RGB Image Manipulation: Other Options

Now, instead of processing the complement of the RGB image by reading from 3 vectors of information, let's try and read from a single vector that holds R, G and B vectors in one: vecSize x 3 this time.

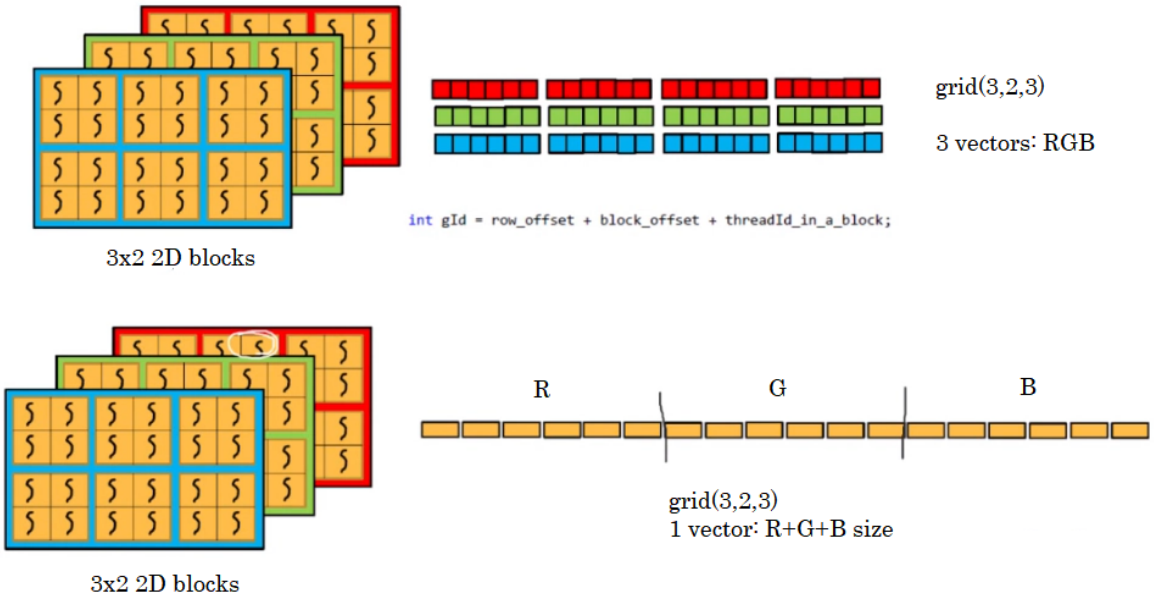

Figure 1: img

Solution

```
1  #include "cuda_runtime.h"
2  #include "device_launch_parameters.h"
3
4  #include <stdio.h>
5  #include <stdlib.h>
6  #include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
7
8  __host__ void checkCUDAError(const char* msg) {
9      cudaError_t error;
10     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
11     error = cudaGetLastError();
12     if (error != cudaSuccess) {
13         printf("ERROR %d: %s (%s)\n", error,
               cudaGetErrorString(error), msg);
14     }
15 }
16
17 __global__ void complement(uchar* RGB) {
18
```

```
19      // locate my current block row
20      int threads_per_block = blockDim.x * blockDim.y;
21      int threads_per_row = threads_per_block * gridDim.x;
22      int row_offset = threads_per_row * blockIdx.y;
23
24      // locate my current block column
25      int block_offset = blockIdx.x * threads_per_block;
26      int threadId_inside = blockDim.x * threadIdx.y + threadIdx
            .x;
27
28      // locate my current grid row
29      int thread_per_grid = (gridDim.x * gridDim.y *
            threads_per_block);
30      int gridOffset = blockIdx.z * thread_per_grid;
31
32      int gId = gridOffset + row_offset + block_offset +
            threadId_inside;
33      int C = gridDim.x * 32;
34      int R = gridDim.y * 32;
35      RGB[gId] = 255 - RGB[gId];
36  }
37
38  using namespace cv;
39  int main() {
40
41      Mat img = imread("antenaRGB.jpg");
42
43      const int R = img.rows;
44      const int C = img.cols;
45
46      Mat imgComp(img.rows, img.cols, img.type());
47      uchar* host_rgb,* dev_rgb;
48      host_rgb = (uchar*)malloc(sizeof(uchar) * R * C * 3);
49
50      cudaMalloc((void**)&dev_rgb, sizeof(uchar) * R * C * 3);
51      checkCUDAError("Error at malloc dev_r1");
52
53      // matrix as vector
54      for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++){
55          for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
56              for (int j = 0; j < C; j++) {
57                  Vec3b pix = img.at<Vec3b>(i, j);
58
59                  host_rgb[i * C + j + (k * R * C)] = pix[k];
60
61              }
62          }
63      }
64      cudaMemcpy(dev_rgb, host_rgb, sizeof(uchar) * R * C * 3,
            cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
65      checkCUDAError("Error at memcpy host_rgb -> dev_rgb");
```

```
66
67      dim3 block(32, 32);
68      dim3 grid(C / 32, R / 32, 3);
69
70      complement << < grid, block >> > (dev_rgb);
71      cudaDeviceSynchronize();
72      checkCUDAError("Error at kernel complement");
73
74      cudaMemcpy(host_rgb, dev_rgb, sizeof(uchar) * R * C * 3,
           cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
75      checkCUDAError("Error at memcpy host_rgb <- dev_rgb");
76
77      for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
78          for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
79              for (int j = 0; j < C; j++) {
80                  imgComp.at<Vec3b>(i, j)[k] = host_rgb[i * C +
                       j + (k * R * C)];
81              }
82          }
83      }
84
85
86      imshow("Image", img);
87      imshow("Image Complement", imgComp);
88      waitKey(0);
89
90      free(host_rgb);
91      cudaFree(dev_rgb);
92
93      return 0;
94  }
```