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Q1.Make a simple web page that contains an h2 with the word "Hello" a text input box, and a button. When the user types a word or phrase into the input box and presses the button,

replace the old h2 with the word entered. Using animation, make the word spin.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <style>
     body {
        background: #184047;
     h2 {
       color:antiquewhite;
       text-align: center;
       font-size: 40px;
      .container{
        text-align: center;
       margin-top: 50px;
      input{
        font-size: large;
     button{
       padding:5px;
       background-color: green;
        color:azure;
        font-weight: 500;
        font-size:15px;
        @keyframes spin {
            0% { transform: rotate(0deg); }
```

```
100% { transform: rotate(360deg); }
        }
       h2.spin {
            animation: spin 3s linear infinite;
        }
   </style>
   <title>Simple Web Page</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h2 id="displayText">Hello</h2>
  <div class="container">
   <input type="text" id="inputText" placeholder="Type a word or phrase">
   <button onclick="changeText()">Change Text</button>
  </div>
   <script>
        function changeText() {
            var inputElement = document.getElementById('inputText');
           var displayElement = document.getElementById('displayText');
           var newText = inputElement.value;
            if (newText.trim() !== '') {
                displayElement.innerHTML = newText;
                displayElement.classList.add('spin');
            }
        }
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```



Q2.Make a simple web page that contains a button and a paragraph with the id of count Whenever this button is pressed increment the count by 1 and update the paragraph text.

Also update the font size so that as the number gets larger, so does the font.

```
text-align: center;
     }
     #count{
       margin-top: 30px;
       color:bisque
     button{
       background-color:green;
       color:white;
       padding:5px 20px;
       margin:30px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <div class="container">
     <button onclick="incrementCount()">Increment Count</button>
   0
   </div>
   <script>
       var count = 0;
       function incrementCount() {
           count++;
           var countParagraph = document.getElementById('count');
           countParagraph.innerHTML = count;
           countParagraph.style.fontSize = count + 'em';
       }
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```



Q3.Repeat the previous exercise but make a list of numbers. In this case you will not be able to simply update the innerHTML of the paragraph, you will need to use the document.

createElement() and document.appendChild() functions to add a new list item.

```
#countList{
       margin-top: 30px;
       color:bisque
     button{
       background-color:green;
       color:white;
       padding:5px 20px;
       margin:30px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
     <button onclick="incrementCount()">Increment Count</button>
      <script>
       var count = 0;
       function incrementCount() {
           count++;
           var countList = document.getElementById('countList');
           var listItem = document.createElement('li');
           listItem.textContent = count;
           listItem.style.fontSize = count + 'em';
           countList.appendChild(listItem);
       }
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Increment Count

Increment Count

- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

6

Given the following html. Every time the button is pressed you should add a row to the table, where the new row of the table contains the sum of the previous two rows. You should make use of the lastChild, previousSibling, and innerText attributes in this exercise.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Table with Dynamic Rows</title>
    <style>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            text-align: center;
            margin: 20px;
        }
        button {
           padding: 10px;
            font-size: 16px;
        }
        table {
            border-collapse: collapse;
            margin-top: 20px;
            width: 100%;
        th, td {
            border: 1px solid #ddd;
            padding: 8px;
            text-align: center;
        }
        th {
            background-color: #f2f2f2;
    </style>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<button onclick="addRow()">Add Row</button>
   Value 1
          Value 2
      1
          1
      1
          2
      <script>
       function addRow() {
          var table = document.getElementById('myTable');
          var rows = table.getElementsByTagName('tr');
          var newRow = document.createElement('tr');
          if (rows.length >= 2) {
             var lastRow = rows[rows.length - 1];
             var prevRow = rows[rows.length - 2];
              for (var i = 0; i < lastRow.children.length; i++) {</pre>
                 var lastCellValue =
parseInt(lastRow.children[i].innerText);
                 var prevCellValue =
parseInt(prevRow.children[i].innerText);
                 var newCell = document.createElement('td');
                 newCell.innerText = lastCellValue + prevCellValue;
                 newRow.appendChild(newCell);
              }
          } else {
             var newCell = document.createElement('td');
```

