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A BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO COQ

The Coq Proof Assistant and Schedulability Analysis

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RECAP

LAST TIME

- proof assistants
- functional programming in Coq
- applications of Coq
- PROSA and RT-proofs

FORMER OUTLOOK

- lecture notes for Steffen Reith, incorporate review
- incorporate linear temporal logic (LTL)
- Steffen Reith's review
- incorporate Steffen Reith's review on the PROSA working directory
- tutorial on `Gallina` and `SSreflect` (4 person days)
- formally prove Kaiser's EDF scheduler in PROSA hopefully less than ($\approx 1'320$ LOC)
- look at the best approach to validate a complete OS kernel

FORMALLY PROVE KAISER'S
EDF-SCHEDULER

PROSA: FORMALLY PROVEN SCHEDULABILITY ANALYSIS

- basic tools from logic
- precise claims about programs
- functional programming methods of programming and logical reasoning about programs

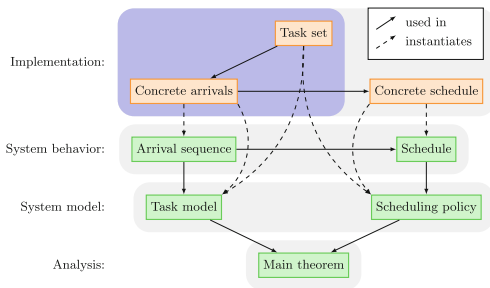


Figure: PROSA layers. Source: [1]

MAIN THEOREM OF THE PROSA ECRTS16 ARTIFACT EVALUATION

practical specification: correctness of the proof

- EDF-specific interference bound definition and proof of termination and correctness of Bertongna and Cicerei's response time analysis RTA for FP scheduling
- **definition and proof of termination and correctness of Bertongna and Cicerei's RTA for EDF scheduling**
($\approx 1'320$ LOC)

my current working directory:

https://gitlab.cs.hs-rm.de/almeroth/prosa_working_dir

due to documentation including all listings

($\approx 13'070$ LOC)

LINEAR TEMPORAL LOGIC (LTL) AND MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING

LTL AND MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING

taxonomy of multiprocessor scheduling by David and Burns [2]

→ ***fixed task priority***

Each task has a fixed priority applied to all of its jobs.

→ ***fixed job priority***

The jobs of a task may have different priorities. But each job's priority is single and static. e.g. EDF scheduling.

→ ***dynamic priority***

A single job has different priorities at different times. e.g. least laxity first (LLF) scheduling.

Idea: Apply LTL to verify static and dynamic priority scheduling methods.

Conjecture: Predicate logic-based approaches fail for dynamic priority scheduling methods.

WHAT IS LTL?

- Linear temporal logic is linear like a linear tree (graph)
- apply this linearity approach to a discrete time in a state-space system
- LTL's origins are in the natural language descriptions
- natural numbers \mathbb{N} represent a moment in time

Example: typical temporal operators (source: see [1])

- $\bigcirc\phi$ means « ϕ is true in the next moment»
- $\Box\phi$ means « ϕ is true in all future moments»
- $\Diamond\phi$ means « ϕ is true in some future moments»
- $\phi\mathcal{U}\psi$ means « ϕ is true until ψ is true»

Goal: Verification of dynamic priority scheduling methods.

Note: Functional verification means verification during run-time.

MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING

PROBLEM

In *hard real-time systems* we say a process or task is defined as an sequential execution of a program or a job on a processor. The execution ends after a *finite number of steps*.

»One big *train* of commands has to pass in a finite amount of time.«

Definition

Multiprocessor scheduling can be viewed as attempting to solve two problems [2].

- (i) The *allocation problem*, or on which processor the task should execute.
- (ii) The *priority problem*, or in when, and in what order with respect to jobs of tasks, each job should execute.

PRIORITY PROBLEM

Kasier's encapsulated EDF-scheduler [3]

- real-time as in [1]
- hierarchical (local and global distinction)
- multi-core (in the real-time-sense)
- earliest deadline first (EDF) on a local level
- fixed priority (FP) on a global level
- sporadic
- disruptive

Main theorem: correctness of analysis although it is a deductive derivation

PROBLEM: DEFINE A JOB OR TASK

Definition

Let

$\delta_p \in \mathbb{N}$ be a periodic disruptive process and

$\delta_s \in \mathbb{N}$ be an asporadic disruptive process.

Let $P := \{1, \dots, n\} \subset \mathbb{N}^n$

be a job, a set of disruptable processes

with fixed priority order ascending.

Let $\delta p_i \in \mathbb{N}$, for $i = 1, \dots, n$ denote the period and

$\delta e_i \in \mathbb{N}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$ denote the execution time of a proces.

MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING ALGORITHM

Definition

We say a multiprocessor scheduling algorithm σ is given by

$$\sigma : \mathbb{N}^n \times \mathbb{N}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{N} \times \{1, 2, \dots, m\} \quad (1)$$

$$\forall i, \delta e_j \in \mathbb{N} \quad (i, \delta e_j) \mapsto (t, k) \in \mathbb{N} \times \{1, 2, \dots, m\}. \quad (2)$$

map time i and execution time δe_i to time-sequence t and processor k

MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING ALGORITHM

Definition

A scheduler satisfying the EDF-regulation

$$U(P) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\delta e_i}{\delta p_i} \leq \frac{\Delta e_{sv}}{\Delta p_{sv}} \quad (3)$$

is called feasible.

Theorem

A hard-real-time, hierarchical, multi-core, EDF, sporadic and disruptive time scheduler is feasible iff




$$\sum_{i=1}^n \lfloor \frac{t}{\Delta p_i} \rfloor \Delta e_i \leq \lfloor \frac{t}{\Delta p_{sv}} \rfloor \Delta e_{sv} + \max(0, t \bmod \Delta p_{sv} - \Delta e_s - \Delta e_p). \quad (4)$$

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- formally proof the Kaiser's EDF scheduler in PROSA hopefully less then ($\approx 1'320$ LOC)
- apply the theorem of Akra -Bazzi
- tutorial on `Gallina` and `SSreflect` (4 person days)

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Alessandro Artale

»Formal Methods Lecture III: Linear Temporal Logic«

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