VELOCITY

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Velocity is the direction of an object or a body. It is the rate of change of displacement. It is measured in m/s. It is a vector quantity. The dimension of velocity is LT^-1

Formulas:

V= s/t

Where v is the velocity, s is the displacement and t is the time taken.

V=u+at

Where v is velocity, u is initial velocity, a is acceleration and t is time

 $V^2=u^2+2as$

Where v is velocity, u is initial velocity, a is acceleration and s is distance

Example:

Find the velocity of an object with an initial velocity of 20m/s, acceleration of the object is 10m/s² at 15seconds.

<u>Solution</u> U=20m/s, a=10m/s²,t=15seconds and v=?

> V= u+at V= 20+(10×15) V=20+150 V= 170m/s.