6.44	-	7.88	HV
Hardness - Brinell	7.83	-	9.57	ksi
Hardness - Janka	* 1.45e3	-	1.77e3	lbf
Fatigue strength at 10^7 cycles	* 5.55	-	6.8	ksi
Mechanical loss coefficient (tan delta)	* 0.0069	-	0.0084	



# Walnut (juglans regia) (I)

Differential shrinkage (radial)		0.18	-	0.23	%	
Differential shrinkage (tangential)		0.25	-	0.3	%	
Radial shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		4.9	-	5.9	%	
Tangential shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		6.8	-	8.3	%	
Volumetric shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		12.3	-	15.1	%	
Work to maximum strength		0.381	-	0.465	ft.lbf/in^3	
Impact & fracture properties						
Fracture toughness	*	5.1	-	6.28	ksi.in^0.5	
Thermal properties						
Glass temperature		171	-	216	°F	
Maximum service temperature		248	-	284	°F	
Minimum service temperature	*	-99.4	-	-9.4	°F	
Thermal conductivity	*	0.173	-	0.214	BTU.ft/hr.ft^2.°F	
Specific heat capacity		0.396	-	0.408	BTU/lb.°F	
Thermal expansion coefficient	*	1.11	-	6.11	μstrain/°F	
Electrical properties						
Electrical properties Electrical resistivity	*	6e13	_	2e14	μohm.cm	
Dielectric constant (relative permittivity)		6.81	_	8.32	ропп.сп	
Dissipation factor (dielectric loss tangent)		0.01		0.097		
Dielectric strength (dielectric breakdown)		10.2		15.2	V/mil	
Diolocino chongui (diolocino bioditae mi)		10.2		10.2	V/IIII	
Magnetic properties						
Magnetic type		Non-magnetic				
Optical properties						
Transparency		Opaque				
Bio-data						
Food contact		Yes				
Restricted substances risk indicators						
RoHS (EU) compliant grades?		✓				
Durability						
Water (fresh)		Limited (	use			
Water (salt)		Limited				
Weak acids		Limited				
Strong acids		Unaccep		)		
Weak alkalis		Acceptable				
		Acceptable				



Strong alkalis	Unacceptable
Organic solvents	Acceptable
Oxidation at 500C	Unacceptable
UV radiation (sunlight)	Good
Flammability	Highly flammable

#### Primary production energy, CO2 and water

Embodied energy, primary production  Sources  0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 11.6 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 26 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2)  CO2 footprint, primary production  Sources  0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 0.909 kg/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, NOx creation  0.00257 - 0.00284 lb/lb  SOx creation  4.99e3 - 5.5e3 BTU/lb					
0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 11.6 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 26 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 27 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 29 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 29 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 29 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 29 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 29 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 29 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 28 MJ/kg (Ec	Embodied energy, primary production	4.99e3	-	5.5e3	BTU/lb
Sources       0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 0.909 kg/kg (Hubbard and Bowe,         NOx creation       0.00257 - 0.00284 lb/lb         SOx creation       0.00656 - 0.00725 lb/lb	0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond and	Jones, 2008); 1	1.6 N	lJ/kg (Hubbar	d and Bowe, 2010); 23.7
0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 0.909 kg/kg (Hubbard and Bowe,         NOx creation       0.00257 - 0.00284 lb/lb         SOx creation       0.00656 - 0.00725 lb/lb	CO2 footprint, primary production	0.574	-	0.633	lb/lb
SOx creation 0.00656 - 0.00725 lb/lb		nd and Jones,	2008)	; 0.909 kg/kg	(Hubbard and Bowe,
	NOx creation	0.00257	-	0.00284	lb/lb
Water usage * 1.94e4 2.03e4 in \( \) in \( \) in \( \)	SOx creation	0.00656	-	0.00725	lb/lb
Water usage 1.04e4 - 2.05e4 III 5/Ib	Water usage	* 1.84e4	-	2.03e4	in^3/lb

## Processing energy, CO2 footprint & water

Coarse machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 607	-	671	BTU/lb
Coarse machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.106	-	0.117	lb/lb
Fine machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 4.23e3	-	4.68e3	BTU/lb
Fine machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.738	-	0.816	lb/lb
Grinding energy (per unit wt removed)	* 8.26e3	-	9.12e3	BTU/lb
Grinding CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 1.44	-	1.59	lb/lb

### Recycling and end of life

<b>×</b> 8.55 -	9.45	
8.55 -	0.45	
	9.40	%
✓		
✓		
* 8.49e3 -	9.16e3	BTU/lb
* 1.69 -	1.78	lb/lb
✓		
./		
	√ √	

# **Eco-indicators for principal component**

Eco-indicator 95	2.99		millipoints/lb
EPS value	62.7	- 69.3	

#### **Notes**

#### Warning

All woods have properties which show variation; they depend principally on growth conditions and moisture content.

