

## Description

### Image



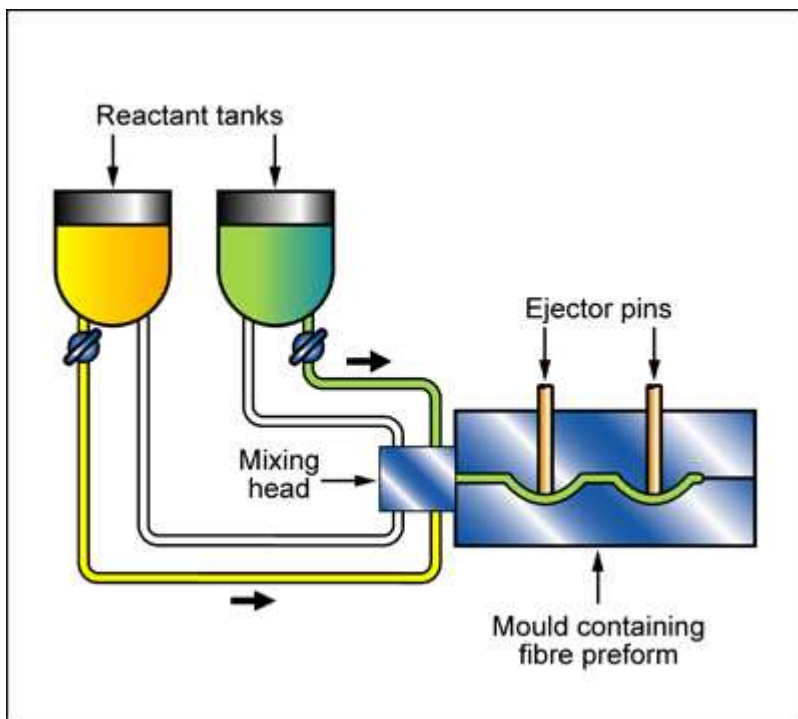
### Image caption

(1) Steering wheel © StockSnap at Pixabay [Public domain] (2) 'Little Heavy' polyurethane foam chair, designed by Rod Arad in 1991. Made by Moroso of Italy. On display at the Walker Art Gallery, Liverpool, England © Reptonix at Wikimedia Commons (CC BY 3.0)

## The process

REACTION INJECTION MOLDING (RIM) is a low pressure (0.35 - 0.7 MPa) process used for the in-situ polymerization of parts. It uses preheated low-viscosity chemicals (e.g. polyol + isocyanate for PUR). These are fed under pressure to the mixing head, from which they are injected into the mold where polymerization occurs. The process is generally used for large parts that can have complex shapes. It is most commonly used with thermosetting polyurethane (PUR) but other polymers are also used (e.g. nylon 6, epoxy resins, etc). The process can be adapted to produce fiber-reinforced composites (reinforced RIM - RRIM) and structural foam products (by incorporating a blowing agent). Structural foam parts produced by this technique have a dense skin and a foamed core due to cooling at the mold wall.

## Process schematic



**Figure caption**

Reaction injection molding.

#### Tradenames

RIM, RRIM,

#### Material compatibility

Polymers - thermosets

✓

#### Shape

Circular prismatic

✓

Non-circular prismatic

✓

Solid 3-D

✓

Hollow 3-D

✓

#### Economic compatibility

Relative tooling cost

medium

Relative equipment cost

high

Labor intensity

medium

Economic batch size (units)

100 - 1e4

#### Physical and quality attributes

Mass range

1.1 - 55.1 lb

Range of section thickness

78.7 - 984 mil

Tolerance

3.94 - 39.4 mil

Roughness

0.00787 - 0.063 mil

Surface roughness (A=v. smooth)

A

## Process characteristics

Primary shaping processes

✓

Discrete

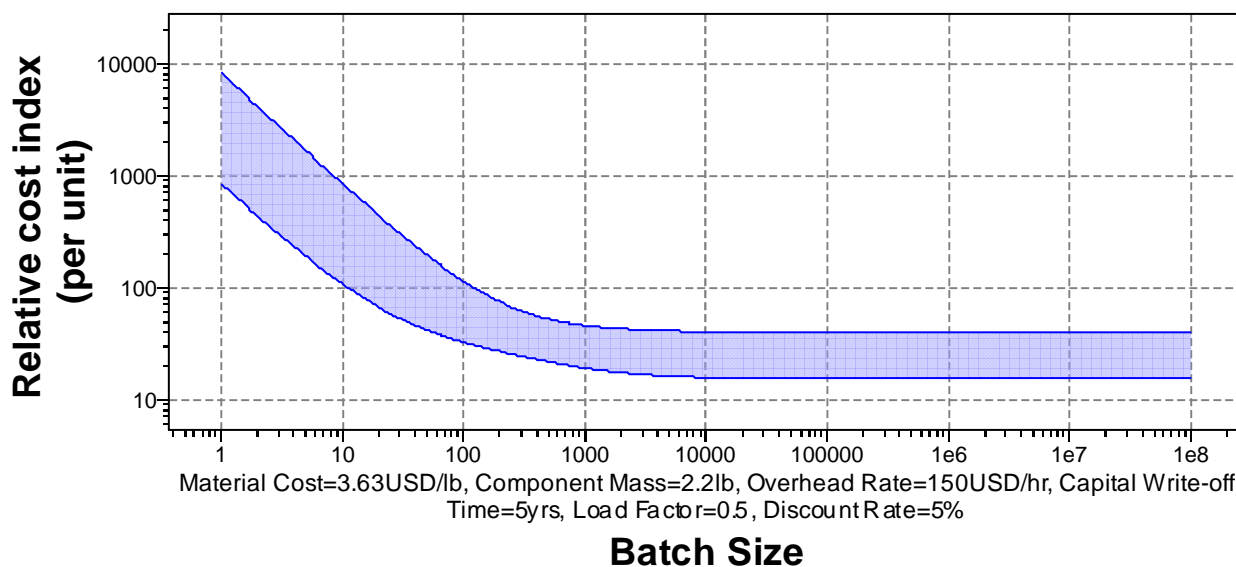
✓

## Cost model and defaults

Relative cost index (per unit)

19.1 - 45.9

[Parameters:](#) Material Cost = 3.63USD/lb, Component Mass = 2.2lb, Batch Size = 1e3, Overhead Rate = 150USD/hr, Discount Rate = 5%, Capital Write-off Time = 5yrs, Load Factor = 0.5



Capital cost

1.64e4 - 3.28e5 USD

Material utilization fraction

0.6 - 0.9

Production rate (units)

6 - 60 /hr

Tooling cost

820 - 8.2e3 USD

Tool life (units)

1e3 - 1e4

## Supporting information

### Design guidelines

Complex shapes are possible. Mold release for thermosets can be

### Technical notes

RIM is mainly used for thermosetting polyurethane, particularly for making structural foam parts, but it can also be used for other thermosets: epoxies, polyester, silicones, phenolics, and for nylon 6. Short fiber and particulate filled composites are also processed (RRIM/SRIM).

### Typical uses

Automotive bumpers, thermal insulation for refrigerators, housings, TV cabinets, steering wheels, car seats, window frames, construction panels.

### The economics

The mold materials are very cheap; large moldings and small batch sizes are practical, but lay-up methods are labor intensive.

**The environment**

Energy consumption is relatively low - less than 50% of most thermoplastic-forming

**Links**

MaterialUniverse