



Sequence models & Attention mechanism

Quiz, 10 questions

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

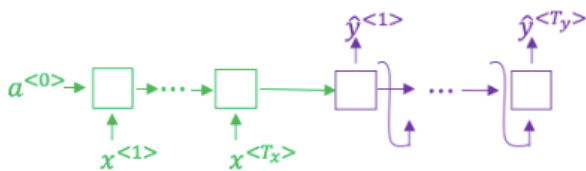
Next Item



1 / 1
points

1.

Consider using this encoder-decoder model for machine translation.



This model is a “conditional language model” in the sense that the encoder portion (shown in green) is modeling the probability of the input sentence x .

☐ True

☒ False



Correct



1 / 1
points

2.

In beam search, if you increase the beam width B , which of the following would you expect to be true? Check all that apply.

☒ Beam search will run more slowly.



Correct

☒ Beam search will use up more memory.



Correct

☒ Beam search will generally find better solutions (i.e. do a better job maximizing $P(y | x)$)



Correct

☐ Beam search will converge after fewer steps.



Un-selected is correct



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3.

In machine translation, if we carry out beam search without using sentence normalization, the algorithm will tend to output overly short translations.



True



Correct



False

1 / 1
points

4.

Suppose you are building a speech recognition system, which uses an RNN model to map from audio clip x to a text transcript y . Your algorithm uses beam search to try to find the value of y that maximizes $P(y | x)$.

On a dev set example, given an input audio clip, your algorithm outputs the transcript $\hat{y} = \text{"I'm building an A Eye system in Silly con Valley."}$, whereas a human gives a much superior transcript $y^* = \text{"I'm building an AI system in Silicon Valley."}$

According to your model,

$$P(\hat{y} | x) = 1.09 * 10^{-7}$$

$$P(y^* | x) = 7.21 * 10^{-8}$$

Would you expect increasing the beam width B to help correct this example?



No, because $P(y^* | x) \leq P(\hat{y} | x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the RNN rather than to the search algorithm.



Correct



No, because $P(y^* | x) \leq P(\hat{y} | x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the search algorithm rather than to the RNN.



Yes, because $P(y^* | x) \leq P(\hat{y} | x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the RNN rather than to the search algorithm.



Yes, because $P(y^* | x) \leq P(\hat{y} | x)$ indicates the error should be attributed to the search algorithm rather than to the RNN.

1 / 1
points

5.

Continuing the example from Q4, suppose you work on your algorithm for a few more weeks, and now find that for the vast majority of examples on which your algorithm makes a mistake, $P(y^* | x) > P(\hat{y} | x)$. This suggest you should focus your attention on improving the search algorithm.



True.



Correct



False.



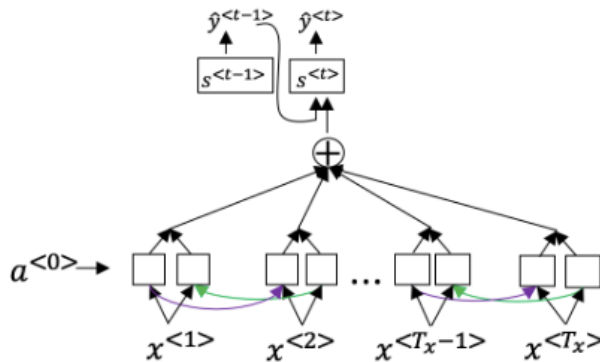
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6.

Consider the attention model for machine translation.

Further, here is the formula for $\alpha^{<t,t'>}$.

$$\alpha^{<t,t'>} = \frac{\exp(e^{<t,t'>})}{\sum_{t'=1}^{T_x} \exp(e^{<t,t'>})}$$

Which of the following statements about $\alpha^{<t,t'>}$ are true? Check all that apply.

We expect $\alpha^{<t,t'>}$ to be generally larger for values of $a^{<t'>}$ that are highly relevant to the value the network should output for $y^{<t>}$. (Note the indices in the superscripts.)



Correct



We expect $\alpha^{<t,t'>}$ to be generally larger for values of $a^{<t>}$ that are highly relevant to the value the network should output for $y^{<t'>}$. (Note the indices in the superscripts.)



Un-selected is correct



$\sum_t \alpha^{<t,t'>} = 1$ (Note the summation is over t .)



Un-selected is correct



$\sum_{t'} \alpha^{<t,t'>} = 1$ (Note the summation is over t' .)



Correct



1 / 1 points

7.

The network learns where to “pay attention” by learning the values $e^{<t,t'>}$, which are computed using a small neural network:

We can't replace $s^{<t-1>}$ with $s^{<t>}$ as an input to this neural network. This is because $s^{<t>}$ depends on $\alpha^{<t,t'>}$ which in turn depends on $e^{<t,t'>}$; so at the time we need to evaluate this network, we haven't computed $s^{<t>}$ yet.



True

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Correct



False

1 / 1
points

8.

Compared to the encoder-decoder model shown in Question 1 of this quiz (which does not use an attention mechanism), we expect the attention model to have the greatest advantage when:

The input sequence length T_x is large.

Correct

The input sequence length T_x is small.1 / 1
points

9.

Under the CTC model, identical repeated characters not separated by the "blank" character () are collapsed. Under the CTC model, what does the following string collapse to?

_c_oo_o_kk_b_oooo_oo_kkk



cokbok



cookbook



Correct



cook book



coookkboooooookkk

1 / 1
points

10.

In trigger word detection, $x^{<t>}$ is:

Features of the audio (such as spectrogram features) at time t .

Correct

The t -th input word, represented as either a one-hot vector or a word embedding.Whether the trigger word is being said at time t .Whether someone has just finished saying the trigger word at time t .



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