# **DOUBLEROOT**

# Cheat Sheet – Complex Numbers

## Definition

$$z = x + iy$$
  
i =  $\sqrt{-1}$ ; x = Re(z); y = Im(z)

## Algebra

$$z_1 = x_1 + iy_1$$
;  $z_2 = x_2 + iy_2$ 

$$z_1 \pm z_2 = (x_1 \pm x_2) + i(y_1 \pm y_2)$$

$$z_1z_2 = (x_1x_2 - y_1y_2) + i(x_2y_1 + x_1y_2)$$

$$\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{(x_1x_2 + y_1y_2) + i(x_2y_1 - y_2x_1)}{x_2^2 + y_2^2}$$

### Modulus: |z|

$$z = x + iy \Rightarrow |z| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

## **Properties**

$$|\mathbf{z}| = |-\mathbf{z}| = |\overline{\mathbf{z}}| = |-\overline{\mathbf{z}}|$$

$$|z| = \pm Re(z) \Leftrightarrow Im(z) = 0$$

$$|z| = \pm Im(z) \Leftrightarrow Re(z) = 0$$

$$|z_1 z_2| = |z_1||z_2|$$

$$|\mathbf{z}^{\mathbf{n}}| = |\mathbf{z}|^{\mathbf{n}}$$

$$|z_1/z_2| = |z_1|/|z_2|$$

$$|z_1 + z_2| \le |z_1| + |z_2|$$

Equality holds when 0,  $z_1$ , and  $z_2$  are collinear and  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  are on the same side of 0

$$|z_1 - z_2| \ge ||z_1| - |z_2||$$

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#### Conjugate: z

$$z = x + iy \Rightarrow \overline{z} = x - iy$$

## **Properties**

$$\overline{\overline{z}} = z$$

$$\overline{z_1 \pm z_2} = \overline{z_1} \pm \overline{z_2}$$

$$\overline{z_1}\overline{z_2} = \overline{z_1}\overline{z_2}$$

$$\overline{(\mathbf{z}^{\mathbf{n}})} = (\overline{\mathbf{z}})^{\mathbf{n}}$$

$$\overline{\left(\frac{z_1}{z_2}\right)} = \frac{\overline{z_1}}{\overline{z_2}}$$

$$|\overline{z}| = |z|$$

$$arg(\overline{z}) = 2k\pi - arg(z)$$

$$k \in Z$$

$$\bar{z} = z \Leftrightarrow Im(z) = 0$$

$$\bar{z} = -z \Leftrightarrow Re(z) = 0$$

#### Argument: arg(z)

$$z = x + iy \Rightarrow arg(z) = \theta$$
, where  $tan \theta = y/x$   
Quadrant of  $\theta$  is determined by signs of x and y

## **Properties**

$$arg(z_1z_2) = arg(z_1) + arg(z_2)$$

$$arg(z^n) = n arg(z)$$

$$\arg(z_1/z_2) = \arg(z_1) - \arg(z_2)$$

$$arg(z) = 2k\pi \Leftrightarrow Im(z) = 0$$

$$arg(z) = k\pi + \pi/2 \iff Re(z) = 0$$

#### Polar Form

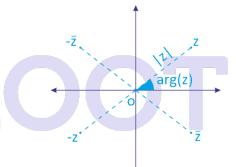
$$z = |z|e^{i\theta} = |z|(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$
  
 $\theta = \arg(z)$ 

#### De Moivre's Formula

$$(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^n = (\cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta)$$

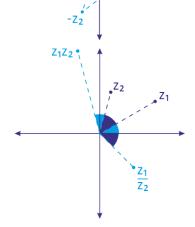
## Geometry

Modulus Conjugate Argument



Sum

Difference



Product Quotient