

## **General information**

### Designation

Betula alleghaniensis (L)

### Typical uses

Furniture; boxes; baskets; crates; woodenware; cooperage; interior finish; doors. As veneer in plywood: flush doors; furniture; paneling; radio & television cabinets; aircraft.

# **Composition overview**

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Base material Wood (hardwood)						
content 100 %						
	0/					
	%					
- 1.34	USD/kg					
- 1.02e3	USD/m^3					
	- 1.34					

# **Physical properties**

Density 620	-	760	kg/m^3
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# **Mechanical properties**

Young's modulus	* 13.7	-	16.8	GPa
Yield strength (elastic limit)	* 50.7	-	61.9	MPa
Tensile strength	* 95.8	-	117	MPa
Elongation	* 1.88	-	2.3	% strain
Compressive strength	50.7	-	62	MPa
Flexural modulus	12.5	-	15.2	GPa
Flexural strength (modulus of rupture)	103	-	126	MPa
Shear modulus	* 1.01	-	1.24	GPa
Shear strength	11.7	-	14.3	MPa
Bulk modulus	* 1.03	-	1.15	GPa
Poisson's ratio	* 0.35	-	0.4	
Shape factor	5.3			
Hardness - Vickers	* 6.54	-	7.99	HV
Hardness - Brinell	* 54.6	-	66.7	НВ
Hardness - Janka	* 6.54	-	7.99	kN



# Birch (betula alleghaniensis) (I)

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Fatigue strength at 10^7 cycles	* 30.9 - 37.8 MPa					
Mechanical loss coefficient (tan delta)	* 0.0064 - 0.0078					
Differential shrinkage (radial)	0.18 - 0.24 %					
Differential shrinkage (tangential)	0.26 - 0.31 %					
Radial shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	6.6 - 8 %					
Tangential shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	8.6 - 10.5 %					
Volumetric shrinkage (green to oven-dry)	15.1 - 18.5 %					
Work to maximum strength	129 - 158 kJ/m^3					
Impact & fracture properties						
Fracture toughness	* 5.7 - 6.9 MPa.m^0.5					
Thermal properties						
Glass temperature	77 - 102 ℃					
Maximum service temperature	120 - 140 ℃					
Minimum service temperature	* -7323 °C					
Thermal conductivity	* 0.3 - 0.37 W/m.°C					
Specific heat capacity	1.66e3 - 1.71e3 J/kg.℃					
Thermal expansion coefficient	* 2 - 11 µstrain/℃					
Electrical properties						
Electrical resistivity	3.05e14 - 3.73e14 µohm.cm					
Dielectric constant (relative permittivity)	* 6.85 - 8.37					
Dissipation factor (dielectric loss tangent)	* 0.08 - 0.098					
Dielectric strength (dielectric breakdown)	* 0.4 - 0.6 MV/m					
Magnetic properties						
Magnetic type	Non-magnetic					
Optical properties						
	Opaque					
Critical materials risk						
	No					
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	Limited use					
•	Limited use					
	Limited use					
Strong acids	Unacceptable					
	Acceptable					
Strong alkalis	Unacceptable					
Magnetic properties Magnetic type  Optical properties Transparency  Critical materials risk Contains >5wt% critical elements?  Durability Water (fresh) Water (salt) Weak acids Strong acids Weak alkalis Strong alkalis	Opaque  No  Limited use Limited use Limited use Unacceptable Acceptable					



# Birch (betula alleghaniensis) (I)

Organic solvents	Acceptable
Oxidation at 500C	Unacceptable
UV radiation (sunlight)	Good
Flammability	Highly flammable

# Primary production energy, CO2 and water

Embodied energy, primary production	11.6	-	12.8	MJ/kg	
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Sources

0.5 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 2 MJ/kg (Ximenes, 2006); 9.1 MJ/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 11.6 MJ/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010); 23.7 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 26 MJ/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2)

CO2 footprint, primary production	0.574	-	0.633	kg/kg	
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Sources

0.229 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.412 kg/kg (Ecoinvent v2.2); 0.862 kg/kg (Hammond and Jones, 2008); 0.909 kg/kg (Hubbard and Bowe, 2010)

# Processing energy, CO2 footprint & water

Coarse machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 1.25	-	1.38	MJ/kg
Coarse machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.0938	-	0.104	kg/kg
Fine machining energy (per unit wt removed)	* 8.23	-	9.1	MJ/kg
Fine machining CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 0.618	-	0.683	kg/kg
Grinding energy (per unit wt removed)	* 16	-	17.7	MJ/kg
Grinding CO2 (per unit wt removed)	* 1.2	-	1.33	kg/kg

# Recycling and end of life

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8.55	-	9.45	%
✓			
✓			
* 19.8	-	21.3	MJ/kg
* 1.69	-	1.78	kg/kg
✓			
✓			
	8.55 <b>v</b> * 19.8  * 1.69	8.55 -    * 19.8 -   * 1.69 -    * 1.69 -	8.55 - 9.45    * 19.8 - 21.3  * 1.69 - 1.78

#### **Notes**

#### Warning

All woods have properties which show variation; they depend principally on growth conditions and moisture

#### Links

ProcessUniverse	
Reference	
Shape	

