

Geofront:

Library Portability in a browser based visual programming language for geocomputation

Master Thesis Geomatics | P4

Jos Feenstra | October 7th 2022



Introduction

Research objective

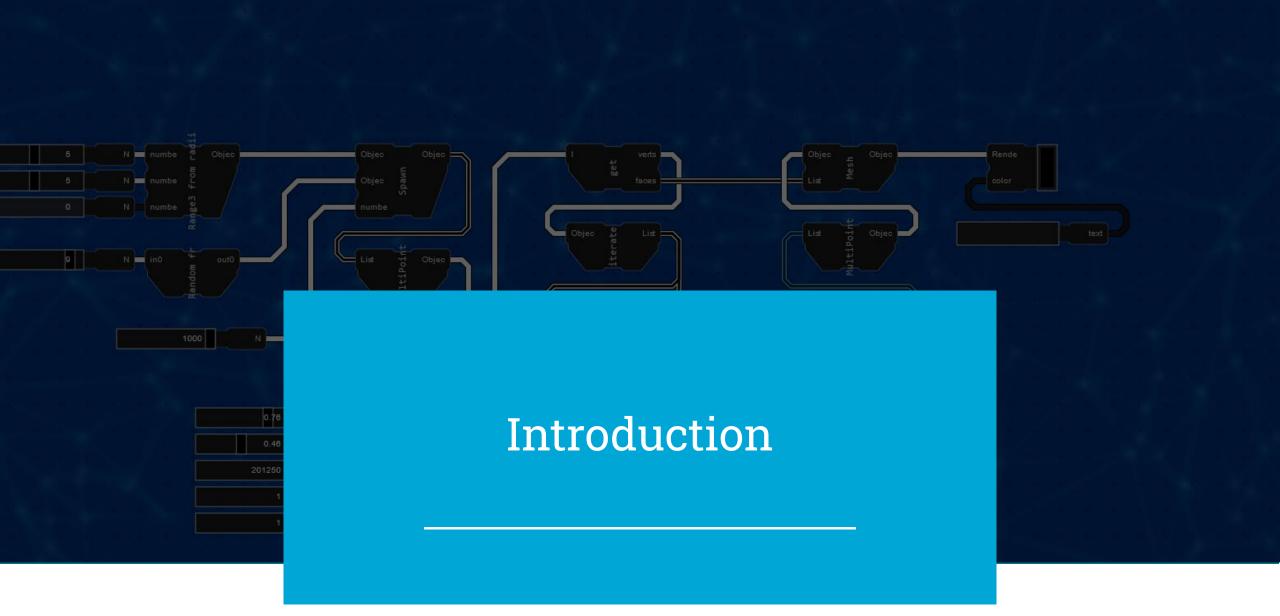
Background

Methodology

Results

Conclusion

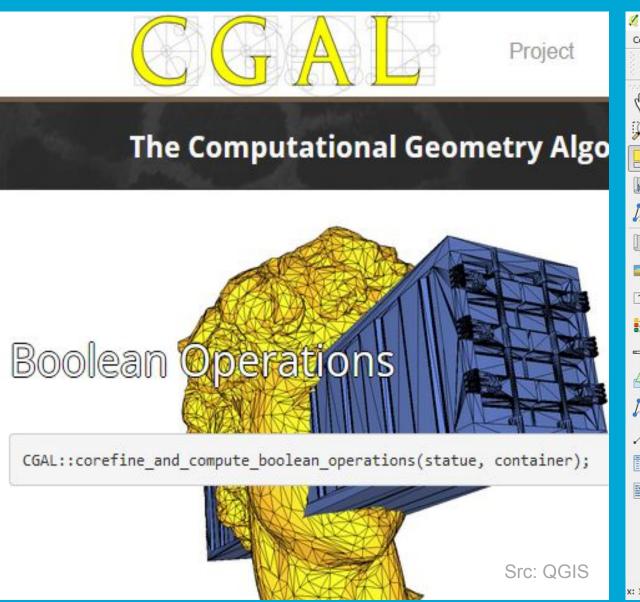


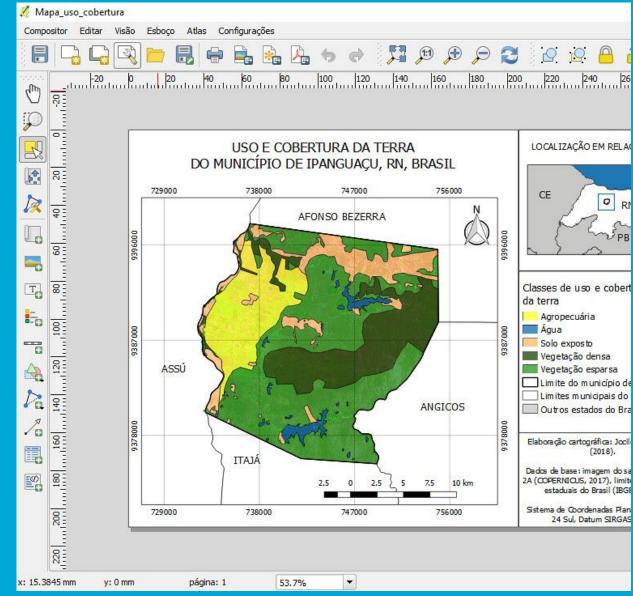




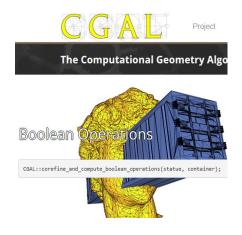
Two Forms of GIS Software:

ntro influenced by Elliott C. (2007). Tangible Functional Programming)



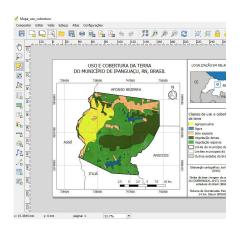


Different intentions



Software **Library**:

- Developers
- Composable

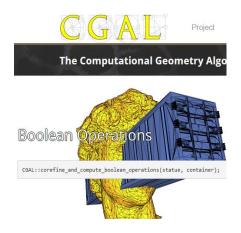


Software **Application**:

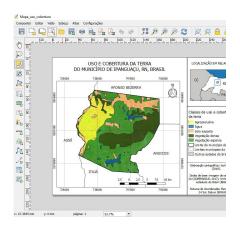
- End users
- Interactive (mouse picking, GUI)



