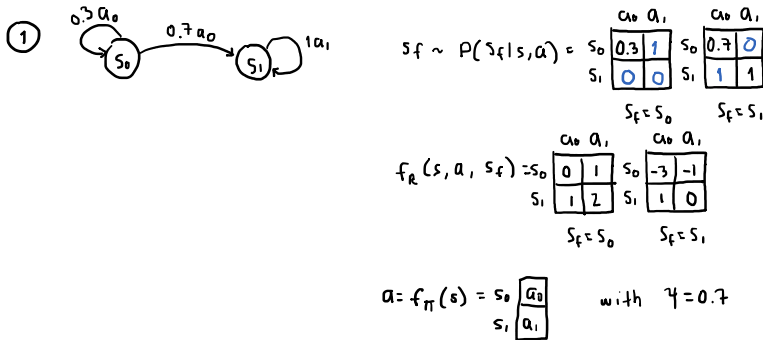


Exam 1: practice

Wednesday, April 6, 2022 9:49 AM



calculate the two $V(s) = \{V(s_0), V(s_1)\}$

$$V(s_0) = \sum_{i=0}^1 P_{\pi}(s_i | s_0, a_0) [f_R(s_0, a_0, s_i) + \gamma V(s_i)]$$

$$= P_{\pi}(s_0 | s_0, a_0) [f_R(s_0, a_0, s_0) + \gamma V(s_0)] +$$

$$P_{\pi}(s_1 | s_0, a_0) [f_R(s_0, a_0, s_1) + \gamma V(s_1)]$$

$$V(s_0) = 0.3 [0 + 0.7 V(s_0)] + 0.7 [-3 + 0.7 V(s_1)]$$

$$V(s_0) = 0.21 V(s_0) + [-2.1 + 0.49 V(s_1)]$$

$$1 V(s_0) - 0.21 V(s_0) = -2.1 + 0.49 V(s_1)$$

$$0.79 V(s_0) = -2.1 + 0.49 V(s_1)$$

$$0.79 V(s_0) - 0.49 V(s_1) = -2.1 \quad (1)$$

$$V(s_1) = \sum_{i=0}^1 P_{\pi}(s_i | s_1, a_1) [f_R(s_1, a_1, s_i) + \gamma V(s_i)]$$

$$= P_{\pi}(s_0 | s_1, a_1) [f_R(s_1, a_1, s_0) + \gamma V(s_0)] +$$

$$P_{\pi}(s_1 | s_1, a_1) [f_R(s_1, a_1, s_1) + \gamma V(s_1)]$$

The system is

$$0.79 V(s_0) - 0.49 V(s_1) = -2.1 \quad (1)$$

$$V(s_1) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$V(s_1) = 0 [2 + 0.7 V(s_0)] + 1 [0 + 0.7 V(s_1)]$$

$$V(s_1) = 0.7 V(s_1)$$

$$1 V(s_1) - 0.7 V(s_1) = 0$$

$$0.3 V(s_1) = 0$$

$$V(s_1) = 0 \quad (2)$$

Plugging (2) into (1)

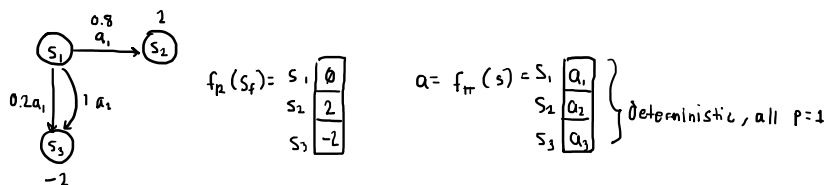
$$0.79 V(s_0) - 0.49 (0) = -2.1$$

$$0.79 V(s_0) = -2.1$$

$$V(s_0) = \frac{-2.1}{0.79}$$

$$V(s_0) = -2.65$$

② There's an stochastic world:



From the policy, calculate the average f_{AR} for the trajectories from $f_\pi(s)$

$$\tau_1 = (s_1 \xrightarrow{0.8 a_1} s_2) \quad \tau_2 = (s_1 \xrightarrow{0.2 a_1} s_3)$$

$$f_{AR} = 2$$

$$f_{AR} = -2$$

$$P(\tau_1) = 1(0.8) = 0.8$$

$$P(\tau_2) = 1(0.2) = 0.2$$

$$\text{denom} = \frac{\sum \tau_i \text{ length}}{\text{Total } \tau_i \text{ s}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\widehat{f_{AR}} = \frac{0.8}{1} (2) + \frac{0.2}{1} (-2) = 1.6 - 0.4 = 1.2$$