

Next Gen Cost Observability

The Ongoing Journey To Trustworthy Cost Metrics

Erik Sommer

Sr. Software Engineer

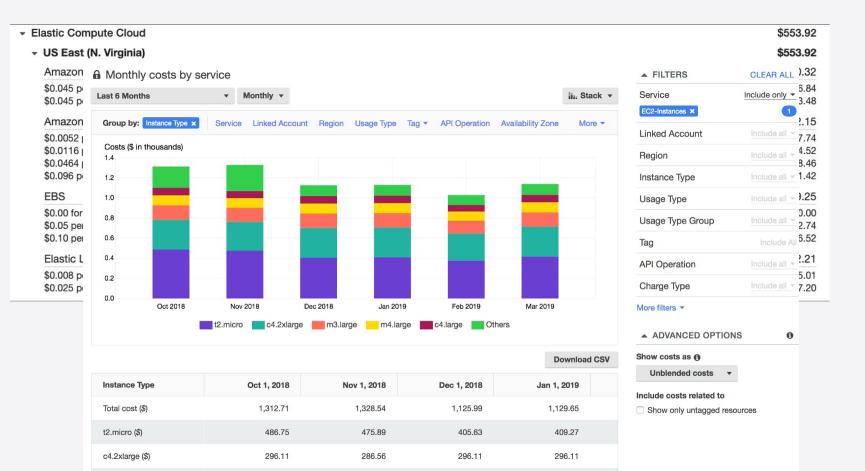
What you can expect

- The Problem: When the bill doesn't match your metrics
- Mental model to attributes costs in k8s
- How to compose cost PromQL queries
- Getting the resource rates from your cloud provider



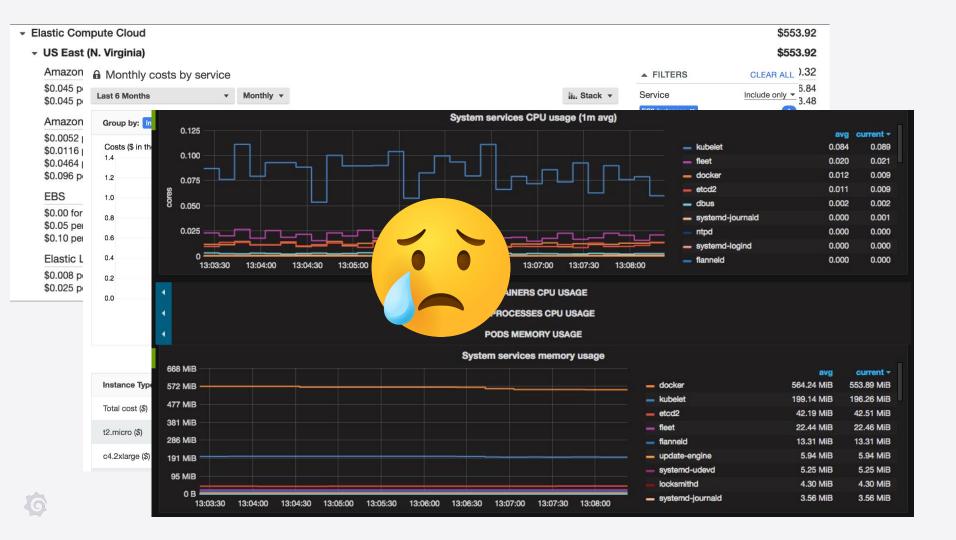
Elastic Compute Cloud		\$553.92
US East (N. Virginia)		\$553.92
Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud NatGateway		\$90.32
\$0.045 per GB Data Processed by NAT Gateways	1,263.028 GB	\$56.84
\$0.045 per NAT Gateway Hour	744 Hrs	\$33.48
Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud running Linux/UNIX		\$342.15
\$0.0052 per On Demand Linux t3.nano Instance Hour	1,488 Hrs	\$7.74
\$0.0116 per On Demand Linux t2.micro Instance Hour	2,976 Hrs	\$34.52
\$0.0464 per On Demand Linux t2.medium Instance Hour	4,923.783 Hrs	\$228.46
\$0.096 per On Demand Linux m5.large Instance Hour	744 Hrs	\$71.42
EBS		\$79.25
\$0.00 for 480 Mbps per m5.large instance-hour (or partial hour)	744 Hrs	\$0.00
\$0.05 per GB-Month of snapshot data stored - US East (Northern Virginia)	254.756 GB-Mo	\$12.74
\$0.10 per GB-month of General Purpose SSD (gp2) provisioned storage - US East (Northern Virginia)	665.162 GB-Mo	\$66.52
Elastic Load Balancing - Classic		\$42.21
\$0.008 per GB Data Processed by the LoadBalancer	625.658 GB	\$5.01
\$0.025 per LoadBalancer-hour (or partial hour)	1,488 Hrs	\$37.20











