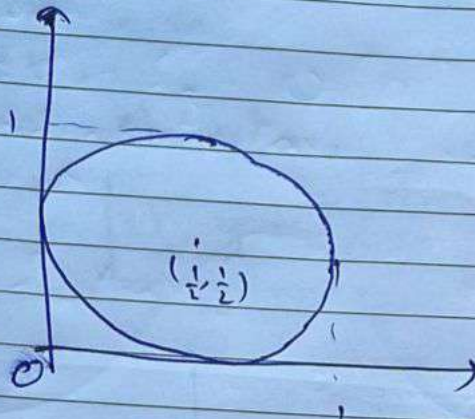


- ① Let $x(u)$ & $y(u)$ are iid $U(0,1)$
~~Let~~ So, radius $r = \frac{1}{2}$ & center is $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$



As $x = r \cos \theta$
 $y = r \sin \theta$
 & $r = \frac{1}{2}$

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\cos \theta}{2}, y = \frac{\sin \theta}{2}$

For $U(0,1)$

$$f_x(a) = \begin{cases} 1, & a \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_y(a) = \begin{cases} 1, & a \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$x = \frac{\cos \theta}{2}$

$\Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1}(2x)$

$F_\theta(a) = P(\theta \leq a) = P(\cos^{-1}(2x) \leq a)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f_0(a) &= \frac{d}{da} P\left(X \leq \frac{\cos a}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{d}{da} F_X\left(\frac{\cos a}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

we know that,

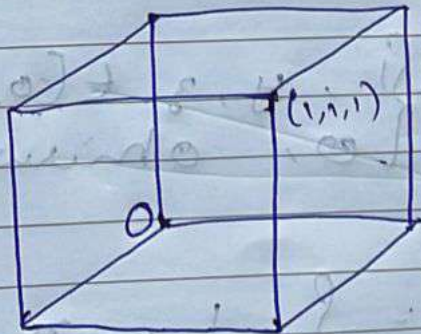
$$f_0 = \frac{d}{da} F_0$$

$$\Rightarrow f_0 = \frac{d}{da} F_X\left(\frac{\cos a}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f_0 = -\frac{\sin a}{2} \times f_X\left(\frac{\cos a}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f_0 = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sin a}{2}, & a \in [2n\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, 2m\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(2) Let X, Y, Z are three random variables,



1. i) Let position of fly = $(x(\omega), y(\omega), z(\omega))$

Let f_{xyz} is Joint Pdf.

$f_x = f_y = f_z = U[0,1]$, since the coordinates are independent of each other.

$$f_x(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_y(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_z(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Since x, y, z are all i.i.d

$$f_{xy} = f_x \cdot f_y = \begin{cases} 1, & x, y \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Similarly

$$f_{yz} = f_y \cdot f_z = \begin{cases} 1, & y, z \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_{zx} = f_z \cdot f_x = \begin{cases} 1, & x, z \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$f_{xyz} = f_x \cdot f_y \cdot f_z = \begin{cases} 1, & x, y, z \in [0,1] \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Since x, y, z are all independent,
 $\text{COV}(x, y) = \text{COV}(y, z) = \text{COV}(z, x) = 0$.

Here, $\vec{I} = [1, 1, 1]^T$.

$$\vec{I} \rightarrow A = [x, y, z]^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1-x \\ 1-y \\ 1-z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix}^T.$$

If the animal is sitting at $(1, 1, 1)$, the position of the fly w.r.t the animal is $(1-x, 1-y, 1-z)$.

$$(iii) \quad I + [x, y, z]^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1+x \\ 1+2y \\ 1+3z \end{bmatrix}$$

To the animal, the room appears as a cuboid of size $1 \times 2 \times 3$.

(iv) The PDF will look like a gaussian