Split



- Not usable: must be turned into application before usage
- No visualization / visual interaction



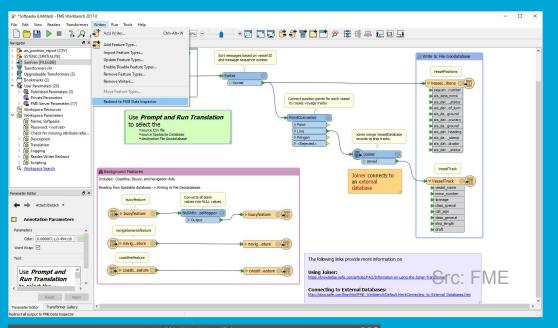
- Not 'automatable' or composable.
- Less functionality

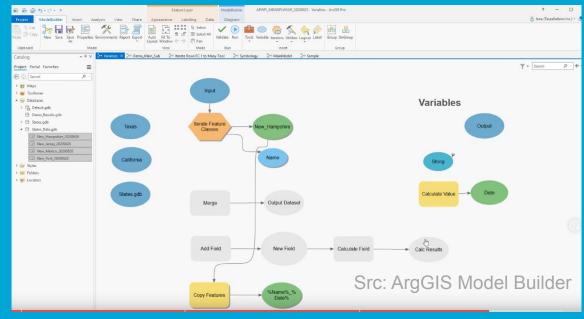


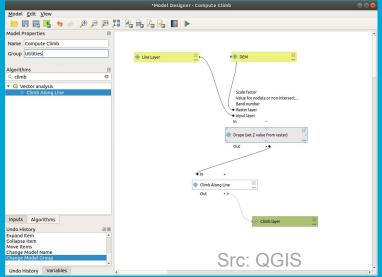
Bridge?

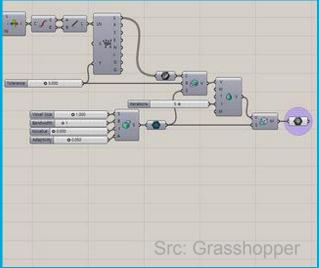


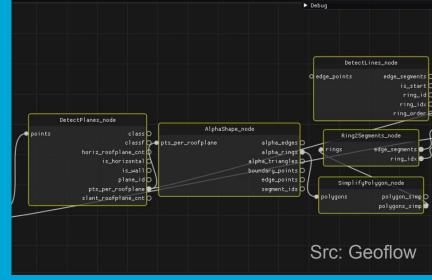
Bridge: Visual Programming Languages (VPLs)









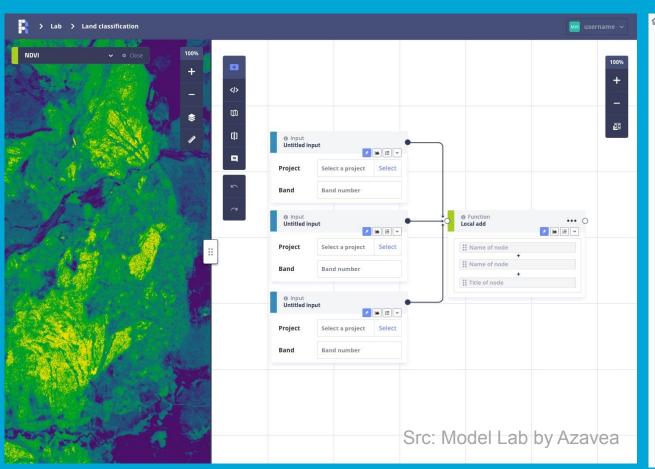


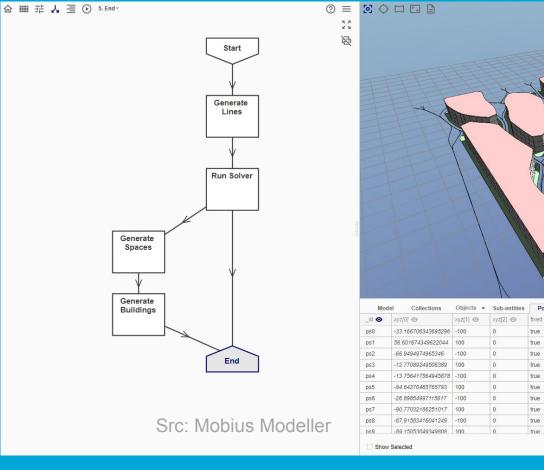
VPL:

- Both application and programming / scripting language
- Multiple examples in GIS



Web-based VPLs





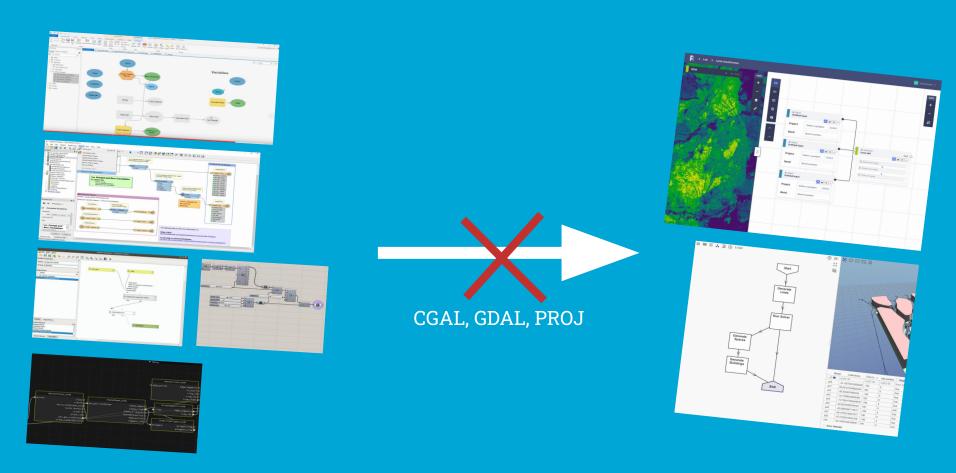


Web-based VPL

- Novel Development
- "Live alongside" Web GIS.



... Problem: Library portability





Library portability

- Currently, no web-based VPLs uses native geocomputation libraries.
- This is a problem:
 - Hinders "library-application interoperability" goal.
 - Leads to web based duplicate libraries.