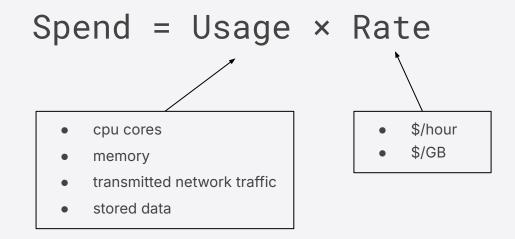
Problems

- Disconnect between billing statement and metrics
- Need to attribute costs of workloads running in Kubernetes
- Difficult to accurately measure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) of our services



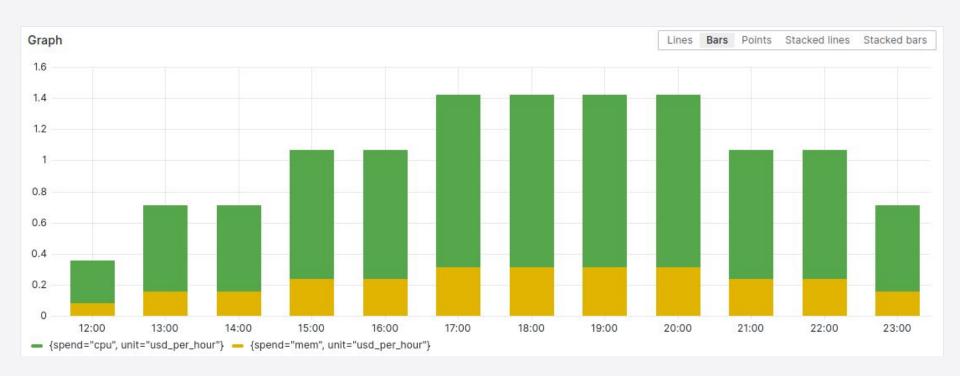
Spend = Usage × Rate

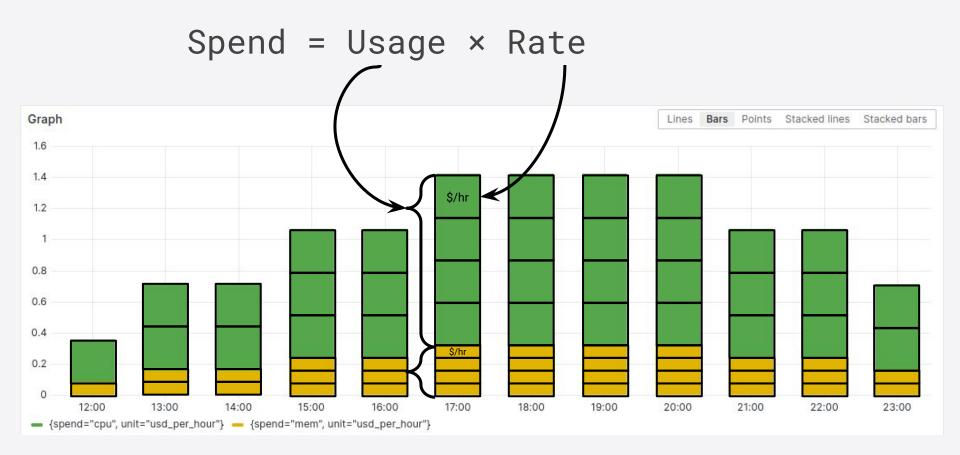






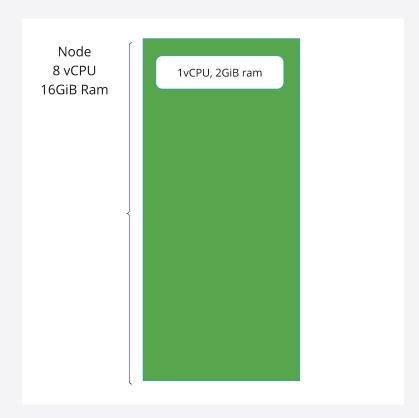
Spend = Usage × Rate













Node 1vCPU, 2GiB ram 8 vCPU 16GiB Ram 1vCPU, 2GiB ram







How to measure usage

cpu|memory of nodes

cpu|memory requests of workloads



How to measure usage

cpu|memory of nodes

kube_node_status_capacity{cluster, resource, node} = float

cpu memory requests of workloads

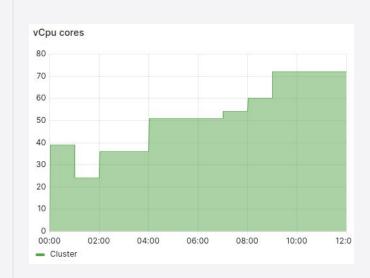
kube_pod_container_resource_requests{cluster, resource, node, namespace} = float



