1)
(a)
$$(1-i) \cdot (0+2i)$$

$$= (10) + (2i) - (i 0) - (i 2i)$$

$$= 0 + 2i - 0 - 2(-i) = 2i + 2$$

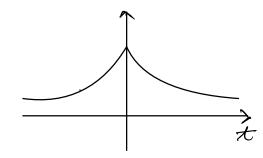
$$= 2(1+i)$$

$$\frac{(0+i)}{(1-i3i)} \frac{(1+i3i)}{(1+i3i)} = \frac{\sqrt{3}i + i + (36i)}{(1)^2 - (\sqrt{3}i)^2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{3} + (1+\sqrt{3})i = -\frac{3}{3} + (1+\sqrt{3})i$$

$$= 1+3$$

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{3} \\ \mathbf{1} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} e^{-t} & \text{then } \mathbf{1} \\ e^{t} & \text{then } \mathbf{1} \end{cases}$$



$$f(u) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-\int \omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{+\int \omega t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{+\int \omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{+\int \omega t} (1-i\omega) + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{+\int \omega t} dt$$

$$=\frac{e^{+(1-i\omega)}}{1-i\omega}\Big|_{\infty}^{0} + \frac{e^{-t(+i\omega)}}{-(1+i\omega)}\Big|_{\infty}^{\infty}$$

$$=\frac{1}{1-i\omega}-0+0-\left(-\frac{1}{(1+i\omega)}\right)$$

$$=\frac{1}{1-i\omega}+\frac{1}{1+i\omega}=\frac{(1+i\omega)+(1-i\omega)}{(1+i\omega)}$$

$$=\frac{2}{1-(1+i\omega)} \ge \frac{2}{1+i\omega^{2}}$$

$$f(u) = \frac{2}{1+i\omega^{2}}$$