Objective: Attempt to solve the library portability problem for web-based VPLs.



In doing so:

- Contribute to the quality of web-based VPLs
- Contribute to closing the gap between library and (web) application



Research question: How can native geocomputation libraries be compiled, loaded, and utilized within a browser-based

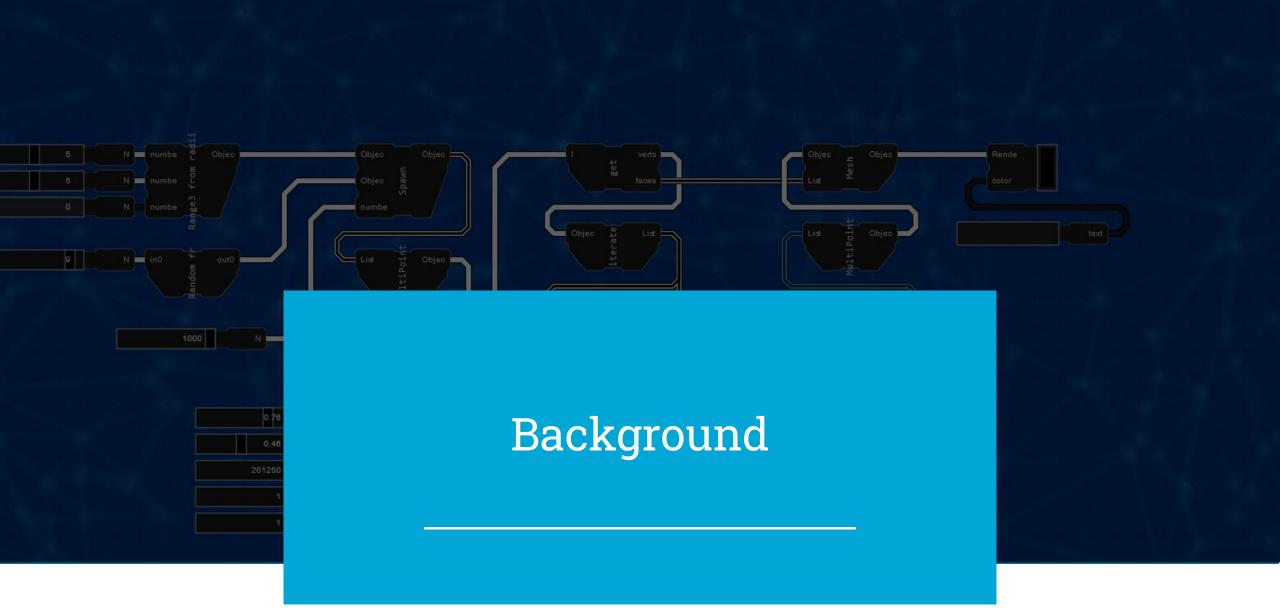
dataflow-VPL?



How

- Practical: **Design, implement,** and **examine** a possible solution.
- Three aspects of the solution, which will be regarded both separately and in conjunction:
 - Compiling
 - Loading
 - Utilization
- **Geo-libraries:** 'industry standard' geocomputation libraries, written in system level languages like **C++** or **Rust**.



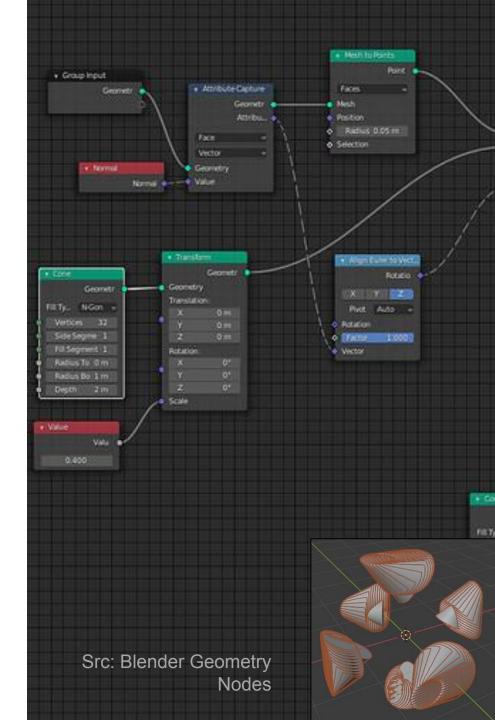




Dataflow VPL

- Requirements:
 - A type of graph-based VPL with:
 - Immutable variables
 - Pure functions
- Functional programming qualities
- Clarity for both programmer and machine:
 Better performance and usage
 - 'Free' concurrency, compile time optimization,
 hot code deployment,
 debugging advantages, clear unit testing, etc.