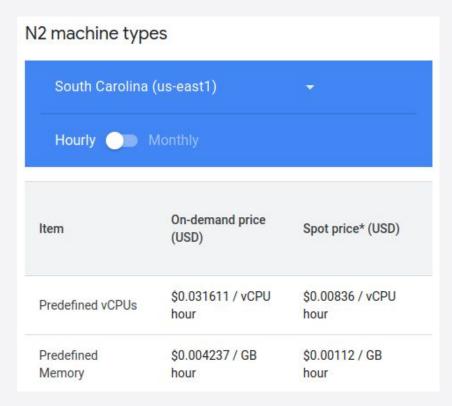
```
sum (
    usage
    *
    rate
)
```



```
sum (
   kube_node_status_capacity(resource="cpu")
   *
   rate
)
```

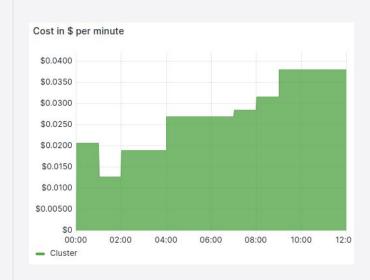








```
sum (
  kube_node_status_capacity(resource="cpu")
  *
  (0.031611 / 60)
)
```

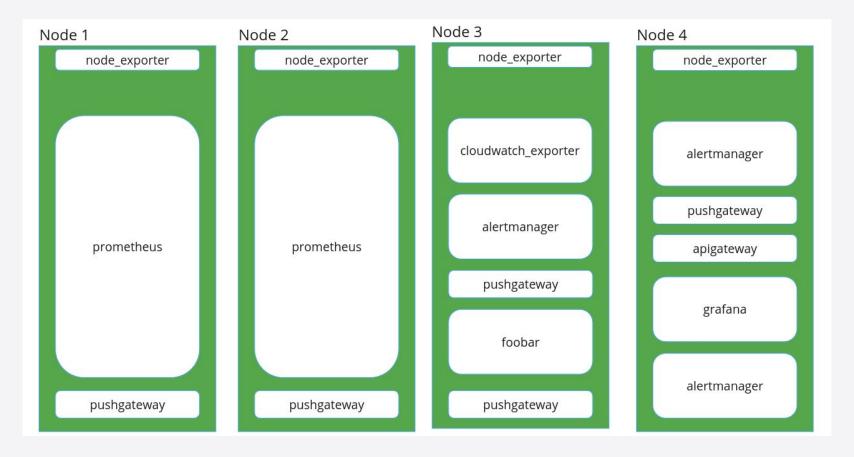




```
- record: cluster:cost_per_minute:sum
expr: |
    sum by (cluster) (
        kube_node_status_capacity(resource="cpu")
        *
        (0.031611 / 60)
    )
    labels:
    resource: "cpu"
```



What drives k8s costs (or who)

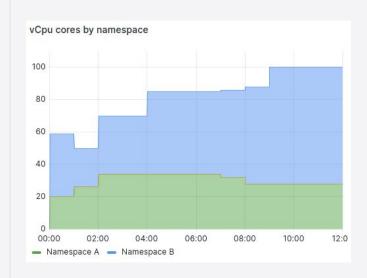




```
sum by (namespace) (
  requests
  *
  rate
)
```

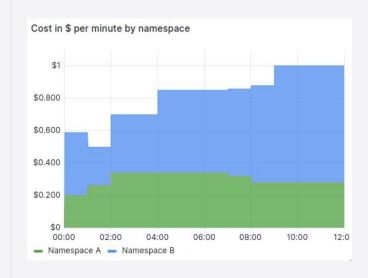


```
sum by (namespace) (
  kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
  *
  rate
)
```





```
sum by (namespace) (
  kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
  *
  (0.031611 / 60)
)
```

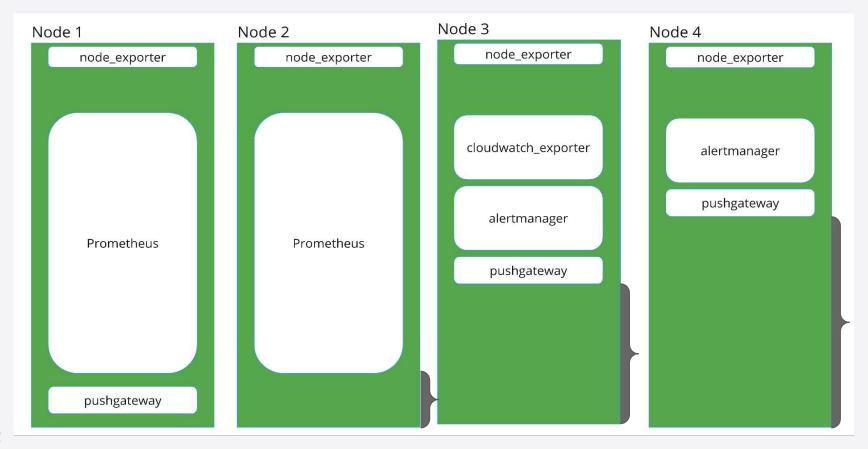




```
- record: cluster_namespace:cost_per_minute:sum
expr: |
    sum by (cluster, namespace) (
        kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
    *
        (0.031611 / 60)
    )
    labels:
    resource: "cpu"
```