# Walnut (juglans regia) (I)



Links	
ProcessUniverse	
Reference	
Shape	



#### **General information**

#### Designation

Juglans nigra

#### Typical uses

Lumber for boxes; pallets; crates; baskets & furniture; veneer; pulpwood; sleepers; slack

### **Composition overview**

Cellulose/Hemicellulose/Lignin/12%H2O

#### **Compositional summary**

Material family	Natural	
Base material	Wood (hardwood)	
Renewable content	100	%

# **Composition detail (polymers and natural materials)**

Wood	100	%

#### **Price**

Price	* 3.04	-	4.88	USD/lb	
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# **Physical properties**

Density	0.0199	-	0.0246	lb/in^3	
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### **Mechanical properties**

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Young's modulus	* 1.67	-	2.03	10^6 psi
Yield strength (elastic limit)	* 6.67	-	8.15	ksi
Tensile strength	* 12.2	-	14.9	ksi
Elongation	* 1.99	-	2.43	% strain
Compressive strength	6.82	-	8.34	ksi
Flexural modulus	1.51	-	1.84	10^6 psi
Flexural strength (modulus of rupture)	13.1	-	16.1	ksi
Shear modulus	* 0.123	-	0.151	10^6 psi
Shear strength	1.23	-	1.51	ksi
Bulk modulus	* 0.104	-	0.117	10^6 psi
Poisson's ratio	* 0.35	-	0.4	
Shape factor	5.2			
Hardness - Vickers	* 4.99	-	6.1	HV
Hardness - Brinell	* 7.14	-	8.72	ksi
Hardness - Janka	* 1.12e3	-	1.37e3	lbf
Fatigue strength at 10^7 cycles	* 3.95	-	4.82	ksi
Mechanical loss coefficient (tan delta)	* 0.007	-	0.0086	



BEDOFIACK					
Differential shrinkage (radial)		0.19	-	0.22	%
Differential shrinkage (tangential)		0.28	-	0.33	%
Radial shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		5	-	6.1	%
Tangential shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		7	-	8.6	%
Volumetric shrinkage (green to oven-dry)		11.5	-	14.1	%
Work to maximum strength		0.803	-	0.981	ft.lbf/in^3
Impact & fracture properties					
Fracture toughness		* 4.28	-	5.28	ksi.in^0.5
The amount is a					
Thermal properties		171		216	°F
Glass temperature			-		
Maximum service temperature		248	-	284	°F
Minimum service temperature		* -99.4	-	-9.4	°F
Thermal conductivity		* 0.156	-	0.191	BTU.ft/hr.ft^2.°F
Specific heat capacity		0.396	-	0.408	BTU/lb.°F
Thermal expansion coefficient		* 1.11	-	6.11	µstrain/°F
Electrical properties					
Electrical resistivity		1.1e14	-	1.34e14	µohm.cm
Dielectric constant (relative permittivity)		* 6.14	-	7.5	
Dissipation factor (dielectric loss tangent)		* 0.071	-	0.086	
Dielectric strength (dielectric breakdown)		* 10.2	-	15.2	V/mil
Magnetic properties					
Magnetic type	Non-magnetic				
Optical properties		•			
Transparency		Opaque			
Bio-data					
Food contact		Yes			
Restricted substances risk indicators					
RoHS (EU) compliant grades?		✓			
Durability		11. 14. 1			
Water (fresh)		Limited u			
Water (salt)		Limited u			
Weak acids		Limited u			
Strong acids		Unaccept		)	
Weak alkalis		Acceptable			



Strong alkalis	Unacceptable
Organic solvents	Acceptable
Oxidation at 500C	Unacceptable
UV radiation (sunlight)	Good
Flammability	Highly flammable

### Primary production energy, CO2 and water

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Embodied energy, primary production	4.99e3	-	5.5e3	BTU/lb
Sources 0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond and MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 26 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2)	Jones, 2008); 1	1.6 N	lJ/kg (Hubbar	d and Bowe, 2010); 23.7
CO2 footprint, primary production	0.574	-	0.633	lb/lb
Sources 0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Hammo	and Jones,	2008)	; 0.909 kg/kg	(Hubbard and Bowe,
NOx creation	0.00257	-	0.00284	lb/lb
SOx creation	0.00656	-	0.00725	lb/lb
Water usage	* 1.84e4	-	2.03e4	in^3/lb

### Processing energy, CO2 footprint & water

Coarse machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 551	-	609	BTU/lb
Coarse machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.0962	-	0.106	lb/lb
Fine machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 3.68e3	-	4.06e3	BTU/lb
Fine machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.641	-	0.709	lb/lb
Grinding energy (per unit wt removed)	* 7.15e3	-	7.9e3	BTU/lb
Grinding CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 1.25	-	1.38	lb/lb

### Recycling and end of life

Recycle	×
Recycle fraction in current supply	8.55 - 9.45 %
Downcycle	✓
Combust for energy recovery	✓
Heat of combustion (net)	* 8.49e3 - 9.16e3 BTU/lb
Combustion CO2	* 1.69 - 1.78 lb/lb
Landfill	✓
Biodegrade	✓

# **Eco-indicators for principal component**

Eco-indicator 95	2.99		millipoints/lb
EPS value	62.7	- 69.3	

#### **Notes**

#### Warning

All woods have properties which show variation; they depend principally on growth conditions and moisture content.

# Walnut (juglans nigra) (l)



Links	
ProcessUniverse	
Reference	
Shape	