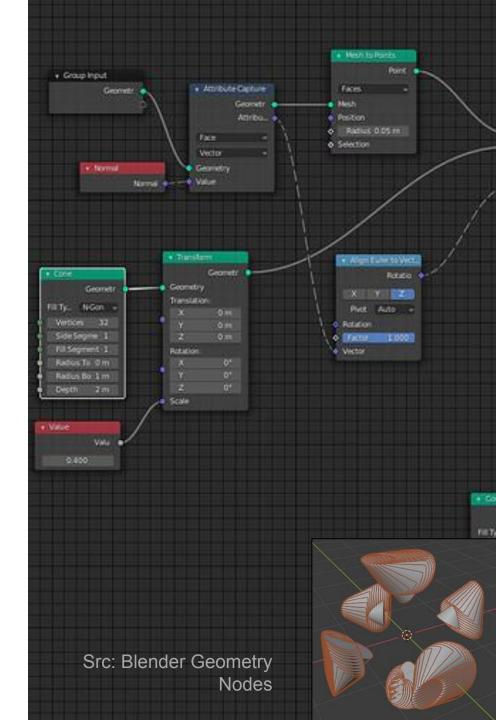


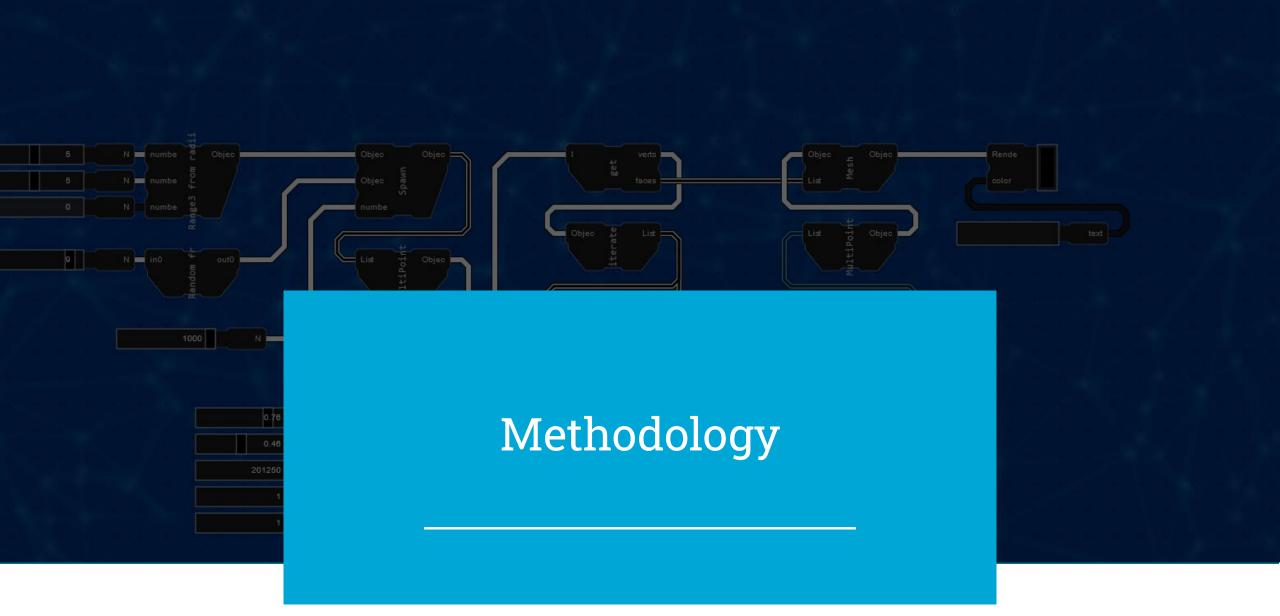


Dataflow VPL

- Observation: Almost all VPLs handling geometry are semi dataflow VPLs:
 - Graph-based, immutable variables, mostly pure functions.



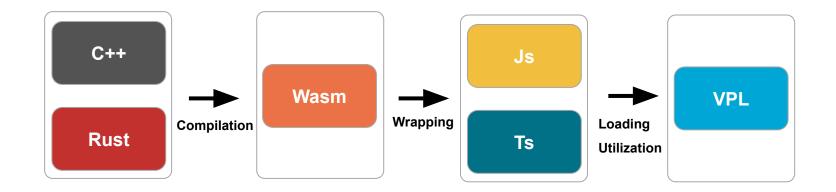






Methodology

Address translation steps between language models





Methodology

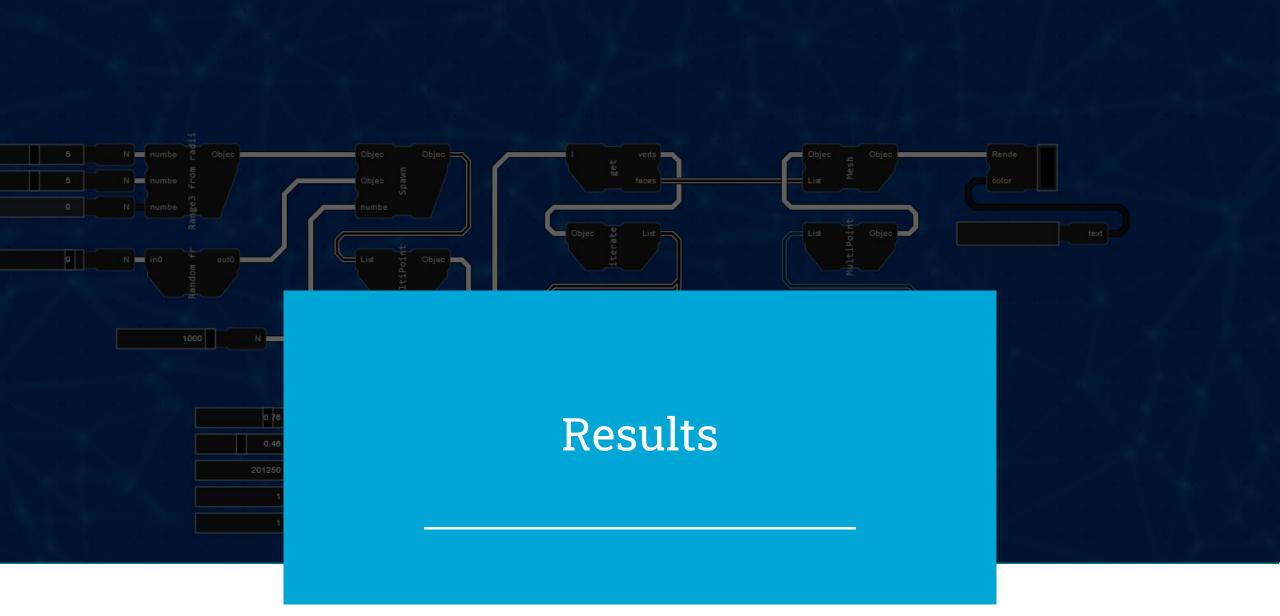
Define & construct



Methodology

- 1. Base VPL:
 - Web-based Dataflow VPL
- 2. Library Plugin system:
 - Plugin loader
 - Plugin model
- 3. Tests:
 - The plugin system with different libraries.
 - The overall solution by using libraries.