What drives k8s costs (realistic)



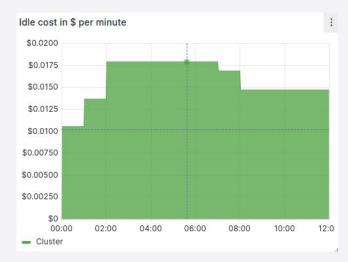


How to measure idle resources



How to measure idle resources

```
sum (
   sum by (node) (
     kube_node_status_capacity{resource="cpu"}
    sum by (node) (
     kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
  (0.031611 / 60)
```





How to measure idle resources

```
- record: cluster_namespace:cost_per_minute:sum
  expr:
    sum by (cluster) (
        sum by (cluster, node) (
          kube_node_status_capacity{resource="cpu"}
        sum by (cluster, node) (
          kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
      (0.031611 / 60)
 labels:
    resource: "cpu"
    namespace: "__idle__"
```



Shortcomings

- This approach only works for homogeneous clusters
- Takes only compute resources into account
- Not all CSPs will give you the breakdown on compute resources costs
- Doesn't reflect savings plans



How to get the rate of your resources

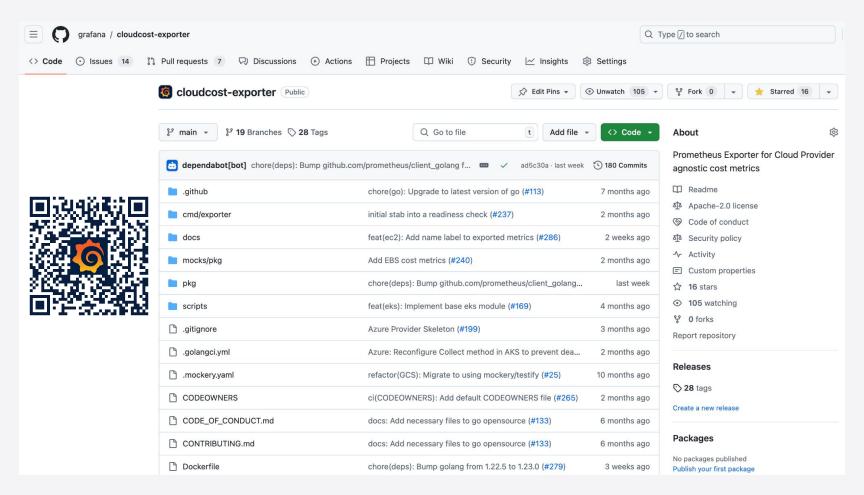
- All major CSPs have pricing APIs
- Not designed for simplicity and ease of use
- Not a metric
- Tools exist to use these APIs
- We looked for a plain metric exporter



We need a plain metric

```
- record: cluster_namespace:cost_per_minute:sum
expr: |
    sum by (cluster, namespace) (
        kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
    *
        rate
    )
    labels:
    resource: "cpu"
```







Design

Spend = Usage × Rate

- Stackdriver exporter
- YACE
- ..

- Cloudcost Exporter provides metrics per provider and resources
 - o GCP
 - GKE
 - cloudcost_gcp_gke_instance_cpu_usd_per_core_hour
 - cloudcost_gcp_gke_compute_instance_memory_usd_per_gib_hour
 - AWS
 - EC2
 - cloudcost_aws_ec2_instance_cpu_usd_per_core_hour
 - cloudcost_aws_ec2_instance_memory_usd_per_gib_hour
 - S3
 - cloudcost_aws_s3_storage_by_location_usd_per_gibyte_hour
 - cloudcost_aws_s3_operation_by_location_usd_per_krequest
 - Azure
 - AKS
 - cloudcost_azure_aks_instance_cpu_usd_per_core_hour
 - cloudcost_azure_aks_instance_memory_usd_per_gib_hour



Final result

```
- record: cluster_namespace:cost_per_minute:sum
expr: |
    sum by (cluster, namespace) (
        kube_pod_container_resource_requests{resource="cpu"}
    *
        on (node) group_left instance_cpu_usd_per_core_hour / 60
    )
    labels:
    resource: "cpu"
```





Thank you

Slides: https://github.com/the-it/talks

Cloudcost Export

Meetup Grafana & Friends Hamburg





