


Chapter III

Exercise 00 : Makefile

	Exercise : 00
Makefile	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex00/</i>	
Files to turn in : Makefile	
Allowed functions : Nothing	
Remarks : n/a	


- Create the **Makefile** that'll compile your **libft.a**.
- The **Makefile** will get its source files from the "srcs" directory.
- The **Makefile** will get its header files from the "includes" directory.
- The lib will be at the root of the exercise.
- The **Makefile** should also implement the following rules: **clean**, **fclean** and **re** as well as **all**.
- **fclean** does the equivalent of a make clean and also erases the binary created during the make. **re** does the equivalent of a make fclean followed by a make.
- We'll only fetch your **Makefile** and test it with our files. For this exercise, only the following 5 mandatory functions of your lib have to be handled : (**ft_putchar**, **ft_putstr**, **ft_strcmp**, **ft_strlen** and **ft_swap**).



Watch out for wildcards!

Chapter IV

Exercise 01 : ft_foreach

	Exercice : 01
	ft_foreach
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex01/</i>
	Files to turn in : ft_foreach.c
	Allowed functions : Nothing
	Remarks : n/a

- Create the function **ft_foreach** which, for a given ints array, applies a function on all elements of the array. This function will be applied following the array's order.
- Here's how the function should be prototyped :


```
void      ft_foreach(int *tab, int length, void(*f)(int));
```

- For example, the function **ft_foreach** could be called as follows in order to display all ints of the array :

```
ft_foreach(tab, 1337, &ft_putnbr);
```

Chapter VI

Exercise 03 : ft_any

	Exercice : 03
ft_any	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex03/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_any.c	
Allowed functions : Nothing	
Remarks : n/a	


- Create a function **ft_any** which will return 1 if, passed to the function **f**, at least one element of the array returns 1. Else, it should return 0.
- Here's how the function should be prototyped :

```
int ft_any(char **tab, int(*f)(char*));
```

- The array will be delimited by 0.

Chapter VII

Exercise 04 : ft_count_if

	Exercise : 04
	ft_count_if
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex04/</i>
	Files to turn in : ft_count_if.c
	Allowed functions : Nothing
	Remarks : n/a


- Create a function `ft_count_if` which will return the number of elements of the array that return 1, passed to the function `f`.
- Here's how the function should be prototyped :

```
int ft_count_if(char **tab, int(*f)(char*));
```

- The array will be delimited by 0.

Chapter VIII

Exercise 05 : ft_is_sort

	Exercice : 05
	ft_is_sort
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex05/</i>
	Files to turn in : ft_is_sort.c
	Allowed functions : Nothing
	Remarks : n/a

- Create a function **ft_is_sort** which returns 1 if the array is sorted and 0 if it isn't.
- The function given as argument should return a negative integer if the first argument is lower than the second, 0 if they're equal or a positive integer for anything else.
- Here's how the function should be prototyped :

```
int ft_is_sort(int *tab, int length, int(*f)(int, int));
```