1. Base VPL: Geofront

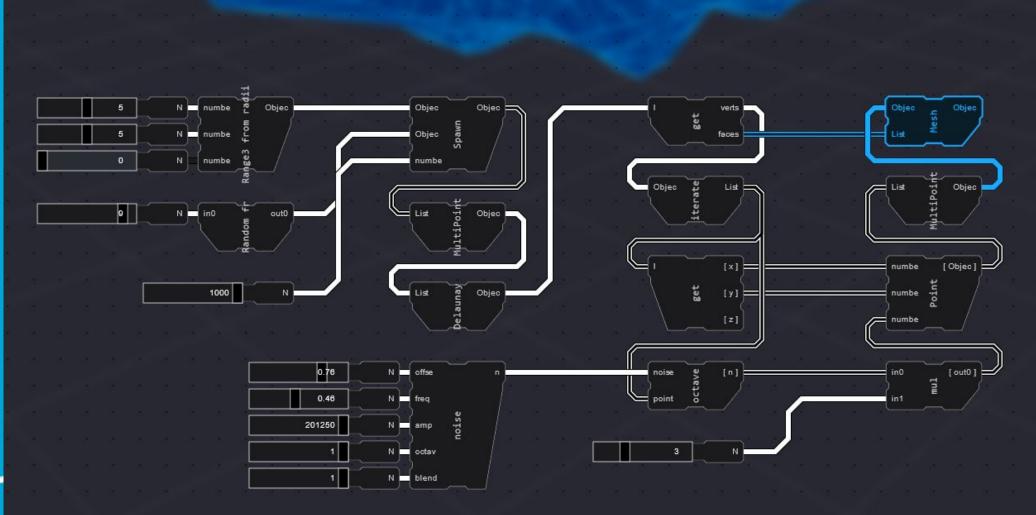


Geofront: Results

Javascript ←→ **Dataflow VPL**:

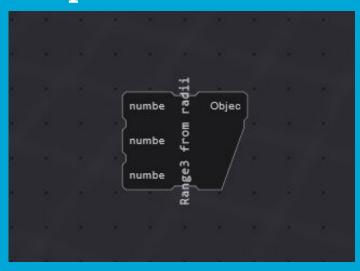
- Synergy:
 - + 'Free' HTML5 features
 - + Dynamic → hot plugin loading
- Friction:
 - Runtime reflection
 - JavaScript Types
 - No explicit Immutability



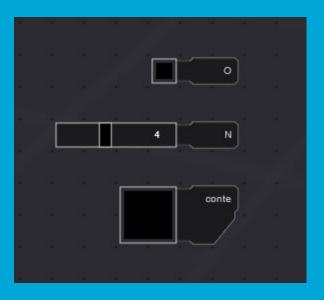




Node: Computation / pure function

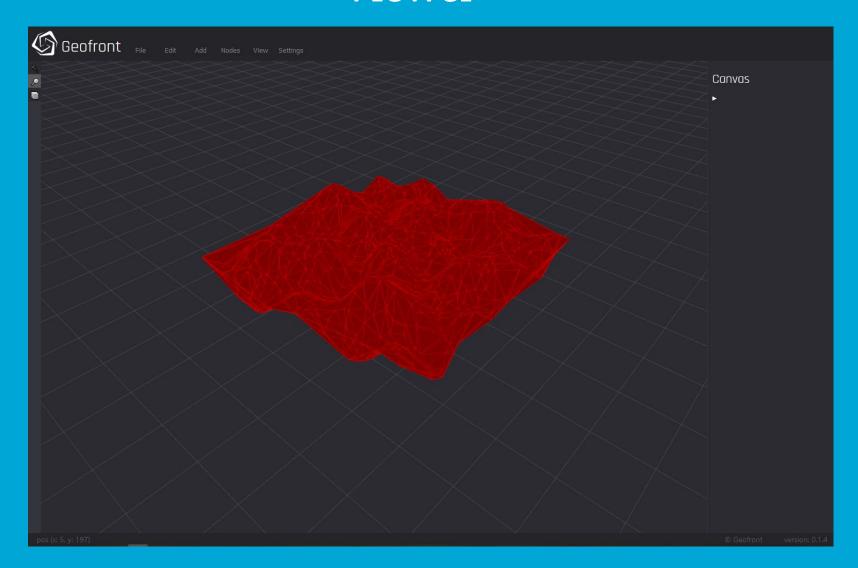


Widget: Usability / side effects





Viewer





2. Plugin System



Plugin System: Results

Wasm-wrappers ←→ **Dataflow VPL**:

- Synergy:
 - + no configuration of mandatory aspects
- Friction:
 - Loader too lenient, no enforcement of dataflow properties
 - optional aspects still need some configuration (visualization)



Plugin System

```
#[wasm_bindgen]
     pub struct Point {
         x: f32,
         y: f32,
12
     #[wasm_bindgen]
     impl Point {
         pub fn new(x: f32, y: f32) -> Self {
             Self { x, y }
         pub fn distance(&self, other: &Self) -> f32 {
             ((self.x - other.x).powi(2) + (self.y - other.y).powi(2)).powf(0.5)
24
                                                            Point
                                                 Point
```



3. Tests



Tests: Results

Rust ←→ Wasm-wrapper ←→ Dataflow VPL:

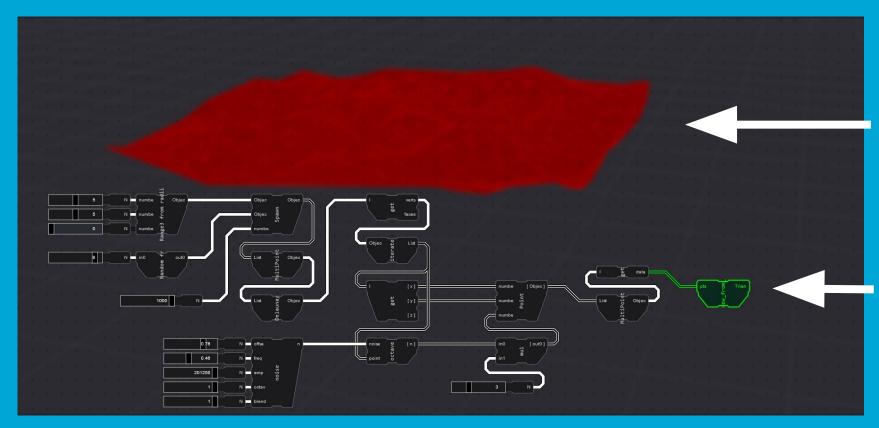
- Synergy:
 - Worked almost immediately for almost any library
 - + Expressive bindings allow complex data types to be exchanged in a simple manner.
- Friction:
 - Still some runtime overhead due to wrappers

C++ ←→ Wasm-wrapper ←→ Dataflow VPL:

- Synergy:
 - + Multiple workarounds eventually allowed some parts of CGAL to be run in geofront, if included in the source code
- Friction:
 - No C++ library was able to be loaded with the plugin loader
 - Requires many workarounds
 - Sub-optimal support for bindings
 - A lot of runtime overhead due to wrappers



Test Rust Library: Startin





```
// impl Renderable for Triangulation
#[wasm_bindgen]
impl Triangulation {

   pub fn gf_has_trait_renderable() -> bool {
        true
    }

   pub fn gf_get_shader_type() -> GeoShaderType {
        GeoShaderType::Mesh
    }

   pub fn gf_get_buffers(&self) -> JsValue {
        let buffer = MeshBuffer {
            verts: self.all_vertices(),
            cells: self.all_triangles(),
        };
        serde_wasm_bindgen::to_value(&buffer).unwrap()
    }
}
```

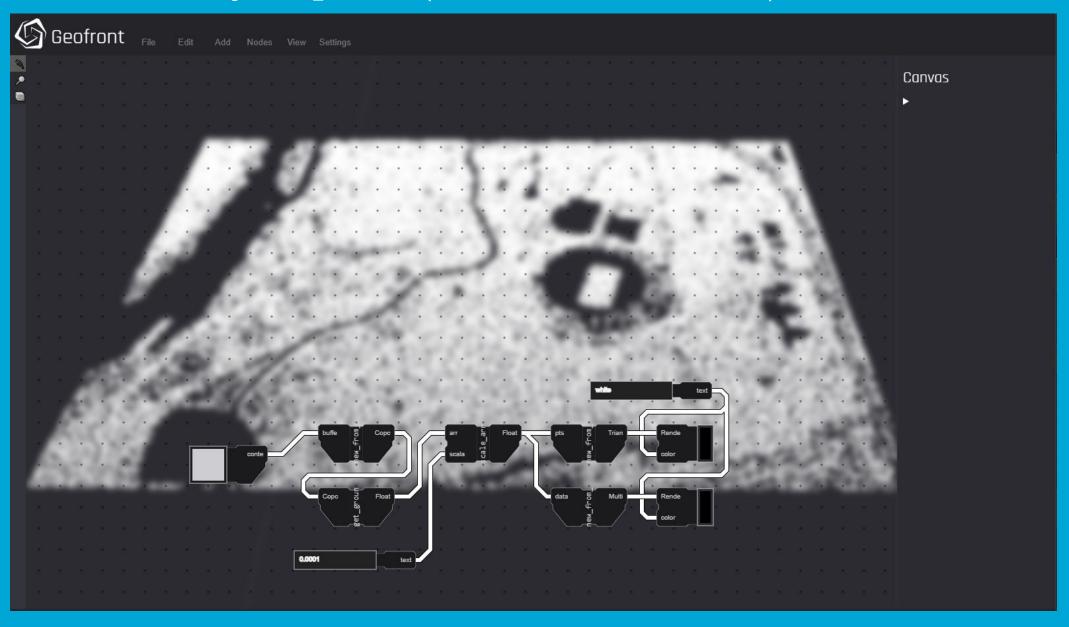
```
#[wasm_bindgen]
pub struct Triangulation {
    dt: startin::Triangulation,
}

#[wasm_bindgen]
impl Triangulation {

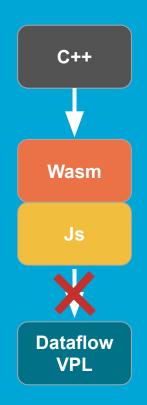
    pub fn new_from_vec(pts: Vec<f64>) -> Triangulation {
        let mut tri = Triangulation::new();
        tri.insert(pts);
        tri
    }

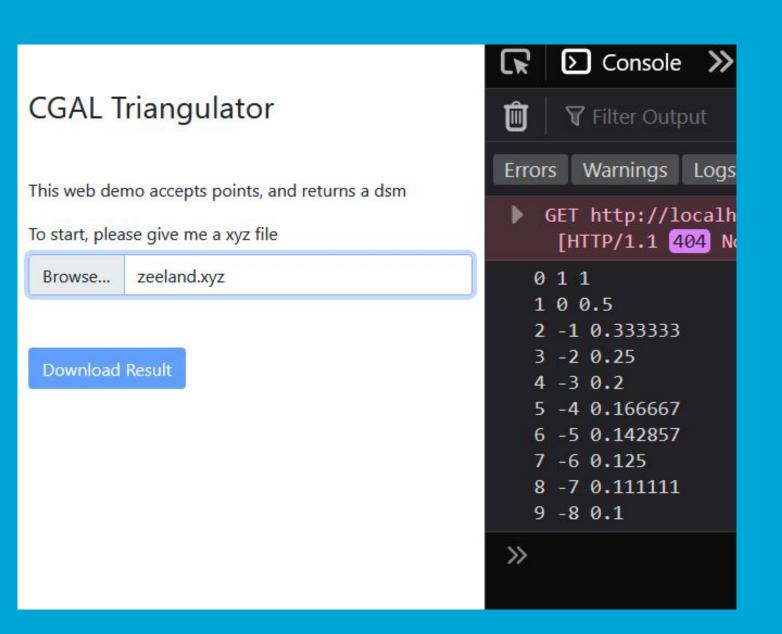
    pub fn new() -> Triangulation {
        let dt = startin::Triangulation::new();
        Triangulation { dt }
    }
}
```

Rust Library: copc-rs (Point cloud loader)