```
newCell.innerText = '1';
                 newRow.appendChild(newCell);
                 newCell = document.createElement('td');
                 newCell.innerText = '1';
                 newRow.appendChild(newCell);
             table.appendChild(newRow);
    </script>
</body>
</html>
                                      Add Row
                                                                Value 2
             Value 1
                                      Add Row
             Value 1
                                                               Value 2
                                                                 2
              2
                                                                 3
              3
              5
                                                                 8
              13
                                                                21
              21
```

Q5.Create an html page with two text input boxes and four buttons. The buttons should be

labeled +, -, *, and /. When one of these buttons is pressed you should get the value from

both text input boxes and add, subtract, multiply, or divide the numbers entered in the text

input boxes. The result should be displayed below the buttons. Note In order to do math on

the values you read from the text input boxes you will need to use Number.parseInt on the

value. for example suppose you get a reference to input box 1 using my In1=document.querySelector("#in1id"); then the statement value1 = Number.parseInt(myIn1.value) converts the string from the text input box to an integer. In

fact most of the time Javascript will do the conversion for you automatically except for

Addition.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>Simple Calculator</title>
   <style>
       body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            text-align: center;
           margin: 20px;
        input {
           padding: 8px;
           margin: 5px;
       button {
           padding: 10px;
           margin: 5px;
           font-size: 16px;
```

```
#result {
           margin-top: 10px;
            font-size: 18px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <input type="text" id="input1" placeholder="Enter number 1">
   <input type="text" id="input2" placeholder="Enter number 2">
   <br>
   <button onclick="performOperation('+')">+</button>
   <button onclick="performOperation('-')">-</button>
   <button onclick="performOperation('*')">*</button>
   <button onclick="performOperation('/')">/</button>
   <div id="result"></div>
   <script>
        function performOperation(operator) {
            var input1 = document.getElementById('input1');
            var input2 = document.getElementById('input2');
            var resultDisplay = document.getElementById('result');
            var value1 = Number.parseInt(input1.value);
           var value2 = Number.parseInt(input2.value);
            if (!isNaN(value1) && !isNaN(value2)) {
                var result;
                switch (operator) {
                    case '+':
                        result = value1 + value2;
                        break;
                    case '-':
                        result = value1 - value2;
                        break;
                    case '*':
                        result = value1 * value2;
```

```
break;
                    case '/':
                        result = value1 / value2;
                        break;
                    default:
                        result = 'Invalid operator';
                resultDisplay.innerText = 'Result: ' + result;
            } else {
                resultDisplay.innerText = 'Please enter valid numbers';
            }
   </script>
</body>
</html>
                                       5
                                 Result: 10
```

Q6.Starting with the code given, create a page that looks like the following image: The rest of the page must be created using javascript. You must use document.createElement and the appendChild functions.

```
<div class="body"></div>
   <script>
       let onclick = ()=>{
           body = document.querySelector(".body");
           let heading = document.createElement("h1")
           heading.textContent ="I am H1";
           body.appendChild(heading);
           let para = document.createElement("p");
           para.textContent = "I am para";
           body.appendChild(para)
           let ul = document.createElement('ul');
           let li1 = document.createElement("li");
           li1.textContent = 'one';
           let li2 = document.createElement("li");
           li2.textContent = 'two';
           ul.appendChild(li1);
           ul.appendChild(li2);
           body.appendChild(ul);
       }
       document.querySelector(".btn").addEventListener("click",onclick);
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Click me!

Click me!

I am H1

I am para

- one
- two

I am H1

I am para

- one
- two

I am H1

I am para

- one
- two

I am H1

I am para

- one
- two

Q7. Create a Tip Calculator as a single page web application (SPA). Design an interface that allows you to enter the amount of the tip. The percentage you would like to tip, and the number of people to split the tip with.

Do not use 3 text input elements! Calculate and dynamically display the tip.

Bill Amount: 789
Tip Percentage: 2
Number of People: 8 Calculate Tip
Tip per person: \$1.97