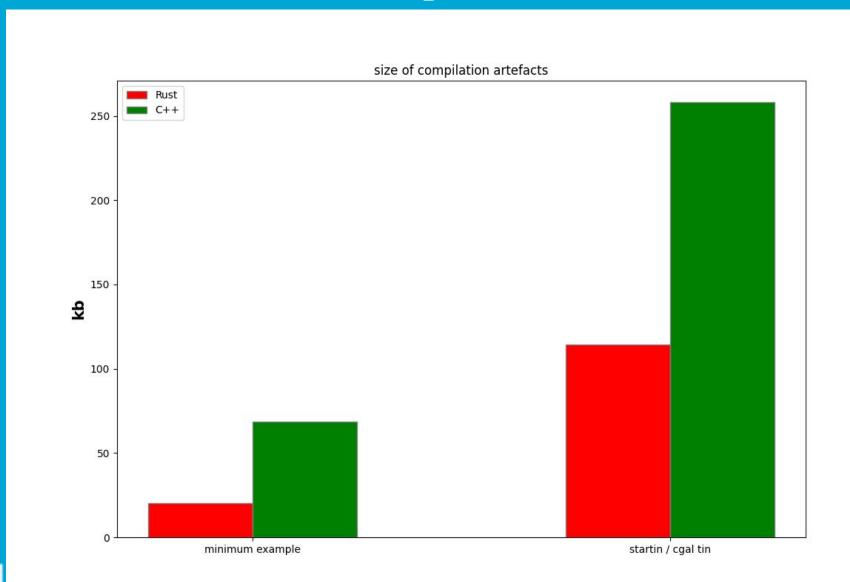
C++ Library: CGAL





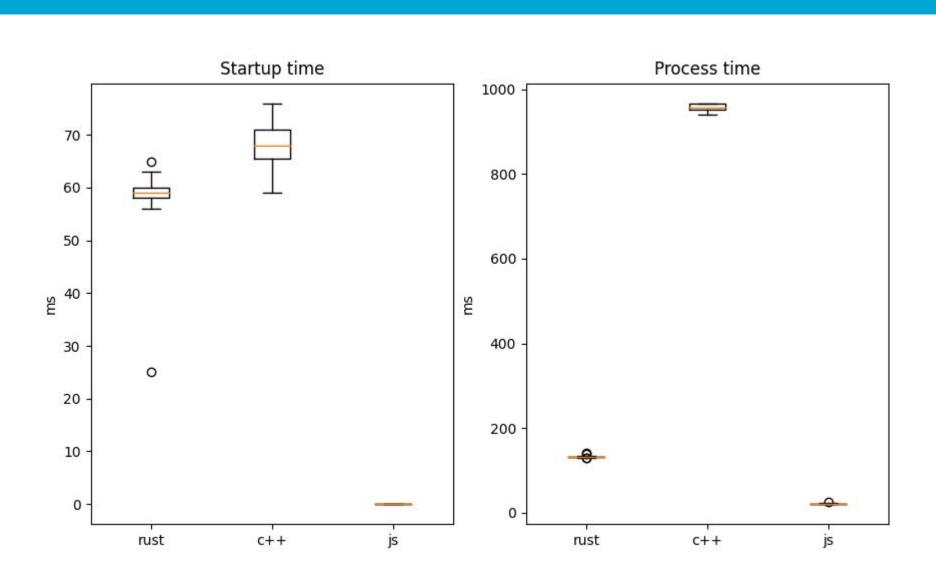


Rust compared to C++

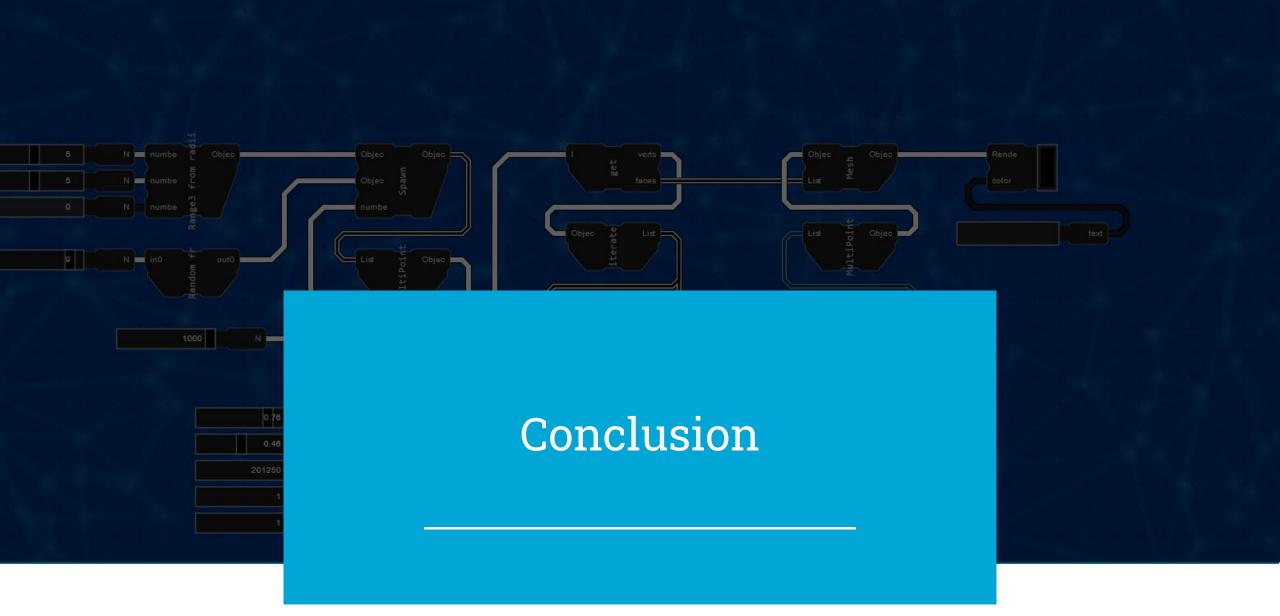




Rust compared to C++





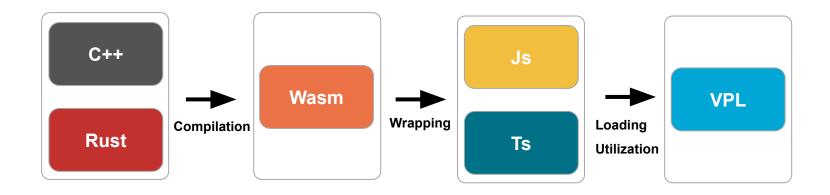




Answer to research question:

Q: "How can native geocomputation libraries be compiled, loaded, and utilized within a browser-based dataflow-VPL?"

A: The **key** to successfully compiling, loading and using geo-libraries is to use the **synergies** and address the **frictions** between the four required groups of languages:





Answer to research question:

Q: "How can native geocomputation libraries be compiled, loaded, and utilized within a browser-based dataflow-VPL?"

Frictions:

- Rust → Wasm wrappers
 - Success, but young libraries
- C++ → Wasm + Js / Ts
 - Further study
- Javascript ←→ Dataflow VPL
 - Advantages & Disadvantages

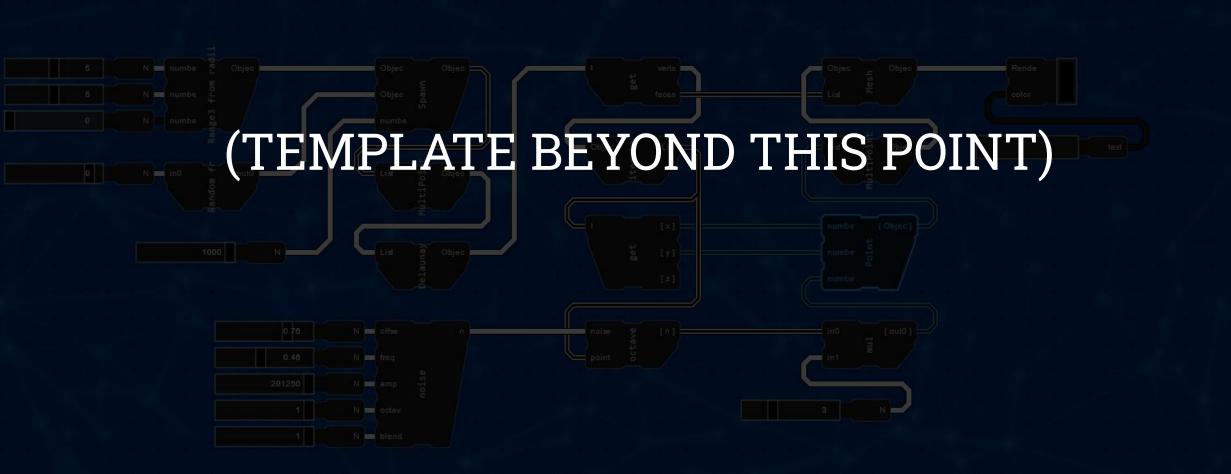


Thank you for your attention!



Questions





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Naam van de spreker of datum





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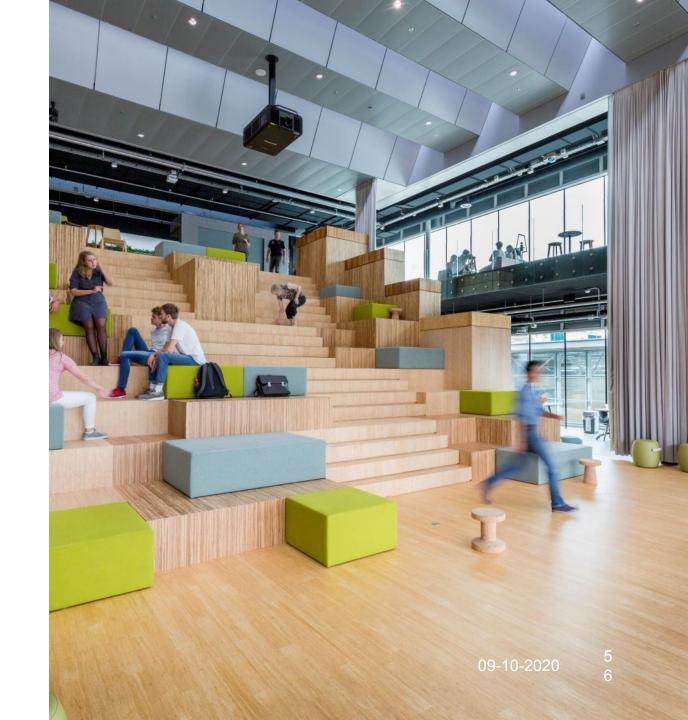
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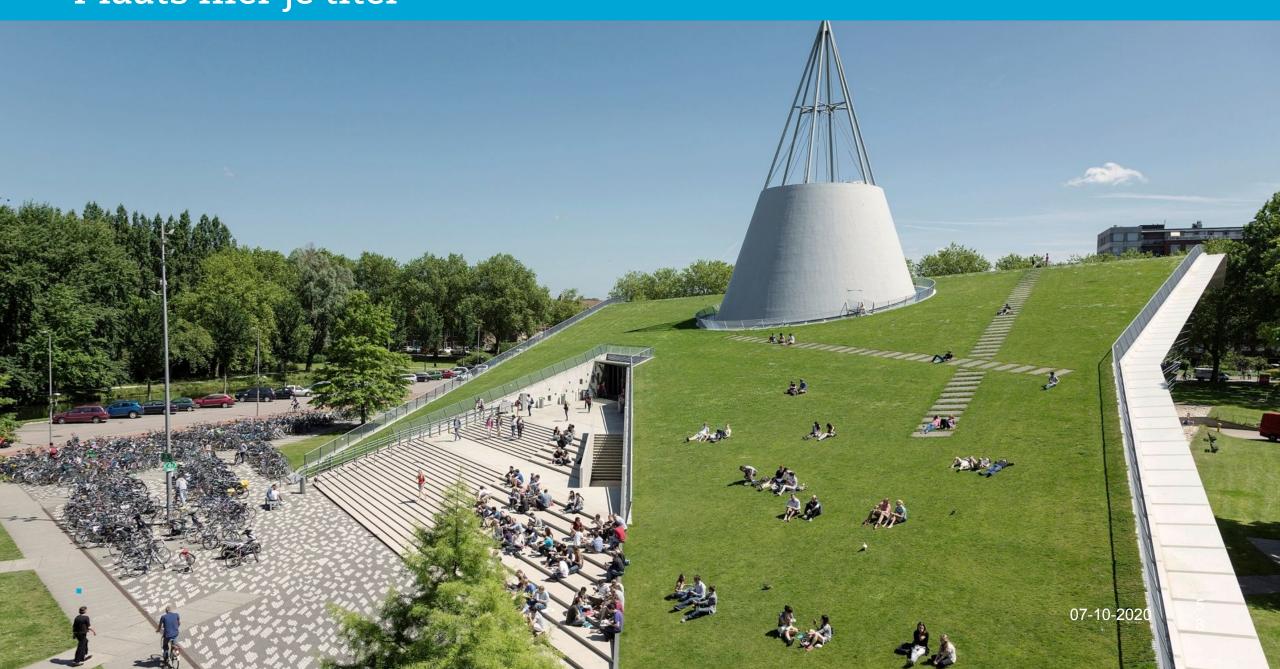
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